FINAL

BASELINE REPORT

ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING SERVICES for COLORADO RIVER CORRIDOR PLAN

TRAVIS COUNTY, TEXAS Contract No. PS110046JW

August 2012

Prepared for: Travis County, Texas

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PROFESSIONAL GEOSCIENTIST CERTIFICATION

Baseline Report Environmental Monitoring Services for Colorado River Corridor Plan

Travis County, Texas

August 2012

In accordance with the Texas Professional Geoscience Practice Act (Title 6, Texas Occupations Code, Chapter 1002; Senate Bill 405, 77th Legislature) and the Administrative Rules of the Texas Board of Professional Geoscientist (Title 22, Texas Administrative Code, Part 39, Chapter 850 and 851), the geoscientific information contained in the Baseline Report Environmental Monitoring Services for Colorado River Corridor Plan dated August 2012 for Travis County, Texas has been reviewed by a registered professional geoscientist.

This is to certify that the findings, specifications, and/or professional opinions presented in this report have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted professional geologic and hydrogeologic practice. I hereby certify that I have prepared and/or reviewed the information presented in the Baseline Report Environmental Monitoring Services for Colorado River Corridor Plan dated August 2012and have found that the report is consistent with accepted geoscientific principles and practices.



Signature

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URS Corporation, a Nevada Corporation

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List of Acronyms and Abbreviations

μg/m³ micrograms per cubic meter

ABIA Austin Bergstrom International Airport

ATF Austin Tree Farm

bgs below ground surface

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

CO₃ carbonate

CRC Colorado River Corridor

CRCP Colorado River Corridor Plan

db decibel

dBA A-weighted sound level

DTW depth to water

EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

ETJ Extra Territorial Jurisdiction

FHWA Federal Highway Administration

FM Farm-to-Market

ft feet, foot

FTA Federal Transit Administration

GPM gallons per minute

HCO₃ bicarbonate

ID identification

IML Inter-Mountain Labs

in inch

LCRA Lower Colorado River Authority

Leq equivalent steady-state sound level

meq/L milliequivalents per liter

mg/L milligrams per liter

MS matrix spike

MSD matrix spike duplicate

msl mean sea level
N/A Not Available
NA Not Analyzed

List of Acronyms and Abbreviations (Continued)

NAAQS National Ambient Air Quality Standards

NC Not Calculated NM not measured

NTN Native Texas Nursery

PM particulate matter

 PM_{10} particulate matter less than 10 microns in diameter $PM_{2.5}$ particulate matter less than 2.5 microns in diameter

PVC polyvinyl chloride
QC Quality Control
SH State Highway
SM Standard Method

SOP Standard Operating Procedure

TCEQ Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

TD total depth

TDS total dissolved solids

TOC top of casing

TSS total suspended solids

TWDB Texas Water Development Board

TXI Texas Industries, Inc.
URS URS Corporation

WSC Water Supply Company

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Travis County anticipates that Texas Industries, Inc. (TXI) will begin sand and gravel mining at their Hornsby Bend East and Hornsby Bend West mine locations. This Baseline Environmental Report was prepared by URS Corporation (URS) to document the pre-mining environmental conditions within the vicinity of the anticipated mining locations. The pre-mining environmental conditions were documented by performing three environmental monitoring tasks to determine groundwater availability and groundwater water quality (Task 1), air quality (Task 2), and noise levels (Task 3).

Task 1 Groundwater

The purpose of the groundwater availability and groundwater quality task was to establish existing (i.e., baseline) groundwater conditions. Baseline groundwater availability was monitored by performing synoptic water level measurements across the site and groundwater quality was monitored by collecting and analyzing water samples for basic water quality parameters. Baseline groundwater elevation and water quality data will serve as a reference point for comparison to groundwater conditions during future mining activities.

Task 2 Air

The purpose of the air quality task was to measure the levels of suspended particulate matter (PM) in the 2.5 microns $(PM_{2.5})$ and 10 microns (PM_{10}) size fractions upwind and downwind of the proposed mining area under representative pre-mining conditions. The intended use of the measurement data is to provide a baseline from which to assess potential air quality impacts caused by future mining activities.

