

ZONING CHANGE REVIEW SHEET

CASE NUMBER: C14H-2014-0014

HLC DATE:

November 17, 2014

January 26, 2015

June 22, 2015

PC DATE:

December 9, 2014 (pulled
from agenda)

April 14, 2015

May 26, 2015

APPLICANT: Bluebonnet Hills Local Historic District Project (Michele Webre)

HISTORIC NAME: Bluebonnet Hills Historic District

Council District No. 9

WATERSHED: Blunn Creek

ADDRESS OF PROPOSED ZONING CHANGE: Roughly bounded by Annie Street on the north, East Side Drive on the east, Leland Street on the south, and Brackenridge Street on the west.

ZONING FROM: SF-3-NP and SF-3-H-NP to SF-3-NP-HD and SF-3-H-NP-HD.

SUMMARY STAFF RECOMMENDATION: Staff recommends the creation of the proposed historic district and the zoning changes to add the HD (Historic Area) overlay to all existing base zoning.

Staff further recommends the attached clarifications to the proposed Bluebonnet Hills Historic District Design Standards – please see the separate document with the revisions.

p. 23 – “Each property is unique and lot size/shape can vary; therefore, each property will be reviewed individually and exceptions to the Design Standards may be allowed by the Historic Landmark Commission if appropriate for unique conditions.”

p. 23 – “A Certificate of Appropriateness is not necessary for work proposed to a non-contributing building within the District, and these Design Standards do not apply to non-contributing buildings. However, the owners of a non-contributing building (especially if it is of historic age) may want to consider these standards as guidelines for considering design options that reflect the architectural character of the neighborhood.”

p. 25 – “All houses within the District will be reviewed with primary reference to the front street appearance of the house. Houses located on corner lots will be treated the same as houses on interior lots for the purposes of these Standards.”

p. 29 – “Retain and restore original windows, window surrounds, shutters, and screens whenever possible. If the original windows, shutters, or screens are deteriorated beyond feasible repair, replace them with in-kind materials.”

p. 30 – “Retain and restore original doors, door surrounds, sidelights, and transoms whenever possible. If the original door is deteriorated beyond repair, replace it in-kind, or with a door that is historically appropriate for the style of the house. If the original door surrounds, sidelights, and transoms are deteriorated beyond repair, replace it in kind.

QUALIFICATIONS FOR HISTORIC DISTRICT DESIGNATION:

At the time the district nomination was submitted, creation of the historic district had the support of 57.5% of the property owners within the district. As of May 26, 2015, the nomination had the demonstrated support of 55% of the property owners within the district, and the owners of 53% of the land within the district. These figures will be updated as necessary prior to the public hearing to ensure accuracy. Of the 115 properties within the district, 75% are contributing to its historic and architectural character.

HISTORIC LANDMARK COMMISSION ACTION: **November 17, 2014:** Recommended the proposed zoning changes from SF-3-NP and SF-3-H-NP to SF-3-HD-NP and SF-3-H-HD-NP. Vote: 4-0 (Limbacher, Leary, and Rosato ill). **January 26, 2015** (re-heard by the Historic Landmark Commission after the determination of a notice issue): Recommended the proposed zoning changes from SF-3-NP and SF-3-H-NP to SF-3-HD-NP and SF-3-H-HD-NP). Vote: 5-0-1 (Myers absent; Leary abstained). **May 18, 2015:** Received and approved the comments (none) from the Austin Energy Green Builder Program. Vote: 5-0 (Rosato and Myers ill).

PLANNING COMMISSION ACTION: **April 14, 2015:** Postponed the public hearing for additional information requested from staff to May 26, 2015. **May 26, 2015:** Recommended the proposed zoning changes from SF-3-NP and SF-3-H-NP to SF-3-HD-NP and SF-3-H-HD-NP with the further recommendations that the Codes and Ordinances Committee be given the authority to begin a review of the process for designating local historic districts, and that the neighborhood consider establishing an advisory design committee for applicants to discuss potential projects within the district. Vote: 5-1 (Roark opposed; Hernandez, Stevens, and Hatfield absent).

DEPARTMENT COMMENTS: The Bluebonnet Hills Historic District has one landmark within the proposed district. The original survey of the district, done as part of the larger survey of all of Travis Heights, was performed in 2009. The nomination team re-surveyed the proposed Bluebonnet Hills Historic District properties in 2014 to ensure the accuracy of the earlier findings and to make any changes that reflected a change in conditions. Staff also surveyed the proposed district in 2014 to confirm the survey findings.

CITY COUNCIL DATE: June 11, 2015

ACTION:

ORDINANCE READINGS: 1ST 2ND 3RD

ORDINANCE NUMBER:

CASE MANAGER: Steve Sadowsky

PHONE: 974-6454

NEIGHBORHOOD ORGANIZATION: South River City Neighborhood Association

BASIS FOR RECOMMENDATION:

Architecture and historical significance. Please see the attached nomination for detailed discussions of the architecture and historical significance of the proposed Bluebonnet Hills Historic District.

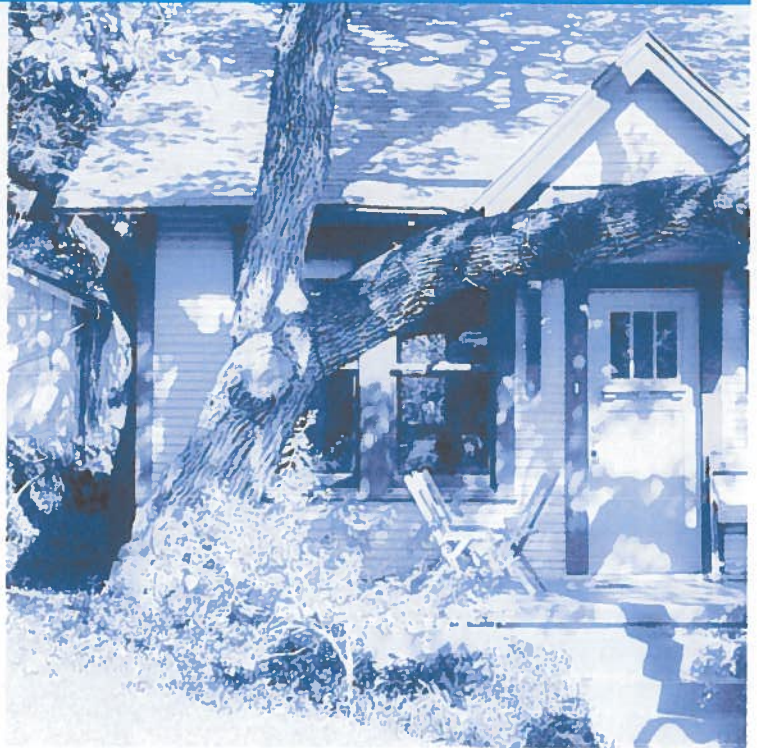
ESTIMATED ANNUAL TAX ABATEMENT: N/A. Designation as a historic district will enable property owners to apply for an ad valorem property tax abatement for rehabilitating contributing houses in accordance with a plan approved by the Historic Landmark Commission, and in conformance with Section 25- of the Land Development Code.

PRESENT USE: The Bluebonnet Hills Historic District is exclusively residential.

Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District

Application

Austin, Texas



Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District Nomination Form

**Submitted to
the City of Austin City Historic Preservation Office**

**Prepared by
Josh Conrad and Emily Reed
on behalf of
Blue Bonnet Hills Neighborhood**

July 2014

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BLUE BONNET HILLS LOCAL HISTORIC DISTRICT NOMINATION FORM

1. NAME OF DISTRICT

Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District

2. GEOGRAPHIC DESCRIPTION

The Blue Bonnet Hills Historic District encompasses approximately four blocks and 22 acres. The proposed district boundaries follow those of the "Blue Bonnet Hills Addition, being the Paul Pfeifer Subdivision," platted in 1928. The boundaries are E. Annie Street to the north, East Side Drive to the east, and Leland Street to the south. To the west, the boundaries are Newning Avenue and Brackenridge Street. The district includes homes on the south side of the 500 block of E. Annie Street, two homes on Brackenridge Street (1913 & 1915), homes in the 1800 to 2000 block of East Side Drive, homes on the north side of Leland Street west of Newning Avenue, all homes in the 500 block of Lockhart Drive, all homes in the 500 block of E. Mary Street, the homes in the 1800 to 2000 block of Newning Avenue, and all homes on Terrace Drive.

3. PROPERTIES WITHIN THE DISTRICT

There are 115 properties within the district; 86 structures (75%) are contributing to the historic character of the district and 29 properties (25%) are not contributing, including one vacant lot. Structures inventoried include principal structures and outbuildings of substantial scale that serve as a residence. In order to be considered contributing, structures must date to the district's period of significance (1928-1964) and maintain integrity (see **Section 7**).

4. PRINCIPAL ARCHITECTURAL STYLES AND PERIODS OF CONSTRUCTION

Representing almost 60 percent of the properties in the Blue Bonnet Hills District, the Craftsman style is the most prevalent architectural style. Minimal Traditional style homes and Tudor revivals represent approximately 19 percent and 11 percent of the contributing structures in the district, respectively. The contributing Craftsman style homes in the district were constructed between 1928 and 1950, with a median year built date of 1931. Although found throughout the district, Craftsman style homes are particularly concentrated on Lockhart Drive, Mary Street, and Terrace Drive. Constructed between 1932 and 1951, the contributing Minimal Traditional style homes have a median year built date of 1937. The Tudor revival style homes in the district were constructed between 1930 and 1939 and have a median year built date of 1933.

Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District Nomination

ARCHITECTURAL STYLES OF CONTRIBUTING STRUCTURES IN THE DISTRICT

STYLE	COUNT	PERCENT
Craftsman	50	59%
Minimal Traditional	16	19%
Tudor Revival	9	10%
Colonial Revival	3	3%
Ranch	2	2%
Mediterranean Revival	1	1%
Prairie	1	1%
Classical Revival	1	1%
Modernistic	1	1%
No Discernable Style	2	2%
TOTAL	85	100%



511 Lockhart Drive is a good example of the **Craftsman** style in the Blue Bonnet Hills Historic District. This single-family, rectangular plan dwelling was constructed in 1928. The structure has clapboard siding and rests on a masonry pier and beam foundation. The windows are double hung and feature wooden screens. The glazed front door also has a screen door. The roof is a front-facing jerkinhead gable featuring an extended cornice, exposed rafters, and brackets. The partial-width front porch features a smaller jerkinhead gable and mimics the detailing of the larger gable. The porch is supported by square posts and features wood railings and banisters.

500 Lockhart Drive is a good example of the **Minimal Traditional** style. Constructed in 1950, this one-story, side-gabled, massed plan house is clad in wood. The low-pitched roof has composition shingles. Consistent with the simplicity of design common to Minimal Traditional style homes, the house has a little architectural detailing. The windows are double hung wood, featuring eight-over-eight and six-over-six pane styles. A partial width porch features a shed roof and metal porch supports.





514 Terrace Drive is a good example of the **Tudor Revival** style. The house was constructed in 1937 and features rubblework masonry exterior walls. The roof is comprised of composition shingles with steeply pitched front gables typical of the Tudor style. The larger gable features a decorative arched attic vent echoing the arched fanlight window below. The entryway is also arched, with a glazed front door.

5. PERIOD(S) OF SIGNIFICANCE

The period of significance for the Blue Bonnet Hills Historic District is **1928 to 1964**. Blue Bonnet Hills was platted in 1928 and the first homes in the district were also constructed in that year (see **Section 9**). The final year of the period of significance is 1964, 50 years prior to the date of this application (2014). Only fourteen structures within the district were constructed outside of the period of significance.

6. ARCHITECTURAL COMPOSITION OF THE DISTRICT

CONTRIBUTING SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS

A. STORIES

The overwhelming majority (85%) of contributing single-family residential structures in the district are single-story buildings. There are five 1.5 story homes and eight two-story contributing structures in the district, although few of these were originally constructed with 1.5 or two stories. This group of homes includes structures that were originally one story with a later addition that does not detract from the character of the resource, allowing for contributing status

B. MATERIALS

WALLS

Almost 70 percent of contributing buildings in the district are clad in wood. About ten percent have asbestos siding, and there are six stucco and four stone homes. Other exterior materials with a small representation include aluminum and brick.

ROOF

Most homes in the district (60 percent) have composition shingle roofs, although about 30 percent are metal.

WINDOWS

Over 90 percent of windows in the district are wooden double-hung units. Other window materials include vinyl and aluminum.

C. ROOF TYPES

The most prevalent roof type in the district is side-gabled (40 percent), followed by front-gabled (25 percent). Other roof types include cross-gabled, hipped, and flat.

D. ADDITIONS

Additions to contributing structures allow the buildings to retain integrity and are therefore commonly found at the rear of the house and executed with compatible materials and scale. 502 Lockhart Drive provides an example of a half-story addition that is compatible with the existing character.

E. PORCHES

Front porches are a significant architectural feature of houses in the district. Porches are present on the vast majority of contributing structures in the district; over 80 percent have a full or partial width front porch. Porches with simple stoop roofs are also found on approximately 14 percent of contributing buildings.

F. CHIMNEYS

Only 11 contributing buildings in the district have chimneys. When present, chimneys are constructed of a variety of materials, including brick, stone, and metal.

