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#### The Austin Internet and Global Citizens Project

# Preliminary Report to the Austin Community Technology and Telecommunications Commission

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### 1.1 Survey Sampling and Distribution

The Austin Internet and Global Citizens Project was supported by the Telecommunications Office of the City of Austin and faculty and doctoral students from the Radio, TV & Film Department at the University of Texas at Austin. A sample of 12,000 was identified from a random sample of addresses in the City of Austin acquired by the Telecommunications Office at the City of Austin. Additionally neighborhoods in the northeast, east and south east of Austin were oversampled by 3,000 addresses. The additional 3,000 were oversampled from zip codes or neighborhoods with poorer and increased minority populations. A postcard notifying about the survey was sent in November 2010, two weeks before they would receive a self-administered mail questionnaire. When respondents received the survey, they received a separate sheet that gave the respondents the option to participate in a drawing for a netbook computer valued at \$400 as an incentive.

A total of 1,701 surveys were mailed back, for a simple response rate of 11.3%.

Although the response rate is relatively low, it is within the overall tendency in survey research of steadily decreasing response rates (DeLeeuw & de Heer, 2005). The web-based platform SurveyGizmo was used to assist with the data entry of the questionnaire. Compared with the preliminary results from the 2010 census data for the City of Austin, the returned surveys tended to be older, better educated, female and white. To allow generalization of the results to the population in the City of Austin, the survey data were weighted by gender, race/ethnicity, age, and education, drawing on demographic breakdowns from the Census 2010 and the American Community Survey data 2009 (for a demographic breakdown of the survey, see the Appendix).

Table 1. Socio-demographic Characteristics of the "Internet and the Global Citizen Survey" Sample

	Weighted (%) (n= 1,701)
Gender	
Male	52.4
Female	47.6
Race	
White	53.7

African American	7.5
Hispanic	30.6
Asian	6.4
Other	1.8
Age	
18-24	14.7
25-34	31.7
35-44	19.1
45-54	15.3
55-64	10.6
65+	8.6
Education	
Less than high school	16.0
High School	16.9
Some college	23.3
B.A. or B.S.	28.2
Post-graduate	15.7
Income	(n= 1,685)
Less than \$10,000	7.5
10,000 - 19,000	6.9
20,000 – 29,000	12.3
30,000 - 39,000	6.1
40,000 – 49,000	5.9
50,000 – 74,000	14.8
75,000 or more	27.5
No answer	19.0

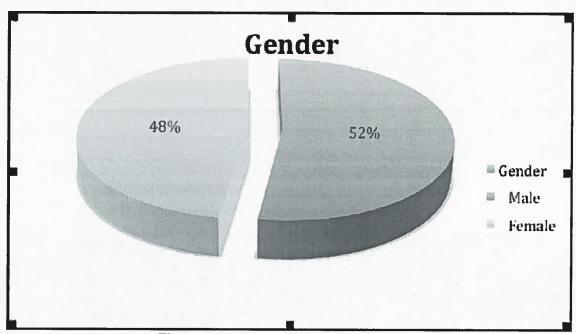


Figure 1. Gender Distribution of Sample



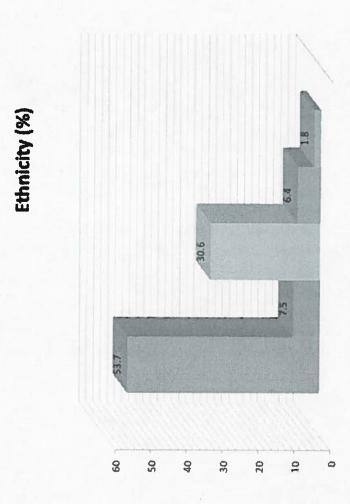


Figure 2. Distribution by Ethnicity of the Sample

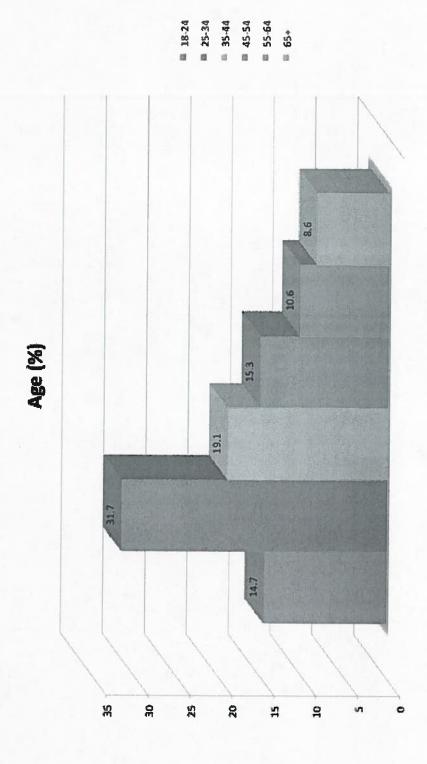


Figure 4. Distribution by Age of the Sample

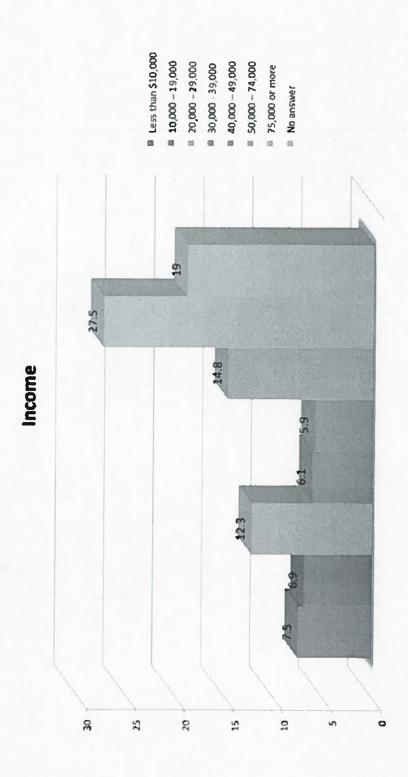


Figure 5. Distribution by Income of the Sample

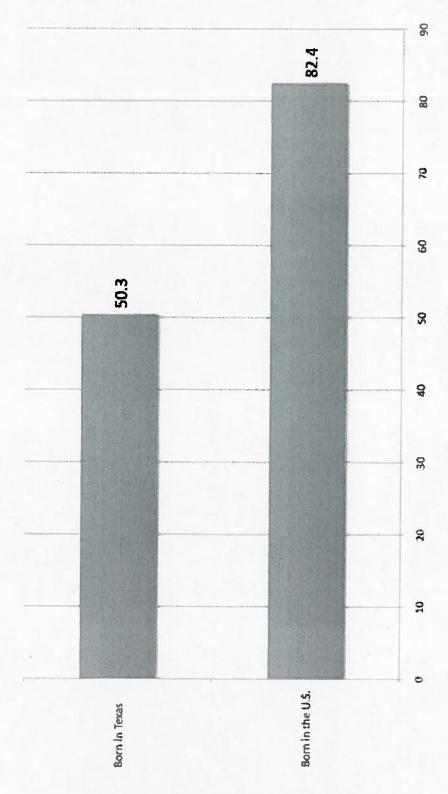


Figure 6. Place of Birth Distribution of the Sample

Table 2. Employment Characteristics of Entire Sample

Employment status*	(n= 1,693)
Full-time	59.5
Part-Time	13.9
Student	9.5
Homemaker	5.6
Unemployed	8.4
Retired	10.8
Other	11.3
Contractual arrangement	(n=1,282)
Salaried	47.8
Contracted	5.1
Employed hourly	35.1
Employed as temporary worker	1.1
Self-employed/freelancer	10.8
Employment sector	(n=1,279)
Construction	9.6
Creative	5.5
Education	8.9
Government	9.7
Health	6.5
Manufacturing	3.2
Media	6.0
Services	15.7
Technology	13.2
Other	21.7
Employees supervision	(n=1,252)
Yes	36.4
No	63.6

<sup>\*</sup>Percentages do not add 100% because of multiple responses

Table 3. Employment Characteristics of Entire Sample

Employment status*	(n= 1,693)
Full-time	59.5
Part-Time	13.9
Student	9.5
Homemaker	5.6
Unemployed	8.4
Retired	10.8
Other	11.3
Contractual arrangement	(n=1,282)
Salaried	47.8
Contracted	5.1
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Media	6.0
Services	15.7
Technology	13.2
Other	21.7
Employees supervision	(n=1,252)
Yes	36.4
No	63.6

<sup>\*</sup>Percentages do not add 100% because of multiple responses

### 1.3 Internet Access Places

As Table 4 shows, 94% of the respondents have access to the Internet at home and nearly 62% of the respondents get connected at their workplace. Slightly more than one-third of the people use their friends' and family's homes to get access (37%) and a quarter (25%) access it through coffee shops. Nine percent get access through the Austin public libraries.

#### Men more likely to access the Internet from work than women

Table 5 shows that there are no major differences in access through home, school/university, public libraries, and coffee shops. However, men are more likely to get connected at the workplace than women (73% vs. 52%) and women are more likely to get connected through homes of family and friends than men (44% vs. 30%).

