Late Back-Up

Planning Commission hearing
April 8, 2014

Items # 2, 3, & 4: 2208 Lake Austin Blvd.

NPA-2014-0027.01 C14-80-016 (RCT)

C14-2014-0015

To:

Arif Ali

Subject:

RE: 2208 Lake Austin Blvd.

From: Arif Ali

Sent: Wednesday, April 02, 2014 6:21 PM To: Meredith, Maureen; Sirwaitis, Sherri

Subject: 2208 Lake Austin Blvd.

To: Sherri Sirwaitis, Zoning Planner

Maureen Meredith, Neighborhood Planner

I, Arif Ali, tenant of 2208 Lake Austin Blvd support the three applications that have been filed by Vance Elliot and Cari Patterson for 2208 Lake Austin Blvd.

I understand that the applications include: (1) rezoning to allow housing and office use, a change to the color of the land use map (plan amendment) to allow a mix of uses (office and residential) and a restrictive covenant termination. It is also my understanding that the purpose of the applications is to allow the owner to remodel and expand the existing house so the owners can live and work there, too. A mixed use building along Lake Austin Blvd makes a lot of sense to me. So, please vote for all three applications.

Sincerely,

Arif Ali, CPA

io: Subject:

Alice Glasco; Sirwaitis, Sherri; Anguiano, Dora RE: 2208 Lake Austin Blvd.

Begin forwarded message:

From: Jorge Gutierrez < jagaustin@aol.com> Date: April 8, 2014 at 10:38:48 AM CDT

To: "bc-Dave.Anderson@austintexas.gov"
 <bc-Dave.Anderson@austintexas.gov>, "bc-Alfonso. Hernandez@austintexas.gov" < bc-Alfonso. Hernandez@austintexas.gov>, "bc-

Danette.Chimenti@austintexas.gov" < bc-Danette.Chimenti@austintexas.gov >, "bc-

James.Nortey@austintexas.gov" <bc-James.Nortey@austintexas.gov>, "bc-

Stephen.Oliver@austintexas.gov" < bc-Stephen.Oliver@austintexas.gov>, "bc-

Brian.Roark@austintexas.gov" < bc-Brian.Roark@austintexas.gov>, "bc-

Myron.Smith@austintexas.gov" <bc-Myron.Smith@austintexas.gov>.

"mnghatfield@yahoo.com" <mnghatfield@yahoo.com>, "bc-Jean.Stevens@austintexas.gov"

<bc-Jean.Stevens@austintexas.gov>, "bc-Jeff.Jack@austintexas.gov"
bc-

Jeff.Jack@austintexas.gov>

Cc: Alice Glasco <alice@agconsultingcompany.com>, "Cari Patterson (cari@)" <cari@v>, JAG

Subject: 2208 Lake Austin Blvd.

Members,

My wife and I live across the alley from 2208 Lake Austin Blvd. I understand that you have been provided my previous comments about this application. I also understand from Ms. Glasco that there was a question from one of the Members about short term rentals at this location.

Within a football field of our home we have Mopac, Lake Austin Blvd., Magnolia's 24 hour diner, Thundercloud Subs, Fabbi & Rossi restaurant, gas station, massage place, and at least 3 major apartment complexes that are deeper into the Deep Eddy neighborhood than 2208 Lake Austin Blvd. All of these places of business are north of Lake Austin Blvd. On the south side, we have a bar, cleaners, gas station, vet, and a pawn shop.

Given these neighborhood facts and circumstances, a short term rental possibility at 2208 is a non event. It may actually reduce traffic a bit because the present use has employees and clients moving constantly in and out of the parking lot on a daily basis. This activity increases the traffic risk I addressed earlier. It is fair to say that it would not increase traffic from the present use and might actually reduce it.

Hope these comments are helpful to your deliberations. Thank you for serving.

Jorge Gutierrez

To: Subject: Sara Madera; commjms@ RE: 2208 Lake Austin Blvd

From: Sara Madera

Sent: Tuesday, April 08, 2014 10:31 AM To: commjms@; Meredith, Maureen Subject: 2208 Lake Austin Blvd

WANG voted against the requested mixed use zoning. The neighborhood plan contact team voted against the FLUM amendment request for mixed use. The request to terminate the restrictive covenant doesn't seem good either.

I think WANG and the contact team are right to object to these changes for the property.

Sara Madera

ABR, CNE, CRS, EPRO, GREEN, GRI, SRES Luxury Institute, Broker Platinum Top 50 Finalist 2012, 2013 Turnquist Partners REALTORS® Austin TX http://SaraMadera.com

512-469-0894 home office **512-750-5536 mobile**

To:

Subject:

Sara Madera

RE: 2208 Lake Austin Blvd.

From: Sara Madera

Sent: Tuesday, April 08, 2014 10:47 AM

To: Alfonso.Hernandez@austintexas.gov; Brian.Roark@austintexas.gov; Danette.Chimenti@austintexas.gov
Cc: Dave.Anderson@austintexas.gov; James.Nortey@austintexas.gov; Jean.Stevens@austintexas.gov; Meredith,

Maureen; Myron.Smith@austintexas.gov; Stephen.Oliver@austintexas.gov; commjms@sbcglobal.net;

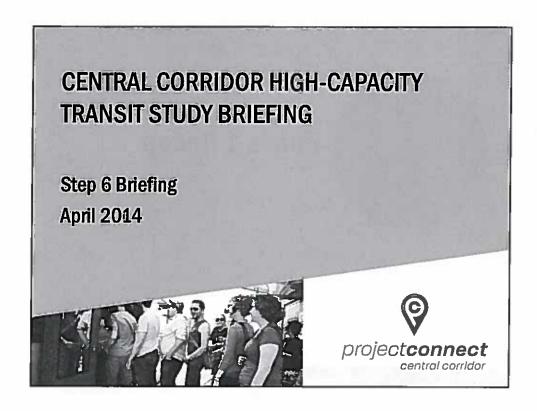
mnrghatfield@yahoo.com

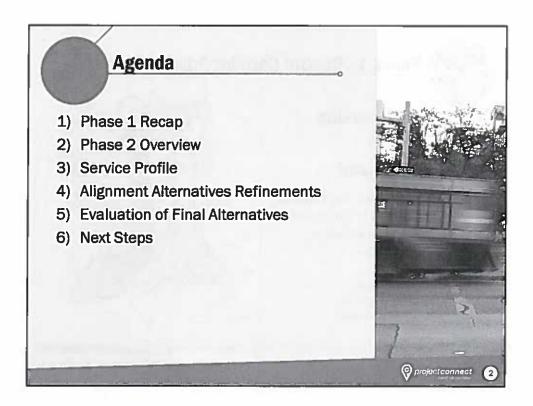
Subject: 2208 Lake Austin Blvd.

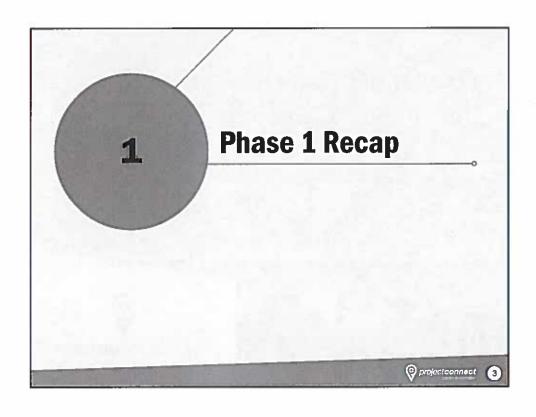
I strongly urge you to deny the requested zoning change, FLUM amendment and restrictive covenant termination and to preserve the quality and character of our neighborhood and support the neighbors of Johnson Creek. Our WANG (West Austin Neighborhood Group) and our Neighborhood Plan Contact Team also voted against the requested zoning changes based on their review of the proposed usage for the property and opposition from residents within our neighborhood.

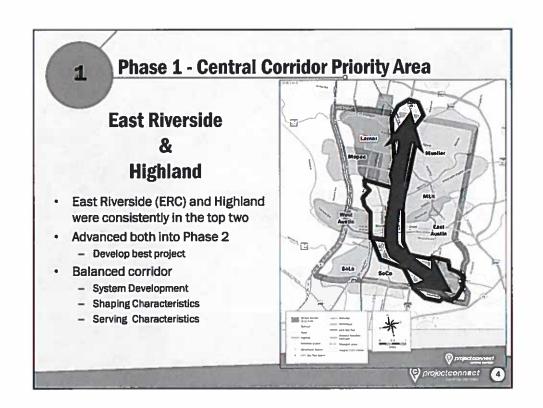
Sara Madera

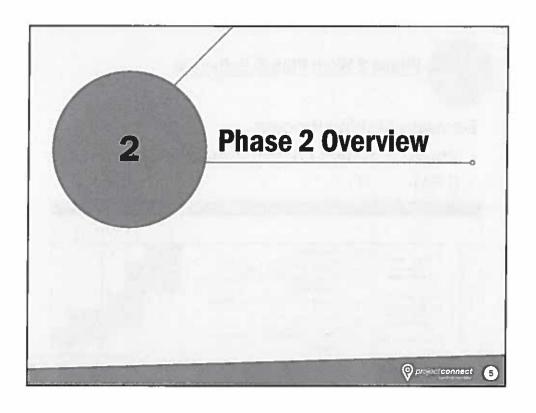
ABR,CNE,CRS,EPRO,GREEN,GRI,SRES Luxury Institute, Broker Platinum Top 50 Finalist 2012, 2013 urnquist Partners REALTORS® Austin TX attp://SaraMadera.com 512-469-0894 home office 512-750-5536 mobile