Task 3 Noise

The purpose of the noise study task was to document baseline noise levels near the TXI Hornsby Bend East and Hornsby Bend West sites and at nearby sensitive receptor locations. The resulting baseline noise levels will be used as a comparison tool with future noise levels during subsequent phases of the project to determine potential noise impacts once TXI mining operations begin in the project area.

The work described herein was performed in accordance with methods described in the *Sampling and Analysis Plan for Environmental Monitoring Services for Colorado River Corridor Plan* (URS, October 2011) (hereafter referred to as the *Sampling and Analysis Plan*) URS performed the work for Travis County under the Professional Services Agreement between Travis County and URS for Environmental Monitoring Services for Colorado River Corridor Plan (CRCP), contract number PS110046JW.

Limitations and Qualifications

URS' work on this project shall not be intended as a warranty or guarantee of site conditions other than that it reflects professional judgment which is based on present standards and care of the profession.

1.1 Background

The CRCP study area covers over 30,000 acres in eastern Travis County (Figure 1-1). The CRCP study area is bounded by US 183 on the west, the Travis County/Bastrop County line to the east, by Farm-to-Market (FM) 969 to the north and State Highway 71 to the south. Approximately 3,000 acres within the Colorado River Corridor (CRC) will be mined for sand and gravel by TXI at their Hornsby Bend East and Hornsby Bend West sand mining sites. The proposed TXI mining sites are located east of State Highway (SH) 130 and south of FM 969 along both sides of Dunlap Road (Figure 1-2).

Geology and Groundwater

The surface strata over much of the CRCP study area consist of scattered remains of terrace deposits and stream or river alluvium, ranging in age from Pleistocene to Recent. The terrace deposits consist of sand, gravel, and clay. They occur at higher elevations than the more recent floodplain deposits. The stream or river alluvium is composed of up to 60 feet (ft) of unconsolidated material, chiefly gravel, sand, and silt. Underlying the terrace and alluvial strata is the Cretaceous-aged Navarro and Taylor Groups, consisting of massive beds of shale, siltstone, marl, and chalk with clay (Brune and Duffin, June 1983). Based on a review of lithologic logs and well reports, the Navarro and Taylor Groups contact with the overlying alluvial deposits is at approximately 65 to 30 ft below ground surface (bgs).

The principal source of usable groundwater in the CRCP study area is from the Colorado River Alluvial Aquifer. This aquifer produces small to very large quantities of fresh to slightly saline groundwater. Based on a review of lithologic logs and well reports, the sand and gravel deposits within the Colorado River Alluvial Aquifer range from approximately 8-to 60-ft thick. Recharge to the aquifer in the CRCP study area is principally from rainfall on the outcrop and tributary streams. The Colorado River is in hydraulic contact with the aquifer and is suspected of influencing groundwater elevations and movement within the aquifer.

The Navarro and Taylor Groups can produce small quantities of groundwater, particularly in the weathered surface layers where fractures and shrink/swell cracking of the clay-rich surface occurs and conveys water into thin sand layers. Historically, many wells placed into this formation have been abandoned due to poor production (CRCP, July 2011).

1.2 Objectives

The objectives of this Baseline Environmental Report are to:

- Summarize all field activities and laboratory analyses performed for environmental monitoring of groundwater, air and noise;
- Present field data and analytical results;
- Provide an interpretation of the environmental monitoring results;
- Identify baseline environmental conditions and trigger levels; and
- Present conclusions and recommendations.

1.3 Report Organization

The Baseline Report is organized as follows:

Section 1.0 – Introduction

Section 2.0 – Initial Field Activities

Section 3.0 – Environmental Monitoring Field Activities

Section 4.0 – Environmental Monitoring Data Evaluation

Section 5.0 – Conclusions & Recommendations

Section 6.0 – References

Field notes are included in Appendix A, laboratory analytical reports are included in Appendix B, noise data are included in Appendix C, and historical precipitation data is included in Appendix D.