# Minorities less likely to access the Internet from work and more likely to access the Internet from public libraries

Regarding access differences by ethnicity, whites and Asians are more likely to access the Internet through home and coffee shops than African Americans and Hispanics (see Table 6). There are strong differences in access to the Internet at people's work: while close to two-thirds (65%) of white respondents access the Web from their work, one-fifth (21%) of Hispanics and only 3% of African Americans do the same. It is noteworthy that African Americans are more likely to use Internet public access through libraries than the rest of the ethnic groups (14%), followed by Hispanics (10%), whites (8%) and Asians (4%). There are no major ethnic differences in access through home of family and friends, although Asians used this access point less than the rest of the groups.

Home Internet access is similar across age groups (see Table 7). Access at work increases with age and then steadily decreases starting at middle age (45 to 54). That is, access through work is more important for people who are in the peak of their work life cycle. A similar pattern was found when analyzing access through coffee shops. Access at school/university decreases with age. This pattern was also seen in access at home of family/friends.

### In general, Internet access increases with education

87% of people with high school education have access at home while 98% of respondents with a post-graduate degree have it, although 100% of survey's

respondents with less than high school education said they had access at home (see table 8). Access at work steadily increases as education goes up: while 24% of people with less than high-school education get connected at work, 82% of respondents with post-graduate education do it. Interestingly, public access through Austin libraries increases with education and then decreases. More people with high school and some college education use the libraries to get connected (14% and 12%, respectively) than people with less than high school education (0%) and a college or post-graduate degrees (7% and 8%, respectively). There is no clear education pattern for access at coffee shops and home of family and friends.

Regarding differences by income (see Table 9), Internet access at home is generally high for all groups. There is more access through work as income increases, although the pattern is not as clear as in the analysis by level of education. Access at school/university increases a little bit with income and then decreases; the greater proportion of people who take advantage of access through school/university earn between \$10,000 and \$30,000. In addition, more respondents with lower income (less than \$39,999) use the Internet at public libraries compared to people with higher income (\$40,000 and more). Internet access at coffee shops generally increases with income but there are no clear income patterns for access at home of family and friends.

In sum, most people access to the Internet at home, but a higher number of ethnic minorities (particularly African Americans and Hispanics) and people with lower levels of education and income get access through public places such as Austin public libraries and school/university.

nternet access points	(n= 1,510)
Home	94.2
Work	62.4
School/University	12.1
Austin Public Library	8.6
Coffee shop	24.5
Home of friend/family	36.6
Other	7.9

	Men	Women
Home	96.1	92.1
Work	73.1	52.1
School/University	11.3	13.0
Austin Public Library	7.8	9.6
Coffee shop	28.1	21.4
Home of friend/family	29.7	44.0
Other	6.5	9.4
	(n=776)	(n=735)

Table 5. Observation: Of note in this table is the uniform use of the Internet at home by both Men and Women. However, significantly more Men (73.1%) use the Internet at work than Women (52.1%). However, significantly more Women (44%) than Men (29.7%) use the Internet at the home of a friend or family member.

	White	African- American	Hispanic	Asian	Other
Home	96.5	92.3	89.2	96.1	100
Work	64.9	3.2	20.8	8.5	2.6
School/University	13.7	18.2	6.4	17.5	8.6
Austin Public Library	7.8	13.6	9.9	3.7	14.6
Coffee shop	31.5	23.1	11.4	33.0	9.9
Home of friend/family	36.8	38.2	39.6	21.9	35.3
Other	8.2	26.6	3.1	7.6	0
	(n=835)	(n=109)	(n=432)	(n=106)	(n=28)

Table 6. Observation: There is notably less access to the Internet at home by Hispanics (82.2% which is 3.1%-5.3% less than other groups). The remaining variances may be related to variations in the statistical methodology.

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+
Home	89.4	94.8	98.2	92.0	92.5	97.6
Work	35.2	75.7	77.3	63.6	58.0	20.9
School/University	20.9	14.2	9.9	9.3	5.3	3.8
Austin Public Library	6.1	10.3	7.2	11.2	9.0	4.4
Coffee shop	14.3	35.3	30.8	19.8	15.1	6.6
Home of friend/family	76.6	43.1	27.0	19.8	15.6	6.4
Other	1.5	9.4	8.3	12.3	8.3	4.3
	(n=242)	(n=486)	(n=310)	(n=230)	(n=145)	(n=97)

Table 7. Observation: Home access is predominant across all age groups; however, home access is the lowest among 18-24 year olds. This is likely a natural phenomenon given the innate mobility of 18-24 year olds. Coffee shop use peaks between 25-44 years old. Home of a friend or family member peaks at ages 18-24 and decreases with each succeeding age group.

	Less than high school	High -school	Some college	B.A. or B.S.	Post- graduate
Home	100	87.2	90.5	96.3	98.1
Work	23.5	38.2	61.5	81.9	81.8
School/University	0	4.1	17.5	13.9	17.9
Austin Public Library	0	14.3	11.7	7.4	7.5
Coffee shop	13.8	9.5	25.2	29.7	38.7
Home of friend/family	51.3	25.4	40.0	37.1	30.4
Other	12.4	4.4	5.4	8.5	10.6
	(n=193)	(n=241)	(n=373)	(n=448)	(n=256)

Table 8. Observation: Internet access at home decreases with respondents with a high school education (87,2%) in relation to other groups. Internet access at Austin Public Library peaks with respondents with a high school education and decreases as a respondents level of education increases. In contrast, Internet

access at Coffee Shops dips with users with a high school education and increases as level of education increases.

	Less than	10,000-	20,000-	30,000-	40,000-	50,000-	More than
	10,000	19,999	29,999	39,999	49,999	74,999	75,000
Home	88.0	93.2	84.8	94.9	98.4	93.7	98.2
Work	11.3	51.4	49.8	70.5	64.3	75.9	83.0
School/University	5.1	27.5	15.4	8.6	15.8	7.0	9.9
Austin Public Library	13.9	12.4	16.1	12.7	7.8	5.6	6.1
Coffee shop	7.4	11.0	29.9	23.6	28.5	22.2	35.0
Home of friend/family	43.7	38.5	38.5	21.7	24.7	35.7	31.8
Other	11.6	2.0	11.6	8.1	6.8	7.2	10.7
	(n=96)	(n=106)	(n=186)	(n=80)	(n=93)	(n=233)	(n=437)

Table 9. Observation: Internet access in the home is at its lowest with respondents in the "Less than 10k" and "20k-29k" income brackets. Notably, respondents in the 10-19k income brackets are in line with other respondents, in terms of access in the home, — this may reflect the income bracket of university students. Access to the Internet at the Austin Public Library decreases as the respondents income increases.

Internet access	(n= 1,228)
Cell phone	65.9
WiFi/Wireless	85.0
4G or WiMax	7.3
City of Austin's free WiFi	9.8

Table 10. Observation: The number of respondents reporting use of both 4g/WiMax (7.3%) and the City of Austin's free WiFi program are both significant, and warrant further investigation.

Home computer Internet access	(n= 1,498)
Dial-up	2.8
High-speed DSL phone line	21.8
High-speed cable	53.8
Wireless	49.0
Don't know	4.9
Don't have access	7.7

Table 11. Observation: On this table the number of note is 7.7% of respondents report not having Internet access at home.

### 1.5 Reasons for Not Using the Internet

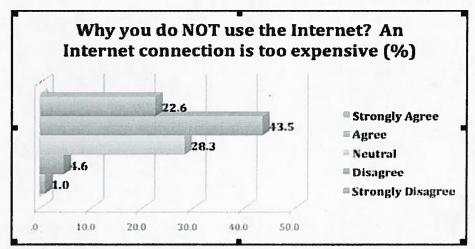


Figure 7. Reason for Not using the Internet: Connection is too expensive.

Figure 7. Observation: Of the 7.7% of the general population of respondents reporting not having internet access, 66.1%, or close to two-thirds, indicate that the cost of the Internet connection is an issue.