G. GARAGE APARTMENTS

There are three contributing structures in the district that are garage apartments. The garage apartment 1926 Newning Avenue is associated with the John House at 1924 Newning Avenue, and was constructed two years after the principal residence on the southwestern (rear) part of the lot. The building is clad in wood and has a hipped-with-gable roof. The garage apartment at 308 Leland Street is located to the rear of 409 Terrace Drive. These two buildings are located on a parcel that has been subdivided into two since its original platting. The structure at 308 Leland Street is estimated to have been constructed in circa 1950, at a time when automobiles had become much more prevalent (approximately 20 years later than 409 Terrace Drive). 308 Leland Street is clad in wood and has a side gable roof. The garage apartment at 519 E Mary Street was likely historically associated with the single-family dwelling at 1900 East Side Drive that has since been significantly altered and expanded. The garage apartment building is clad in stone and has a hipped metal roof.

H. WALLS/FENCES/LANDSCAPE FEATURES

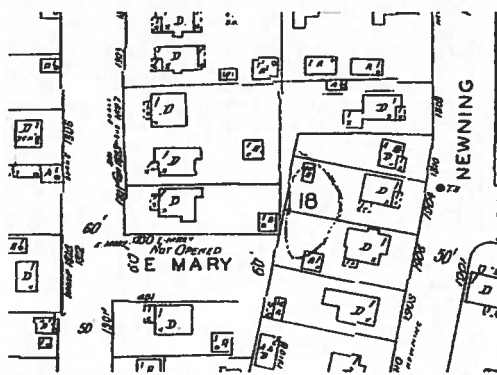
Because there are only a few streets with sidewalks and roadside mailboxes in the district, many yards have walkways of various types from the street to the front door or porch. These walkways are generally separate from driveways, which often lead to the side or rear of the buildings. Often fences and short retaining walls will line the edge of the street. The most common landscape feature in the district is retaining walls, which are present for approximately 20 percent of the contributing resources. These walls are commonly stone or concrete. The mature trees throughout the district are also a notable landscape feature. Nearly all of the district's lots are shaded by dense tree cover. Along some streets this tree canopy is effectively contiguous, particularly near Blunn Creek.

7. ASSESSMENT OF INTEGRITY

The evaluation of architectural integrity and the determination of which buildings are contributing and non-contributing to the historic district was made by architectural historians meeting the Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualifications for an Architectural Historian, as described in Code of Federal Regulations Title 36, Chapter I, Part 61.

For the Blue Bonnet Hills Historic District, individual structures were evaluated to determine whether each building has retained sufficient historic integrity of those features necessary to convey its significance. The National Park Service has identified seven aspects of integrity: location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association. Structures that have lost integrity were determined to be noncontributing to the district.

In some cases, the nature of additions and other modifications resulted in the loss of integrity of design, materials, and/or workmanship. These types of modifications include incompatible, large-scale additions and replacement or removal of character-defining features. Modifications were considered in sum for each property; replacement of doors or windows alone did not necessarily result in a determination of loss of integrity. Porch enclosures also did not always necessarily result in a determination of loss of integrity; some buildings retain the ability to convey their historic appearance with enclosed partial width porches. Eighteen properties that date to the period of significance were determined to lack sufficient integrity to contribute to the historic character of the district, primarily due to large additions.



Section of E. Mary Street shown on 1962 Sanborn map

Regarding the district as a whole, the Blue Bonnet Hills subdivision retains a remarkable degree of integrity. The spatial organization of the district has remained relatively unchanged over time. Although early maps showed a portion of E. Mary Street west of Newning Street, this section was never opened and was in-filled with lots sometime after 1962. In 1932, the residents of Lockhart Drive petitioned the City Council to open the street from Brackenridge Street to Newning Avenue, which required the purchase of one lot; the remaining land between the lot and Brackenridge Street was donated by the owner.¹ None of the streets

in the district were paved when it was first established, and were still not paved in 1940, based on an analysis of historic aerial photography. Although the streets have since been improved, they have not been widened and sidewalks have not been added.

Seventy-five percent of homes in the district have retained their integrity and are contributing structures. The district appears much as it did during the period of significance.

8. BUILDING LOCATIONS AND LANDSCAPE FEATURES

Buildings are generally oriented towards the street and are set back from the lot line by 20

¹ Austin City Council Meeting Minutes, April 14, 1932.

to 40 feet. Although some homes are set back as far as 60 to 70 feet from the lot line, these instances are rare, and the district conveys a uniform streetscape. Almost all properties in the district have a street-facing driveway, often single-car width. About half of the contributing properties have detached garages; few have attached garages or carports. Historically, the majority of homes had garages as well. On the 1935 Sanborn map, there are auto garages noted on 59 of 74 developed lots within the district. Other outbuilding types include detached sheds and studios. See **Section 6.A.viii** for further discussion of landscape features.

9. HISTORIC CONTEXT OF THE DISTRICT

SOUTH AUSTIN CONTEXT

Blue Bonnet Hills is located in south-central Austin, approximately one mile south of the Colorado River and one block north of Live Oak Street. As of 1927, one year before Blue Bonnet Hills was platted, Live Oak Street was the southern boundary of the city limits. The Colorado River served as the southern boundary of the 1839 plat of Austin; the city limits were not extended south of the river until 1891. In 1852, James G. Swisher granted Travis County right of way through his farm for a road connecting Austin to San Antonio that would later become South Congress Avenue. Development was limited, however, by the lack of a reliable crossing over the Colorado River. After the collapse of several wooden bridges, an iron bridge was constructed in 1883, financed by a toll.² The City of Austin and Travis County purchased the bridge and opened it to the public free of charge in 1886.³ At the time the free bridge was opened, two residential areas had been platted south of the river in anticipation of the desirability of the area for development.

In 1876, James Swisher's son, John Milton Swisher, subdivided 180 acres of the family farm into lots along both sides of South Congress Avenue. Fairview Park, established by Charles Newning and his partners William Stacy and George Warner, was platted in 1886, north and east of the Swisher Addition. Newning established a line of horse-drawn omnibuses that carried southsiders across the bridge; the fare was exclusive of the bridge toll, which he subsidized.⁴ Although Fairview Park enjoyed some early success, including the construction of several large homes for prominent Austin businessmen, growth in the district was limited by two factors: the small market for large homes and lots as well as wealthy Austinites' disinclination to live south of the river, separated from the employment and political center of town.

The late 1920s and early 1930s were an important period in the development of south Austin. The effects of the Great Depression were countered somewhat by New Deal programs, which worked to pave streets and build bridges and parks.⁵ Although citizens had been petitioning the City to pave South Congress since at least 1916, the 90-foot wide paving to Riverside was finally completed in 1931.⁶ In 1928, the Dallas engineering firm Koch and Fowler developed the first comprehensive planning document for the city of Austin, which recommended that all of the land along Blunn Creek between the river and East Live Oak Street become parkland. Much of the land that comprises today's Blunn Creek greenbelt was initially platted as part of residential subdivisions. In 1929 the City purchased almost all of the land that would comprise Big and Little Stacy Parks and the greenbelt from individual property owners as well as the developers of the Travis Heights subdivision.

² "Early Austin Bridge," *The Texas Public Employee*, January 1969.

³ Ibid.

⁴ *Austin Weekly Statesman*, Vol. 18, No. 27, Ed. 1, Thursday, May 23, 1889.

⁵ Elizabeth Smyrl, "Travis County," *Handbook of Texas*, <http://www.tshaonline.org/handbook/online/articles/hct08>.

⁶ Austin City Council Meeting Minutes, March 7, 1929; *Austin Daily Statesman*, January 5, 1916, as transcribed in the 1916 Austin File Chronological, Austin History Center.

By 1931, 600 lots had been sold in Travis Heights, with 171 homes built.⁷ By 1937, over 300 homes had been built, and developer Harwood Stacy described the year as the neighborhood's best to date.⁸ Meanwhile, in Fairview Park, sales had slowed since the initial opening, and parts of the neighborhood were subdivided to create smaller lots. Woodlawn and Norwood Heights were subdivided from Fairview Park in 1926 and 1930, respectively. Blue Bonnet Hills was platted in 1928, and the small Roy C. Archer subdivision was platted in 1935. Although early development in Fairview Park and Travis Heights was characterized by grand Victorian homes on large lots, more modest homes dominated development in the late 1920s and later. Within the earliest platted subdivisions, bungalows slowly in-filled previously undeveloped lots, creating an eclectic mix of styles and periods of construction. Travis Heights area subdivisions platted in the 1920s and later reflected more rapid and uniform development in terms of style and scale. Blue Bonnet Hills was over 60 percent built out by 1935, with an overwhelming majority of the homes constructed in that period executed in the Craftsman and Tudor Revival styles. The demographics of residents also shifted; in contrast to the wealthy first residents of Fairview Park, Blue Bonnet Hills was a working-class neighborhood comprised of a mix of owners and renters.

A flood in June 1935 caused significant damage to South Austin, including South Congress Avenue. The city entered into an agreement to with the State Highway Department to finance flood repairs to the avenue, and destroyed buildings were also rebuilt. The *Statesman* noted in 1936 that the businesses that were destroyed "have been replaced by bigger, more attractive structures."⁹ South Congress Avenue continued to develop as a commercial corridor, including several roadside motels. The Austin Motel was established in 1938 and the San Jose Motel was built a year later. According to a 1939 issue of the *South Austin Advocate* reflecting on the history of South Austin, in 1909 "South Congress was a muddy lane with three grocery stores and one market"; by 1939 there were 13 groceries and markets and many other types of business.¹⁰ In 1941, the South Lamar bridge was constructed, providing an alternative to the Congress Avenue bridge. Development in South Austin still paled in comparison to the growth of the city north of the river. In 1950, the population south of the river was only 15,000, compared to a population of 132,000 for the city as a whole.¹¹ The first high school in South Austin, Travis High School, was constructed in 1953, and in 1956 Oltorf Street was extended to connect Lamar Boulevard and the new Interregional Highway (I-35).

BLUE BONNET HILLS

Historical development patterns in the Blue Bonnet Hills District were traced based on an analysis of Travis County Central Appraisal District year-built data; Austin City Directory records from 1927, 1929, 1930-31, 1932-33, and 1935; and Sanborn maps from 1922, 1935 and 1962. The "Paul H. Pfeifer Subdivision" was platted in March 1928, comprised of 33 lots along Leland Street and Terrace Drive, east of Brackenridge Street. One month later, the subdivision was expanded under the name "Blue Bonnet Hills Addition," which extended the boundaries to the north and east.

The Blue Bonnet Hills Addition had nine blocks with between five and 23 lots in each block. Blocks Six through Eight were platted on the east side of East Side Drive; these 22 lots became

7 "Stacy Firm Has Fostered Many Additions," *Austin Statesman*, August 12, 1931.

8 "Travis Heights Develops Rapidly," clipping in Austin File Collection S6300: Subdivisions—Travis Heights, Austin History Center.

9 Madison, "Our Little Town."

10 *South Austin Advocate*, Centennial Edition, #21, Vol. 3, April 28, 1939.

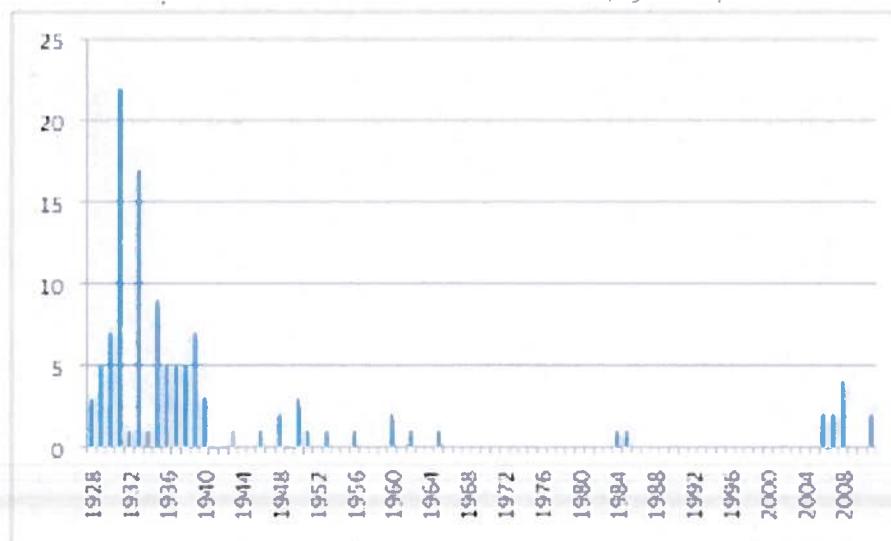
11 Mike Cox, "South Austin Comes of Age," *Austin-American Statesman*, 1976, clipping in Austin File Collection S6290: Subdivisions—South Austin, Austin History Center.

part of the Blunn Creek Greenbelt rather than ever being developed as residential property. Only one existing structure is depicted on the 1928 plat map—a relatively large one-story dwelling on Terrace Drive that has since been demolished. Also of note, the portion of Annie Street west of Newning was labeled Turner Avenue on the Blue Bonnet Hills plat map; by the time the first residences were constructed there (1930), the street was known as Annie, a continuation of the street that extended west of S. Congress Avenue. Leland Street was also historically labeled on maps as Sandow Avenue, although this street name did not appear in city directories.