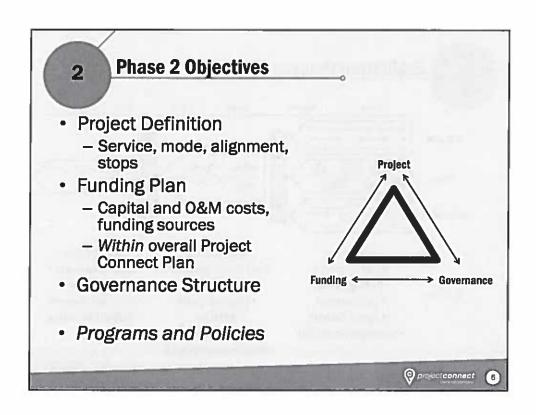


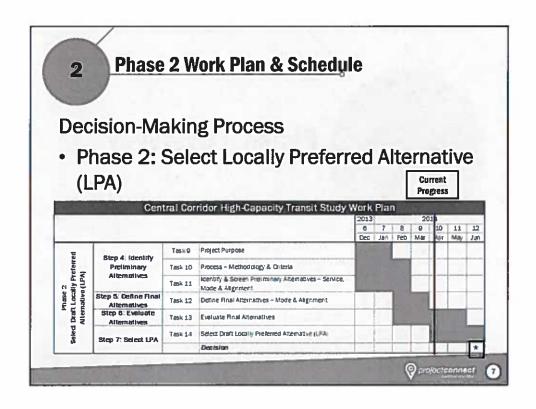


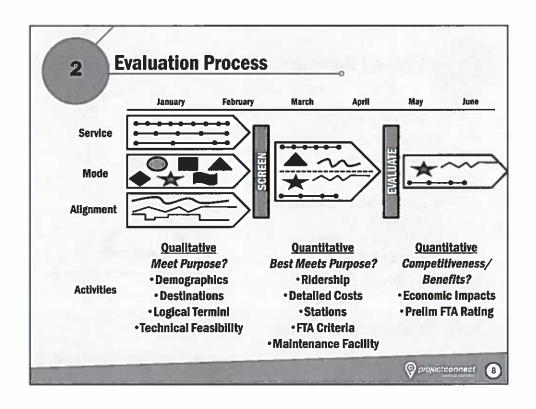


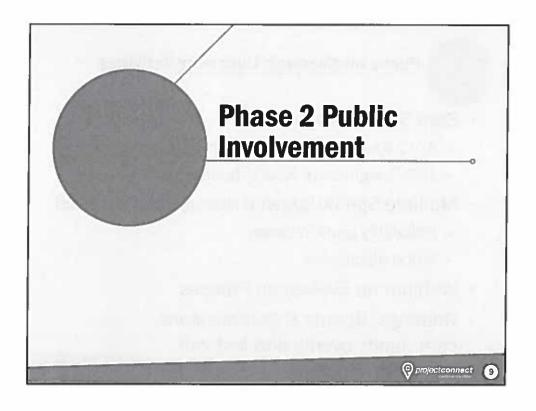


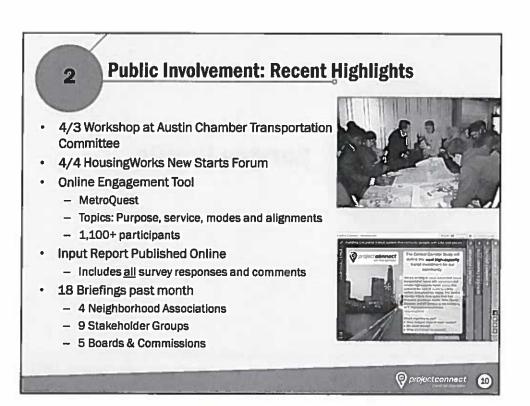












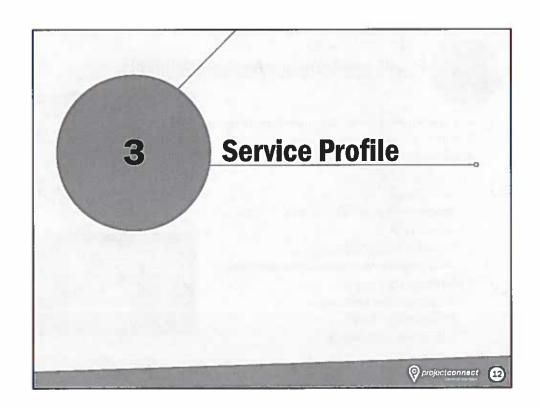
2

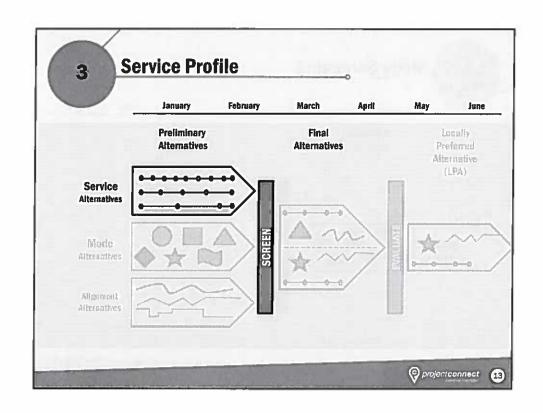
Public Involvement: Upcoming Activities

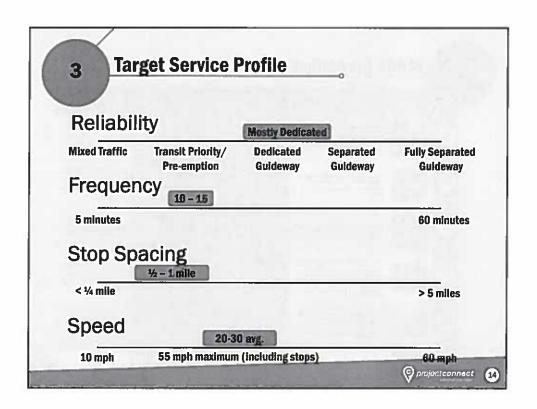
- Step 5 Workshops
 - 4/12 East Riverside Corridor
 - TBD Congress for New Urbanism (CNU)
- Multiple SpeakUpAustin discussions planned
 - Reliability and Guideway
 - Mode discussion
- Webinar on Evaluation Process
- Briefings, Boards & Commissions, community events and festivals