# 1.6 Austin Public Library

Table 12. Austin Public Library Usag	ge in Entire	Sample
	Yes (%)	No (%)
Have you visited an Austin Public Library within the last 12 months? (n=1,694)	44.2	55.8
Do you have a library card that you use at an APL? (n= 1,690)	51.1	48.9
Have you ever accessed your library account via the APL's website? (n=1,688)	24.0	76.0
Have you ever placed a book on hold via the APL's website? (n=1,684)	18.7	81.3

		Male	Female	Total
Yes	% within total visitors	51.1	48.9	
	% within gender	43.0	45.5	
No	% within total visitors	53.6	46.4	
	% within gender	57.0	54.5	
		(n= 890)	(n=805)	(n=1,695)

		White	African- American	Hispanic	Asian	Other	Total
Yes	% within visitors	55.9	10.4	22.6	8.5	2.5	
	% within race	46.1	61.4	32.5	58.7	65.5	
No	% within visitors	51.8	5.2	37.2	4.8	1.1	
	% within race	53.9	38.6	67.5	41.3	34.5	
		(n=908)	(n=127)	(n=520)	(n=109)	(n=29)	(n=1,693)

Tab	le 15. Austin Pub	olic Librar	y Visits	within La	ast Year	by Age		
		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	Total
Yes	% within visitors	8.2	32.0	25.8	15.4	10.0	8.7	
	% within age category	24.4	44.4	59.9	44.2	41.9	45.1	
No	% within visitors	20.0	31.6	13.7	15.3	11.0	8.4	
	% within age category	75.6	55.6	40.1	55.8	58.1	54.9	
		(n=250)	(n=538)	(n=322)	(n=260)	(n=179)	(n=144)	(n=1,693)
$\chi^2 = 72$	2.53, p ≤ .001							

		Less than H-S	High School	Some college	B. A. B.S.	Post-grad.	Total
Yes	% within visitors	5.9	18.0	26.3	30.4	19.5	
	% within educ. cat.	16.2	46.9	50.1	47.6	55.3	
No	% within visitors	24.1	16.2	20.7	26.5	12.5	
	% within educ. cat.	83.8	53.1	49.9	52.4	44.7	
		(n=272)	(n=288)	(n=393)	(n=479)	(n=264)	(n=1,696)

		Less than 10,000	10,000- 19,000	20,000- 29,000	30,000- 39,000	40,000- 49,000	50,000- 74,000	75,000+	No answer	Total
		10,000								
Yes	% within visitors	8.6	7.2	17.7	6.4	7.0	15.5	26.9	10.6	
	% within bracket	51.6	46.6	63.8	47.5	52.0	46.6	43.6	24.7	
No	% within visitors	6.4	6.7	8.0	5.7	5.2	14.3	27.9	25.9	
	% within bracket	48.4	53.4	36.2	52.5	48.0	53.4	56.4	75.3	
		(n=124)	(n=116)	(n=207)	(n=101)	(n=100)	(n=249)	(n=461)	(n=320)	(n=1,678)

		Male	Female	Total
Yes	% within total holders	45.7	54.3	
	% within gender	44.5	58.5	
No	% within total holders	59.7	40.3	
	% within gender	55.5	41.5	
		(n= 888)	(n=802)	(n=1,690)

Table 19. Austin Public Library Card Possession by Ethnicity

		White	African- American	Hispanic	Asian	Other	Total
Yes	% within holders	50.9	7.2	30.2	9.1	2.7	
	% within race	48.6	40.8	50.2	72.5	79.3	
No	% within holders	56.4	7.9	31.4	3.6	0.7	
	% within race	51.4	51.2	49.8	27.5	20.7	
		(n=906)	(n=127)	(n=520)	(n=109)	(n=29)	(n=1,691

 $X^2 = 31.93, p \le .001$ 

		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	Total
Yes	% within holders	15.5	27.6	23.8	13.8	10.8	8.6	
	% within age category	53.6	44.4	63.8	46.5	52.2	52.1	
No	% within holders	14.0	36.2	14.1	17.2	10.3	8.2	
	% within age category	46.4	55.6	36.2	54.4	47.8	47.9	
		(n=250)	(n=538)	(n=323)	(n=261)	(n=178)	(n=142)	(n=1,692)

		Less than H-S	High School	Some college	В. А.	Post-grad.	Total
Yes	% within holders	13.3	16.9	23.5	28.5	17.8	
	% within educ. cat.	42.3	51.2	51.7	51.6	58.3	
No	% within holders	19.0	16.8	23.0	27.9	13.3	
	% within educ. cat.	57.7	48.8	48.3	48.4	41.7	
		(n=272)	(n=285)	(n=393)	(n=477)	(n=264)	(n=1,691)

		Less	10,000-	20,000-	30,000-	40,000-	50,000-	75,000+	No	Total
		than	19,000	29,000	39,000	49,000	74,000		answe	
		10,000								
Yes	% within holders	8.2	7.9	11.5	5.7	5.5	14.4	27.2	19.6	
	% within bracket	58.2	59.1	48.1	48.5	47.0	49.8	50.8	53.0	
No	% within holders	6.3	5.8	13.2	6.4	6.5	14.4	28.0	18.5	
	% within bracket	41.8	40.9	51.9	51.5	53.0	50.2	49.2	47.0	
		(n=122)	(n=115)	(n=206)	(n=101)	(n=100)	(n=249)	(n=461)	(n=319 )	(n=1,673

		Male	Female	Total
Yes	% within total users	47.3	52.7	
	% within gender	21.7	26.7	
No	% within total users	54.1	45.9	
	% within gender	78.3	73.3	
		(n= 886)	(n=802)	(n=1,688)

Table 24. Austin Public Library Website Usage by Ethnicity

		White	African- American	Hispanic	Asian	Other	Total
Yes	% within users	60.3	9.9	14.3	11.6	3.9	
	% within race	27.2	31.5	11.1	43.1	55.2	
No	% within users	51.2	6.8	36.1	4.8	1.0	
	% within race	72.8	68.5	88.9	56.9	44.8	
		(n=902)	(n=127)	(n=521)	(n=109)	(n=29)	(n=1,688)

		18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	Total
Yes	% within users	2.7	38.4	28.8	14.8	8.6	6.7	
No	% within age category	4.4	29.0	36.6	23.1	19.7	18.9	
No	% within users	18.6	29.8	15.8	15.6	11.1	9.0	
	% within age category	95.6	71.0	63.4	76.9	80.3	81.1	
		(n=250)	(n=538)	(n=320)	(n=260)	(n=178)	(n=143)	(n=1,689)

		Less than H-S	High School	Some college	B. A. B.S.	Post-grad.	Total
Yes	% within users	4.0	10.9	23.2	35.8	26.2	
	% within educ. cat.	5.9	15.3	24.0	30.5	40.5	
No	% within users	20.0	18.9	23.2	25.7	12.2	
	% within educ. cat.	94.1 (n=272)	84.7 (n=287)	76.0 (n=392)	69.5 (n=475)	59.5 (n=262)	(n=1,688)

		Less	10,000-	20,000-	30,000-	40,000-	50,000-	75,000+	No	Total
		than 10,000	19,000	29,000	39,000	49,000	74,000		answer	
Yes	% within visitors	3.7	6.4	14.6	4.4	5.9	18.5	38.0	8.4	
	% within bracket	12.1	22.6	28.6	17.6	24.2	30.1	33.6	10.6	
No	% within visitors	8.6	7.0	11.6	6.6	5.9	13.7	24.0	22.6	
	% within bracket	87.9	77.4	71.4	82.4	75.8	69.9	66.4	89.4	
		(n=124)	(n=115)	(n=206)	(n=102)	(n=99)	(n=249)	(n=458)	(n=320)	(n=1,673)

		Male	Female	Total
Yes	% within total users	45.9	54.1	
	% within gender	16.3	21.3	
No	% within total users	54.2	45.8	
	% within gender	83.7	78.7	
		(n= 886)	(n=798)	(n=1,684)

		White	African- American	Hispanic	Asian	Other	Total
Yes	% within users	63.5	6.3	14.6	12.1	3.5	
	% within race	22.2	16.1	8.8	34.9	37.9	
No	% within users	51.3	7.6	34.6	5.2	1.3	
	% within race	77.8	83.9	91.2	65.1	62.1	
		(n=902)	(n=124)	(n=520)	(n=109)	(n=29)	(n=1,684)

	le 30. Austin Pu	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	Total
Yes	% within users	2.5	35.8	29.4	15.2	8.9	8.2	
	% within age category	3.2	21.1	29.2	18.4	15.6	18.1	
No	% within users	17.7	30.8	16.4	15.5	11.0	8.0	
	% within age category	96.8	78.9	70.8	81.6	84.4	81.9	
		(n=250)	(n=535)	(n=318)	(n=261)	(n=179)	(n=144)	(n=1,687)

		Less than H-S	High School	Some college	B. A. B.S.	Post-grad.	Total
Yes	% within users	0	7.6	24.4	42.5	25.4	
	% within educ. cat.	0	8.5	19.6	28.3	30.3	
No	% within users	19.9	18.9	23.0	24.8	13.4	
	% within educ. cat.	100	91.5	80.4	71.7	69.7	
		(n=272)	(n=283)	(n=392)	(n=474)	(n=264)	(n=1,685)

		Less than 10,000	10,000- 19,000	20,000- 29,000	30,000- 39,000	40,000- 49,000	50,000- 74,000	75,000+	No answer	Total
Yes	% within visitors	4.5	6.4	9.2	4.5	6.7	19.7	40.1	8.9	
	% within bracket	11.4	17.2	14.1	14.1	21.2	24.9	27.5	8.8	
No	% within visitors	8.0	7.1	13.1	6.3	5.8	13.78	24.5	21.5	
	% within bracket	88.6	82.8	85.9	85.9	78.8	75.1	72.5	91.2	
		(n=123)	(n=116)	(n=206)	(n=99)	(n=99)	(n=249)	(n=458)	(n=319)	(n=1,669)