The first homes in the district were constructed the same year the subdivision was platted (1928), on Lockhart Drive and Terrace Drive. The oldest homes in the district are likely 511 Lockhart Drive, 514 Lockhart Drive, and 503 Terrace Drive. Four more homes were constructed in 1929, followed by a surge of building activity in the early 1930s. It should be noted that because a single city directory was published for the years 1930-1931 and 1932-1933, addresses first appearing in these editions were conservatively assumed to have been constructed in the second year of the publishing dates. Based on data from Sanborn maps and city directories, it is estimated that 74 homes, or approximately 63 percent of the district, had been constructed by 1935 (65 of those remain today). At this time, within seven years of its platting, development was spread relatively uniformly throughout the district, with East Side Drive and Leland Street having the most vacant lots. An additional 22 homes were constructed between 1936-1939, after which development began to taper off; seven homes were constructed in the 1940s and six were constructed in the 1950s. According to Sanborn maps, only five vacant lots remained within the district in 1962. The uptick in new home construction in the district beginning in 2006 illustrates the recently renewed interest in the larger Travis Heights/ Fairview Park community as an attractive, close-in neighborhood. This area is so desirable that buyers are willing to purchase developed lots and demolish existing structures to make way for larger modern residences.

About 70 percent of the homes in Blue Bonnet Hills constructed between 1928 and 1935 were Craftsman style, with some Colonial Revival and Tudor Revival styles as well. There were also a handful of early Minimal Traditional style homes present in the district in 1935. Consistent with national trends in architectural styles, homes constructed in the 1940s were primarily Minimal Traditional style, while homes constructed in the 1950 and 1960s were primarily ranch-style homes.

HOMES CONSTRUCTED IN BLUE BONNET HILLS BY YEAR, 1928-2014



SIGNIFICANT EVENTS REFLECTED IN THE DISTRICT

The Blue Bonnet Hills subdivision and its immediate surroundings reflect several important development trends that shaped the growth of the City of Austin and also follow nationwide trends. In 1928, the Dallas engineering firm Koch and Fowler developed the first comprehensive planning document for the city of Austin. Recommendations made in the plan reflected several nationwide trends, including the City Beautiful Movement.

The rapid growth of American cities following the Civil War was largely unplanned, and caused concern among architects. As director of the 1893 World's Columbian Exhibition, architect Daniel Burnham helped to spread a growing nationwide interest in urban planning that would continue to develop over the next several decades as the City Beautiful Movement. This concept promoted beautification through order and harmony in architecture and urban design, including incorporation of parks and green spaces. The execution of some of these trends in Texas was several years behind the east coast (as is also observed in the spread of architectural styles), but is nonetheless part of the legacy of the movement.

The 1928 plan mapped existing as well as proposed parkland, and recommended that all of the land bordering the north side of the Colorado River within the city limits be future park space. In South Austin, the area between South 1st Street and Lamar Boulevard; the area that today is occupied by Edgecliff Terrace; and all of the land along Blunn Creek between the river and Live Oak Street was proposed for parkways. The City took action to purchase the required land almost immediately. The 1927 Austin city directory reported eight parks; by 1931 the number had increased to 12, encompassing 375 acres.

The strip of parkland dividing Blue Bonnet Hills from Travis Heights is known as the Blunn Creek Greenbelt and links Big Stacy Park on the south to Little Stacy Park to the north. Part of the land that comprises the greenbelt was initially platted as part of the Blue Bonnet Hills subdivision in 1928. In the spring of the following year, the City purchased almost all of the land that would comprise these two parks and the greenbelt between. In April of 1929, all of the lots platted east of East Side Drive within Blue Bonnet Hills were sold to the City. Seventeen lots in Blocks Seven and Eight were sold by T.H. Lockhart and his wife Sadie, while the five lots in Block Six were sold by Albert and Beatrice Moore. To complete the contiguous parkway, the Stacy Realty Company, the developers of the Travis Heights subdivision, sold additional land to the City in the following months. Minutes from a 1934 City Council meeting noted the receipt of a letter of thanks from Mrs. Frances H. Stacy for the naming of Stacy Park after her deceased husband, William H. Stacy.

DEVELOPER PAUL PFEIFER

Blue Bonnet Hills was platted by Paul Herbert Pfeifer (1894-1989), a real estate and insurance agent. He is listed in the 1924 Austin city directory as a salesman at Carl Wendlandt & Sons, a real estate firm. In 1927 he was listed as being employed as an agent at Hal Hailey Company; by 1929 he had hung out his own shingle as Pfeifer & Baggett Real Estate, Loans, and Insurance with an office on Lavaca Street. In the 1930-1931 city directory, the company is listed as Paul H. Pfeifer Company Real Estate, Loans, and Insurance with an office on Colorado Street.

Pfeifer was recorded in the 1930 Census as residing with his wife Mildred Giles Pfeifer in a home they owned at 4209 Avenue G in Hyde Park. Pfeifer married Mildred Giles in 1927. She was born in Manor, Texas, and the 1924 city directory indicates that she worked as a teacher while living with her parents on W. 23rd Street. Her father served as president of Capital City Farm Loan Association. In the 1930 Census, Pfeifer reported that his father was born in Germany and his mother was born in Sweden. By the time of the 1940 Census, the

Pfeifers had two sons and were living at 911 W. 5th Street. Pfeifer was listed as the owner of the dwelling, with five other households listed as renters at the address. The 1940 Census record indicates that Pfeifer had a 6th grade education; his wife was listed as having completed four years of college. By 1947, the Pfeifers had moved to 4413 Avenue G in Hyde Park. Pfeifer continued to work in real estate and died in Austin in 1989 at age 94.

RESIDENTS OF THE DISTRICT

An analysis of early residents of the district utilizing Austin city directories and the 1940 Census suggests that Blue Bonnet Hills was a working-class neighborhood comprised of a mix of owners and renters. Both sources indicated that households had multiple wage earners, including women. Early residents reported a variety of occupations in the 1940 Census, including grocery clerk, chef, fireman, cashier, and mason. City directory records from 1930 to 1960 listed occupations such as mail carrier, painter, plumber, shoe repairman, carpenter, mechanic, teller, typist, nurse, and teacher.

Teachers included staff at Austin High School and the Texas School for the Deaf (TSD). Recognizing the close connection between the TSD and the surrounding neighborhood, TSD historian Franna Camenisch prepared an inventory of TSD staff members who lived in the Travis Heights/Fairview Park area based on city directories. An analysis of this data showed that there were at least 129 TSD staff members who have resided in the larger Travis Heights/Fairview Park neighborhood and at least seven who resided in the Blue Bonnet Hills subdivision. Jerry Hassell lived at 1912 Newning Avenue, and was listed as residing there in the 1955 Austin city directory. Hassell (1928-2007) was a graduate of the TSD, and taught there for 30 years. He was also the first deaf instructor hired by the University of Texas.¹² Jack Hensley and his wife Norma resided at 1910 Newning Avenue in the 1950s. Hensley (1919-1989) was a student at TSD and returned to teach there for 39 years until his retirement in 1984.¹³ He also served on the school's governing board. The Upper School Library at the TSD was later named the Jack Hoit Hensley Library in his honor.

NEIGHBORING SUBDIVISIONS

When the Blue Bonnet Hills subdivision was established in 1928, most of the immediately surrounding land had been already been platted. To the west were Fairview Park (1886) and Newning and Warner's Subdivision (1894); to the south were Pleasant View (1915) and the Swisher Addition (1876); to the east was Travis Heights (1913). To the north was the Roy C. Archer subdivision, platted in 1935. This small, 15-lot development was subdivided out of Fairview Park and was the only neighboring subdivision to post-date the first development in Blue Bonnet Hills. Although the other adjacent subdivisions had been platted decades before Blue Bonnet Hills, these subdivisions were not yet built out in 1928 and continued to be developed contemporaneously with Blue Bonnet Hills. In terms of architectural character, the style, scale, and age of the housing stock in Blue Bonnet Hills is very similar to that of neighboring subdivisions, including Travis Heights. Like Blue Bonnet Hills, homes in the adjacent subdivisions are primarily one-story, modest-scale homes in the Craftsman, Tudor Revival, and Minimal Traditional styles.

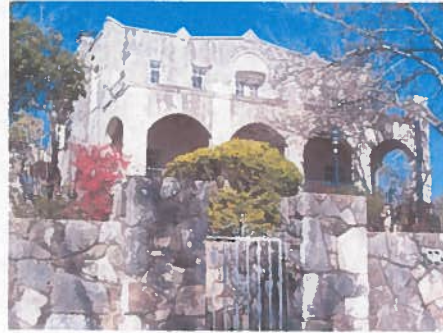
SIGNIFICANT BUILDINGS IN THE DISTRICT

The two-story Moorish-influenced Mediterranean revival residence at 1924 Newning is one of the largest homes in the district and perhaps the most architecturally significant home in the district. The structure is designated as a City of Austin Landmark for its architecture

¹² "Jerry Hassell," http://deafpeople.com/history/history_info/hassell.html.

¹³ "Retired School for Deaf Teacher Dies at 69," *Austin American-Statesman*, January 21, 1989.

and its associations with Louis and Flossie John, prominent and representative members of Austin's Maronite Lebanese community. The John family owned grocery stores, liquor stores and other businesses.¹⁴ The two-story structure was constructed in 1937 and sits above the street on a hilltop, bordered by a 4-foot stone retaining wall. The house's exterior walls are limestone and rest on a limestone perimeter wall foundation. The tar and gravel roof is flat and features a parapet with decorative points and detailing. The independent front porch is full-length with multiple archways supported by stone square columns. The porch roof is also flat. The house features metal casement windows and a wooden door with glazing. A detached garage and guesthouse were constructed in 1939 in the Minimal Traditional style at the rear of the property; this structure is also contributing to the district.



10. ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS

No architects or builders have been identified for contributing buildings within the Blue Bonnet Hills Historic District. The neighborhood likely includes a mix of custom homes designed by architects and vernacular homes inspired by model house designs and published pattern books, constructed by local contractors.

NOMINATION PREPARED BY

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Austin, TX 78701
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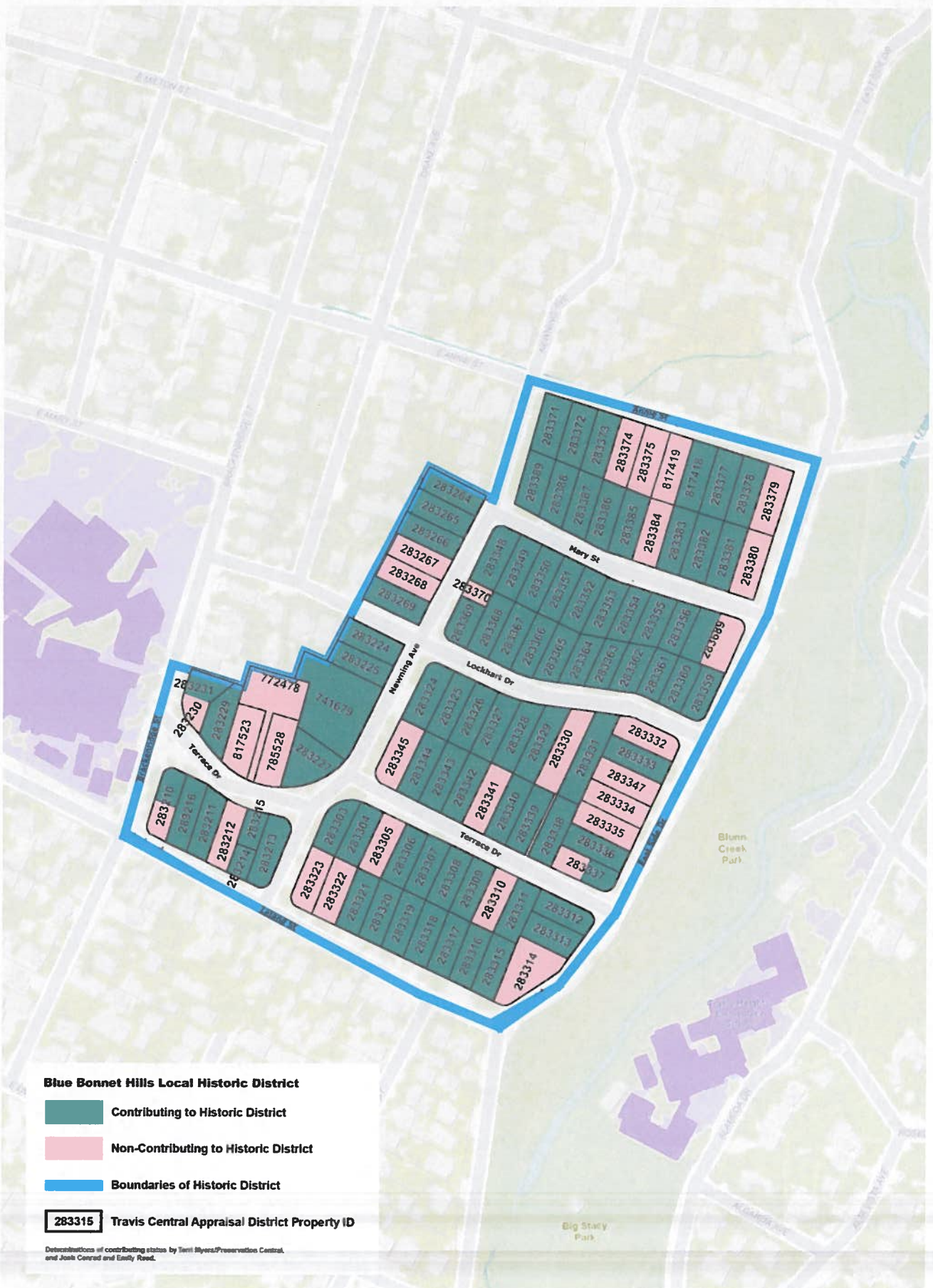
NEIGHBORHOOD REPRESENTATIVES

