

Comparison of Generation Plan Scenarios

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Generation Resource Planning Task Force

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Austin Generation Resource Planning Task Force

- Diverse group of stakeholder representatives including environmental and business interests
- Reviewed generation scenarios for:
 - Costs, bill impacts, demand reduction through DSM, energy generation, and risks and uncertainties
- 13 generation scenarios evaluated and compared
- Scenario vote:
 - 5 for Staff Recommendation with proviso
 - 3 for Task Force Scenario #2 (Revised)
 - 1 for Task Force Scenario #1
- EUC and RMC Chairs believe 3 scenarios are valuable for comparison:
 - Strawman
 - Replace FPP
 - Staff Recommendation








Generation Scenario Comparison

Comparison of Four Scenarios: Strawman, New Staff Recommendation, Replace FPP and No Additional Generation

| Description | | Units | Strawman | New Staff Recommendation | Replace FPP | No Additional Generation |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|----------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| Capacity Additions (MW) | Early (09-12) | MW | 525 | 590 | 390 | 390 |
| | Middle (13-16) | MW | 420 | 550 | 807 | 0 |
| | Late (17-20) | MW | 350 | 435 | 1,006 | 0 |
| Replacements | | MW | 0 | 0 | 600 (Coal) | 0 |
| Levelized NPV of Portfolio Costs | | 2007 \$/MWh | 57.97 | 58.15 | 57.96 | 56.51 |
| Real Increase from 2009 to 2020 | | % | 29% | 28% | 31% | 25% |
| Nominal Increase from 2009 to 2020 | | % | 69% | 69% | 72% | 64% |
| C02 Emissions 2020 | | Tonnes (000s) | 5,238 | 4,580 | 2,086 | 7,034 |
| 2020 C02 Percent Reduction from 2005 | | % | -6% | -18% | -62% | 27% |
| Renewable Percentage in 2020 | | % | 30% | 36% | 54% | 11% |
| Total Capital Expenditures | | \$MM | 1,796 | 2,417 | 3,949 | 76 |






Task Force Scenario Comparison to Strawman and Staff Recommendation (Without Sales)

| Description | | Units | Strawman | New Staff Recommendation | Task Force Scenario #1 | Task Force Scenario #1 Solar as Off-System | Task Force Scenario #2 Revised |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|---|--|---|---|---|
| Capacity Additions (MW) | Early (09-12) | MW | 525 | 590 | 985 | 985 | 598 |
| | Middle (13-16) | MW | 420 | 550 | 830 | 830 | 557 |
| | Late (17-20) | MW | 350 | 435 | 940 | 940 | 586 |
| Replacements | | MW | 0 | 0 | 600 (Coal) | 600 (Coal) | 0 |
| Levelized NPV of Portfolio Costs | | 2007 \$/MWh | 57.97 | 58.15 | 62.59 | 64.15 | 60.08 |
| Real Increase from 2009 to 2020 | | % | 29% | 28% | 46% | 59% | 38% |
| Nominal Increase from 2009 to 2020 | | % | 69% | 69% | 92% | 108% | 81% |
| CO2 Emissions 2020 | | Tonnes (000s) | 5,238 | 4,580 | 2,170 | 2,170 | 4,803 |
| 2020 CO2 Percent Reduction from 2005 | | % | -6% | -18% | -61% | -61% | -14% |
| Renewable Percentage in 2020 | | % | 30% | 36% | 52% | 48% | 30% |
| Total Capital Expenditures | | \$MM | 1,796 | 2,417 | 3,301 | 3,301 | 1,725 |
| Incremental Capacity Additions | | Share |  |  |  |  |  |

*Solar as “off-system” refers to the condition where distributed solar is considered similar to DSM, excluding generation from total energy served