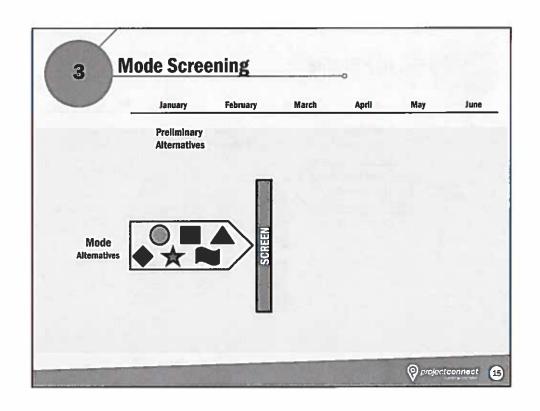


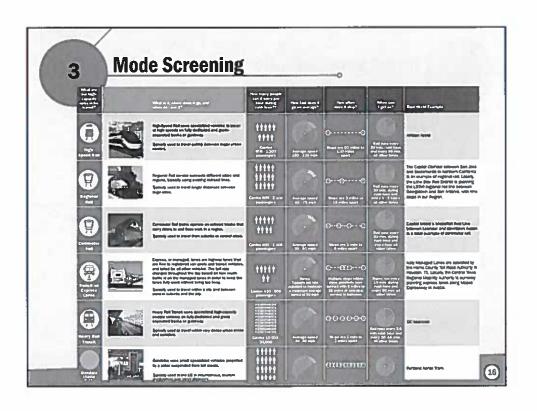


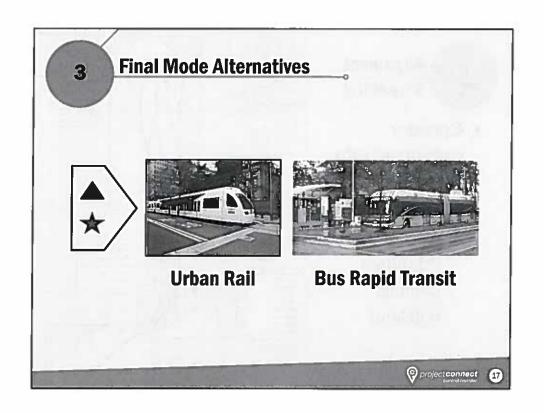


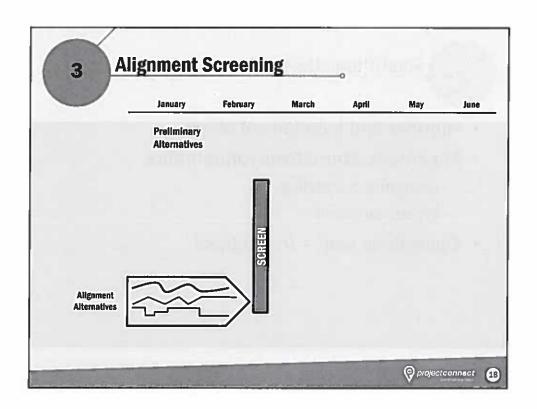


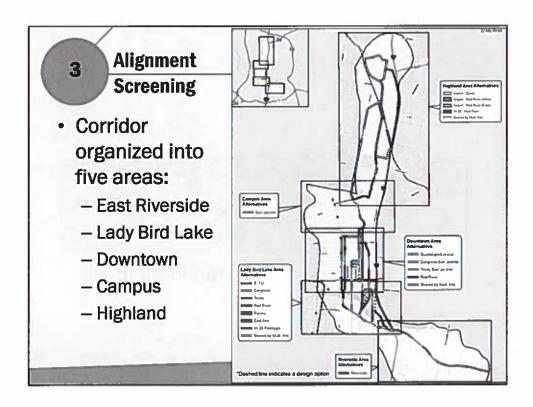


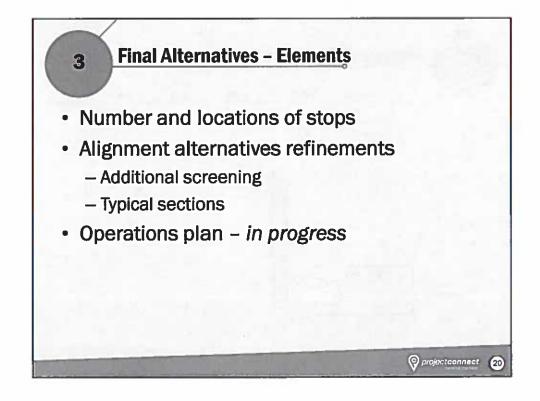


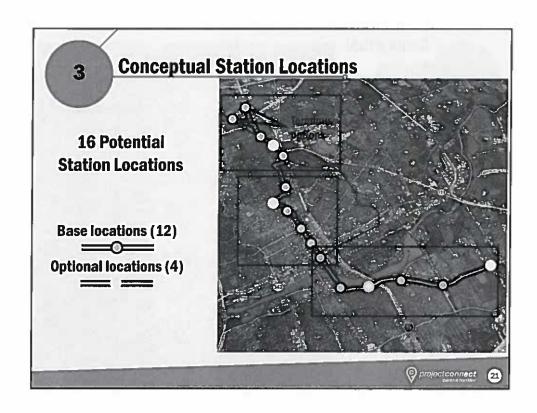


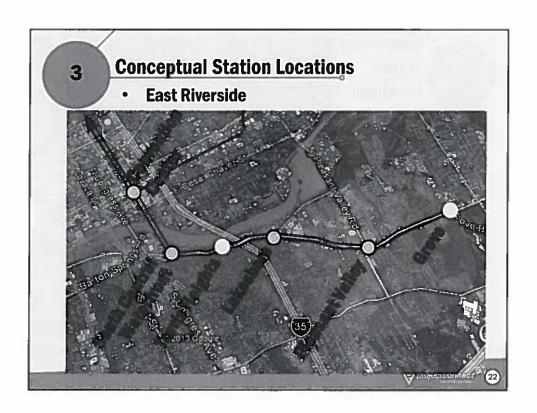


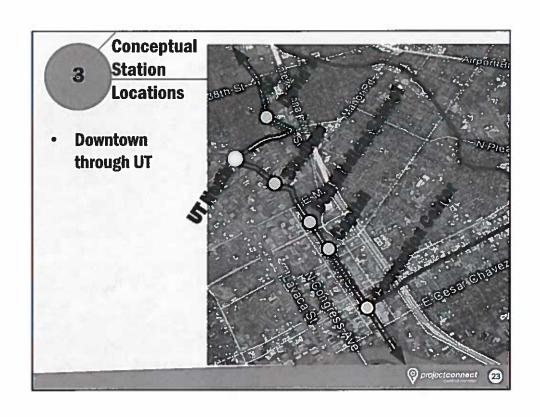


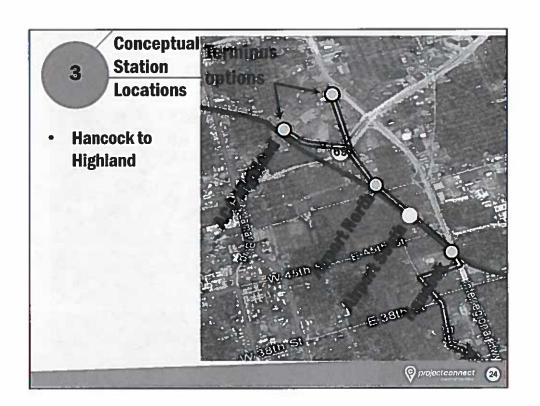


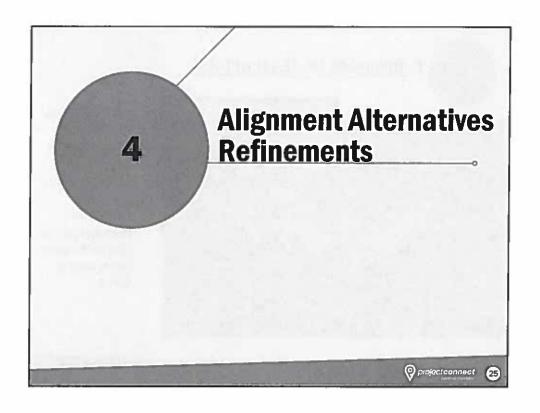


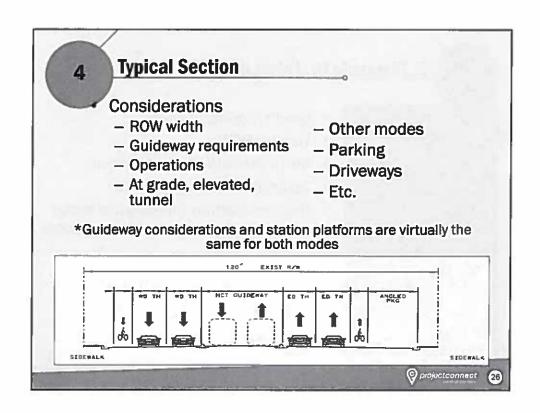


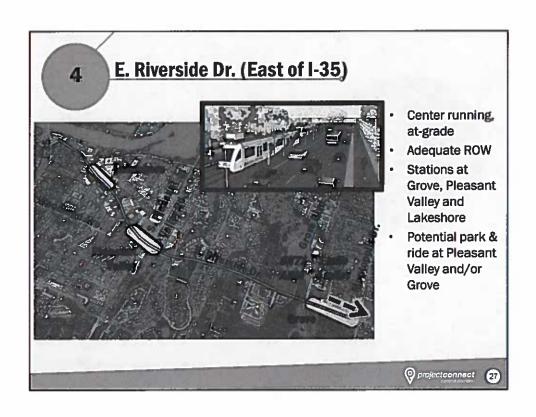


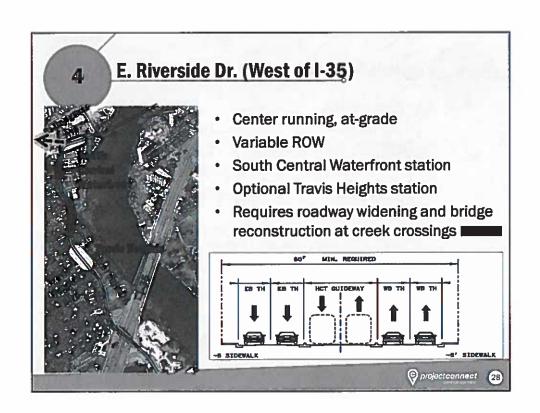


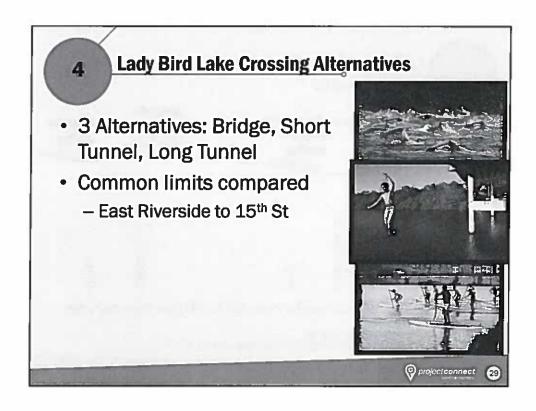


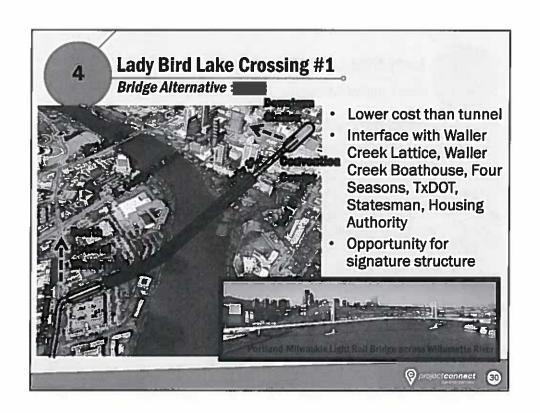


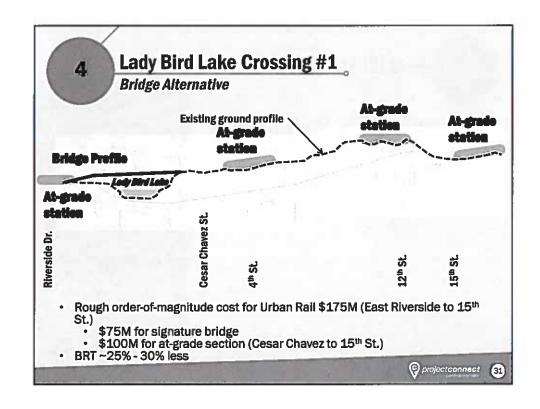


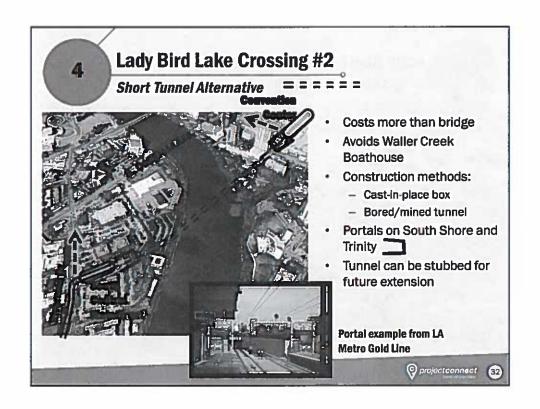


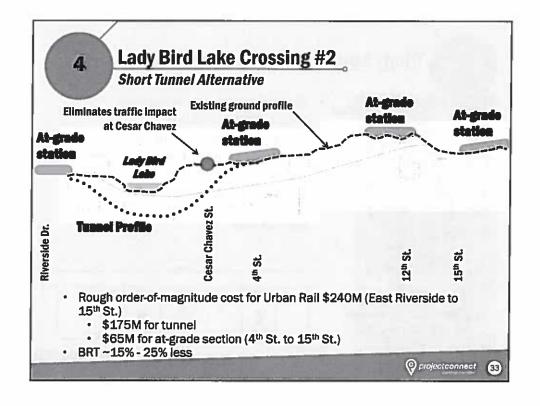


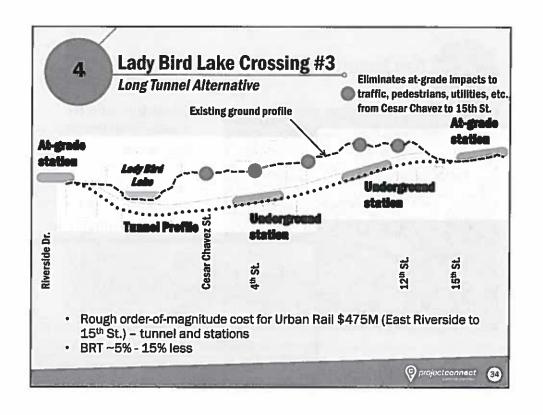


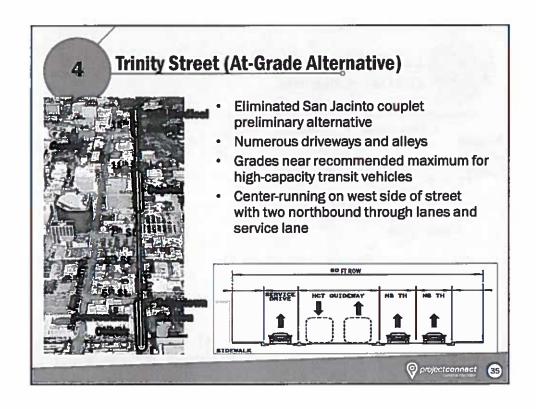


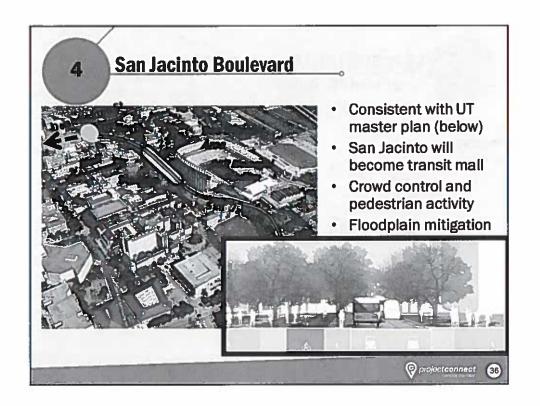


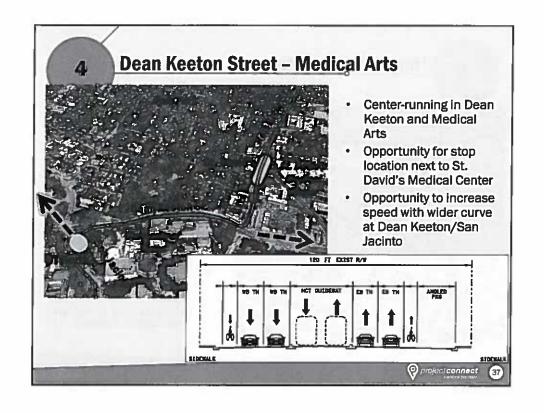


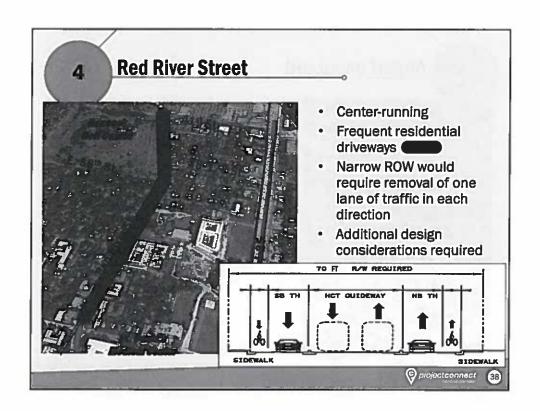


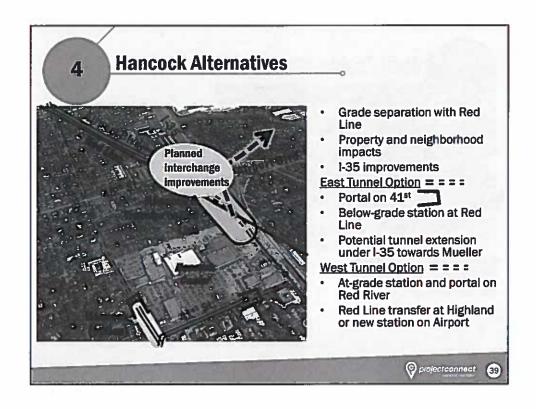


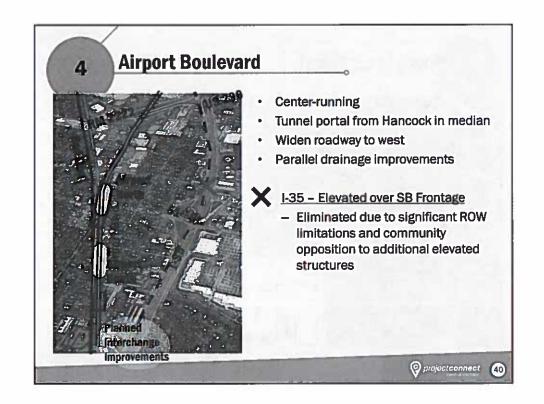


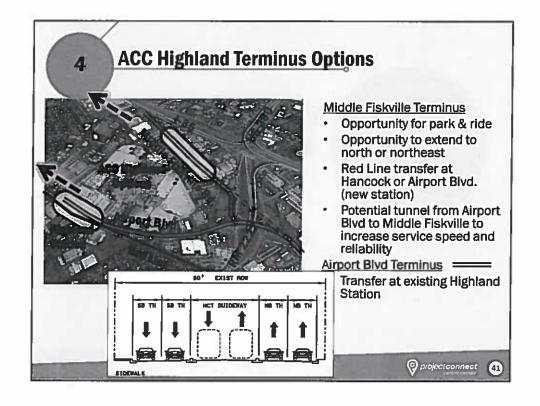








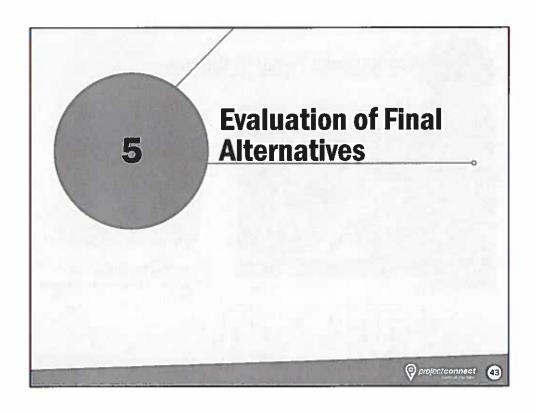


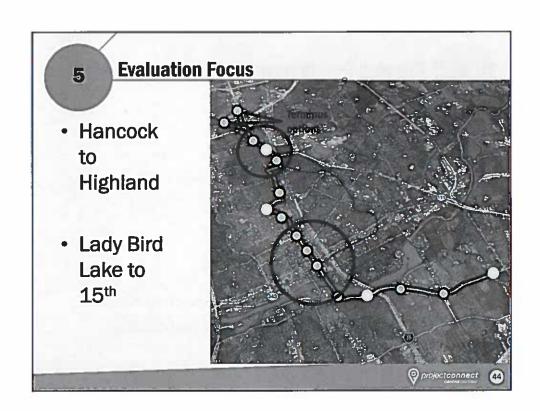


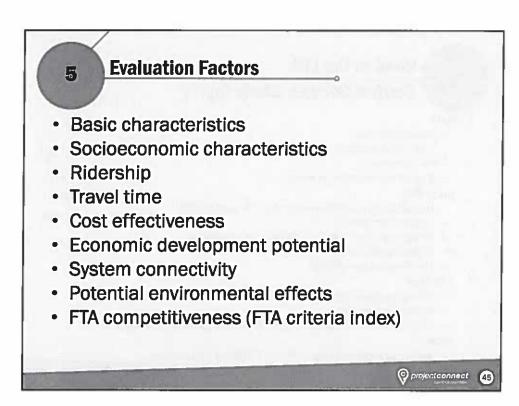
Ongoing Considerations: System Connectivity

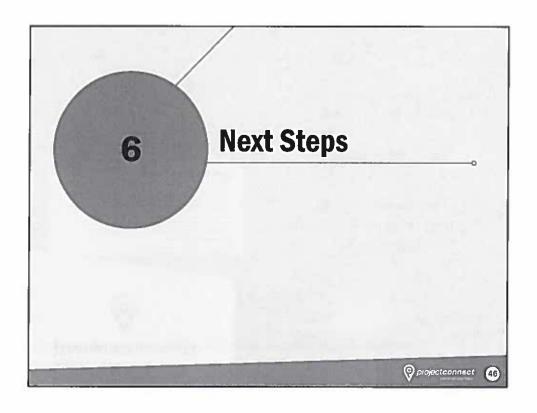
- MetroRail Red Line
 - Downtown Station improvements
 - Impacts of additional station at Hancock or Airport Blvd.
- E-W through downtown
 - 4th St. transit mall
 - Seaholm/LSTAR/Amtrak
- Future connections
 - Next tier sub-corridors (Lamar, Mueller, East Austin)
 - Other sub-corridors and Project Connect corridors











Road to the LPA Central Corridor Study Topics

- April
 - Operations plan
 - Evaluation approach
 - FTA process
 - Project development timeline
- Early May
 - Project team recommendation for LPA (end-to-end)
 - System connectivity
 - Rough order-of-magnitude (ROM) cost estimates
 - Ridership estimates
 - Funding and governance
- Mid May
 - Phasing options (the project)
 - System connectivity
 - Scope and fee for additional system planning and project definition
- June
 - Action on recommended LPA and 1st Phase (the project)



Council

Schedule

- Briefing

June (tbd)

- Special

June 26th

Action

Session

May 22nd

47





Community Report Summary







LISTENING TO THE COMMUNITY REPORT

Presentation Outline

- CodeNEXT Outreach Team
- About This Report
- What We Heard
- How People Participated
- Outreach & Engagement
- Who Participated
- Report Addendum & Online Resources



CodeNEXT Project Team



Lead Consultant

that specializes in context-sensitive codes for ornicos, Opticos Design Inc., an award-winning firm vibrant, healthy, sustainable urban places.

National Firms

ECONorthwest

Kimley-Horn and Associates Fregonese Associates Inc. Lisa Wise Consulting Inc. McGuireWoods LLP

Local Firms

McCann Adams Studio Jrban Design Group **Faniguchi Architects** Health & Community Civic Collaboration Cultural Strategies

Strategies Group Solutions RJW



About The Report: How To Use It

Report outlines CodeNEXT Listening & Understanding: July 2013 - January 2014



- Presents a summary of what was heard from participants.
- Designed as a transparent and accessible resource and guide
- Intended to deepen discussion by sharing viewpoints across the community.
- Three parts:
- Report from CodeNext events and different ways people participated
- in Addendum which includes interviews and links to on-line input.
- organizations and City Department input. Online access to a broad array of input from the community,

ယ

What We Heard

- Compiled thousands of comments from nearly 800 Austin participants.
- Comments were analyzed using a key word identification approach.
- Method identified patterns to identify the main issues, or themes.
- Most frequently mentioned themes are listed here.
- Participant's comments were categorized under the themes that best represented their ideas.
- Themes may not be fully representative of all the key issues or points of view of the community at large.





What We Heard: Six Key Theme Categories

Affordability

Business Costs
Housing Costs and Diversity
Policies & Incentives for Affordable Housing