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511 Lockhart Dr.
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¹⁴ City of Austin, Third Reading Summary Sheet, C14H-2010-0001 (Louis and Flossie John House, 1924 Newning Avenue), <http://www.austintexas.gov/edims/document.cfm?id=140646>

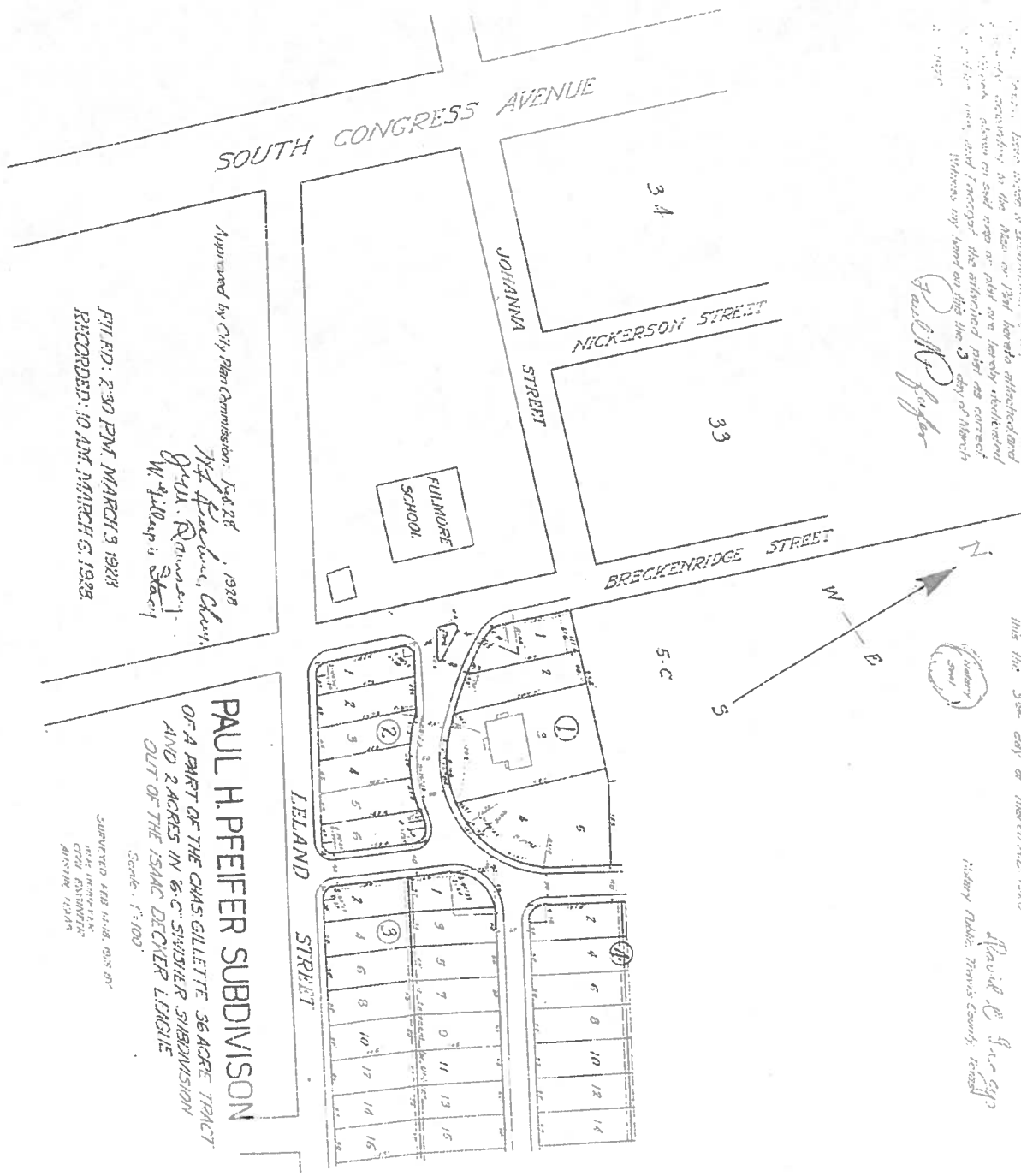
Appendix A

Maps



Edw. M. Porter

David E. Long
Ordinary Public Trusts County Treas.



Approved by City Plan Commission: Feb 28, 1928
 H. H. Lawrence, Mayor.
 O. U. Ransom.
 W. H. Lipp is Secretary

FILED: 2:30 PM MARCH 3 1928
 RECORDED: 10 AM MARCH 5, 1928

PAUL H. PFEIFER SUBDIVISION
OF A PART OF THE CHAS GILLETTE 36 ACRE TRACT
AND 2 ACRES IN 6-C" SWISHER SUBDIVISION
OUT OF THE ISAAC SCHWARTZ LEASE
Scale: 1"=100'

SUBMITTED FEB. 14-18, 1935 BY
JAMES H. PFEIFER
CHAS. E. SCHWARTZ
AUSTIN, TEXAS

SURVEIVED FEB 14-18. PAS BY
WILLIAM W. W. W.
CITY EXHIBITION
ALISTBY T. L. L.

PLATE 1



1962 Sanborn



Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District

Preservation Plan and Design Standards

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Design Review Process

A. District Boundaries

The district boundaries follow those of the “Blue Bonnet Hills Addition, being the Paul Pfeifer Subdivision,” platted in 1928. The boundaries are E. Annie Street to the north, East Side Drive to the east, and Leland Street to the south. To the west, the boundaries are Newning Avenue and Brackenridge Street. The district includes homes on the south side of the 500 block of E. Annie Street, two homes on Brackenridge Street (1913 & 1915), homes in the 1800 to 2000 block of East Side Drive, homes on the north side of Leland Street west of Newning Avenue, all homes in the 500 block of Lockhart Drive, all homes in the 500 block of E. Mary Street, the homes in the 1800 to 2000 block of Newning Avenue, and all homes on Terrace Drive.

B. Certificate of Appropriateness

PURPOSE OF THE CERTIFICATE OF APPROPRIATENESS

The Certificate of Appropriateness review process ensures that proposed changes to a property in the historic district comply with these Design Standards. A Certificate of Appropriateness must be granted before a building permit will be issued by the City.

ACTIVITIES THAT REQUIRE A CERTIFICATE OF APPROPRIATENESS

The design review process does not require property owners to proactively make changes to their properties, such as restoring buildings to their historic appearance. The design review process only comes into play once a property owner initiates a construction project that is substantial enough to require a Certificate of Appropriateness.

According to the City of Austin Land Development Code, a person must obtain a Certificate of Appropriateness to change, restore, remove, or demolish an exterior architectural or site feature of a structure that is contributing to the historic district. A Certificate of Appropriateness is not necessary for work proposed to non-contributing buildings within the District, and these Design Standards do not apply to non-contributing buildings. However, the owners of non-contributing buildings (especially of historic age) may want to consider these standards as guidelines for considering design options that reflect the architectural character of the neighborhood.

A Certificate of Appropriateness is NOT required for:

- Remodeling the interior of the building;
- Routine maintenance projects, provided that work follows the treatment guidelines set forth in Appendix C to ensure that the work does not affect the historic character of the resource. This can include painting, repointing of masonry, foundation repair, etc., or
- Remodeling of non-contributing buildings.

A Certificate of Appropriateness IS required for the following:

- Replacing siding, porches, doors, windows, or roofing materials;
- Exterior alterations to existing buildings and sites including, but not limited to, the construction of additions, decks, pools, or the installation of new windows, doors or roofs;
- Demolition of existing buildings or parts of buildings;
- New construction;
- Relocation of existing buildings into or out of the district; or
- Landscape changes requiring a City permit.

The City Historic Preservation Office will review applications to determine if a Certificate of Appropriateness is necessary.

PROCESS FOR OBTAINING A CERTIFICATE OF APPROPRIATENESS

Applications for a Certificate of Appropriateness must be submitted to the City Historic Preservation Office in accordance with the submission schedule provided by the City Historic Preservation Office. The application form and current fee schedule can be obtained from the City Historic Preservation Office or the City of Austin website. Property owners can contact City staff in the early planning stages of a project for assistance in interpreting the Standards, for suggested solutions to problems, and for explanation of the review process and requirements. The Historic Preservation Office staff can also provide on-site consultations and other technical assistance.

The City Historic Preservation Office conducts a preliminary review of the application for a Certificate of Appropriateness and might contact the applicant to get additional information or to suggest changes to the application.

Depending on the scale of the project, the application for a Certificate of Appropriateness will be evaluated by either the City Historic Preservation Officer or the City of Austin Historic Landmark Commission, in accordance with the criteria below.

The City Historic Preservation Officer may administratively approve applications for Certificates of Appropriateness for the following:

- Accurate restoration or reconstruction of a documented missing historic architectural element of the structure or site;

Changes that do not affect the appearance of the structure or site from an adjacent public street, limited to:

- Demolition of garages, sheds, carports, or other outbuildings that are non-contributing;
- Construction of a ground-floor, one-story addition or outbuilding with less than 600 square feet of gross floor area;
- Two-story additions to the rear of two-story houses; or
- A pool, deck, fence, back porch enclosure, or other minor feature.

The Historic Landmark Commission must hear all other Certificates of Appropriateness.

The Historic Preservation Office or Historic Landmark Commission may grant the Certificate of Appropriateness if the application conforms to these Design Standards. If the Certificate of Appropriateness is not granted, the Historic Landmark Commission may require the applicant to modify the proposed work and revise the application accordingly. Appeal of a denial of a Certificate of Appropriateness can be made to the appropriate land use commission and, if denied, to the City Council in accordance with City Code.

Each property is unique and its lot size and shape can vary. Therefore, the Historic Landmark Commission reviews each case individually and allows exceptions to the Design Standards if it determines that the proposed design will maintain the relevant character-defining features of the property and the District. Demonstrating financial hardship is a separate and distinct process, set forth in City of Austin Code, Ordinance No. 20090806-068.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE APPLICANT

The responsibility for demonstrating that the proposed project meets these Design Standards lies with the applicant. The applicant shall submit sufficient photographs or physical documentation to demonstrate that the proposed project meets these standards. The Historic Preservation Office or Historic Landmark Commission can require additional documentation as necessary.

The historic property can also be designated a Recorded Texas Historic Landmark (RTHL) or a State Antiquities Landmark (SAL), which requires review by the Texas Historical Commission (THC). In this case, the applicant is responsible for submitting the proposed work to the THC for review independent of the Local Historic District review process.

PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS

Any person or corporation who violates provisions of the Standards is subject to the same criminal misdemeanor and civil penalties that apply to any other violation of the City Code.

PERIODIC REVIEW

These Design Standards are not intended to be static. They are subject to periodic review, revision, and amendment. The process for revising or amending the Design Standards shall follow the process set forth for Neighborhood Plans, as described in City of Austin Code, which states:

The director shall conduct a general review of a neighborhood plan not earlier than five years after the adoption of the plan and may recommend amendments of a plan to the Planning Commission and council. The director shall include neighborhood stakeholder input in the review process.

Architectural Character of the District

A. General Landscape Characteristics

The following description of the overall landscape and streetscape of the District is based upon the section titled "Understanding Residential Suburbs as Cultural Landscapes" in the *National Register Bulletin for Historic Residential Suburbs: Guidelines for Evaluation and Documentation for the National Register of Historic Places*.¹

¹

This National Register Bulletin is available online at <http://www.nps.gov/nr/publications/bulletins/suburbs/index.htm>

1. Land Use

HISTORIC LAND USE PATTERNS

This Blue Bonnet Hills (BBH) historic district has historically been a residential district consisting mostly of single-family detached residential houses on small lots (less than 0.5 acre) with a few relatively larger (0.5-1 acre) lots. The district does not contain any commercial or institutional properties, though Fulmore Middle School lies just to the west of the district and Travis Heights Elementary lies just to the east. The district was originally platted with a number of single-family residential lots located east of East Side Drive, the district's eastern boundary, but in 1929 the city purchased this land for what now is the Blunn Creek Greenbelt, a creekside city park currently running through the middle of the greater Travis Heights residential neighborhood. The park is not a part of the BBH historic district.

CURRENT LAND USE PATTERNS

Today, land use within the district's boundaries continues to be primarily single-family residential mixed with small amounts of new multi-family residential buildings. The relative amount of multi-family residential uses within the district has increased over time.

MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL LAND USE

Although the district historically included only single-family residences, today a few lots have been recently re-developed for multi-family use on Terrace Drive.

2. Responses to the Natural Environment

TOPOGRAPHY

The topography of the district generally slopes down to Blunn Creek, east of the district. The average slope of this decline is steep enough to have historically encouraged the use of retaining walls and full-height basement levels on some lots, particularly along Annie, Mary, Lockhart, Terrace, and East Side Drive. Many homes in this area also have 5 to 10-step tall front stairs to reconcile the significant grade difference from the street.

TREES AND NATURAL LANDSCAPE

Many of the district's lots are shaded by dense mature tree cover, while others have only a few large shade trees. Along some streets such as Lockhart, the tree canopy is effectively contiguous over the street. Only along the edges of the district, where it borders Fulmore Middle School and the Blunn Creek Greenbelt, does the density of tree cover give way to more open park-like spaces.

DESIGNED LANDSCAPE

The designed landscape elements within the district are varied and eclectic. Generous front yards, commonly twenty to forty feet deep, are as often heavily covered with dense groundcover, plantings, fences and stone-lined gardens as they are open grass lawns with a few shade trees. Because there are only a few streets with sidewalks and roadside mailboxes in the district, many yards have walkways of various types from the street to the front door or porch. These walkways are generally separate from driveways, which often lead to the side or rear of the buildings. Often fences and short retaining walls line the edge of the street. Additionally, a lack of sidewalks promotes dense plantings along the street curb, which often spill over into the street. This, along with the dense tree canopy and landscape variety, helps give the district a sense of vibrancy and maturity.