■ Gas ■ Wind ■ Solar ■ Bio ■ DSM

Task Force Scenario Comparison to Strawman and Staff Recommendation(With Sales)

| Description | | Units | Strawman | New Staff Recommendation | Task Force Scenario #1 | Task Force Scenario #1 Solar as Off-System | Task Force Scenario #2 |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|---|--|---|---|---|
| Capacity Additions (MW) | Early (09-12) | MW | 525 | 590 | 985 | 985 | 598 |
| | Middle (13-16) | MW | 420 | 550 | 830 | 830 | 557 |
| | Late (17-20) | MW | 350 | 435 | 940 | 940 | 586 |
| Replacements | | MW | 0 | 0 | 600 (Coal) | 600 (Coal) | 0 |
| Levelized NPV of Portfolio Costs | | 2007 \$/MWh | 55.18 | 54.41 | 60.68 | 62.17 | 56.67 |
| Real Increase from 2009 to 2020 | | % | 20% | 15% | 39% | 51% | 24% |
| Nominal Increase from 2009 to 2020 | | % | 58% | 51% | 83% | 98% | 63% |
| CO2 Emissions 2020 | | Tonnes (000s) | 5,238 | 4,580 | 2,170 | 2,170 | 4,803 |
| 2020 CO2 Percent Reduction from 2005 | | % | -6% | -18% | -61% | -61% | -14% |
| Renewable Percentage in 2020 | | % | 30% | 36% | 52% | 48% | 30% |
| Total Capital Expenditures | | \$MM | 1,796 | 2,417 | 3,301 | 3,301 | 1,725 |
| Incremental Capacity Additions | | Share |  |  |  |  |  |

*Solar as “off-system” refers to the condition where distributed solar is considered similar to DSM, excluding generation from total energy served