Environment/Open Space

Green Building & Infrastructure
Parks & Open Space – includes urban agriculture
Environmental Protection – includes clean air and
water, habitat, trees

Neighborhood Characteristics

Historic Preservation

Gentrification

Neighborhood Plans

Social Values - ideals and beliefs such as familyfriendly, diverse, inclusive, safe, quiet

Design of Development

Site Design – How buildings are located on a site, access, parking, watershed, drainage, impervious cover limits and landscape

Subdivision Design — includes block length, multimodal road network, lot types and sizes, open space and trails, connectivity to surrounding areas

Building Form & Design - includes building height, density, design and relation to nearby buildings

Land Uses and Mixed Use - includes the range and combination of uses allowed on a site or in an area

Compatibility – regulations to achieve compatible buildings and developments

Special Agreements – includes incentives, density bonuses, Planned Unit Developments (PUDs)



What We Heard: Six Key Theme Categories

Transportation

Parking Accessibility- the ease or difficulty of finding a space to park, either on-street or off-street

Traffic Congestion – the ease or difficulty of driving in an area

Bicycling - the ease or difficulty of bicycling in an area

Walkability - the ease or difficultly of walking in an area

Transit – the ease or difficulty of using public transportation

Code Issues

Clarity, Flexibility, Predictability – how understandable and consistent are the rules

Structure and Organization of the Code

Complexity & Usability of the Code

Staff Interpretation & Enforcement – how consistent and coordinated are development reviews, inspections and enforcement



What We Heard: Listening Session Questions

(September-October 2013)

What I really "like" about the area...

where I live...

- Social Values
- Parks & Open Space
- **Environmental Protection**
- Walkability
- Land Uses and Mixed Use
- Transit

where I work/go to school...

- Land Uses and Mixed Use
- Walkability
- Parks & Open Space
- Social Values
- Transit
- Bicycling

where here I hang out...

- Land Uses and Mixed Use
- Parks & Open Space
- Social Values
- Walkability
- **Environmental Protection**
- Bicycling

What I really "don't like" about the area ...

where I live... (lack of, problem with)

- Social Values
- Land Uses and Mixed Use
- Traffic Congestion
- Walkability
- Housing Cost & Diversity Building Form & Design

where I work...

- Traffic Congestion
- Transit
- Walkability
- Parking Accessibility
- Bicycling
- Building Form & Design

where I hang out...

- Traffic Congestion
- Social Values
- Walkability
- Parking Accessibility
- Transi
- Parks & Open Space



What We Heard: Small Group / Housing Questions

(October 2013-January 2014)

What is it you really like about where you live, work or go to school, and hang out?

- Land Uses and Mixed Use
- Social Values
- Walkability
- Parks & Open Space
- Building Form & Design
- Bicycling

What do you don't like or wish was different about where you live, work or go to school, and hang out?

- Traffic Congestion
- Land Uses and Mixed Use
- Social Values
- Walkability
- Transit
- Housing Cost & Diversity

Based on your previous experiences with the Land Development Code, what are the most important issues to tackle during the code revision process as they relate to household affordability?

- Policies & Incentives for Affordable Housing
 - Housing Cost & Diversity
- Structure & Organization of the Code
- Transit
- Site Design
- Social Values



What We Heard: Other Listening Session Questions

Have you had experience dealing with the Land Development Code?

136 responses - 69% had previous experience with the code,
 31% of them did not.

Why are you interested in the Land Development Code revision?

- Respondents want the existing code to be improved.
- They want to ensure the new code helps keep Austin affordable.
- They care about Austin and want to improve their city and their quality of life.

What questions do you have about the code and the revision process?

- What is the process of revising a Land Development Code?
- What is wrong with the current Land Development Code?
- What the Land Development Code does NOT do?