3. Patterns of Spatial Organization

SUBDIVISION OF LOTS

Lots in the district are nearly all rectangular and less than 0.5 acre, though some lots are double-width. Others, such as 1924 Newning, are uniquely large (0.5-1 acre) and squareish. A few other corner lots have unique shapes.

ORGANIZATION OF LOTS

Buildings are generally oriented towards the street and are set back from the lot line by twenty to forty feet. In a typical small lot, a driveway will extend from the street past the side of the house to the rear of the lot where there might be a back yard, a garage or other outbuildings, but in some instances lots do not have driveways. On larger lots, the main building will either have a large setback or it will have a typical setback and a large rear yard with outbuildings or secondary dwellings.

4. Circulation Networks

STREET PATTERNS

The street pattern in the district is generally rectilinear with slight curves. In some areas the street intersections tend to be relatively wide, occasionally containing small landscaped islands such as at the intersection of Brackenridge Street and Terrace Drive. There are no cul-de-sac street endings in the district.

MAJOR THOROUGHFARES

The major north-to-south collector roads for the district are Newning Avenue and East Side Drive, which lead south to Leland and north to Annie and Monroe, from which drivers can access South Congress Avenue, the major arterial road for the area. However, many of these collector streets are indistinguishable from the local streets in the district in terms of width; all roads in the district are two-lane undivided streets.

ALLEYS

There is one alley in the district.

SIDEWALKS

Sidewalks are present in very few locations in the district. Those that exist are only present in front of a single house or two on a block.

5. Boundary Demarcations

DISTRICT BOUNDARIES

The boundaries are E. Annie Street to the north, East Side Drive to the east, and Leland Street to the south. To the west, the boundaries are Newning Avenue and Brackenridge Street. The district includes homes on the south side of the 500 block of E. Annie Street, two homes on Brackenridge Street (1913 & 1915), homes in the 1800 to 2000 block of East Side Drive, homes on the north side of Leland Street west of Newning Avenue, all homes in the 500 block of Lockhart Drive, all homes in the 500 block of E. Mary Street, the homes in the 1800 to 2000 block of Newning Avenue, and all homes on Terrace Drive.

PROPERTY BOUNDARIES

Property boundaries vary throughout the district, though it is common for individual properties to have fences and vegetation dividing parcels in the back yard. Generally, front yards are open to the street, though there are many examples of properties with fences, gates, low retaining walls and/or vegetation along the street. Fence styles vary throughout the district but they generally are below six feet.

6. Small-Scale Elements

Common smaller-scale elements found along the district's street edges include wooden electrical poles, basic street signage, fire hydrants, and other nondescript infrastructural elements such as electrical boxes. When street lighting is provided, it is typically attached to the electrical poles. Other than these elements, the arrangement of street edges of the district are left to the eclectic whims of the property owners.

B. Local Architectural Type and Character

Property types and architectural styles are useful categories for analyzing general types of historic resources commonly found within historic districts. The inventory of historic properties (Appendix C of the local historic district application) provides a list of the specific property types and architectural styles found within the historic district. The following analysis sets forth typical character-defining features of property types and architectural styles that are within the period of significance from 1928 to 1946.. Note that many examples of historic resources do not strictly fit any property type or architectural style classification. Similarly, a typical example of a property type or architectural style may exhibit some of the character-defining features below, but not all. Other examples of historic resources may combine eclectic elements from several property types or architectural styles. This analysis of property types and architectural styles seeks to find commonalities among general trends, though the inventory of resources within a historic district inevitably will include exceptions.

Property type designation is primarily based upon the function intended for the building at the time of its construction. Because form follows function, properties that share a use-type often share similarities in floor plan, roof form, size, and scale. Similar property types often are clustered together due to a variety of factors influencing development, including proximity to transportation, property values, desire for visibility versus desire for privacy, and convenience. Property Type Classifications are based on a combination of the resource's original use or function, stylistic influences, and form/plan type. Although this system works well for the majority of the identified resources, some properties are unique and may not fall under a single standard property type classification. Standard classifications for architectural forms and styles are set forth by the National Park Service in *Bulletin No. 16a, How to Complete the National Register Registration Form*.

1. L-Plan



L-Plan House (515 Annie St.)



L-Plan House with Porch (509 Lockhart Dr.)

Most L-plan houses were constructed after the arrival of the railroad using milled lumber with prefabricated decorative elements. These houses typically are one or one-and-a-half stories in height with an L-shaped floor plan and a cross-gabled roof form. Historic additions to the rear of the building are typical. L-plan houses are usually set back with a front yard. Wood or cast iron fences may be present. Original barns or sheds may be present. Although not original, detached garages may have been added within the district's period of significance.

- Exterior Walls: Typically constructed with wood siding or wood shingles finished with paint, although occasionally brick or stone.
- Foundation: Pier and beam, typically with brick or wood piers.
- Porches: Typically partial-width set within the interior angle of the L-plan. Often feature decorative wood detailing in the Queen Anne Style, such as turned porch posts, turned balusters, and spindle friezes. Mid-twentieth century examples may employ Minimal Traditional Style detailing.
- Roofs: Originally usually metal shingle, corrugated metal, or standing seam metal. Often feature decorative wood detailing in the Queen Anne Style, such as bargeboards.
- Windows: Double-hung wood-sash, often with a two-over-two or four-over-four configuration. Often feature projecting bay windows or dormer windows.
- Doors: Typically paneled wood with glazing.
- Chimneys: Original stone or brick masonry chimney or metal stovepipe typically located at interior of floor plan or at gable ends.

2. Bungalow



Front-gabled Bungalow (502 Lockhart Dr.)



Side-gabled Bungalow (310 Leland St.)

The bungalow is a nationally popular house form that was always constructed after the arrival of the railroad, and typically constructed after local popularization of the automobile. Bungalow plans were standardized, often distributed through lumber companies. Bungalows are usually one-story in height, but sometimes one-and-a-half or two-stories. Floor plans usually are organized with the living room, dining room, and kitchen aligned on one side of the house, and the bedrooms aligned on the other side, so that corridor space is minimized. In Austin, bungalows typically are set back from the street, with a front yard. Concrete sidewalks or driveway runners may be present. Because bungalows often were constructed after the advent of the automobile, a detached garage may be associated with the house, and/or a porte cochere attached to a side of the house.

- Exterior Walls: Typically constructed of milled lumber with wood siding finished with paint, but sometimes constructed of brick or stone masonry.
- Foundation: Typically pier and beam with brick piers, but sometimes concrete stem wall and footing.
- Porches: Typically partial-width with a front-gabled roof form and wood or concrete porch floor. Often feature Craftsman Style tapered porch piers, sometimes on wood or stone bases. However, sometimes feature Classical Revival Style, Tudor Revival Style, Spanish Colonial Revival Style, or Mission Revival Style porch supports and detailing.
- Roofs: Roof form typically front- or side-gabled, with deep eaves. Originally usually standing seam metal or asphalt or asbestos shingle. Often detailed with exposed rafter ends.
- Windows: Double-hung wood-sash, usually with a one-over-one configuration. Often feature wood screens with geometric detailing on the upper sash with Craftsman Style or Prairie Style motifs. Eyebrow gable windows may be present.
- Doors: Typically paneled wood with glazing.
- Chimneys: Typically brick masonry chimney located at the side elevation.

3. Ranch



Compact Ranch Form (510 Terrace Dr.)



Ranch Form with Large Front Chimney (510 Lockhart Dr)

The Ranch house probably is the most common house form found in Austin. These houses were constructed nationwide beginning ca. 1940 and continuing with the post-World War II housing boom. Ranch houses were constructed using prefabricated building materials, and often standardized plans were repeated within subdivisions. The Ranch house form is nearly always one-story. The footprint may be rectangular, L-plan, rambling and irregular, or even split-level. The interior floor plan of a Ranch house is open, with free-flowing living, dining, and kitchen spaces, many of which open out to outdoor spaces, such as courtyards or patios. Ranch houses typically lack applied architectural ornament, and instead feature details integral to the design of the house that are influenced by the Ranch Style, Modern Style, or Contemporary Style. In Austin, neighborhoods of Ranch houses include typically suburban landscape patterns, with houses set back from the street with a front yard. Concrete sidewalks and driveways are often present. Garages or carports are integral to the overall form and design of the Ranch house, and most examples include an attached carport or one- or two-car garage.

- Exterior Walls: Sometimes constructed of milled lumber with wood siding finished with paint or asbestos shingle siding, and sometimes brick or stone masonry. Masonry units often thin with horizontal emphasis, such as Roman brick or flagstone.
- Foundation: Typically concrete slab.
- Porches: Typically partial-width and recessed under the main roof form. Often feature geometric wood or decorative metal porch supports, or porch roof may be cantilevered. Porch floors typically concrete. Brick or stone planters sometimes integrated into porch design.
- Roofs: typically low-sloped and hipped or side-gabled, sometimes with deep eaves. Originally usually asphalt or asbestos shingle.
- Windows: Often wood or metal casement; awning or jalousie; or double-hung metal sash. Often feature large, fixed-pane picture windows.
- Doors: Typically wood, often with geometric glazing or relief patterns.
- Chimneys: When present, often wide, constructed of Roman brick or flagstone masonry, and set asymmetrically on front façade.

4. Domestic Outbuildings



Detached Garage Apartment (308 Leland St)



Detached Secondary Dwelling (1926 Newning Ave.)

The detached garage is the overwhelmingly most common historic domestic outbuilding found in Austin. Detached garages typically are one-story in height with a rectangular footprint and a single, open interior space. Garage apartments may be two stories in height, with an open garage space on the ground floor and a living space above. Some domestic properties retain agricultural outbuildings, such as barns or sheds, which pre-date the residential development of the surrounding neighborhood. Domestic outbuildings typically are sited at the rear of the lot, behind the main house.

- Exterior Walls: Most commonly wood siding or board-and-batten, but may be brick or stone.
- Foundation: Usually poured concrete slab, but some examples have no foundation, only a dirt floor.
- Porches: Domestic outbuildings seldom include porches.
- Roofs: Roof form most often front-gabled, but may be side-gabled or hipped. Roofing material usually matches the associated main house.
- Windows: Usually limited to side façades. Window materials and configuration typically match associated main house.
- Doors: In garages, overhead rolling doors are common, but original hasp-hung doors or hinged doors may be present.
- Chimneys: Domestic outbuildings seldom include chimneys.

C. Architectural Styles of Austin

Not all historic resources are exemplary of a particular architectural style. On the other hand, some eclectically combine several styles (especially early twentieth century Revival styles). Other historic resources were constructed during a period of stylistic transition, featuring some elements of a more traditional style (such as Minimal Traditional) combined with other elements of a more progressive style (such as Ranch or Modern). Architectural styles found within the Historic District are listed below. Architectural styles can be integral to the form of the building and related to the property type, or can be displayed through decorative ornament applied to a building. Some typical character-defining features of each architectural style are listed. A resource does not need to display all of the listed character-defining features to be considered a good example of a style; however, when these character-defining features are intact, they must be preserved in order to preserve the overall character of the architectural style. Resources also may exhibit different stylistic elements due to changes over time. If these changes occurred during the historic district's period of significance, such changes should be respected and possibly retained during restoration or rehabilitation projects. Photos of examples of each style are provided with each property type section.

Architectural styles can be integral to the form of the building or manifested in decorative ornament applied to a building. While property types often are clustered together, architectural styles may be very eclectic within a grouping. Architectural styles often vary depending on date of construction or historic use. Some architectural styles were very popular for a confined period of time but then declined in popularity, but because many architectural styles—especially “Revival” styles—have their roots in earlier architectural styles, they are used throughout the historic period rather than in one confined era. Standard classifications for architectural styles are set forth by the National Park Service in Bulletin No. 16a, *How to Complete the National Register Registration Form*, and are derived from texts in American Architectural History such as *American Architecture Since 1780: A Guide to Architectural Styles* by Marcus Whiffen; *Identifying American Architecture* by John J. G. Blumenson; *What Style Is It?* by John Poppeliers, S. Allen Chambers, and Nancy B. Schwartz; and *A Field Guide to American Houses* by Virginia and Lee McAlester. (Refer to in *Appendix D: Additional Resources*.) The inventory of historic resources identified a variety of architectural styles extant within the Historic District today (see *Section C* of this application).

1. Revival Styles



Tudor Revival House (514 Terrace Dr.)



Colonial Revival House (500 Mary St.)

TUDOR REVIVAL

- Building Form: Bungalow, L-plan, or irregular.
- Exterior Walls: Usually brick masonry in varying colors, patterns, and textures, with exaggerated mortar joints, sometimes seeping. Sometimes stucco. Faux half-timbering often adorning gable-ends. Wing walls or buttresses sometimes accenting front façade.
- Foundation: Usually skirted with brick.
- Porches: If present, sometimes include low-sloped Gothic arches supported by brick piers.
- Roofs: Gable-on-hip or front gabled. Often complex. Eaves sometimes swept.
- Windows: Usually double-hung wood sash. Window openings sometimes feature low-sloped Gothic arches. Sometimes feature picture windows with leaded glass in a lattice pattern.
- Doors: Round-arched wood doors with small lites.
- Chimneys: Prominent brick chimneys, often on front façade. Sometimes feature chimney caps with corbelling or crenellations.