Table 33. Aust	in Pu	blic Libra	ary Usag	e by Er	nployment	Status		
		Full-time	Part-time	Student	Homemaker	Unemployed	Retired	Other
		(n=1006)	(n=235)	(n=162)	(n=94)	(n=143)	(n=182)	(n=191)
Have you visited	Yes	43.2	54.0	59.5	46.4	22.5	45.6	40.1
an APL in the last 12 months?	No	56.8	46.0	40.5	53.6	77.5	54.4	59.9
		(n=1005)	(n=235)	(n=162)	(n=94)	(n=143)	(n=180)	(n=191)
Do you have a	Yes	46.9	50.3	48.7	55.0	76.9	50.3	72.8
library card?	No	53.1	49.7	51.3	45.0	23.1	49.7	27.2
		(n=1002)	(n=235)	(n=162)	(n=94)	(n=142)	(n=182)	(n=191)
Have you accessed	Yes	26.8	17.3	36.3	31.4	12.4	19.2	16.5
your account through	No	73.2	82.7	63.7	68.6	87.6	80.8	83.5
an APL's website?								
		(n=996)	(n=235)	(n=162)	(n=94)	(n=143)	(n=183)	(n=191)
Have you placed a		19.5	16.3	22.8	21.7	12.8	17.4	13.1
book on hold via a APL's website?	No	80.5	83.7	77.2	78.3	87.2	82.6	86.9

Table 34. Austi	n Pu	blic Libr	ary Usage	by Emp	loyment (	Contract
		Salaried	Contracted	Employed hourly	Temporary worker	Self- employed
		(n=610)	(n=65)	(n=450)	(n=14)	(n=137)
Have you visited	Yes	43.6	60.0	42.2	57.1	65.7
an APL in the last 12 months?	No	56.4	40.0	57.8	42.9	34.3
		(n=610)	(n=65)	(n=450)	(n=14)	(n=137)
Do you have a	Yes	47.4	60.0	42.2	57.1	65.7
library card?	No	52.6	40.0	57.8	42.9	34.3
		(n=607)	(n=65)	(n=451)	(n=14)	(n=138)
Have you accessed	Yes	31.8	23.1	16.6	35.7	32.6
your account through an APL's website?	No	68.2	76.9	83.4	64.3	67.4
an Ar E a Menaile!		(n=602)	(n=65)	(n=450)	(n=14)	(n=137)

Have you placed a Yes	24.8	15.4	12.4	35.7	23.4
book on hold via an No	75.2	84.6	87.6	64.3	76.6
API's website?	, , ,	00	07.0	04.5	70.0

 $X^2 = 31.05$ ,  $p \le .001$ ;  $X^2 = 13.07$ ,  $p \le .05$ ;  $X^2 = 35.18$ ,  $p \le .001$ ;  $X^2 = 28.66$ ,  $p \le .001$ , respectively

		Construct	i Creativ	Educatio	Governme	Health	Manuf	Media	Servic	Techn.	Other
		on	е	n	nt		act		е		
		(n=122)	(n=70)	(n=114)	(n=123)	(n=84)	(n=40)	(n=77	(n=201	(n=201(n=169	(n=276
Have you	Yes	36.9	47.1	64.9	51,2	40.5	35.0	) 74.0	) 45.3	) 34.9	) 43.5
visited an APL in the last	No	63.1	52.9	35.1	48.8	59.5	65.0	26.0	54.7	65.1	56.5
12 months?		/122 <u>)</u>	/- CO	/- 44A	/ 4221	( 00)	1 00	,		1 100	
		(n=122)	(n=69)	(n=114)	(n=122)	(n=83)	(n=41)	(n=//	(n=201 )	(n=169 )	(n=276 )
Do you have	aYes	25.4	42.0	69.3	57.4	48.2	36.6	75.3	47.8	47.9	41.7
library card?	No	74.6	58.0	30.7	42.6	51.8	63.4	29.7	52.2	52.1	58.3
		(n=122)	(n=69)	(n=113)	(n=121)	(n=83)	(n=40)	(n=77	(n=199	(n=169	(n=275
				<b>( =)</b>	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<b>(</b> 55)	(,	)	)	)	)
Have you	Yes	19.7	24.6	44.2	36.4	30.1	12.5	23.4	23.6	32.0	17.5
accessed your account	No	80.3	75.4	55.8	63.6	69.9	87.5	76.6	76.4	68.0	82.5
through an APL's											
website?		(n=122)	(n=60)	(n=113)	(n=121)	(n=80)	/n=41\	In-76	200	ln-160	276
		(11-122)	(11-03)	(11-113)	(11-121)	(11-60)	(11-41)	)	)	) (11=T09)	)
Have you	Yes	5.7	17.4	45.1	29.8	17.5	14.6	18.4	18.0	26.2	12.7
placed a book on hold via an APL's website?	No	94.3	82.6	54.9	70.2	82.5	85.4	81.6	82.0	73.8	87.3

Table 36. Austin Public Library Usage by non-English Language Media Consumption

Frequency of non-English language media usage

		Never (n=554)	Monthly/ Less often (n=431)	Weekly/ Daily (n=632)
Have you visited	Yes	40.6	55.0	37.8
an APL in the last 12 months?	No	59.4	45.0	62.2
		(n=552)	(n=431)	(n=629)
Do you have a	Yes	44.2	58.7	53.1
library card?	No	55.8	41.3	46.9
		(n=548)	(n=430)	(n=631)
Have you accessed you	ırYes	22.6	30.9	18.5
account through an APL's website?	No	77.4	69.1	81.5
		(n=549)	(n=431)	(n=626)
Have you placed a	Yes	16.6	26.0	15.7
book on hold via an APL's website?	No	83.4	74.60	84.3

 $X^2 = 33.34$ , p  $\leq$  .001;  $X^2 = 21.36$ , p  $\leq$  .001;  $X^2 = 22.18$ , p  $\leq$  .001;  $X^2 = 20.46$ , p  $\leq$  .001, respectively

Table 37. Austin Public Library's Website Usage by Internet Access Technologies (%)

		Cell phone	WiFi/ Wireless	4G or WiMax	City of Austin's free WiFi
		(n=805)	(n=1037)	(n=90)	(n=120)
Have you	Yes	23.1	27.7	39.9	17.0
accessed your account through an APL's website?	No	76.9	72.3	60.1	53.9
		(n=805)	(n=1033)	(n=86)	(n=120)
Have you	Yes	19.5	22.3	17.5	37.3

placed a book on hold via an	No	80.5	77.7	82.5	62.7
APL's website?					

Table 38. Austin Public Library's Website Usage by Home Computer Internet Access Technologies (%)

		Dial-up	High-speed DSL phone line	High- speed cable	Wireless	Don't know	Don't have access
		(n=42)	(n=325)	(n=799)	(n=728)	(n=73)	(n=115)
	Yes	72.1	24.9	26.9	24.1	24.6	25.2
	27.9	27.9 70.6	73.1	75.9	75.4	74.8	
		(n=42)	(n=325)	(n=799)	(n=724)	(n=73)	(n=112)
Have you	Yes	19.7	28.4	56.65	19.5	2.4	9.7
placed a book on hold via an APL's website?	No	80.3	74.0	78.9	80.5	97.6	90.3

Table 39. Austin Public Libraries' Website I Ownership	Jsage by Smart I	Phone	
	Smart phone ownership		
	Yes	No	
Have you accessed to an APL's website?	(n=810)	(n=774)	
	26.3	23	
Have you ever placed a book on hold via de APL's	(n=811)	(n=771)	
website?	20.3	18.4	
$X^2 = 2.97$ , p = n.s.; $X^2 = 1.42$ , p = n.s., respectively.			

# 1.7 Austin City Government and Public Television Channels

The survey questionnaire included several questions about respondents' access and use of the city government access channel, public access channels, and the City of Austin website. Respondents are asked about how often they watch Channel 6, using a scale from daily, weekly, monthly, less often, to never. Respondent who have watched Channel 6 are further asked what programming he or she watches. In a similar vein, respondents are asked how often they watch the public access channels in Austin, namely Channels 10, 11, and 16. Respondents are also asked their frequency of visiting the City of Austin website (www.cityofaustin.org).

#### 1.7.1 General Viewership/Visiting Pattern and Breakdowns

Preliminary analysis shows that about one-third of Austinites watch the public access channels. About 8% of the respondents watch Chanel 6 and 12% Channels 10,11, or 16 at least monthly (Figure 9 and 10). However, few watch the public channels on a daily basis. Around 1% of respondents watch Chanel 6 and about 2% Channels 10,11, or 16 daily.