■ Gas ■ Wind ■ Solar ■ Bio ■ DSM

Apples to Apples

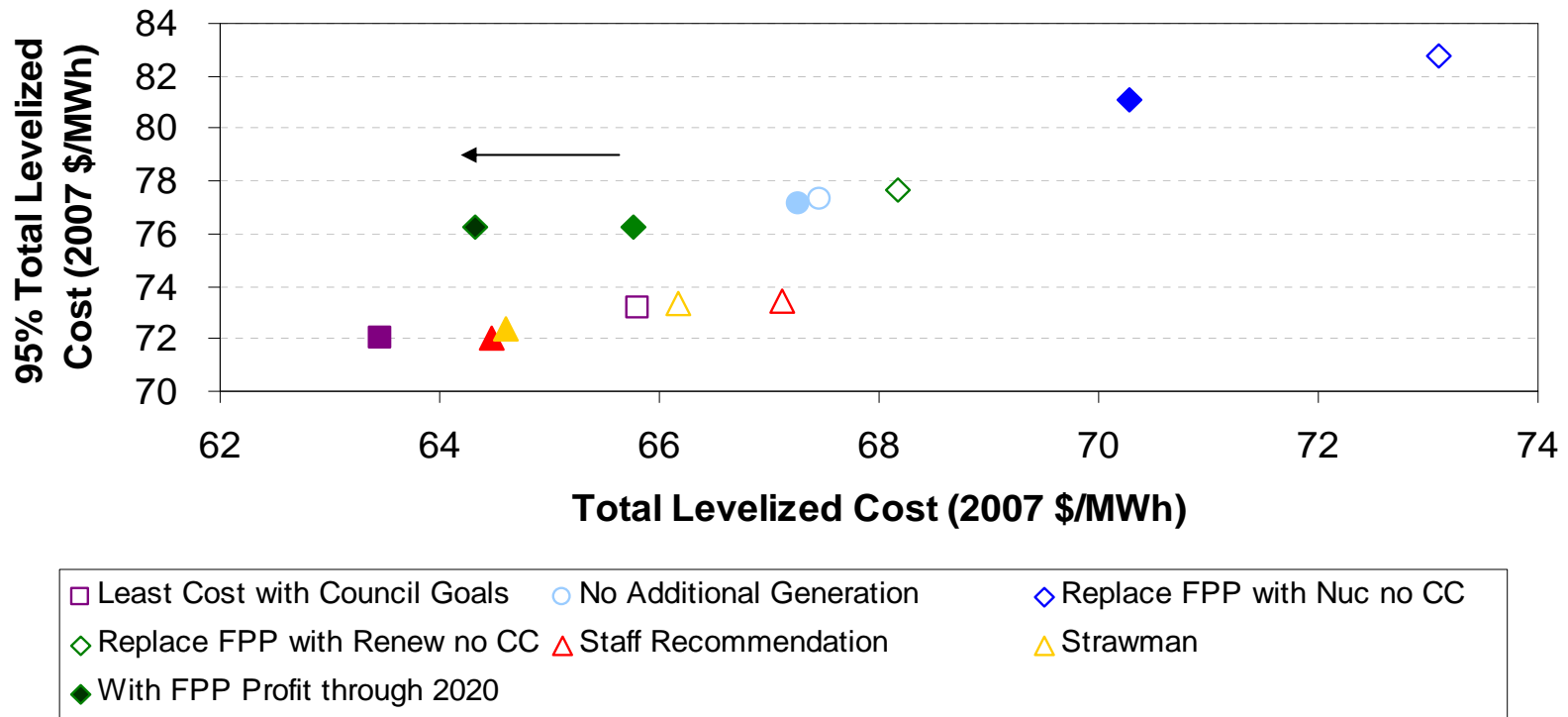
Comparisons of Capital and DSM Costs

| | |
|------------------------|----------------|
| Task Force Scenario #2 | \$2.76 billion |
| Staff Recommendation | \$2.65 billion |
| Strawman | \$1.8 billion |

Risk Analysis

Impact of FPP Merchant Sales on Levelized Portfolio Costs

- If margins from coal sales were accrued through 2020, overall levelized portfolio costs could be on equal footing with Staff Recommendation
- If margins were to continue to be realized beyond 2020, costs *could be lowered further*



- Note that assessment is based on *one deterministic analysis*, and does not capture risks associated with coal plant dispatch, costs, and revenues

Why Not Lowest Bill Impact Meeting Council Goals?

- Keep the 200 MW combined cycle natural gas unit expansion at Sand Hill.
- Where will relatively cheap 50 MW of geothermal and 15 MW of landfill gas come from?
- Do you really want ALL solar build out (70 MW) occurring in the year 2020?
- No one in citizen task force picked this plan.

What Risk Do you Believe is Most Critical/What Policy Objectives do You Want to Achieve?

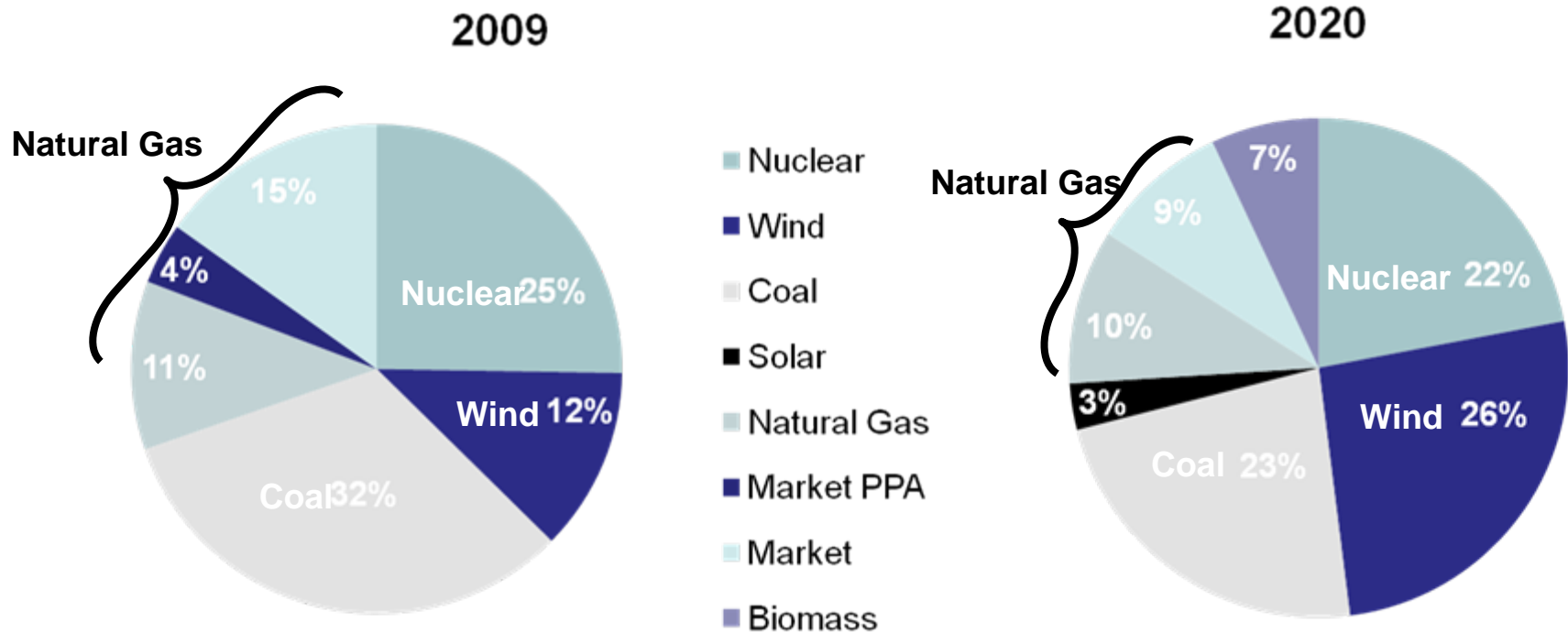
- Minimize new capital costs?
 - Strawman: A
 - Staff Recommendation: B
 - Replace FPP: D
- Avoid Carbon emissions/avoid future carbon related costs?
 - Replace FPP: A
 - Staff Recommendation: B
 - Strawman : C
- Avoid Market Swings from Natural Gas?
 - Staff Recommendation: A
 - Strawman: B
 - Replace FPP: D