How People Participated

Land Development Code Advisory Group

- 11 members, City Council appointed.
- Contact with 65 group representatives.



n-Depth Interviews

- Conducted August 19-27, 2013.
- One-on-one interviews with a diverse group of 24 Austin residents.

Listening Sessions

- Four events; Bowie High School, Kealing Middle School, Lanier High School September 23-25, 2013, and at St. David's Episcopal Church on October 24,
 - An estimated 265 Austin residents representing 32 Austin ZIP codes attended.
- 139 completed surveys.
- Presentations, breakout tables, print and digital maps, Q&A.

Case Studies

- Real-life examples from Austinites who have experience with the Land Development Code.
- Aids in understanding some of the key issues with the Land Development Code.



How People Participated

Stakeholder Interviews

- 84 Interviews September 23-25, 2013.
- Groups represented include Neighborhoods, Environmental Associations, Nonprofit Organizations, Government Officials & Preservation, Real Estate & Design Professionals, Business

City Staff Input

- recommendations. City Departments shared their experience with the code and offered
- Received over 100 survey responses.
- the code to identify barriers. Interdepartmental Imagine Austin Priority Programs team analyzed

Google Map

- Online Google Map used at Listening Sessions.
- geographic identifiers Tool documented comments and concerns about the code with
- 60 comments mapped.





Outreach & Engagement

Imagine Austin Speaker Series

- January 24, 2013 "Retrofitting Suburban Spaces into Lively Places" presentation
- February 27 & 28, 2013 "Four Cities. Four Land Development Codes" panel
- May 13, 2013 "Realistic Imagination South Shore Central and the Envision Tomorrow Analytic Tool" presentation
- October 15, 2013 "Best Practices in Development Review: Smoother! Faster! Smarter!" Panels
- November 12, 2013 "Get on Your Bike and Ride!" Presentation





Outreach & Engagement

Media Outreach/News Coverage

Austin American-Statesman
Austin Business Journal
The Austin Chronicle
Community Impact Newspaper
EDUCA-Austin AISD/Univision
Radio 107.1 FM
EI Mundo Newspaper

El Mundo Newspaper Keilah Radio 106.5 FM KVUE-TV

KUT-FM

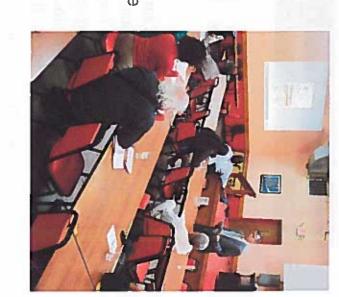
KEYE-TV
Oak Hill Gazette

NotiHispano/Fiesta Radio 97.1 & 95.1FM

Telemundo Austin Univision TV

Small Group Meetings

- 24 Small Group Meetings were conducted (September 2013 and January 28, 2014)
- Groups included neighborhoods, minority associations, chambers of commerce and advocacy organizations



Community Ambassadors

- Over 20 have been engaged
- Tasked with promoting participation and leadership activities in traditionally underrepresented communities

Emails/Blogs/Website

600 individuals have opted-in to receive CodeNEXT updates

Social Media

Regular postings on Facebook and Twitter, hash tag #CodeNEXT



Outreach & Engagement

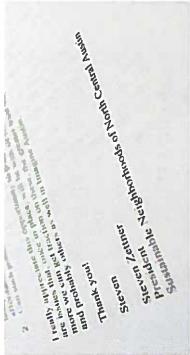
Community Viewpoints and Community Issue Papers

- Input from organizations, neighborhoods, businesses, or community groups on code issues.
- the Congress for the New Urbanism (CNU) / American Institute of Architects (AIA) - Central Texas Chapter of Informal working group of members from American Society of Landscape Architects (ASLA)
 - Austin Independent Business Alliance
- Home Builders Association of Greater Austin
- HousingWorks Austin
- Preservation Austin
- Real Estate Council of Austin (RECA)
- Sustainable Neighborhoods
- Urban Land Institute (ULI)

SpeakUp! Austin

- Online portal used to solicit an online discussion on three questions; The Places, The Code, The Questions
- Approximately 24 respondents participated in the discussion.

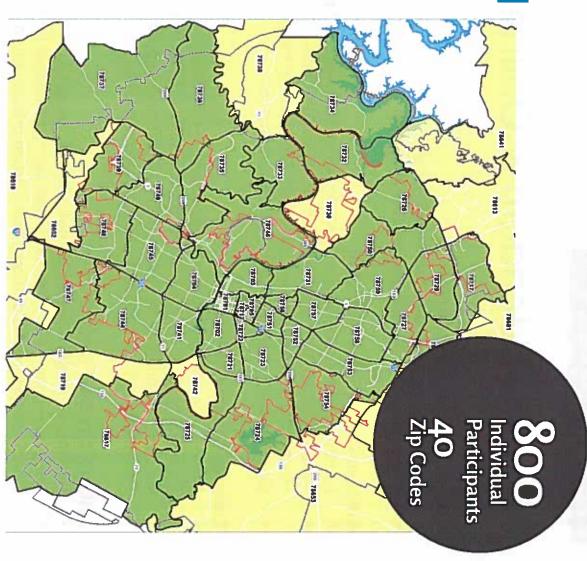






Who Participated

- 800 Individual Participants
- 40 Zip Codes Represented
- 24 Small Group Meetings
- 268 people* (33%) filled out the demographic information
- * Participants were asked to answer a standard set of demographic questions but not all completed that information.



Report Addendum & Online Resources

Stakeholder Interview Report

- Prepared by Lisa Wise, CodeNEXT Team
- Interviews with 43 small groups, 83 individuals

Links to CodeNEXT Event Input

- Listening Session Questionnaires, worksheets, maps, and participant profiles
- Creative/Small Business Survey, Household Affordability Survey, Comments from Household Affordability, and combined Small Group meetings
- Google Map/SpeakUP! Austin online comments

Links to Community Input

- Case study survey responses and emails to City Staff
- Community input: Informal working group of AIA, CNU, ASLA; Austin Neighborhood Council; Sustainable Neighborhoods; Hyde Park Neighborhood Association; RECA; Preservation Austin; Home Builders Association; ULI

Links to City Staff Input

- Interdepartmental Input, Code deficiencies surveys
- Imagine Austin Priority Program Task Teams: Creative Economy, Compact and Connected, Household Affordability, Green Infrastructure, Water Resources



How To Stay Involved

www.austintexas.gov/codenext page and at the project website at Stay plugged in at the Imagine Austin Facebook

Follow us on:



@ImagineAustin
Use #CodeNEXT



facebook.com/ImagineAustin





City of Austin Contact:

Matt Dugan (512) 974-7665

codenext@austintexas.gov

Copyright © 2014 City of Austin, Texas, All rights reserved City of Austin Planning and Development Review.

One Texas Center, 505 Barton Springs Road, Austin TX 78704



#5 ble

ORDINANCE NO.

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING CITY CODE CHAPTERS 25-1, 25-2, 25-5, 25-7, AND 25-8 RELATING TO THE LAKE AUSTIN ZONING DISTRICT AND THE REGULATION OF BOAT DOCKS, BULKHEADS, AND SHORELINE ACCESS.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF AUSTIN:

- **PART 1.** City Code Section 25-1-46 (*Land Use Commission*) is amended to repeal Subsection (F).
- **PART 2.** Subsections (B), (C), and (D) of City Code Section 25-2-551 (*Lake Austin (LA) District Regulations*) are amended to read:
- (B) This subsection <u>specifies shoreline setbacks</u> [applies] in a Lake Austin (LA) district.
 - (1) The shoreline setback is:
 - (a) 75 feet; or
 - (b) 25 feet, if:
 - (i) the lot is located in a subdivision plat recorded before April 22, 1982, or is a legal tract exempt from the requirement to plat; and
 - (ii) the distance between the shoreline and the front lot line, or the property line of a legal tract, is 200 feet or less.
 - (2) [(1)] A shoreline setback area is excluded from impervious cover calculations.
 - (3) [(2)] [A permanent improvement] No structures are allowed [is prohibited] in a shoreline setback area, except that: [for]
 - (a) a bulkhead, retaining wall, [pier, wharf, boat-house] dock, non-mechanized pedestrian access facility, or marina may be constructed and maintained in accordance with applicable regulations of this title; and
 - (b) an on-site sewage facility may be constructed and maintained in accordance with the applicable regulations of Chapter 15-5 (*Private Sewage Facilities*)[, or a driveway to the structures].

- [(3) Not more than 30 percent of the woody vegetation within a shoreline setback area may be removed.]
- [(4) Except for surveying or testing, vegetation within a shoreline setback area may not be removed before a building permit is issued. For surveying or testing, areas up to 15 feet wide may be cleared, and trees smaller than six inches in diameter may be removed.
- (5) Development is prohibited on land with a gradient that exceeds 35 percent. This prohibition does not apply to a fence, driveway, road or utility that cannot be reasonably placed elsewhere, or a pedestrian facility.
- (6) A sewage holding tank that is at least partially below ground level, or an effluent disposal site, must be at least 100 feet horizontally from the shoreline. A sewage facility drain field that uses soil as a filter medium may not be located on land with a gradient of more than 15 percent.]
- (C) This subsection specifies lot width and impervious cover restrictions in a Lake Austin (LA) district.
 - (1) If a lot fronts on a cul-de-sac and is [Except for a] included in a subdivision plat recorded after [before] April 22, 1982 or is exempt from the requirement to plat [a tract that is not required to be platted], [this subsection applies in an LA district.
 - (1) The shoreline setback is 75 feet.
 - (2) A lot that fronts on a cul de sac] it must have:
 - (a) a chord width of not less than 33 feet at the front lot line;
 - (b) a width of not less than 60 feet at the front yard setback line; and
 - (c) a width of not less than 100 feet at all points 100 feet or more behind the front lot line.
 - (2)[(3)] For a lot included in a subdivision plat recorded after April 22, 1982, [Impervious] impervious cover may not exceed:
 - (a) 20 percent, on a slope with a gradient of 25 percent or less;

- (b) 10 percent, on a slope with a gradient of more than 25 percent and not more than 35 percent; or
- (c) if impervious cover is transferred under Subsection (D) [(E)], 30 percent.