COLONIAL REVIVAL

- Building form: American four-square, two-story center-passage, or bungalow.
- Exterior walls: Typically red brick.
- Foundations: Typically pier and beam skirted with brick.
- Porches: Often lack porches. Sometimes include front-gabled or arched awnings over the main entrance, supported by brackets. If present, porches usually partial-width, with front-gabled roof supported by white wood or stone columns.
- Roofs: Side-gable. Wood cornice and enclosed eaves, often painted white.
- Windows: Typically double-hung wood sash, painted white. Often flanked by wood shutters.
- Doors: Typically wood, sometimes topped with fanlights. Commonly include sidelights, ornate door surrounds, pediments, etc.
- Chimneys: Typically red brick.

2. Early Twentieth-Century American Styles



Prairie Style House (1920 Newning Ave.)



Craftsman House (516 Leland St.)

PRAIRIE

- Building Form: American four-square, L-plan or bungalow.
- Exterior Walls: Typically brick or stone, with wood trim details .
- Foundation: Typically skirted with wood, stone or brick.
- Porches: Partial-width or full-width, often with front-gabled roof, typically supported by tapered wood or massive square stone or brick columns.
- Roofs: Low-sloped hipped or gabled, with deep eaves, often with clean, boxed ends.
- Windows: Typically double-hung wood sash, often with decorative transoms and wood screens with geometric detail.
- Doors: Typically wood with glazing, sometimes with transoms and sidelights.
- Chimneys: Brick, sometimes with corbelling or stone coping.

CRAFTSMAN

- Building Form: L-plan or bungalow.
- Exterior Walls: Typically wood siding or asbestos shingle, sometimes brick. Sometimes feature wood shingle detailing.
- Foundation: Typically skirted with wood or brick. Skirt walls sometimes battered.
- Porches: Partial-width or full-width, often with front-gabled roof, typically supported by tapered wood or stone columns but sometimes supported by decorative metal posts.
- Roofs: Low-sloped hipped or gabled, with deep eaves, often with exposed rafter ends.
- Windows: Typically double-hung wood sash, often with wood screens with geometric detail.
- Doors: Typically wood with glazing, sometimes with transoms and sidelights.
- Chimneys: Brick, sometimes with corbelling or stone coping.



Modernistic House (1928 Newning Ave.)

MODERNISTIC

- Building Form: Split-Level or irregular.
- Exterior Walls: Often smooth stucco, sometimes with brick detailing
- Foundation: Concrete slab.
- Porches: If present, typically a small stoop or recessed assymetrically.
- Roofs: Flat with parapet, sometimes with small coping at roof line
- Windows: Steel fixed and casement frames, also often round “porthole” windows and glass brick; windows often wrap corners
- Doors: Wood, often with small simple square or circular lites.
- Chimneys: If present, broad and simple stuccoed brick or stone.

3. Mid-Century Styles



MINIMAL TRADITIONAL

- Building Form: L-plan, modified L-plan, bungalow, or ranch.
- Exterior walls: Wood siding or asphalt shingle. Decorative wood shingles, board-and-batten, or waney-edge siding sometimes present at gable ends. Brick or stone veneer sometimes present at water table.
- Foundation: Pier and beam with wood skirt, or concrete slab.
- Porches: Typically partial-width, supported by simple wood posts, geometric wood posts, or decorative metal posts.
- Roofs: Cross-gabled or gable-on-hip.
- Windows: Casement or double-hung, wood or metal sash. Fixed picture windows sometimes present at front façade. Decorative wood shutters common.
- Doors: Wood, often with small lites in geometric patterns.
- Chimneys: If present, simple brick or stone.

RANCH STYLE

- Building Form: Ranch or Split-Level.
- Exterior Walls: Often brick or stone masonry, often using Roman brick or flagstone; sometimes wood siding or asbestos shingle siding.
- Foundation: Concrete slab.
- Porches: If present, typically recessed under main roof form and supported by simple wood posts or decorative metal posts. Floor typically concrete. Integral stone or brick planters often common. Details may exhibit influences of Revival Styles.
- Roofs: Low-sloped hipped or side-gabled, with deep eaves. Clerestory windows sometimes present at gable ends or below eaves. Details may exhibit influences of Revival Styles.
- Windows: Double-hung, casement, awning or jalousie, with wood or metal sash.
- Doors: Wood, often with small lites in geometric patterns. Decorative metal screen doors.
- Chimneys: If present, broad and simple brick or stone.

Design Standards

For the purposes of these Design Standards the words "**should**" and "**may**" indicate that a property owner is **encouraged** to meet the standard and are recommendations for best practices, but **are not obligatory**.

The words "**shall**" and "**must**" denote **requirements** to meet the standard.

The term "compatible design" refers to height, setback, massing and scale of a building; it does not refer to style.

A. Certificate of Appropriateness

PURPOSE OF THE CERTIFICATE OF APPROPRIATENESS

The Certificate of Appropriateness review process ensures that proposed changes to a property in the historic district comply with these Design Standards. A Certificate of Appropriateness must be granted before a building permit will be issued by the City.

ACTIVITIES THAT REQUIRE A CERTIFICATE OF APPROPRIATENESS

The design review process does not require property owners to proactively make changes to their properties, such as restoring buildings to their historic appearance. The design review process only comes into play once a property owner initiates a construction project that is substantial enough to require a Certificate of Appropriateness.

According to the City of Austin Land Development Code, a person must obtain a Certificate of Appropriateness to change, restore, remove, or demolish an exterior architectural or site feature of a structure that is contributing to the historic district. A Certificate of Appropriateness is not necessary for work proposed to a non-contributing building within the District, and these Design Standards do not apply to non-contributing buildings. However, the owners of a non-contributing building (especially if it is of historic age) may want to consider these standards as guidelines for considering design options that reflect the architectural character of the neighborhood.

A Certificate of Appropriateness is NOT required for:

- Remodeling the interior of the building;
- Routine maintenance projects, provided that work follows the treatment guidelines set forth in Appendix C to ensure that the work does not affect the historic character of the resource. This can include painting, repointing of masonry, foundation repair, etc., or
- Remodeling of non-contributing buildings.

A Certificate of Appropriateness IS required for the following:

- Replacing siding, porches, doors, windows, or roofing materials;
- Exterior alterations to existing buildings and sites including, but not limited to, the construction of additions, decks, pools, or the installation of new windows, doors or roofs;
- Demolition of existing buildings or parts of buildings;
- New construction;
- Relocation of existing buildings into or out of the district; or
- Landscape changes requiring a City permit.

The City Historic Preservation Office will review applications to determine if a Certificate of Appropriateness is necessary.

PROCESS FOR OBTAINING A CERTIFICATE OF APPROPRIATENESS

Applications for a Certificate of Appropriateness must be submitted to the City Historic Preservation Office in accordance with the submission schedule provided by the City Historic Preservation Office. The application form can be obtained from the City Historic Preservation Office or the City of Austin website. Property owners can contact City staff in the early planning stages of a project for assistance in interpreting the Standards, for suggested solutions to problems, and for explanation of the review process and requirements. The Historic Preservation Office staff can also provide on-site consultations and other technical assistance.

The City Historic Preservation Office conducts a preliminary review of the application for a Certificate of Appropriateness and might contact the applicant to get additional information or to suggest changes to the application.

Depending on the scale of the project, the application for a Certificate of Appropriateness will be evaluated by either the City Historic Preservation Officer or the City of Austin Historic Landmark Commission, in accordance with the criteria below.

The City Historic Preservation Officer may administratively approve applications for Certificates of Appropriateness for the following:

- Accurate restoration or reconstruction of a documented missing historic architectural element of the structure or site;
- Changes that do not affect the appearance of the structure or site from an adjacent public street, limited to:
- Demolition of garages, sheds, carports, or other outbuildings that are non-contributing;
- Construction of a ground-floor, one-story addition or outbuilding with less than 600 square feet of gross floor area;
- Two-story additions to the rear of two-story houses; or
- A pool, deck, fence, back porch enclosure, or other minor feature.
- Administrative approvals:

The Historic Landmark Commission must hear all other Certificates of Appropriateness.

The Historic Preservation Office or Historic Landmark Commission may grant the Certificate of Appropriateness if the application conforms to these Design Standards. If the Certificate of Appropriateness is not granted, the Historic Landmark Commission may require the applicant to modify the proposed work and revise the application accordingly. Appeal of a denial of a Certificate of Appropriateness can be made to the appropriate land use commission and, if denied, to the City Council in accordance with City Code.

Each property is unique and its lot size and shape can vary. Therefore, the Historic Landmark Commission reviews each case individually and allows exceptions to the Design Standards if it determines that the proposed design will maintain the relevant character-defining features of the property and the District. Demonstrating financial hardship is a separate and distinct process, set forth in City of Austin Code, Ordinance No. 20090806-068.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE APPLICANT

The responsibility for demonstrating that the proposed project meets these Design Standards lies with the applicant. The applicant shall submit sufficient photographs or physical documentation to demonstrate that the proposed project meets these standards. The Historic Preservation Office or Historic Landmark Commission can require additional documentation as necessary.

The historic property can also be designated a Recorded Texas Historic Landmark (RTHL) or a State Antiquities Landmark (SAL), which requires review by the Texas Historical Commission (THC). In this case, the applicant is responsible for submitting the proposed work to the THC for review independent of the Local Historic District review process.

PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS

Any person or corporation who violates provisions of the Standards is subject to the same criminal misdemeanor and civil penalties that apply to any other violation of the City Code.

PERIODIC REVIEW

These Design Standards are not intended to be static. They are subject to periodic review, revision, and amendment. The process for revising or amending the Design Standards shall follow the process set forth for Neighborhood Plans, as described in City of Austin Code, which states:

The director shall conduct a general review of a neighborhood plan not earlier than five years after the adoption of the plan and may recommend amendments of a plan to the Planning Commission and council. The director shall include neighborhood stakeholder input in the review process

B. General

All work requiring a Certificate of Appropriateness within the District shall follow the Design Standards set forth below. The Design Standards are based upon the Secretary of Interior's Standards for Preservation, Rehabilitation, Restoration, or Reconstruction, as appropriate. These Standards can be found in the Appendix and on the National Park Service website at <http://www.nps.gov/hps/tps/standguide/>. The following Design Standards clarify the interpretation of the Secretary of Interior's Standards for application within the District.

The Design Standards apply to all contributing properties and new construction within the Local Historic District. For a list of contributing properties, see Appendix B. The Design Standards apply only to the exterior elements of buildings that are visible from the street (disregarding vegetation, fences, or other barriers). All contributing properties within the District will be reviewed with primary reference to the front street appearance of the house and a greater degree of flexibility on the other sides of the house. Houses located on corner lots will be treated the same as houses on interior lots for the purposes of these Standards.

The term “in-kind replacement” means the replacement of a current element (whether a single material or a whole feature) with a new element whose material has the same profile (e.g. thickness), dimension (e.g. width and height), and texture (e.g. grain, smoothness) as the material of the current or historic element. Color is not regulated. This new material might or might not be the same material as the current or historic material. Materials can replicate profile, dimensions, and texture and still not be appropriate because their use could be damaging to surrounding materials due to different vapor transmission rates or expansion and contraction properties. If the historic element does not exist, replication of that material must be based on historical documentation of the building; if no documentation exists, it must be based on the historic elements typically found on buildings of a similar age, type, and style in the District. Refer to the Architectural Character section of these Design Standards for information about building styles and features found in the District.

1. Retention of Historic Style

Respect the historic style of contributing buildings and retain their historic features, including character-defining elements and building scale and massing, as described in the Architectural Character section of these Design Standards. Replacing and altering historic-age elements of contributing buildings should be avoided unless they are deteriorated beyond repair, except for specific cases mentioned in the following sections. For historic-age elements deteriorated beyond repair, only replace them “in-kind”, except for specific cases mentioned in the sections below. For non-historic elements, either perform an in-kind replacement or remove the element.

2. Avoidance of False Historicism

Do not add stylistic elements that were not originally present, as evidenced by historic documentation. Avoid alterations that have no historic basis and that seek to create the appearance of a different architectural period or a false sense of history. For example, do not add Victorian trim to a Craftsman bungalow or Craftsman details to a 1950s ranch-style house or cottage.

3. Sequence of Appropriate Treatment Options

Treatment for historic materials within the District should follow the sequence of priorities set forth in the Secretary’s Standards: preservation first, then rehabilitation, then restoration of missing elements if necessary, and, finally, new construction. In order to gain a Certificate of Appropriateness, the applicant shall objectively demonstrate that the proposed project has selected the least intrusive treatment option that is feasible because of the condition of the existing historic materials.

For additional guidance, the National Park Service publishes the *Interpreting the Standards Bulletins* and *Preservation Briefs*, available online at the following sites:

- <http://www.nps.gov/tps/standards/applying-rehabilitation.htm>
- <http://www.nps.gov/tps/how-to-preserve.htm>

WHEN TO PRESERVE

Repair rather than replace deteriorated historic features and architectural elements whenever possible. Many times, materials that initially appear beyond repair can be preserved successfully. Guidelines for the conservation of historic materials are set forth in the Appendix to these Design Standards and are available in National Park Service *Preservation Briefs*.

WHEN TO REHABILITATE

If an original architectural feature has deteriorated beyond repair, the replacement shall match the historic feature in size, scale, profile, and finish. The substitution of recycled historic materials is acceptable, provided that the replacement material is compatible with the historic style and character of the resource. In order to be appropriate, synthetic or composite replacement materials shall match the original in size, scale, profile, and finish. Additional recommendations for the rehabilitation of historic materials are provided in the Appendix to these Design Standards.