Avoid the unpredictable

- (spread risk of price spikes across broadest array of generation sources)
- (minimize risk that generation capacity will be unavailable or too costly to transmit)
- (minimize risk of “rush to the door” to get out of carbon)
- (minimize risk of too slow (expensive) DG adoption or DSM or too fast (prices plunge) DG adoption or DSM)
- Staff Recommendation: A
- Strawman: B
- Replace FPP: D

AE Recommendation

Energy Mix – 2009 vs. 2020



Austin Energy's Staff Recommendation

AE Recommendation

Generation Resources in MW

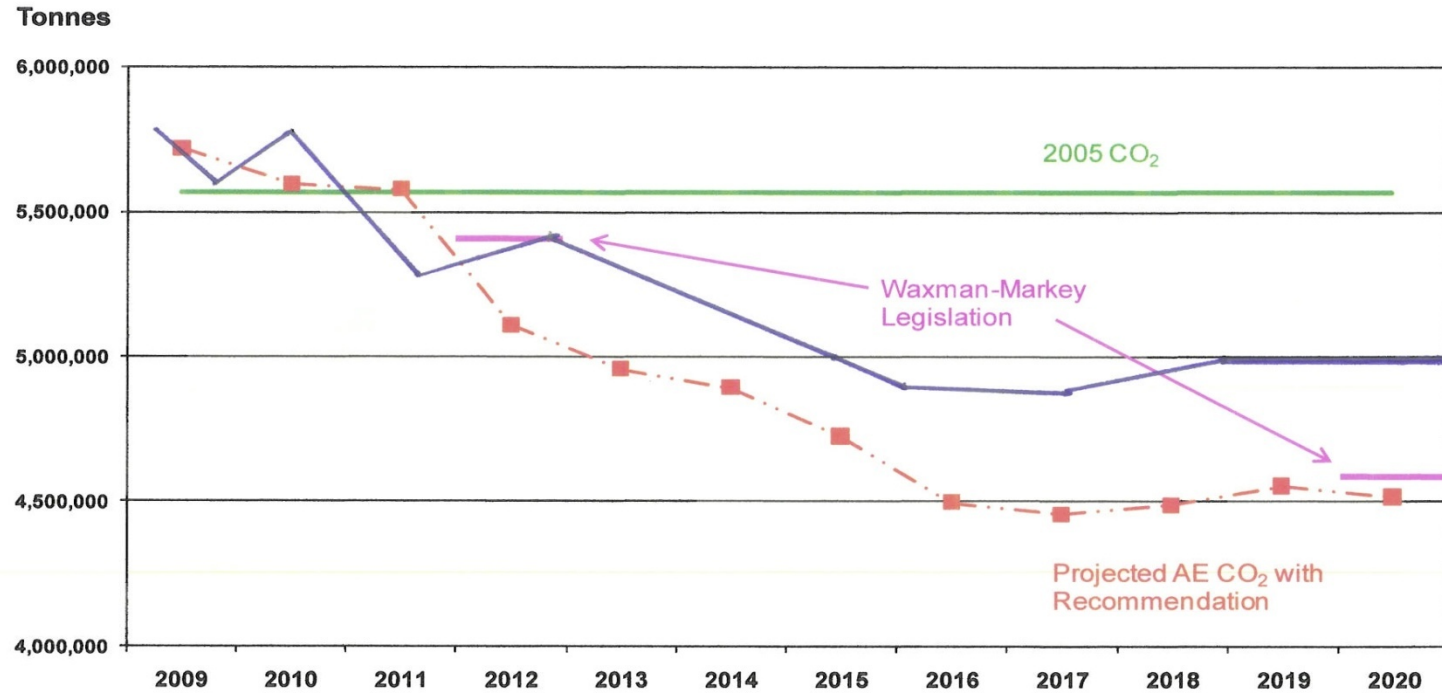
| Year | Coal/Nuclear | Gas | Biomass | Wind | Solar | Renewable Portfolio |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|--------------|------------|---------------------|
| 2009 | 1,029 | 1,444 | 12 | 439 | 1 | 12.6% |
| 2010 | | 100 | | | 30 | 12.5% |
| 2011 | | | | (77)* / 200 | | 17.7% |
| 2012 | | | 100 | | | 22.2% |
| 2013 | | | | 150 | | 26.2% |
| 2014 | | | | | 30 | 26.4% |
| 2015 | | 200 | | 100 | | 28.7% |
| 2016 | | | 50 | | 20 | 31.6% |
| 2017 | | | | (126)* / 200 | 30 | 35.0% |
| 2018 | | | | | 20 | 33.6% |
| 2019 | | | | | 30 | 33.7% |
| 2020 | | | | 115 | 40 | 36.7% |
| Total | 1,029 | 1,744 | 162 | 1001 | 201 | |