- (3) For a lot included in a subdivision plat recorded before April 22, 1982, or a tract that is not required to be platted, impervious cover may not exceed:
 - (a) 35 percent, on a slope with a gradient of 15 percent or less;
 - (b) 10 percent, on a slope with a gradient of more than 15 percent and not more than 35 percent;
 - (c) 5 percent, on a slope with a gradient of more than 25 percent and not more than 35 percent; or
 - (d) 40 percent, if impervious cover is transferred under Subsection (D).
- (D) [This subsection applies to a lot included in a subdivision plat recorded before April 22, 1982 or a tract that is not required to be platted, and that is located in an LA district.
 - (1) The shoreline setback is:
 - (a) 75 feet; or
 - (b) if the front line of the lot or tract is 200 feet or less from the shoreline, 25 feet.
 - (2) The lot or tract must comply with the front yard, street side yard, interior side yard, and rear yard setback requirements applicable in an SF 2 district.
 - (3) Impervious cover may not exceed:
 - (a) [35] <u>20</u> percent, on a slope with a gradient of [15] <u>25</u> percent or less;
 - (b) 10 percent, on a slope with a gradient of more than of [15] 25 percent and not more than [25] 35 percent;
 - (c) 5 percent, on a slope with a gradient of more than 25 percent and not more than 35 percent; or
 - (d) if impervious cover is transferred under Subsection (E), 40 percent.
- (E) This subsection authorizes the transfer of impervious cover in a Lake Austin (LA) district [In an LA district, a person may transfer impervious cover in accordance with this subsection].
 - (1) Impervious cover may be transferred only:

- (a) between tracts within an LA district; and
- (b) from land with a gradient of 35 percent or less, to land with a gradient of 15 percent or less.
- (2) Land from which impervious cover is transferred [may not be developed. The land] must [either] remain undisturbed, if the land exists in a natural condition, or be restored to a natural [state] condition as prescribed by the Environmental Criteria Manual.
- (3) A transfer of impervious cover must be <u>documented in a manner approved by the director and documented in the county deed records [described in a restrictive covenant that runs with the land, is approved by the city attorney, and is recorded in the county deed records].</u>
- (E) This subsection specifies additional development standards based on slope gradient in a Lake Austin (LA) district.
 - (1) On a slope with a gradient of more than 15 percent:
 - (a) vegetation must be restored with native vegetation, as prescribed by the Environmental Criteria Manual, if it is disturbed or removed as a result of construction; and
 - (b) construction uphill or downhill from the slope must comply with the Environmental Criteria Manual.
 - (2) On a slope with a gradient of more than 35 percent, development is prohibited except for the construction of a fence, driveway, road or utility that cannot be reasonably placed elsewhere, or a non-mechanized pedestrian facility, such as a foot path, sidewalk, or stairs.
- **PART 3.** Subsections (G) and (H) of City Code Section 25-2-893 (Accessory Uses for a Principal Residential Use) is amended to read:
- (G) A [residential] dock[, pier, wharf, float, island, or other similar structure] is permitted as an accessory use [in an SF 6 or more restrictive district] if the requirements of this subsection are met.
 - (1) A dock [and] may be located off-site.
 - (2) A dock may not include habitable space or living quarters or other elements not necessary to the function of a dock, such as space

- conditioning, sinks, toilets, or wastewater or potable water lines or connections.
- (3) A dock may include only the following as appurtenances and means of access:
 - (a) a storage closet that meets the requirements of Subsection (A);
 - (b) a roof;
 - (c) a second floor;
 - (d) marine lockers;
 - (e) railings;
 - (f) a non-potable water pump and hose bib;
 - (g) electrical connections;
 - (h) lighting and fans;
 - (i) non-mechanized access, including a staircase, pedestrian bridge, gangway, and gates; and
 - (j) accessories or slips that may accommodate the mooring or storage of boats in compliance with the requirements of Section 25-2-1176 (Site Development Regulations for Docks, Marinas, and Other Lakefront Uses).
- (4) Only one dock is permitted for a principal residential use, even if the use is located on more than one lot.
- (H) A use other than one described in this section is permitted as an accessory use if the director [of the Neighborhood Planning and Zoning Department] determines that the use is necessary, customary, appropriate, incidental, and subordinate to a principal use.
- **PART 4.** Subsection (D) of City Code Section 25-2-963 (*Modification and Maintenance of Noncomplying Structures*) is amended to read:
- (D) The following requirements must be met in order to repair, reinforce, modify, or maintain a non-complying dock, bulkhead, or shoreline access as defined in Section 25-2-1172 (*Definitions*):
 - (1) <u>the use</u> [Repair, reinforcement comply with the following requirements:

- (a) the dock] must be [an] an accessory use in compliance with Section 25-2-893(G) (Accessory Uses for a Principal Residential Use) [single family residence];
- (2) except as allowed under Section 25-8-652 (Restrictions on Development Impacting Lake Austin, Lady Bird Lake, and Lake Walter E. Long):
 - (a) the location and footprint may not be altered; and
 - (b) the degree of noncompliance may not be increased [(b) the alteration must be confined within the existing footprint];
- (3) [(e)] a survey of existing conditions must be included with the site plan or building permit application and must depict current elevations, contours, trees, and any other information required by the building official [the total footprint of the dock must be reduced by 50%];
 - [(d) the number of boat slips on the dock is reduced by 50%; and
 - (e) the alternation may not increase the degree to which the structure violates a requirement that caused the structure to be noncomplying.]
- [(2) Repairing [Repair], reinforcing, or maintaining a noncomplying dock, bulkhead, or shoreline access must comply with the following requirements:]
- (4) demolition is subject to the limitation in Subsection (B)(4) of this section;
- (5) [(a)] no structural components, including load bearing beams, walls, piers, or roofs, may be altered or replaced, except that one piling of a dock may be replaced once every 3 years [no more than 50 percent of existing piles, pilings, or sheet pile or no more than 50 percent of the length of the dock, bulkhead, or shoreline access may be removed or replaced and];
- (6) no increase is allowed to:
 - (a) the number of walls;
 - (b) the height, width or depth; or
 - (c) the number of slips or mooring capacity; and
 - [(d) the location, footprint, and degree of noncompliance of the structure is not altered;]

- (7) for a dock, bulkhead, or shoreline access constructed after January 1, 1984, the applicant must provide evidence of a prior permit authorizing the construction.
- [(3) Demolition is subject to the limitation in Subsection (B)(4) of this Section.]
- **PART 5.** City Code Section 25-2-964 (*Restoration and Use of Damaged or Destroyed Noncomplying Structures*) is amended to add a new Subsection (C) to read:
- (C) This section does not apply to loss of land resulting from wave action behind a bulkhead on Lake Austin.
- **PART 6.** Subsection (B) of City Code Section 25-2-1171 (*Applicability*) is amended to read:
- (B) The <u>director</u> [building official or the director] of the Planning and Development Review Department shall implement and enforce this article.
- **PART 7.** City Code Section 25-2-1172 (*Definitions*) is amended to add new definitions of "personal watercraft" and "cluster dock" to read as follows, to amend the definitions of "dock" and "motorboat" to read as follows, to the delete the definition of "residential dock," and to renumber the remaining definitions accordingly:
- (2) CLUSTER DOCK means a dock not used for commercial purposes that is associated with:
 - (a) dwelling units in a multifamily development with lake frontage; or
 - (b) principal residential structures in a subdivision with perpetual use rights to a common area that fronts a lake.
- (3) DOCK includes a wharf, pier, float, floating dock, island, boat dock, boat slip, boat lift, stationary platform, or other similar structure.
- (4) MOTORBOAT means a watercraft propelled by an internal combustion engine or electric motor.
 - (5) NORMAL POOL ELEVATION means:
 - (a) for Lake Austin, 492.8 feet above mean sea level;
 - (b) for Lady Bird Lake, 429 feet above mean sea level; and
 - (c) for Lake Walter E. Long, 554.5 feet above mean sea level.

- [(5) RESIDENTIAL DOCK means a dock that provides a stationary landing for:
 - (a) fishing or swimming; or
 - (b) -- anchoring, mooring, or storing not more than one vessel.]
- (6) PERSONAL WATERCRAFT includes jet skis and means a type of motorboat specifically designed to be operated by a person or persons sitting, standing or kneeling on the vessel rather than in the conventional manner of sitting or standing inside the vessel and that is less than 13 feet in length.
- **PART 8.** City Code Section 25-2-1173 (*Permit Required for Construction*) is amended to repeal Subsection (D) and to amend Subsections (A) and (B) to read as follows:

§ 25-2-1173 PERMIT REQUIRED FOR CONSTRUCTION.

- (A) A person may not modify a shoreline or construct <u>or alter</u> a dock, bulkhead, or shoreline access unless the person first obtains a site plan and building permit[, as applicable,] and pays the applicable [permit fee set] <u>fees established</u> by ordinance. A site <u>plan required under this section must be signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer and must include all information required by the director responsible for <u>administering this chapter</u>.</u>
- [(B) The building official or the director of the Parks and Recreation Department shall require the applicant to place an identification or registration tag on a dock. A person may not remove a tag placed under this subsection.]
- (B)[(C)] A permit obtained under this section shall be prominently displayed at the construction site until the final inspection and approval by the building official.
- [(D) The director of the Planning and Development Review Department may not approve an application for a permit for the construction of more than two residential docks or other similar structures on a single lot zoned MF-1 or more restrictive, unless:
 - (1) the lot was platted and recorded before August 26, 1976, and perpetual rights to use the water frontage of the lot were granted or conveyed to one or more owners of other lots in the subdivision before June 23, 1979; or
 - (2) the Parks and Recreation Board has approved a site plan that clusters the residential docks on one or more lots in the subdivision.]
- (C)[(E)] If a permit is required under this section and is not obtained before construction begins, the required fee is increased by an amount established by ordinance. Payment of the additional fee does not relieve a person from complying with the requirements of this title [Code].

PART 9. City Code Section 25-2-1174 (*Structural Requirements*) is amended to read as follows:

§ 25-2-1174 STRUCTURAL REQUIREMENTS.

- (A) <u>In addition to other applicable requirements of this title, a</u> [A] dock must:
 - (1) comply with the requirements of Chapter 25-12 (<u>Technical Codes</u>), including Article 1 (<u>Building Code</u>) [(<u>Uniform Building Code</u>)], Article 7 (<u>Fire Code</u>), and the Building Criteria Manual; [and]
 - (2) be designed and constructed in a manner that does not pose a hazard to navigation safety;
 - (3) be braced to withstand pressure of wind and water when boats are tied to the dock[-]; and
 - (3) [(B) A floating dock must] if the dock is a floating dock, be supported by solid displacement flotation devices, with durable nonferrous protective coverings that are [. The flotation material must be] securely attached to the dock and [must be] capable of withstanding prolonged exposure to wave action and weather.
- (C) [A retaining wall, bulkhead, or other erosion protection device must be constructed to minimize wave return and wave action by using design and materials prescribed by rule.] A bulkhead with a greater than 45 degree vertical slope for any portion greater than one foot in height is not permitted on or adjacent to the shoreline of a lake that is subject to this article, [listed in Section 25 2 1171 (Applicability)] unless the shoreline is located within an existing man-made channel.
- [(D) A retaining-wall, bulkhead, or other erosion protection-device may not capture or recapture land on a lake listed in Section 25 2 1171 (Applicability), unless capturing or recapturing the land is required to restore the land to the lesser of]:
 - [(1) the shoreline as it existed 10 years from the date of application, with documentation as prescribed by rule, or
 - (2) the lakeside boundary of the subdivided lot line.]
- [(E) On a determination by a city official or employee that a dock has become, or is in imminent danger of becoming, structurally unsound, the building official:

(1) shall take action to declare the dock a hazard;

- (2) shall abate the hazard under Chapter 25-12, Article 9 (*Property Maintenance Code*), at the owner's expense; and
- (3) may impose a lien on the affected property for the collection of the expense.]
- **PART 10.** Subsections (B) and (C) of City Code Section 25-2-1175 (*Lighting and Electrical Requirements*) are amended to read:
- (B) This subsection applies to a dock that extends more than eight feet from the shoreline. In this subsection, the distance that a dock extends from a shoreline is measured perpendicular to the shoreline, and the shoreline length of a dock is the length of a dock measured parallel to the shoreline.
 - (1) A dock must be continuously lighted with amber lights between sunset and sunrise each day.
 - (2) A dock must have at least one light station. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the light station must be located on the end of the dock and on the side that is farthest from and parallel to the shoreline. The light must be visible to a properly approaching watercraft.
 - (3) A dock that extends 30 feet or more from the shoreline, or that has a shoreline length of 25 feet or more, must have at least one light station on each side of the dock that does not face the shoreline.
 - (4) The requirements of this [This] paragraph apply [applies] if the director [of the Parks and Recreation Department] determines that a dock described in Subsection (B)(3) may be a navigational hazard between sunset and sunrise.
 - (a) A dock that extends less than 50 feet from the shoreline must have a light station half way between the shoreline and the end of the dock that is farthest from the shoreline.
 - (b) A dock that extends 50 feet or more from the shoreline must have light stations from the shoreline to the end of the dock at intervals of not more than 25 feet, except that a light station may not be located within 8 feet of the shoreline.
 - (c) A dock that has a shoreline length of at least 25 feet but less than 50 feet must have a light station located at each end of the dock on the side farthest from the shoreline.