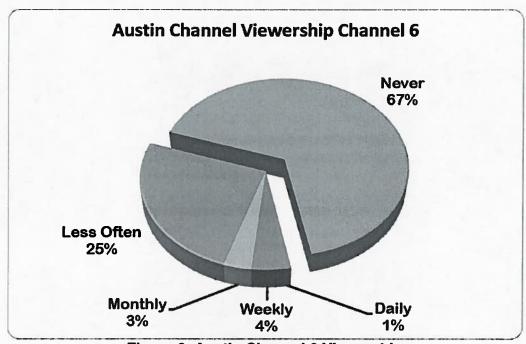


Figure 9. Austin Channel 6 Viewership

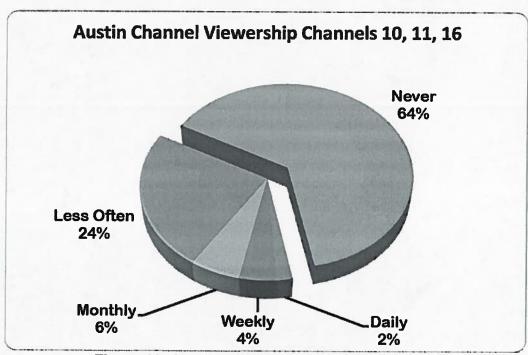


Figure 10. Austin Channel 10, 11, 16 Viewership

Table 40. Austin's Channels Viewership							
	Channel 6 (%) (n=1,680)	Channel 10,11,16 (%) (n=1,666)					
Daily	0.8	1.8					
Weekly	3.9	4.5					
Monthly	3.3	5.9					
Less often	25.2	23.8					
Never	66.8	64.1					

The most frequently viewed Channel 6 programming are city council meetings (22%), board meetings (11%), and bulletin boards (11%). Close to two-thirds of the Channel 6 viewers do not know what programming they watch (Table 41).

Ch. 6 programming	(n= 871)
City Council meetings	22.3
Board meetings	11.1
Bulletin boards	10.8
Other	7.0
Don't know	64.1

Breaking down the general pattern by demographic factors such as gender, ethnicity, age, and education show some interesting results. Table 42 shows the proportion of women who have never watched channel 6 is significantly higher than that of men (71% vs. 63%). Yet, the proportion of women who watch Channel 6 at least weekly is significantly higher than that of men (5% vs. 4%). The gendered viewership is reversed for Channels 10, 11, or 16. Proportionally, significantly more men have never watched these channels than women (67% vs. 61%). However, men are more likely to be weekly or more frequent viewers than women (7% vs. 6%)

63.1	71.0
32.7	23.7
4.2	5.3
(n=883)	(n=796)
66.7 26.3 6.9	61.0 33.4 5.6
	32.7 4.2 (n=883) 66.7 26.3

Table 43 reports the public channel viewership by ethnicity. African American and Hispanic respondents are significantly more likely to watch public access channels.

About 28% of African-American respondents view channel 6 at least weekly, more than 5 times of the city average (4.7%). The proportion of Hispanic respondents who watch Channel 6 at least weekly is around the average, while Whites, Asians, and others are much below the average. By and large, the viewership of Channels 10, 11, or 16 shows a similar pattern. A significant and higher proportion of African-American and Hispanics respondents watch public channels at least weekly (20% and 7% respectively). Respondents who identify themselves in the other racial group are significantly more likely to watch Channels 10, 11, or 16 than Whites and Asians (14% vs. 4% and 5% respectively).

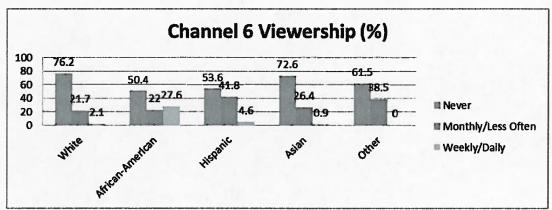


Figure 11. Channel 6 Viewership by Ethnicity

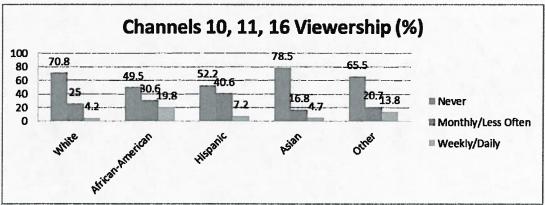


Figure 12. Channels 10, 11, and 16 Viewership by Ethnicity

	White	African- American	Hispanic	Asian	Other
Channel 6 viewership					
Never	76.2	50.4	53.6	72.6	61.5
Monthly/ Less often	21.7	22.0	41.8	26.4	38.5
Weekly/ Daily	2.1	27.6	4.6	0.9	0
	(n=904)	(n=127)	(n=513)	(n=106)	(n=26)
Channels 10,11,16 viewership				16-41	
Never	70.8	49.5	52.2	78.5	65.5
Monthly/ Less often	25.0	30.6	40.6	16.8	20.7
Weekly/ Daily	4.2	19.8	7.2	4.7	13.8
	(n=903)	(n=111)	(n=517)	(n=107)	(n=29)

The weekly or more frequent viewership of public channels grows with age. About three-quarters of the respondents aged between 18-24 never watch Channel 6 and 56% of them never watch Channels 10, 11, or16. Among the young people who do watch, they do so only occasionally. None of them watch these channels weekly or more frequent. By contrast, respondents who are 65 or older have the highest share of watching the public channels weekly or more frequent (7% for Channel 6 and 10% for Channels 10, 11, or 16).

Table 43. Channels 6, 10,11, or 16 Viewership by Age						
	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+
Channel 6 viewership						
Never	74.4	66.9	69.8	59.7	66.1	60.3
Monthly/ Less often	25.6	28.3	25.9	33.3	27.7	32.6
Weekly/ Daily	0	4.9	4.4	7.0	6.2	7.1
	(n=250)	(n=534)	(n=321)	(n=258)	(n=177)	(n=141)
Channels 10,11,16 viewership						
Never	56.2	64.8	64.6	64.5	67.2	69.7
Monthly/ Less often	43.8	30.2	27.8	25.9	23.7	20.4

Weekly/ Daily	0	5.0	7.6	9.7	9.80	9.9
			(n=316)	(n=259)		
$X^2$ : 27.27, p≤.01; $X^2$	: 56.07, p≤.0	01				

Table 8b4 reports the viewership by education. The weekly or more frequent viewership of public channels drops with the level of education, although there is a slight uptick for respondents with postgraduate education. People with less than high school education are more likely to have watched Channel 6 and channels 10, 11, and 16. About 8% of respondents with less than high school education watch Channel 6 at least weekly but none of them watch Channels 10, 11, or 16. By contrast, about 7% of respondents with high school education watch Channel 6 and 13% Channels 10, 11, and 16 at least weekly.

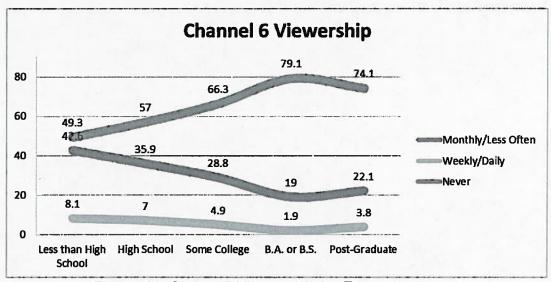


Figure 13. Chanel 6 Viewership by Education Level

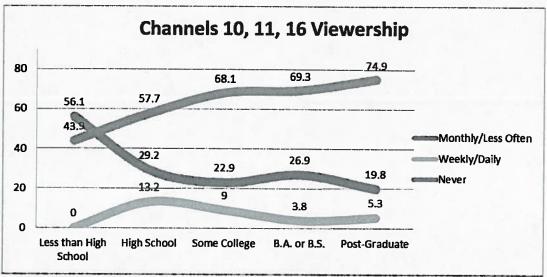


Figure 14. Channels 10, 11, and 16 Viewership by Education Level

	Less than high school	High - school	Some college	B.A. or B.S.	Post- graduate
Channel 6 viewership					
Never	49.3	57.0	66.3	79.1	74.1
Monthly/ Less often	42.6	35.9	28.8	19.0	22.1
Weekly/ Daily	8.1	7.0	4.9	1.9	3.8
	(n=272)	(n=284)	(n=389)	(n=473)	(n=263)
Channels 10,11,16 viewership					
Never	43.9	57.7	68.1	69.3	74.9
Monthly/ Less often	56.1	29.2	22.9	26.9	19.8
Weekly/ Daily	0	13.2	9.0	3.8	5.3
	(n=255)	(n=281)	(n=389)	(n=476)	(n=263)

#### 1.7.2 Visiting the City of Austin Website

The survey revealed that more than three fourths (72%) of respondents have visited the City of Austin's Website at least once. Most of people visit it monthly (23%) or less often (43%). Although there are no substantive differences by gender, more

women ten d to visit the website on a weekly or daily basis than men (4% vs. 7%) (see Table 45).

Compared to Channel 6 viewership, a much higher proportion of respondents have visited the City of Austin website (71% vs. 34%). About 6% of the respondents visit the City of Austin website at least weekly and 29% at least monthly. Table 46 report the visit by gender. Women have a higher proportion of not visiting the City of Austin website than men (29% vs. 27%). However, a significant higher proportion of women visit the City of Austin website at least weekly than men (7% vs. 4%)

Regarding differences by ethnicity, it is noteworthy that more minorities, particularly African Americans and Hispanics, visit the website on a regular basis (7% and 9%, respectively) compared to whites (4%) and Asians (4%) (see Table 47). In addition, regular visits to the website (i.e., weekly or daily) increase with level of education and then decrease, a pattern that is also found when analyzing the visits by income level see table 3e). The highest proportion of people who visit the City of Austin's website on a regular basis has some college degree and earn between \$40,000 and \$50,000. There are no clear patterns by age (see table 48).