* Wind contracts expire.

What do we get for the extra \$600 M in Capital Costs Between Strawman and Staff Recommendation?

- By 2020, \$200 M in fuel savings and \$50 M per year thereafter
- 100 MW more demand side management
- 150 MW more wind power
- 100 MW more solar
- Ability to sell up to 25% of energy potential of Fayette on open market
- More and sooner reductions in carbon emissions = 18 – 20% below 2005 levels by 2020 versus 6% reduction

AE Recommendation vs Strawman CO₂ Emissions



Blue = Strawman

Red = Staff Recommendation

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Recommendation to EUC

- Support AE's Staff Recommendation for the following reasons:
 - Balanced portfolio of generation resources
 - Relatively low risks and low costs
 - Carbon emissions
 - Fuel costs
 - Path to eliminating coal, w/o taking too dramatic of an approach
 - Reasonable assumptions

Unanimous Task Force Recommendations

1. Increase Conservation and Efficiency

- 1000 MW of DSM (up from 800 MW)
- Bolster ECAD if necessary
- Auction system and possibly increase cap on DSM projects (subject to equity)

2. Favor Carbon Free Generation over Carbon Based When Possible

- Adopt a goal of a “self sustaining market” for distributed renewable generation with 300 MW by 2020
- Prioritize DG Investments
 - Favor distributed generation projects with economic multiplier effects
 - Work with large employers
 - Look for partner funds to make DG more available in low income neighborhoods

3. Continually Reassess the Plan

- Every two years in public forum ask:
 - How do our generation costs compare against other public utilities and ERCOT wholesale price?
 - Do we need to move off carbon fuels quicker?
- Assess impact of generation plan on classes of consumers in upcoming rate case

4. Keep an eye on Natural Gas

- Do shale gas or other changes in the natural gas market allow us to place more reliance on cheap natural gas?

5. Keep an eye on Nuclear

- Are there purchase power agreements for nuclear that we can use as a carbon free energy source?

6. Reduce Bill Impact on those Least Able to Pay

- Develop new programs to make energy efficiency programs available to up to 200 % of Federal Poverty Level AND for residents between 200 – 400% of federal poverty level
- Focus on rental properties (ECAD energy hog provision)
- My most compelling reason to adopt a plan today

7. Ensure Maximum Transparency

- Decisions to buy more than 10 MW of generation should have two council readings (absent emergency)
- EUC to hold hearings and make recommendation within 6 months on ordinance defining confidential information
- Publish comparisons of rates in all classes annually

8. Assume Leadership in Climate Protection

- Use scenario as way to adopt CO2 cap
- Offset new carbon emissions from any new carbon source either by reducing other carbon emissions or DSM
- Consider propriety of earning revenue from “off system” sales of carbon emissions

9. Maintain Reliability

- Publish reports on specified indexes