- (d) A dock that has a shoreline length of 50 feet or more must have light stations located at intervals of not more than 25 feet along its length.
- (e) Light stations are [also] required at each end of the dock on the side farthest from the shoreline.
- (C) A light station required by this section must have a two-bulb fixture, with two working light bulbs [rated between 7 ½ and 25 watts, inclusive] that emit at least 112 lumens and not more than 400 lumens. Light bulbs or bulb covers must be amber, and white light may not radiate from the fixture. Weatherproof lamp holders and junction boxes are required. Each light fixture must be wired with a switch operated by a photoelectric cell so that the lights will operate automatically during the hours that the dock is required to be lighted by this section.

PART 11. City Code Section 25-2-1176 (Regulations) is amended to read:

§ 25-2-1176 <u>SITE DEVELOMENT</u> REGULATIONS <u>FOR DOCKS, MARINAS, AND OTHER LAKEFRONT USES.</u>

- (A) A [site plan] dock or similar structure must comply with the requirements of this subsection [section]. [A-city official may not approve for_final inspection of a structure_that does not conform to the requirements of Title 25 of the City Code, including this section].
 - (1) A dock may extend up to 30 feet from the shoreline, except that the director may require a dock to extend a lesser or greater distance from the shoreline if deemed necessary to ensure navigation safety.
 - (2) The length of a dock from the shoreline may not exceed 20% of the lake channel, as measured from the shoreline where the dock is located and continuing to the opposite shoreline.
 - (3) A dock may not be constructed closer than 10 feet to the side property line, regardless of the side-yard setback generally applicable within the base zoning district.
 - (4) The width of a dock measured parallel to the shoreline of the lot or tract where the dock is proposed, and including all access and appurtenances, may not exceed:
 - (a) 20 percent of the shoreline width, if the shoreline width exceeds 70 feet;

2 3	(5) The footprint of a dock, including the portion of a cut-in slip, attached access structures, or roof overhang, may not exceed:
4 5	(a) 1,200 square feet for a dock that is accessory to a principal residential use;
6	(b) for a cluster dock, 600 square feet multiplied by:
7 8	(i) the number of dwelling units in a multifamily development; or
9 10	(ii) the number of principal residential structures in a subdivision, if:
11 12	the dock will be located in a common area that fronts Lake Austin or Lady Bird Lake; and
13 14	lots within the subdivision have perpetual use rights to the common area.
15 16	(6) A dock may not exceed 30 feet in height as measured from the highest point of the structure above the normal pool elevation of the lake.
17 18	(7) No portion of a dock may be enclosed, except for an enclosed storage closet that is:
19 20	(a) limited to no more than 48 square feet for each principal residential use associated with the dock; and
21	(b) oriented to minimize cross sectional area perpendicular to flow.
22 23	(8) The dock must be designed and constructed to meet the following requirements:
24 25 26	(a) except for storage closets permitted under Paragraph (6), no more than one wall per floor may consist of solid structural supports or building materials;
27 28 29	(b) except for solid structural components allowed under Paragraph 8(a), solid and mesh materials used for enclosure, including lattice, wire panels, and screening, must be at least 66 percent open; and
30 31	(c) no framing materials that are capable of being converted to support walls or windows may be used.
	April 7, 2014 12 COA Law Dept.

(b) 14 feet, if the shoreline width is no greater than 70 feet.

- (9) The number of motorboats anchored, moored, or stored on a dock may not exceed:
 - (a) two, for a principal residential use utilizing an individual dock that is not part of a cluster dock; or
 - (b) the number of single-family or multifamily residential units that:
 - (i) have a perpetual right to use of a cluster dock located in a common area of the residential subdivision or multi-family development; and
 - (ii) do not utilize a dock other than a cluster dock.
- (10) For purposes of determining the total number of motorboats that may be anchored, moored, or stored on a dock or over water, one personal watercraft is equivalent to one-half of a motorboat.
- [(B) A dock or other structure must be constructed so that it is not a hazard to navigation or safety.
 - (1) The director of the Parks and Recreation Department shall determine, after receiving the recommendation of the Parks and Recreation Board, the distance that a proposed dock may extend into a body of water without constituting a hazard.
 - (2) A dock may not extend more than 30 feet from the shoreline unless the Parks and Recreation Board determines that the dock will not create a hazard and approves the construction of the dock.
- (C) A fence may not extend into the water beyond the shoreline unless the fence was part of a commercial livestock operation, other than raising domestic pets, existing on April 17, 1994. A fence permitted under this subsection:
 - (1) must be constructed of smooth wire or mesh;
 - (2) may not extend more than 40 feet beyond the shoreline;
 - (3) must include a navigation buoy indicating "DANGER", in accordance with the Texas Water Safety Act, installed at the end of the fence, unless the fence does not extend further beyond the shoreline than an immediately adjacent dock; and
 - (4) must be removed if the livestock operation ceases.

- (D) Approval of the Parks and Recreation Board is required for a structure, other than a retaining wall:
 - (1) to be constructed or altered within 10 feet of a side property line; or
 - (2) except as provided in Subsection (E), that has a width, measured parallel to the shoreline, greater than 20 percent of the shoreline width of the lot or parcel of land on which the structure is to be constructed.
 - (E) Subsection (D)(2) does not apply if :
- (1) the lot was platted and recorded before August 26, 1976, and a perpetual right to use the water frontage of the lot was granted to the owner of another lot in the subdivision before June 23, 1979; or
- (2) the Parks and Recreation-Board has approved a site plan that clusters the boat docks on one or more lots in the subdivision.
 - (F) The number of residential docks may not exceed:
- (1) twice the number of lots in the subdivision that have lake frontage on Lake Austin or Lady Bird Lake; or
 - (2) the number of lots in the subdivision, if:
- (a) the subdivision has a common area that fronts on Lake Austin or Lady Bird Lake; and
- (b) a perpetual right to use the water frontage of the common area has been conveyed to a lot owner in the subdivision.]
- (B)[(G) This subsection applies to a] \underline{A} marina area or [common area] cluster dock must comply with the requirements of this subsection.

- (1) [Except for a boat dock or a combined storage area on the water's edge, a] A parking lot or permanent structure, other than a dock or a combined storage area on the water's edge [including a parking lot], must be set back at least 100 feet from the shoreline.
- (2) Sanitation facilities must be provided <u>in accordance with the following requirements</u> [for all marina and pienic areas].
 - (a) Permanent sanitation facilities are required for a marina or common area with 10 or more boat slips.

- (b) Temporary or permanent sanitation facilities are required for a marina or common area with fewer than 10 boat slips [Septic tanks and sewage holding tanks may not be located within 100 feet of an area below the normal pool elevation].
- (3) \underline{A} [The] facility operator [shall] must:
 - (a) remove garbage in a timely manner and provide for the on-site collection of garbage at a [the] marina or common area[-]; and
 - (b) [(a) At] provide at least one garbage can with a capacity of at least 32 gallons [is required] for each four picnic units and for each four boat slips.
 - [(b) The facility operator shall remove garbage in a timely manner.]
- [(H) A business or a living quarter may not be constructed on a pier or similar structure extending into or above Lake Austin, Lady Bird Lake, or Lake Walter E. Long, except under a license agreement approved by the council.
 - (1) The Parks and Recreation Board shall make a recommendation to the council on each license agreement.
 - (2) A structure built under a license agreement must comply with the lighting requirements of Section 25 2 1175(Lighting And Electrical Requirements).]
 - (C) A fence may not extend into the water beyond the shoreline unless the fence:
 - (1) was part of a commercial livestock operation, other than raising domestic pets, existing on April 17, 1994:
 - (2) is constructed of smooth wire or mesh;
 - (3) extends no more than 40 feet beyond the shoreline;
 - (4) includes a navigation buoy indicating "DANGER", in accordance with the Texas Water Safety Act, installed at the end of the fence, unless the fence does not extend further beyond the shoreline than an immediately adjacent dock; and

- (5) must be removed if the livestock operation ceases.
- (D)[(1)] Construction of a boat ramp is prohibited.

PART 12. City Code Section 25-2-1177 (*Dock Exempt from City Licensing*) is amended to read:

§ 25-2-1177 [DOCKS EXEMPT FROM] CITY LICENSING REQUIREMENTS FOR DOCKS, MARINAS AND OTHER LAKEFRONT USES.

- (A) A license agreement from the City is not required for a dock located:
 - [(1) within the boundaries of a public drainage easement] along Lake Austin, Lady Bird Lake, or Lake Walter E. Long, regardless of any easements or other ownership rights held by the City [if it is constructed in accordance with this article and Chapter 25-12, Article 1 (Uniform Building Code)].
- (B) No living quarters or business, including a marina, may be constructed into or above a lake that is subject to this article, unless the city council approves a license agreement for the use after receiving a recommendation from the Land Use Commission.
 - (C) [(B)] This section does not waive or modify:
 - (1) any applicable requirements of this title, including the use and site development regulations of this subchapter; or
 - (2) the City's property interests in the easements and lakebeds identified in Subsection (A), including the right to:
 - (a) require the immediate removal of a dock or other encroachment that poses a navigation hazard, as authorized by this article; or
 - (b) require a license agreement for docks or other encroachments into lands over which the City holds an easement or fee simple ownership [limit the review of a site plan for construction of a dock].
- PART 13. City Code Chapter 25-2, Subpart C, Article 13 (*Docks, Bulkheads, and Shoreline Access*) is amended to repeal Section 25-2-1178 (*Fire Protection*) and to amend Section 25-2-1179 (*Environmental Protection*) to read:

§ 25-2-1179 ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION.

(A) <u>In addition to other applicable requirements of this title, a dock, bulkhead, or shoreline access must be designed, constructed, and maintained in accordance with the applicable requirements of this subsection.</u>

Responsible Attny: BDL

- (B) A retaining wall, bulkhead, or other erosion protection device must be designed and constructed to minimize wave return and wave action in accordance with the Environmental Criteria Manual.
- (C) A marine fuel facility or service station must comply with the requirements of Chapter 6-2 (*Hazardous Materials*) and shall be designed, maintained, and operated in a manner that prevents the spilling or leaking of fuel or petroleum products into the water.
- (D)[(B)] The maintenance and repair of watercraft shall be performed in a manner that prevents discharge of fuel, oil, or other pollutants into the water.
- (E)[(C)] Containers of hazardous materials, fuel, oil, herbicides, insecticides, fertilizers or other pollutants may not be stored on docks extending into or above Lake Austin, Lady Bird Lake, or Lake Walter E. Long.
- (F)[D] Construction of shoreline access structures must minimize disturbance to woody and herbaceous vegetation, preserve the tree canopy, and replace herbaceous ground cover to the extent practicable.
- (G) A marina or marine fuel service facility or service station must provide adequate fire protection approved by the Fire Chief of the Austin Fire Department in accordance with the Fire Code and National Fire Protection Association standards for marinas and boatyards.
- **PART 14.** City Code Chapter 25-2, Subchapter C, Article 13 (*Docks Bulkheads, and Shoreline Access*) is amended to add a new Section 25-2-1180 to read:

§ 25-2-1180 ENFORCEMENT AND REGISTRATION.