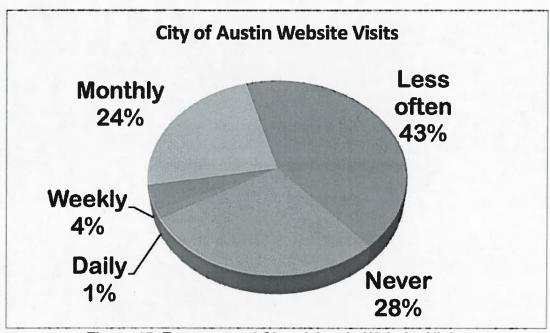


Figure 15. Frequency of City of Austin Website Visits

Table 45. City of Austin's Website Visits					
	(%) (n=1,683)				
Daily	1.3				
Weekly	4.3				
Monthly	23.4				
Less often	42.8				
Never	28.2				

Table 46. City of Austin's Website Visits by Gender					
Men	Women				
27.2	29.3				
68.7	63.5				
4.1	7.2				
(n=881)	(n=802)				
	Men 27.2 68.7 4.1				

Table 47 reports the breakdown of the City of Austin website visit by ethnicity. African Americans and Hispanics are significantly more likely not to visit the website (45% and 31%), compared to Whites (25%), Asians (26%), and others (10%). Yet, Hispanics and African Americans have a significant higher proportion of visiting the website at least weekly (9% and 7%), compared to other ethnic groups.

	White	African- American	Hispanic	Asian	Other
Website's visits					
Never	25.2	45.3	30.8	26.2	10.3
Monthly/ Less often	70.5	47.7	60.7	70.1	89.7
Weekly/ Daily	4.2	7.0	8.5	3.7	0
	(n=903)	(n=128)	(n=517)	(n=107)	(n=29)

Table 48 reports the visit of the City of Austin website by age group. The proportion of those not visiting the City of Austin website increases with age. However, among people who visit the city website at least weekly, people in the age group of 35-44 have the highest proportion (10%), followed by people in the age group of 45-54 (8%) and people in the age group of 55-64 (5%). People who are 34 or younger or 65 or older are less likely to visit the city website at least weekly (4% and 3% respectively).

	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+
Website's visits						
Never	11.6	22.4	19.2	39.5	41.2	62.5
Monthly/ Less often	84.0	73.9	70.8	52.7	54.2	34.7
Weekly/ Daily	4.4	3.7	10.1	7.8	4.5	2.8
	(n=250)	(n=536)	(n=318)	(n=258)	(n=177)	(n=144)

The pattern of visiting the City of Austin website varies significantly by the levels of education. In general, better educated respondents are significantly more likely to visit the website. People with a high school or less education have the lowest share of frequent visiting: less than 3% of them visit the city website at least weekly. People who have an education at most of some college have the highest proportion of visiting the city website at least weekly (11%), while respondents who have a college or higher education are in the middle-of-the-road (6% and 5% respectively).

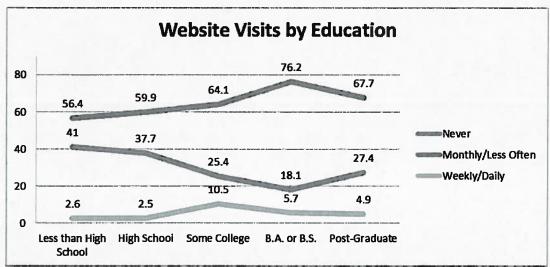


Figure 16. Frequency of City of Austin Website Visits by Education Level

	Less than high school	High - school	Some college	B.A. or B.S.	Post- graduate
Website's visits					
Never	41.0	37.7	25.4	18.1	27.4
Monthly/ Less often	56.4	59.9	64.1	76.2	67.7
Weekly/ Daily	2.6	2.5	10.5	5.7	4.9
	(n=273)	(n=284)	(n=390)	(n=475)	(n=263)

## 1.8.3 Austin City Government and Public Television Channels Summary

- About one-third of Austinites watch the public access channels. However, only around 1% of respondents watch Chanel 6 and about 2% Channels 10,11, or 16 daily. The most frequently viewed Channel 6 programming are city council meetings (22%).
- Viewership of Austin public channels is patterned by gender, ethnicity, age, and education. African Americans and Hispanics respondents are significantly more likely to watch public access channels. In general, the weekly or more frequent viewership of public channels grows with age and drops with the level of education.

- The City of Austin Website attracts more audience than Channel 6 or Channel 10, 11, and 16. About 6% of the respondents visit the City of Austin website at least weekly and 29% at least monthly.
- Visiting the city website is patterned gender, ethnicity, age, and education. Among people who visit the city website at least weekly, people in the age group of 35-44 have the highest proportion, followed by people in the age group of 45-54. In general, better educated respondents are significantly more likely to visit the website.

## 1.8 Internet and the Global Citizen Survey

Archos)?  A. Do you have a home phone line (wired, landline)?	Τŀ	Zip+4: HE AUSTIN INTERNET AND GLOBAL CITIZENS PROJECT				
Q2. HOME MEDIA: The following questions ask about the media that you have access to at the place you currently live. Please check ☑ your answer.  Yes No Don't Know  A. Do you subscribe to a newspaper that is delivered to your current residence?  A. Do you have a TV in your current residence?  A. Do you subscribe to cable TV (ex. Time Warner, Grande)?  A. Do you subscribe to satellite TV (ex. DIRECTV, DISH)?  A. Is there a game console in your current residence (ex. PlayStation, Wii, Xbox)?  If YES, is the game console connected to the Internet?  A. Is there a desktop computer you can use in your current residence?  A. Do you personally own a laptop or notebook computer?  A. Do you personally own an mp3 player (ex. iPod, Zune, Archos)?  A. Do you have a home phone line (wired, landline)?	ho	usehold. Including yourself, how many adults (age 18 or older) live in t			11 (6)	your
to at the place you currently live. Please check your answer.  Yes No Don't Know  A. Do you subscribe to a newspaper that is delivered to your current residence?  A. Do you have a TV in your current residence?  A. Do you subscribe to cable TV (ex. Time Warner, Grande)?  A. Do you subscribe to satellite TV (ex. DIRECTV, DISH)?  A. Is there a game console in your current residence (ex. PlayStation, Wii, Xbox)?  If YES, is the game console connected to the Internet?  A. Is there a desktop computer you can use in your current residence?  A. Do you personally own a laptop or notebook computer?  A. Do you personally own an mp3 player (ex. iPod, Zune, Archos)?  A. Do you have a home phone line (wired, landline)?	A.		olace	you	curren	tly
A. Do you subscribe to a newspaper that is delivered to your current residence?  A. Do you have a TV in your current residence?  A. Do you subscribe to cable TV (ex. Time Warner, Grande)?  A. Do you subscribe to satellite TV (ex. DIRECTV, DISH)?  A. Is there a game console in your current residence (ex. PlayStation, Wii, Xbox)?  If YES, is the game console connected to the Internet?  A. Is there a desktop computer you can use in your current residence?  A. Do you personally own a laptop or notebook computer?  A. Do you personally own an mp3 player (ex. iPod, Zune, Archos)?  A. Do you have a home phone line (wired, landline)?			that	you	have a	cces
A. Do you have a TV in your current residence?  A. Do you subscribe to cable TV (ex. Time Warner, Grande)?  A. Do you subscribe to satellite TV (ex. DIRECTV, DISH)?  A. Is there a game console in your current residence (ex. PlayStation, Wii, Xbox)?  If YES, is the game console connected to the Internet?  A. Is there a desktop computer you can use in your current residence?  A. Do you personally own a laptop or notebook computer?  A. Do you personally own an mp3 player (ex. iPod, Zune, Archos)?  A. Do you have a home phone line (wired, landline)?		The process of the control of the co	Yes	No		
A. Do you subscribe to cable TV (ex. Time Warner, Grande)?  A. Do you subscribe to satellite TV (ex. DIRECTV, DISH)?  A. Is there a game console in your current residence (ex. PlayStation, Wii, Xbox)?  If YES, is the game console connected to the Internet?  A. Is there a desktop computer you can use in your current residence?  A. Do you personally own a laptop or notebook computer?  A. Do you personally own an mp3 player (ex. iPod, Zune, Archos)?  A. Do you have a home phone line (wired, landline)?	A.					
A. Do you subscribe to satellite TV (ex. DIRECTV, DISH)?  A. Is there a game console in your current residence (ex. PlayStation, Wii, Xbox)?  If YES, is the game console connected to the Internet?  A. Is there a desktop computer you can use in your current residence?  A. Do you personally own a laptop or notebook computer?  A. Do you personally own an mp3 player (ex. iPod, Zune, Archos)?  A. Do you have a home phone line (wired, landline)?	A.	Do you have a TV in your current residence?				
A. Is there a game console in your current residence (ex. PlayStation, Wii, Xbox)?  If YES, is the game console connected to the Internet?  A. Is there a desktop computer you can use in your current residence?  A. Do you personally own a laptop or notebook computer?  A. Do you personally own an mp3 player (ex. iPod, Zune, Archos)?  A. Do you have a home phone line (wired, landline)?	A.	Do you subscribe to cable TV (ex. Time Warner, Grande)?				
PlayStation, Wii, Xbox)?  If YES, is the game console connected to the Internet?  A. Is there a desktop computer you can use in your current residence?  A. Do you personally own a laptop or notebook computer?  A. Do you personally own an mp3 player (ex. iPod, Zune, Archos)?  A. Do you have a home phone line (wired, landline)?	A.	Do you subscribe to satellite TV (ex. DIRECTV, DISH)?				
Internet?  A. Is there a desktop computer you can use in your current residence?  A. Do you personally own a laptop or notebook computer?  A. Do you personally own an mp3 player (ex. iPod, Zune, Archos)?  A. Do you have a home phone line (wired, landline)?	Ā.					
residence?  A. Do you personally own a laptop or notebook computer?  D. Do you personally own an mp3 player (ex. iPod, Zune, Archos)?  D. Do you have a home phone line (wired, landline)?						
A. Do you personally own an mp3 player (ex. iPod, Zune, Archos)?  A. Do you have a home phone line (wired, landline)?	A.					
Archos)?  A. Do you have a home phone line (wired, landline)?	A.	Do you personally own a laptop or notebook computer?				
	Α.					
A. Do you have a cell phone?	<u>A.</u>	Do you have a home phone line (wired, landline)?				
	Α.	Do you have a cell phone?				