WHEN TO RESTORE

Missing architectural features can be restored using photographs, historic architectural drawings, or physical evidence as a guide. Physical evidence can include other matching elements that remain extant on the building or a “ghost” showing where the missing element was attached. The restored element shall match the original in size, scale, profile, and finish. Typically, reconstruction of an entire missing building is not appropriate.

WHEN TO CONSTRUCT NEW

New construction within the district is appropriate only if it will not demolish or significantly alter an extant contributing resource. For example, new construction might be appropriate on an empty lot or to the rear of a contributing resource.

4. Architectural Barriers and Accessibility

When needed or required, accessibility to historic properties can be achieved with careful and creative design solutions. Ramps, lifts, and accessible entrances shall be designed in compliance with applicable standards to avoid damage to character-defining features of a historic building. Contributing buildings might qualify for variances from the Texas Accessibility Standards. Contact the THC Division of Architecture or the Texas Department of Licensing and Regulation (TDLR) for inquiries regarding the Texas Accessibility Standards.

5. Energy Efficiency

Construction of any new structures or alterations of existing structures shall be done in such a way as to meet or exceed the intent and requirements of current energy codes except in cases where compliance with the codes would adversely impact the historic character of the property or district.

In no case, however, shall compliance with energy or building codes be used as a reason to demolish a historic, contributing, or potentially contributing structure, or to change a structure in such a way that its historic features are modified or removed. The City of Austin recognizes that protection of our cultural heritage contributes to sustainable communities and preserves the value of embodied energy used in the construction of the building.

C. Repair and Rehabilitation of Contributing Buildings

1. Façade

- a. Retain the original street elevation of the building that is most visible from the public right-of-way. The other elevations of the building should be retained to the greatest extent possible. Do not change the character, appearance, configuration, or materials of the façade, except to restore buildings to their original appearance.
- b. Do not add architectural features to a building that it never had (e.g., do not add a front porch to a house that never had one).

2. Exterior Walls

- a. Repair damaged exterior wall materials, details, and ornamentation to the greatest extent possible. Replace only those sections that are deteriorated beyond repair. Replace deteriorated wall materials, details, and ornamentation in kind, to match existing wall materials.
- b. Do not apply aluminum or vinyl as a replacement for a primary building material. These artificial siding materials can cause irreparable damage to underlying materials and structural members. Fiber cement siding and other board siding that matches wood siding in profile, dimension, and texture may be used as an in-kind replacement material for siding deteriorated beyond repair.
- c. Avoid painting masonry that has not already been painted. Moisture can become trapped between the paint and masonry, causing deterioration of the underlying materials and structural members. Painting of exterior walls is not otherwise regulated.



Damaged exterior wall materials can be repaired or replaced in kind, as in this example of a replaced fascia board. --
http://www.cr.nps.gov/hps/tps/standguide/preserve/preserve_wood.htm



Sandblasting and other abrasive cleaning methods can permanently damage exterior building materials. Clean masonry surfaces with the gentlest method possible, such as low pressure water and detergents, using natural bristle brushes.--
http://www.cr.nps.gov/hps/tps/standguide/rehab/rehab_masonry.htm

3. Porches

- a. Do not remove any element of an original front porch, except non character-defining porch floors, which may be replaced with a concrete slab on grade if desired, as long as all other elements are retained.
- b. Do not enclose a front porch. To screen a front porch, install the screen in a way that is reversible, does not damage any historic fabric, and is compatible with the historic design.
- c. Repair damaged porch elements whenever possible. If replacement is necessary, replace in kind only those elements deteriorated beyond repair. The replacement material shall not promote the deterioration of adjacent materials (refer to treatment guidelines in Appendix C.) Do not add porch elements that were not historically present.
- d. If original porch elements are missing, they may be restored to their historic appearance if sufficient documentation exists to ensure accuracy.



Cracks and unpainted wood on porch elements can lead to decay due to water seepage. Proper caulking and painting can help preserve these elements.--
<http://www.nps.gov/tps/how-to-preserve/briefs/45-wooden-porches.htm>



Deteriorated wood porch elements can be repaired in place with epoxy consolidants and fillers. --
<http://www.nps.gov/tps/how-to-preserve/briefs/45-wooden-porches.htm>

4. Roofs

- a. Maintain and repair character-defining roof materials whenever possible. If the roof material is not a character-defining feature of the building (e.g. asphalt shingles) or if it has been replaced, it may be replaced with the original material, with an in-kind material, or with a metal roof if desired. Refer to the Architectural Character section of these Design Standards for information about character-defining roof materials found in the District.
- b. Maintain the shape and slope of the original roof as seen from the street.
- c. Maintain original decorative roof elements, such as exposed rafter ends, bargeboards, or cornices. Do not add decorative roof elements that were not historically present.
- d. Maintain original dormers. Refer to treatment recommendations and repair methods for historic materials included in the Appendix to these Design Standards.
- e. New dormers must match existing dormers in design and scale or match dormers on similar houses in the District. New dormers must be located on the side- or rear-facing slopes of the roof of the building. Refer to the Architectural Character section of these Design Standards for information about dormers found in the District.



Protect and maintain a roof by cleaning the gutters and downspouts and replacing deteriorated flashing.--
http://www.cr.nps.gov/hps/tps/standguide/rehab/rehab_oofs.htm



Asphalt shingles are an incompatible replacement substitute for the original Spanish clay tiles.--
http://www.cr.nps.gov/hps/tps/standguide/rehab/rehab_oofs.htm

5. Windows and Screens

- a. The Secretary of Interior Standards specify that original windows and doors are significant features of historic structures and replacing windows is not always the most sustainable or cost effective method of increasing energy efficiency. Therefore, retaining original windows and doors is encouraged but not required on contributing buildings. When installing new windows, match the historic or original windows in terms of size, type, configuration, material, form, appearance, and detail. Do not enlarge original window openings visible from the street unless required to accommodate standard modern window dimensions. When accommodating standard modern window dimensions, the original proportions of height and width should be maintained.. Do not move or enclose original window openings visible from the street. Do not add new window openings except for small supplementary windows on the sides of buildings, such as high windows installed for new bathrooms. If possible, restore original window openings that have been enclosed.
- b. Original windows, window surrounds, shutters, and screens should be retained and repaired . If original windows, shutters, or screens are to be replaced, replace them in-kind. The relationship between the replacement windows, the window surrounds, the shutters, and the screens (if present) shall match the original relationship. Refer to treatment recommendations for windows included in the Appendix to these Design Standards.
- c. Muntins are the parts of the window that divide panes of glass and can affect the historic appearance of a house significantly. Homeowners shall use the exterior muntin pattern, profile, and size appropriate for the historic building when replacement windows are necessary. Do not use false muntins inserted inside the glass. Matching the profile of the original window requires the use of either true divided lites or dimensional muntins placed on the outside of the glass matched with spacers that are an appropriate color, material, and thickness on the inside of the glass, so that the window appears to have true divided lites even when viewed from an oblique angle.
- d. Although some substitute materials, such as extruded aluminum or fiberglass, may be used for replacement windows, the appearance of the window from the public right-of-way shall closely resemble the original in size, configuration, profile, and finish. Vinyl is not an appropriate substitute material from any facade visible from the street.
- e. Storm windows and window inserts can provide increased energy efficiency and soundproofing without damaging historic windows. Interior storm windows and inserts can be used to maintain the historic exterior appearance of the window. Storm windows and inserts shall be installed in such a way that they do not damage historic fabric.



Glazing putty on historic windows should be maintained in sound condition to prevent unwanted air infiltration and water damage.--<http://www.nps.gov/tps/how-to-preserve/briefs/47-maintaining-exterior.htm>



Do not replace historic windows with new windows that do not convey the same visual appearance.--
http://www.cr.nps.gov/hps/tps/standguide/rehab/rehab_windows.htm

6. Doors

- a. Do not enlarge original door openings visible from the street more than typical sizing of current industry standard window dimensions. Do not move, or enclose original door openings visible from the street. If possible, restore original doors openings that have been enclosed.
- b. Original doors, door surrounds, sidelights, and transoms, should be retained and restored whenever possible. Refer to treatment recommendations for historic materials included in the Appendix to these Design Standards.
- c. If a replacement door surround, sidelight, or transom is necessary, replace it in-kind. If a replacement door is necessary, replace with an in-kind door or select a new style of door that is historically appropriate for the style of house. Refer to the Architectural Character section of these Design Standards. Steel and hollow-wood doors are not appropriate for main entries within the District.

7. Chimneys

- a. Maintain original chimneys. Refer to treatment recommendations and repair methods for historic materials included in the Appendix to these Design Standards.
- b. New chimneys must match existing chimneys in design and scale, or they must match chimneys on similar houses in the District. Refer to the Architectural Character section of these Design Standards for information about chimneys found in the District.

8. Mechanical Equipment

- a. Locate all new mechanical or energy conservation equipment in a location that does not obscure the primary view of the building.
- b. When mechanical equipment must be attached to the exterior wall of the house, do not damage the original exterior wall material. On masonry walls, all attachments shall anchor into the mortar rather than the masonry unit.

PHOTOVOLTAIC AND SOLAR THERMAL INSTALLATIONS

- c. Photovoltaic and solar thermal installations must be designed to be in scale with the existing structure's roofline and must not damage historical architectural features or materials. These roof systems must be on the same plane as the roof. The color of the panels must be compatible with surrounding roof materials.
- d. Locate solar collectors on the side or rear roof pitch of the primary historic structure to the maximum extent possible. Alternatively, locate solar collectors on a garage or outbuilding or consider a ground-mount system where solar access to the primary structure is limited. However, if these options are impossible due to limited solar access, solar collectors may be located on a front roof pitch. Avoid or minimize the impact of new construction on solar access for adjoining properties.
- e. On sloped roofs, mount solar collectors flush with the surface and select collectors that are similar in color to the roof surface to reduce visibility. On flat roofs, mount solar collectors flush with the surface if possible.

Where solar access limitations preclude a flush mount, locate panels towards the rear of the roof whenever possible.

OTHER EQUIPMENT

- f. Rainwater collection systems that are visible from the public street should use traditional materials such as metal and wood whenever possible; use of PVC containers or piping should be minimized from the public view as much as possible. .
- g. Wind power systems shall be located to the rear of the site or on new (rear) building additions whenever possible.

D. Additions to Contributing Buildings

1. Location and Height

- a. Design new additions so that they do not visually overpower the existing building, compromise its historic character, or destroy any significant historic features or materials. Additions shall appear subordinate to the existing house. Locate additions as inconspicuously as possible. Consider the effect that the addition will have on the existing and neighboring buildings. Large additions may be constructed as separate buildings and connected to the existing building with a linking element such as a breezeway.



This side addition (to the left) is compatible because it is set back from the front of the house.



This side addition is incompatible because it is flush with the front of the house.



This rear addition is compatible because it is subordinate to the main house



This rear addition is incompatible because it is too dominant compared to the main house.

- b. All character-defining features on historic-age exterior façades that are visible from the public right-of-way shall remain intact.
- c. Retain as much of the historic building fabric as possible in the construction of the addition.
- d. Design the addition to complement the scale and massing of the original historic building.
- e. Minimize the appearance of the addition from the public right-of-way facing the front façade parallel to the front lot line. The historic building's overall shape as viewed from the front lot line shall appear relatively unaltered. Whenever possible, additions shall be located behind the building, and shall be neither taller nor wider than, the historic building. Whenever possible, an addition including any upstairs addition, shall be set back so it does not overwhelm the original house from the front street-view.
- f. Do not locate an addition flush with the original front façade or projecting beyond width of the original front façade. If the historic building has a side-gabled, hipped, or pyramidal roof form, the addition shall be set back behind the ridgeline of the original roof. If the original historic building has a front-gabled or flat roof form, the addition should be set no closer to the front facade than half the width of the facade. For example, if the front façade is thirty feet (30') wide, then the addition shall be set back from the front façade by at least fifteen feet (15').



This roof pop-up is compatible because it is located near the back the house and is subordinate in design to the house.



This roof pop-up is not compatible because it is set too far forward and dominates the design of elements on the original house.



Even though this rear addition has as a potentially-dominant front facing dormer, it is compatible because it is set back far from the front of the house.



This rear addition is questionably compatible. It is set back from the front of the house but it might be too high and its design might not be differentiated enough. This proposal would need further review.

2. Design and Style

- a. Additions shall be inconspicuous, subordinate, and compatible with the historic building, but also differentiated so as not to give a false sense of history.
- b. Additions need not mirror or replicate the historic architecture of the existing house, and may reflect contemporary interpretations of traditional designs and details. For example, homeowner may choose different siding, vertical board, connectors, or other means of differentiating the addition from the original structure.
- c. If an addition will be visible from the street (either from the front or from the side), design the addition to be inconspicuous and subordinate to the historic building and to complement the overall proportions and fenestration patterns of the historic parts of the original building. For instance, additions that are visible from the street shall have window-to-wall area ratios, floor-to-floor heights, window patterns, and bay divisions similar to those on the existing house.
- d. Creation of usable upstairs space by constructing upstairs dormers is appropriate provided that they match existing dormers in design and scale or that they match dormers on similar houses in the District. Do not place dormers on a front façade, and minimize the size and scale of dormers on side façades.
- e. When constructing a two-story new building or rear addition, consider the use of landscape screening at the back and side property lines to diminish the visibility of the new construction in order to respect the privacy of the project property and that of the adjacent property owners.

