Vaccines and Medical Implications for Child Care Centers

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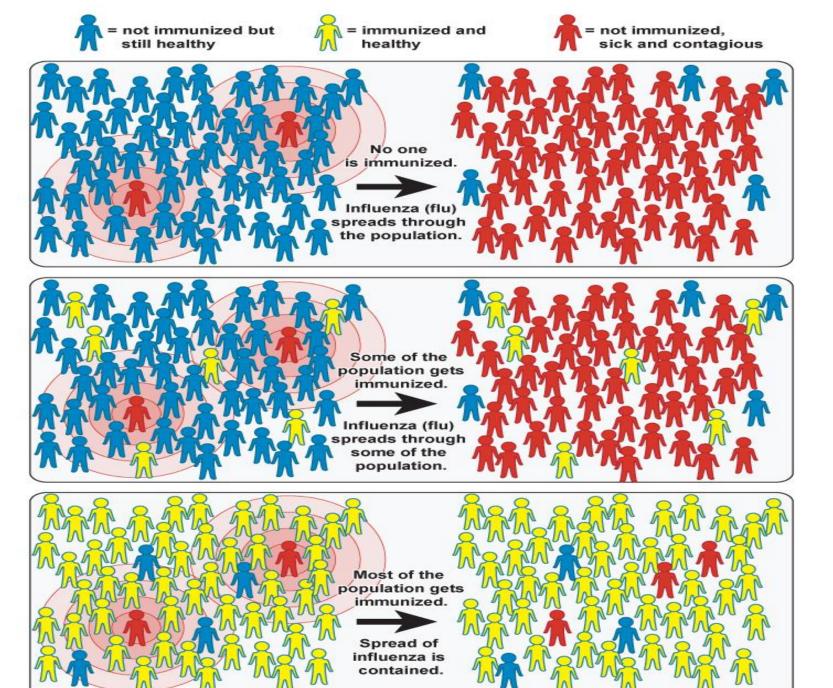


The Impact of Vaccines in the United States

	Baseline 20th Century			
Disease	Pre-Vaccine Annual	2009 Cases	Percent Decrease	
	Cases			
Measles	503,282	71	99.9%	
Diphtheria	175,885	0	100%	
Mumps	152,209	1,991	98.7%	
Pertussis	147,271	13,214	91.0%	
Smallpox	48,164	0	100%	
Rubella	47,745	3	99.9%	
Haemophilus				
<i>influenzae</i> type b,	20,000	35	99.8%	
invasive				
Polio	16,316	0*	100%	
Tetanus	1,314	18	98.6%	

Vaccine-Preventable Diseases Travis County, 2014

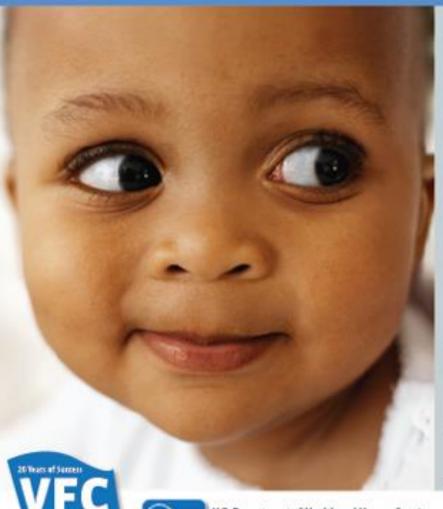
Condition	2013 Total	2014 Total	% Change
Diphtheria	0	0	0
Tetanus	0	0	0
Pertussis	311	334	+7.4%
Polio	0	0	0
Hib	0	0	0
Hep B, Acute	11	11	0
Hep A, Acute	5	13	+160%
Pneumococcus	94	78	-17%
Measles	0	0	0
Mumps	0	1	+100%
Rubella	0	0	0
Varicella	129	93	-27.9%
Meningococcus	1	3	+200%



Vaccines for Children

20 years of protecting America's children

The Vaccines for Children program was established in 1994 to make vaccines available to uninsured children. VFC has helped prevent disease and save lives...big time!



CDC estimates that vaccination of children born between 1994 and 2013 will:

prevent 322 million illnesses



help avoid 732,000 deaths



\$1.4 trillion in total societal costs (that includes \$295 billion in direct costs)



MMC Secreta from Immunication During the Nacimus for Children Program Da -- United States, reservoirs

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