▶ If you do NOT own a cell phone, please go to Q4. INTERNET on Page 2.

Q3. CELL PHONES: If you own a cell phone, please answer the following questions.

		Yes	No	Don' t Kno w
A.	Do you use a pre-paid cell phone?			
A.	Do you use a smart phone (ex. iPhone, Blackberry, Android)?			
A.	Do you send or receive text messages?			
A.	Do you ever make a charitable donation by text messages?			
A.	Based on your personal experience, how would you complet statement? (CHECK ONE)	e the f	ollow	ing
	"On an average day, I make and receive my telephone calls			
	<ul> <li>□ All on a landline phone (including, home and work phone</li> <li>□ Mostly on a landline phone</li> <li>□ Equally between my cell phone and a landline phone</li> <li>□ Mostly on my cell phone</li> <li>□ All on my cell phone</li> </ul>	ne)		
A.	How often do you access the Internet using your cell phone?  ☐ Daily ☐ Weekly ☐ Monthly ☐ Less often	(CHEC		NE)
A.	If you use your cell phone to go online, do you use it to do following activities? (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY)  ☐ Read or send email ☐ Send or post a photo or video ☐ Watch a video ☐ Purchase a product (ex. books, music, toys or clothing) ☐ Access a social network site (ex. Facebook, Twitter, Linke)		the	
	B. INTERNET: We would now like to ask about your use of to Do you use the Internet at all (ex. surf the web, chat, ☐ Ye email)?	es 🗆	No	t.
	If YES, you use the Internet, please go to <u>Question D</u> or			
	▶ If NO, you do NOT use the Internet, please answer the 1 Questions B & C.	iollowi	ng	

	Strongly			Disagre	Strongly
	Agree	Agree	Neutral	е	Disagree
An Internet connection is too expensive.					
I am concerned about my safety and privacy.					
I do not have enough time.					
I am not interested.					
<ul> <li>A. If you wanted to start using the Interaction about computers and technology to you need someone to help you? (C</li> <li>I know enough to go online on the long of the long of</li></ul>	o be able HECK ON on my ow p me.	to do t IE) n.			
<ul> <li>▶ If you do NOT use the Internet Page 5.</li> <li>A. Who taught you how to use the Internet   ☐ My father or mother   ☐ My brother or sister   ☐ My son or daughter   ☐ Another relative</li> </ul>	ernet? (C	go to <u>Q</u> HECK A friends boyfrie eacher	ALL THA	T APPLY	
<ul> <li>A. Where do you use the Internet? (CH</li> <li>□ At home (where you currently live)</li> <li>□ At work</li> <li>□ At school or university</li> <li>□ At an Austin Public Library</li> </ul>	☐ Cof	fee sho he hom		end or fa	imily
How does your computer connect t     APPLY)	to the Into	ernet at	home? (	CHECK	ALL THAT
<ul><li>□ Dial-up telephone line</li><li>□ High speed DSL-enabled phone</li><li>□ High speed cable modem (from</li><li>□ Wireless</li></ul>	line (fror the cable	n the pl	none con any)	npany)	
<ul><li>☐ I do not know.</li><li>☐ I do not have access to the inter</li></ul>	net throu	igh a co	mputer a	at home.	

<ul> <li>A. There are many ways to connect to technologies to access the Internet</li> <li>□ Cell</li> <li>□ WiFi/Wireless</li> <li>□ 4 phone</li> </ul>	t? (CHE	CK ALL 7 Max □ (	HAT APP	LÝ)		g		
Please indicate how often you use the Please think about your online activitie devices, combined.  (CHECK ONE for each row)	es on a d	computer	, cell pho	Less	other porta			
Dood or cond once!	Daily	Weekly		Often	Never			
Read or send email								
Play online games								
Buy a product online								
Pay bills online								
Discuss politics								
Listen to music or radio								
Watch videos (ex. clips, TV shows, movies)								
Read a blog								
Comment on a blog				_ н 🔲 —				
Participate in a discussion forum								
Use social network sites (ex. MySpace, Facebook, Twitter, LinkedIn)	0		0					
Visit a virtual world (ex. Second Life)								
Please indicate how much you agree or disagree with the following statements regarding how you feel about your Internet skills. (CHECK ONE for each row)  I feel capable of  Strongly  Strongly  Agree Agree Neutral e								
Uploading content (ex. videos, photos,								
music) to a website.								
Blocking spam or unwanted content.								
Adjusting my privacy settings on a website.								
Bookmarking a website or adding a website to my list of favorites.				0				
Comparing different sites to verify the accuracy of information.								

Creating and managing my own personal profile on a social network site.	0		0		
Creating and managing my own personal website.					
People interact with their family, friends strangers online. Thinking about these much you agree or disagree with the fo	people y	ou kno	w online	, please	indicate he E for each i
When thinking about people I know ONLINE (on the Internet)	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagre	Strongly Disagre e
	Agico	Agree	Houtiai		

to help solve my problems.			
There is someone online I can turn to for advice about making very important decisions.			
When I feel lonely, there are several people online I can talk to.			
The people I interact with online would be good job references for me.			
Interacting with people online makes me want to try new things.			
Interacting with people online makes me feel like part of a larger community.			
I am willing to spend time to support general online community activities.			
Interacting with people online gives me new people to talk to.			

People interact with their family, friends, neighbors, co-workers, acquaintances, and strangers **offline**. Thinking about these people you know **offline**, please indicate how much you agree or disagree with the following statements. (CHECK ONE for each row)

When thinking about people I know OFFLINE (not on the Internet)	Strongly			Disagre	Strongly Disagre
	Agree	Agree	Neutral	е	е