- (A) On a determination by a city official or employee that a dock has become or is in imminent danger of becoming structurally unsound, the building official:
 - (1) shall take action to declare the dock a hazard;
 - (2) shall abate the hazard under Chapter 25-12, Article 9 (*Property Maintenance Code*), at the owner's expense; and
 - (3) may impose a lien on the affect property to recover the cost of abatement.
- (B) An applicant must place a registration tag on a boat dock in a manner prescribed by the building official director of the Code Compliance Department. A person may not remove a tag required to be placed on a dock under this subsection.
- (C) In addition to the actions authorized under this section, the building official may take any other authorized action to enforce the requirements of this article.

PART 15.	City Code	Section 25-	-5-2 (Site	Plan Exer	emptions) is	amended to	amend
Subsections	(A) and (L)	and to add a	new Subs	section (M)) read as follo	ows:	

- (A) The director shall determine whether a project is exempt under this section from the site plan requirement of Section 25-5-1(Site Plan Required). The director may require an [that the] applicant to submit information necessary to make a determination under this or [subsection. The director may require an applicant to] revise a previously approved site plan under Section 25-5-61(Revisions To Released Site Plans).
- (L) The exemptions provided by this section do not apply to the construction of a dock, bulkhead, or shoreline access as described in Chapter 25-2, <u>Subchapter C</u>, Article 13 (<u>Docks Bulkheads</u>, <u>and Shoreline Access</u>)[.], <u>but</u>
- [(M) A] <u>a</u> site plan is not required <u>for the</u> [to] repair[, <u>reinforce</u>], <u>maintenance</u>, <u>or modification of existing structures or improvements if</u> [or maintain a dock, bulkhead, or shoreline access, or to modify a dock under] the <u>applicable requirements of this subsection are met.</u> [following conditions:]
 - (1) A site plan is not required for simple re-decking of a dock.
 - (2) A site plan is not required to modify a dock, or to maintain or repair a dock or shoreline access, if [the existing dock, bulkhead, or shoreline access]:
 - (a) the dock or shoreline access was legally constructed[; provided that simple re decking will-be allowed for all-docks]; and
 - (b)[(2)] the work proposed does not:
 - (i) require a [no] variance or other approval from a [from City Code is required; (3) no] city board or commission [approval is required];
 - (ii) [(4) there will be no] increase [in] the existing footprint of the dock[, bulkhead,] or shoreline access; [and]
 - (iii) add, change, or replace structural components, including load bearing beams or walls, piers, pilings; or
 - (iv) add new walls.
 - [(5) the work is authorized under Section 25 2 963 (Modification and Maintenance of Noncomplying Structures) or Section 25 2 964 (Restoration and Use of Damaged or Destroyed Noncomplying Structures)].
 - (3) A site plan is not required to repair a bulkhead if:

- (a) the bulkhead was legally constructed;
- (b) the repair does not exceed 25% of the bulkhead or portion of a bulkhead existing on a lot or tract; and
- (c) no repair to the bulkhead was done without a site plan in the previous three years.
- (M) An exemption under this section does not waive applicable requirements for obtaining a building permit and may not include modifications to a non-complying structure, including repair or maintenance, except as provided under Chapter 25-2, Subchapter C, Article 8 (Noncomplying Structures).
- **PART 16.** Subsection (B) of City Code Section 25-5-3 (*Small Projects*) is amended to read:
 - (B) The following are small projects:
 - (8) construction of a boat dock as an accessory use to a single-family residential use, duplex residential use, two-family residential use, or secondary apartment residential use if shoreline modification or dredging of not more than 25 cubic yards is not required; or
- **PART 17.** Subsection (A) of City Code Section 25-7-93 (*General Exceptions*) to read:

§ 25-7-93 GENERAL EXCEPTIONS.

- (A) A site plan with a proposed building or parking area that encroaches on the 100-year floodplain may be approved if the encroachment is:
 - (1) a parking area that is smaller than 5,000 square feet or an unoccupied structure that has an area of less than 1,000 square feet, and the director determines that the proposed development:
 - (a) will not have an adverse effect on the 100-year floodplain or surrounding properties; and
 - (b) otherwise complies with the requirements of this title;
 - (2) a single-family or duplex residential structure in a subdivision:
 - (a) recorded before September 25, 1983; and
 - (b) in which only one residential structure is built on a single lot;

1 2
3
4
5
6 7 8 9 10 11
12
13 14
15 16
17
18 19
20 21 22
23
24
25 26
27 28 29 30

- (3) a building authorized by a waterway development permit issued under Chapter 9-10 before September 25, 1983;
- (4) a building in the 100-year floodplain of:
 - (a) Town Lake; or
 - (b) the Colorado River downstream from Longhorn Dam[; or].
 - [(5) a boat dock in the 100 year floodplain of Town-Lake, Lake Walter E. Long, or Lake Austin, and construction of the dock is otherwise permitted under this title.]
- **PART 18.** Subsection (B) of City Code Section 25-7-96 (Exceptions in the 25-Year Floodplain) is amended to read:

§ 25-7-96 REQUIREMENTS IN THE 25-YEAR FLOODPLAIN.

- (B) A development application with a proposed building or parking area that encroaches on the 25-year floodplain may be approved if:
 - (1) the building or parking area is located on parkland, a golf course, or other public or recreational land;
 - (2) the building, if any, is either:
 - (i) a restroom or bath facility, concession stand, tool shed, or pump house, with an area of less than 1,000 square feet; or
 - (ii) a dock that is located in the 25-year floodplain of Lady Bird Lake,

 Lake Walter E. Long, or Lake Austin and constructed, or proposed
 to be constructed, in compliance with the regulations of this title;
 - (3) the parking area, if any, is smaller than 5,000 square feet; and
 - (4) the director determines that the proposed development:
 - (a) will not result in additional adverse flooding impact on other properties; and
 - (b) otherwise complies with the requirements of this title.
- **PART 19.** Subsection (B) of City Code Section 25-8-41 (*Land Use Commission Variances*) is amended to read:

- (B) The Land Use Commission may grant a variance from a requirement of Section 25-8-422 (Water Quality Transition Zone), Section 25-8-452 (Water Quality Transition Zone), Section 25-8-482 (Water Quality Transition Zone), Section 25-8-652 (Restrictions on Development Impacting Lake Austin, Lady Bird Lake, and Lake Walter E. Long), or Article 7, Division 1(Critical Water Quality Zone Restrictions), after determining that:
 - (1) the criteria for granting a variance in Subsection (A) are met;
 - (2) the requirement for which a variance is requested prevents a reasonable, economic use of the entire property; and
 - (3) the variance is the minimum change necessary to allow a reasonable, economic use of the entire property.
- **PART 20.** Subsection (A) of City Code Section 25-8-42 (*Administrative Variances*) is amended to read:
 - (A) A variance under this section may not vary the requirements of Article 13 (Save Our Springs Initiative) [and may not be granted for development of a property if any portion of the property abuts or is within 500 feet of the shoreline of Lake Austin, measured horizontally].
- **PART 21.** Subsection (C) of City Code Section 25-8-261 (*Critical Water Quality Zone Development*) is amended to read:
- (C) <u>The requirements of this subsection apply along [Along]</u> Lake Travis, Lake Austin, or Lady Bird Lake[‡].
 - (1) A [a boat] dock,[pier, wharf,] bulkhead or marina, and necessary access and appurtenances, are [is] permitted in a critical water quality zone subject to compliance with Chapter 25-2, Subchapter C, Article 12 (Docks, Bulkheads, and Shoreline Access). [; and]
 - (2) At least 50% of the area within 25 feet of the shoreline must be:
 - (a) preserved in a natural condition; or
 - (b) restored to a natural condition as prescribed by the Environmental

 Criteria Manual, if the vegetation is disturbed or removed for construction or other development activity, within the area of disturbance.
 - (3) Not more than 30 percent of the woody vegetation within the shoreline setback area as defined by Section 25-2-551 (Lake Austin (LA) District

Regulations) and within the area de	efined by 25-2-180	(Lake Austin	(LA)
Overlay District) may be removed.	•		

- (4) Before a building permit may be issued or a site plan released, approval by the Watershed Protection Department is required for [of] chemicals used to treat building materials that will be submerged in water—is required before a permit may be issued or a site plan released.
- **PART 22.** City Code Section 25-8-652 (Fills at Lake Austin, Lady Bird Lake, and Lake Walter E. Long) is amended to read:

§ 25-8-652 <u>RESTRICTIONS ON DEVELOPMENT IMPACTING</u> [FILLS AT] LAKE AUSTIN, LADY BIRD LAKE, AND LAKE WALTER E. LONG.

- (A) The requirements of this section apply to development on or adjacent to [Approval by the Parks and Recreation Board is required to place fill in] Lake Austin, Lady Bird Lake, or Lake Walter E. Long.
- (B) Except as otherwise provided by this section, placing fill or dredging in a lake is prohibited.
- [(B) A person must file a written application with the Parks and Recreation Board for an approval under this section.
- (C) This subsection applies to a development application that includes a proposal to modify the shoreline of Lake Austin, Lady Bird Lake, or Lake Walter E. Long; or dredge in or along that lake.
 - (1) Before the director may approve the development application, the director must submit the development application to the Parks and Recreation Board.
 - (2) The board shall review and comment on:
 - (a) the navigational safety of the proposed development; and
 - (b) the effect of the development on the recreational and natural character of the lake.
 - (3) The board may develop specific criteria for determining:
 - (a) the navigational safety of a proposed development; or
 - (b) the effect of a proposed development on the recreational and natural character of Lake Austin, Lady Bird Lake, or Lake Walter E. Long.]

1 2 3	(C) A retaining wall, bulkhead, or other erosion protection device may not capture or recapture land from a lake unless doing so is required to restore the shoreline to whichever of the following boundaries would encroach the least into the lake:
4 5	(1) the shoreline as it existed 10 years prior to the date of application, with documentation as prescribed by the Environmental Criteria Manual; or
6	(2) the lakeside boundary of the subdivided lot line.
7	(D) A bulkhead may be replaced in front of an existing bulkhead once, if:
8	(1) the existing bulkhead was legally constructed; and
9 10	(2) construction of the replacement bulkhead does not change the location of the shoreline by more than 6 inches; and
11 12 13	(3) the director of the Watershed Protection Department determines that there is no reasonable alternative to replacement of the bulkhead in the location of the existing bulkhead.
14 15 16 17	(E) The director may approve less than 25 cubic yards of dredging in a lake if the dredging is necessary for navigation safety. PART 23. This ordinance takes effect on
18 19	PASSED AND APPROVED
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	APPROVED: Karen M. Kennard City Attorney ATTEST: Jannette S. Goodall City Clerk