for advice about making very import decisions.  When I feel lonely, there are several people offline I can talk to.  The people I interact with offline wo be good job references for me.  Interacting with people offline make me want to try new things.  Interacting with people offline make me feel like part of a larger community are always and the support of the sup	to help solve my problems.  There is someone offline I can turn for advice about making very impodecisions.  When I feel lonely, there are several people offline I can talk to.  The people I interact with offline we be good job references for me.  Interacting with people offline make me want to try new things.  Interacting with people offline make me feel like part of a larger commuliation of the suppogeneral offline community activities.	turn to mportant veral e would makes makes nmunity.					
There is someone offline I can turn for advice about making very import decisions.  When I feel lonely, there are several people offline I can talk to.  The people I interact with offline we be good job references for me.  Interacting with people offline make me want to try new things.  Interacting with people offline make me feel like part of a larger community am willing to spend time to support general offline community activities. Interacting with people offline gives new people to talk to.	There is someone offline I can turn for advice about making very impodecisions.  When I feel lonely, there are several people offline I can talk to.  The people I interact with offline we be good job references for me.  Interacting with people offline make me want to try new things.  Interacting with people offline make me feel like part of a larger commulation of the suppogeneral offline community activities.	mportant veral e would makes makes nmunity.	_ 				
for advice about making very import decisions.  When I feel lonely, there are several people offline I can talk to.  The people I interact with offline wo be good job references for me.  Interacting with people offline make me want to try new things.  Interacting with people offline make me feel like part of a larger community are always and interacting with people offline to support general offline community activities.  Interacting with people offline gives	for advice about making very impodecisions.  When I feel lonely, there are several people offline I can talk to.  The people I interact with offline we be good job references for me.  Interacting with people offline make me want to try new things.  Interacting with people offline make me feel like part of a larger commulation and willing to spend time to suppogeneral offline community activities	mportant veral e would makes makes nmunity.	_ 				
people offline I can talk to.  The people I interact with offline wo be good job references for me.  Interacting with people offline make me want to try new things.  Interacting with people offline make me feel like part of a larger community are always and the support of the	people offline I can talk to.  The people I interact with offline we be good job references for me.  Interacting with people offline make me want to try new things.  Interacting with people offline make me feel like part of a larger commulation and willing to spend time to support general offline community activities.	makes makes nmunity.	0	0			
be good job references for me.  Interacting with people offline make me want to try new things.  Interacting with people offline make me feel like part of a larger community am willing to spend time to support general offline community activities.  Interacting with people offline gives	be good job references for me.  Interacting with people offline make me want to try new things.  Interacting with people offline make me feel like part of a larger community activities.	makes makes nmunity.	0				1 0
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me feel like part of a larger community am willing to spend time to support general offline community activities. Interacting with people offline gives	me feel like part of a larger commu I am willing to spend time to suppo general offline community activities	nmunity.					1 🗆
general offline community activities Interacting with people offline gives	general offline community activities	ipport					
		gives me					1 0
		e following	g medi	a activ	11100 111		age other t
	English? (CHECK ONE for each row)					Less	S
	(CHECK ONE for each row)	Dai	ily W		Monthl	Less ly Ofter	s en Neve
Read a book, newspaper, or	(CHECK ONE for each row)  Read a book, newspaper, or		ily W			Less	S
	(CHECK ONE for each row)  Read a book, newspaper, or magazine	Dai	ily W	/eekly	Monthl	Less ly Ofter	s en Neve
Read a book, newspaper, or magazine	(CHECK ONE for each row)  Read a book, newspaper, or magazine  Watch TV	Dai	nily M	/eekly	Monthl	Less ly Ofter	s en Neve
Read a book, newspaper, or magazine Watch TV	(CHECK ONE for each row)  Read a book, newspaper, or magazine  Watch TV  Watch a movie	Dai	nily W	/eekly	Monthl	Less ly Ofter	s Neve
	e in the fo				a media activ	g media activities in	
oll	o				tia activ	dia activities in	
- Oil	U	ollowing	a medi	2 20			stivitice in a langus
		J	medi	a activ	11100 111		a langua
ı		wing	g medi	a activ			
		Dai	ily W	/eekly	Monthl	Less ly Ofter	s en Neve
lead a book, newspaper, or nagazine	CHECK ONE for each row) lead a book, newspaper, or nagazine	Dai	ily W	/eekly	Monthl	Less ly Ofter	s en Neve
Read a book, newspaper, or magazine Watch TV	(CHECK ONE for each row)  Read a book, newspaper, or magazine  Watch TV	Dai	nily M	/eekly	Monthl	Less ly Ofter	s Neve
Read a book, newspaper, or magazine Watch TV Watch a movie	(CHECK ONE for each row)  Read a book, newspaper, or magazine  Watch TV  Watch a movie	Dai	nily W	/eekly	Monthl	Less ly Ofter	s Neve

Your neighborhood						
Local businesses						
Local events						
					Newspape	
			TV	Radio	r	
	People	Internet	(Offline)	(Offline)	(Offline)	Other
Austin City Services						
Texas						
USA						
Countries outside the US						
Country your family immigrated from						
Jobs and employment						
Education						
Health or medical issues						
News and current events						
Entertainment and pop culture						
Politics						9 1
(offline)		and elec net ole		-		PPLY)
A. Channel 6 is the City of Au watch Channel 6? (CHECH ☐ Daily ☐ Weekly	(ONE)					
<ul> <li>A. What Channel 6 programm</li> <li>☐ City council meetings</li> <li>☐ Board meetings</li> <li>☐ Bulletin board / CityVie</li> <li>☐ Other programming:</li> <li>☐ I do not know.</li> </ul>	w	you wate	ch? (CHI	ECK ALL	THAT APF	PLY)

A.	Channels 10 watch any or							low ofte	n do you
	☐ Daily		Weekly				Less often	☐ Nev	er er
A.	How often de	-	ı visit the Ci	ty of	Austin webs	site (	www.cityofau	ustin.org	?
	(CHECK ONI ☐ Daily	•	Weekly		Monthly		Less often	□ Nev	er er
		e to de yo know scho e bab	ask about the our relatives or each other (Control (Control (Contr	ne joi , frier by f HEC [ [ [ [ [	bs people yonds, and acceand nam K ALL THAT a bookked a product an operat an operat a taxi driv a professed a policem	ou ki quair ne). eper ior ir er p er or an kecu	now may now ntances (Acqu Is there anyor PLY) manager n a factory	/ have. T uaintance ne you ki	es are now who
A.	Who influence throughout y ☐ Siblings ☐ Spouse o ☐ Parents ☐ Grandpar ☐ Other related	our li r Pai ents	ife? (CHECk	C ALI	ut furthering _THAT APPI 1 Friends	you LY) chui	ch or other a		
	'. AUSTIN PUI blic libraries.	BLIC	LIBRARY:	Pleas	se tell us abo	out y	our use of the	e City of	Austin's
•	Have you vis months?	ited	an Austin P	ublic	Library with	in th	e last 12	□ Yes	□ No
A.	Do you have Library?	a lib	rary card the	at yo	u can use at	an.	Austin Public	□ Yes	□ No
Α.	Have you ever Public Library			r libra	ary account	via t	he Austin	□ Yes	□ No

A. Have you ever placed a book or Library website?	n hold via the Austin Public	□ Yes □ No
Q8. WORK: Next, we would like to A. What is your current employment  Employed full-time  Employed part-time  Student  Full-time homemaker  Unemployed  Retired  Other:		•
► If you are NOT currently emplo <u>INFORMATION</u> on Page 8.	oyed, please go to <u>Q9. PERSO</u>	NAL
If you are EMPLOYED either fu	II-time or part-time, please ar	swer the following
questions.  A. Which of the following best described:	cribes vour current arrangemen	ts with your
employer?		to with your
(CHECK ONE)		
☐ Salaried		
<ul><li>☐ Contracted</li><li>☐ Employed hourly</li></ul>		
☐ Employed as temporary wo	orker	
☐ Self-employed/Freelancer		
A. Which of the following BEST de	scribes the sector in which you	work? (CHECK
ONE)		
<ul><li>☐ Construction</li><li>☐ Creative</li></ul>	<ul><li>☐ Manufacturing</li><li>☐ Media</li></ul>	
☐ Education	☐ Services	
☐ Government	☐ Technology	
☐ Health	□ Other	
A. Do you supervise other employees?	□ Yes □ No	
A. About how many days a week d your office?	o you work from home or some	place other than
	3	6 🗆 7

A. When you work from home or other place, do you telecommute or use telecommunications media to remotely access resources from the								
office?			LI TES	⊔ №				
Q9. PERSONAL INFORMATION: In tabout yourself. Please indicate how much you agree yourself.	or disag				tements about			
	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly e Disagree			
On the whole I am satisfied with myself.								
I have high self-esteem.								
A. Which of the following do you MC  ☐ White ☐ Black or African-American ☐ Hispanic or Latino ☐ Asian or Asian-American ☐ Mixed ☐ Other:	OST consi	der your	rself to b	e? (CHE	CK ONE)			
A. What year were you born?								
A. Were you born in the United State	es?	□ Ye	es 🗆	No				
A. Were you born in Texas?		□ Ye	es 🗆	No				
A. About how long have you lived in States?	the Unite	d month	` '					
A. About how long have you lived in	Austin?	month		s) and				
<b>A</b> .								
<ul><li>B. What is the highest degree or leve (CHECK ONE)</li></ul>	el of scho	ol you ha	ave com	pleted?				

		Less than high school High school or equivalent Technical certificate, 2-year college degree, or some college education						
		4-year undergraduate d Graduate or professiona				MD, JE	, PhD)	
A.	Wha	at is your current civil stat Married	tus?	(CHECK	ONE)			
		Living with a		Separate Widowe				
		partner			nd never b	een m	arried	
		Divorced						
A.	taxe	year in 2009, what was yes?  Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 or above  Prefer not to answer	your	total fam	ily income	e from a	all sources, before	
Ple	ease	answer the following que	stio	ns about :	your MOT	HER.		
A.	Abo	ut what year was your m	othe	er born?				
A.	Was	she born in the United S	State	s?	□ Yes		No	
A.	Was	she born in Texas?			□ Yes		No	
A.	A. Was sne born in Texas?  A. What is/was the highest degree or level of school your mother completed?  (CHECK ONE)  Less than high school  High school or equivalent  Technical certificate, 2-year college degree, or some college education  4-year undergraduate degree (ex. BA or BS)  Graduate or professional degree (ex. MA, MS, MD, JD, PhD)							

Now, please tell us about your FATHER.

A. Abo	out what year was your father born?			
A. Was	s he born in the United States?	□ Yes	□ No	
A. Was	s he born in Texas?	□ Yes	□ No	
(CH	at is/was the highest degree or level of IECK ONE)  Less than high school  High school or equivalent  Technical certificate, 2-year college of 4-year undergraduate degree (ex. BA Graduate or professional degree (ex.	degree, or so	ome college educatio	
	ere any of your grandparents born outs	side the Unit	ed □ Yes □ No	
	f your parents or grandparents immigrated ECK ALL THAT APPLY)	to the US, wh	nere did they come from	m?
	Africa Asia Europe Latin American Middle East Other:			
	None of my parents or grandparents in	nmigrated to	the US.	