3. Exterior Walls

- a. If an addition will be visible from the street (either from the front or from the side), design the addition to complement the exterior wall materials of the original part of the house and the collective character of the district.
- b. Differentiate the exterior wall materials of the addition from the existing house by means of a hyphen or joint using a different material, varying trim boards, a slightly varying dimension of materials, varying orientation of materials, or other means.

4. Porches

- c. New front porches cannot be added to buildings that did not historically have a front porch.
- d. Back porches, side balconies, and decks shall not be visible from the street when the house is viewed from the public right-of-way.

5. Roofs

- a. Whenever possible, the roof form of the new addition should not be visible above the ridgeline of the original roof when the front of the house is viewed from the street.
- b. If it is visible from the street, an addition shall use a simple roof style and slope that complements the roof on the existing house.
- c. Use materials for the roof that match or are compatible with the roof on the existing house.
- d. Locate solar panels on side or rear roof pitch of the primary historic structure to the maximum extent feasible to minimize visibility from the public right-of-way while maximizing solar access. Consider locating solar panels on a garage or outbuilding or consider a ground-mount system where solar access to the primary structure is limited. If solar panels cannot be located on a side or rear roof pitch, or outbuilding due to the orientation not allowing sufficient solar access, they may be located on a front roof pitch.
- e. Solar panels should be flush with the surface of a sloped roof whenever possible, and select panels that are similar in color to the roof surface to reduce visibility. On flat roofs, solar panels should be mounted flush with the surface of the roof to the maximum extent feasible. Where solar access limitations preclude a flush mount, panels should be located towards the rear of the roof whenever possible, where visibility from the public right-of-way will be minimized.

6. Windows and Screens

- a. If an addition will be visible from the street (either from the front or from the side), use windows that complement those on the existing house with regard to fenestration pattern, size, configuration, profile, and finish.
- b. For windows on additions, avoid false muntins attached to the windows or inserted between the glass in the windows.

- c. Metal screens might be appropriate for windows in additions. Use anodized or coated metal screens to minimize their visual presence.

7. Doors

- a. If an addition will be visible from the street (either from the front or from the side), use doors that complement those on the existing house but are of a simpler design, so that they do not detract from the original main entrance.

8. Chimneys

- a. If an addition will be visible from the street (either from the front or from the side), new chimneys shall be made of a material compatible with the original house and shall be in a style and proportion compatible with the building.



This house has a very compatible two-story rear addition. It is not visible from the street.



This second story addition is not compatible because it is highly visible from the street.



The contemporary two-story addition behind this house is compatible because it is located in the rear of the property and is subordinate in scale to the main house



E. Non-Contributing Buildings

- a. A building that is non-contributing to the district, because of its age or because it has received unsympathetic remodeling, can be renovated in a manner compatible both with the architectural style of the building and the overall character of the District. The standards provided below for new construction can also serve as a guide for alterations to non-contributing buildings.
- b. Alterations to a historic non-contributing building can be removed to return the building to its historic appearance, based upon physical or photographic evidence.

F. New Construction

New construction within the District shall reflect building forms, materials, massing, proportions, roof forms, fenestration patterns, and architectural styles historically present within the District. All current City of Austin codes and ordinances regulating compatibility of new construction shall be followed.

1. Orientation, Set-Backs, and Height

- New or moved structures shall be positioned on their lots to maintain the existing patterns of the street.
- Front and side yard setbacks shall match the prevalent setback of the contributing houses on the same side of the street. When the historic street pattern is irregular, new construction shall match an adjacent contributing property.
- The height of new construction shall be compatible with the streetscape and the dimensions of the lot. The height of new construction shall not exceed the height of the tallest contributing building on a similarly sized lot on the block.



This 2004 house is compatible with the district because it places its garage at the rear of the parcel.



This 2006 house is not compatible because its garage is situated too close to the front of the house.



This new multiple dwelling development is compatible because each unit is a separate building facing the street. The units are compatible in scale and design.



This new multiple dwelling development is not compatible because it is a single large building that faces an internal driveway instead of the public street.

2. Design and Style

- Quality of construction and materials shall always be more important than applied stylistic detailing.
- Design new buildings so that they are compatible with the historic character of the District but are discernible from historic buildings in the District.

- c. The building forms and architectural styles that historically were present within the District can serve as a model for new construction. Refer to the inventory of historic properties and the Architectural Character section of these Design Standards to determine which building types and styles were present historically within the district. Discourage using historical styles that were not present during the District's period of significance as a basis for new construction, to avoid false historicism.
- d. It might be appropriate to incorporate compatible architectural features from existing houses on the street, such as porch columns or transoms, but avoid historical architectural features that do not appear on contributing houses in the District.
- e. New construction need not mirror or replicate the historic architecture of existing houses and can reflect contemporary interpretations of traditional designs and details. However, it must be compatible in scale and massing with surrounding historic buildings.

3. Exterior Walls

- a. Exterior wall materials used in new construction shall be generally compatible with the character of wall materials in the district in scale, type, size, finish, color, and texture.
- b. Exterior materials shall correspond to the building form and architectural style of the new building in a way that responds to historical trends. Refer to the Architectural Character section of these Design Standards.

4. Porches

- a. A new building is encouraged to have a front porch. If all of the contributing buildings immediately surrounding the new building include porches, then the new building shall include a porch.
- b. Porch posts or columns, railings, and detailing shall correspond to the building form and architectural style of the new building in a way that responds to historical trends. Refer to the Architectural Character section of these Design Standards for further details.
- c. In general, do not add false historical architectural elements, such as brackets or gingerbread detailing on a new porch. The Historic Landmark Commission can approve exceptions to this standard if the overall design of the new building accurately interprets the appearance of a historical style present within the District.
- d. Locate new decks, balconies, and porches to the rear of new residential structures within the District.

5. Roofs

- a. Roofs shall be simple in form, reflecting the character of the roofs on contributing houses within the district.
- b. Roof forms shall correspond to the building form and architectural style of the new building in a way that responds to historical trends. Refer to the Architectural Character section for further details.
- c. Roof features and details such as dormers, eave detailing, and bargeboards shall correspond to the building form and architectural style of the new building in a way that responds to historical trends. Refer to the Architectural Character section for further details.
- d. Roof materials shall reflect the character of the roofs on contributing houses within the district, as well as the historic character of houses with a similar building form and architectural style.

6. Windows and Screens

- a. Windows and screens in new construction shall reflect the proportions, configuration, and patterns of windows and doors in historic buildings within the District. The relationship between the new windows, the window surrounds, and the screens (if present) shall respond to historic buildings within the District.
- b. Windows and doors in new construction shall correspond to the building form and architectural style of the new building in a way that responds to historical trends. Refer to the Architectural Character section of these Design Standards for further details.
- c. Avoid false muntins attached to or inserted between the glass in windows.

7. Doors

- a. Front doors shall be visible from the street.
- b. Match the style, proportions, materials, and finish of the door to the overall style and design of the house.

8. Chimneys

- a. Chimneys in new construction shall reflect the configuration and patterns of chimneys in historic buildings within the District.
- b. Chimneys in new construction shall correspond to the building form and architectural style of the new building in a way that responds to historical trends. Refer to the Architectural Character section of these Design Standards for further details.

9. Garages and Accessory Buildings

- a. Locate detached garages and accessory buildings at the side or rear of new residential structures within the District.
- b. Design garages and accessory buildings to be compatible in scale for the property and to have an appropriate site relationship to both the main structure and to surrounding structures.
- c. The materials and finishes used for new garages and outbuildings, including garage doors, shall correspond both to the overall character of the district and to the building type and style of the new house.

10. Independent Fences and Walls

- a. Avoid constructing new front yard fences where they were not historically present on the lot.
- b. Fences and walls shall not obscure the front elevation of the primary structure on the property. Fences along the street shall not exceed four feet in height.
- c. Fence materials, scale, and finish shall reflect historic trends visible on other contributing houses within the district.

11. Topography

- a. Maintain and repair the grade of the site as much as possible to preserve the historic grade. Do not otherwise alter the current grade of the site except to restore it back to its historic state. The current grade of the site shall not be artificially raised to gain additional building height.

12. Landscaping

- a. Preserve existing trees in accordance with the City of Austin Tree and Natural Area Preservation Ordinance.
- b. Driveway configurations shall maintain the streetscape pattern historically appropriate to the District.
- c. Consider ribbon drives or concrete lattice drives that have a lower impervious cover and improve percolation of rainwater, reduce run-off, and minimize the visual impact of the driveway and parking spaces.
- d. When constructing a two-story new building or rear addition, consider the use of landscape screening at the back and side property lines to diminish the visibility of the new construction and to respect the privacy of the project property and that of the adjacent property owners.

13. Mechanical Equipment

- a. Locate all new mechanical or energy conservation equipment in a manner that does not obscure the primary view of the building.
- b. Rainwater collection systems that are visible from the public street must use traditional materials such as metal and wood; use of PVC containers or piping is not permitted within the public view.
- c. Wind power systems shall be located to the rear of the site or on new (rear) building additions. The color of the turbine must be muted and the turbine must be free from graphics.

Appendix A: Glossary

The following glossary provides definitions for common architectural terms used in these Design Standards. A good reference for illustrated definitions is the *Illustrated Dictionary of Historic Architecture*, edited by Cyril M. Harris.

Apron: A plain or decorated piece of trim found directly below the sill of a window.

Arch: A curved and sometimes pointed structural member used to span an opening.

Areaway: A sunken area around a basement window or doorway, or mechanical air intake.

Attic: The room or space in the roof of a building.

Awning Window: A window that is hinged at the top and swings outward.

Balcony: A railed projecting platform found above ground level on a building.

Baluster: One of a series of short pillars or other uprights that support a handrail or coping.

Balustrade: A series of balusters connected on top by a coping or a handrail and sometimes on the bottom by a bottom rail; used on staircases, balconies, and porches.

Bargeboard: A board, sometimes decorative, that adorns the gable-end of a gabled roof.

Base: The lowest part of a column.

Basement: The story below the main floor; may be partially or totally below ground level.

Battered Foundation: A foundation that is inclined, so that it appears to slope as it rises upward.

Bay: A space protruding from the exterior wall that contains a bay window.

Bay Window: A projecting window with an angular plan.

Bead Board: Wood paneling with grooves.

Board and Batten: Wood siding with wide boards, placed vertically, and narrow strips of wood (battens) covering the seams between the boards.

Boxed Eaves: Eaves that are enclosed with a fascia and panels under the soffit.

Bracket: A projecting support used under cornices, eaves, balconies, or windows to provide structural or visual support.

Brick: A usually rectangular building or paving unit made of fired clay.

Canopy: A projection over a niche or doorway; often decorative or decorated.

Capital: The uppermost part, or head, of a column or pilaster.

Casement: A hinged window that opens horizontally like a door.

Casing: The finished visible framework around a door or window.

Cement Mortar: A mixture of cement, lime, sand, or other aggregates with water; used in plastering and bricklaying.

Certificate of Appropriateness: The documentation provided by the Historic Landmark Commission after review of proposed changes to a contributing structure in the historic district certifying that the proposed change is in conformance with these Design Standards. The process for obtaining a Certificate of Appropriateness is discussed in the Design Review Process section of these Design Standards.

Clapboard: A thin board, thinner at one edge than the other, laid horizontally and with edges overlapping on a wooden-framed building.

Column: A round, vertical support. In classical architecture the column has three parts, base, shaft, and capital.

Concrete: Made by mixing cement or mortar with water and various aggregates such as sand, gravel, or pebbles.

Concrete Block: A hollow or solid rectangular block made of Portland cement, aggregates, and water; used in the construction of walls, foundations, and piers, etc., also called a concrete masonry unit.

Concrete Masonry Unit: Concrete block.

Contributing Resource: A building, structure, or object that contributes to the historic character of the historic district. The district nomination includes an inventory and maps listing all contributing resources.

Coping: The protective uppermost course of a wall or parapet.

Corbelling: Pattern in a masonry wall formed by projecting or overhanging masonry units.

Corner Boards: Boards placed at the corners of exterior walls to finish corners and to protect the ends of the wood siding.

Cornice: In classical architecture the upper, projecting section of an entablature; also the projecting ornamental mold-ing along the top of a building or a wall.

Course: A horizontal row of stones, bricks, or other masonry units.

Crenellation: A parapet with alternating solid and void spaces, originally used for defense; also known as battlement.

Dentil: A small rectangular block used in a series to form a moulding below the cornice.

Dormer: A vertically set window on a sloping roof; also the roofed structure housing such a window.

Double-hung Window: A window of two (or more) sash, or glazed frames, set in vertically grooved frames and capable of being raised or lowered independently of each other.

Downspout: A pipe that carries water from the gutters to the ground or sewer connection.

Eaves: The lower edge of a roof that projects beyond the building wall.

EIFS: Exterior insulation and finish system that resembles stucco, popular in the 1980s – 2000s.

Elevation: An exterior wall of a building; a drawing of a building as seen from a horizontal position.

Ell: An extension that is at right angles to the length of the building.

Engaged Column: A column that is partially attached to a wall.

Entablature: The horizontal beam-like member supported by columns containing three parts: the lower architrave, the middle frieze, and the upper cornice.

Eyebrow Dormer: A low dormer with a wavy line over the lintel, resembling the curve of an eyebrow.

Efflorescence: A growth of salt crystals on a surface caused by the evaporation of water. It typically occurs when water is present on concrete, brick, or natural stone.

Façade: An exterior wall of a building.

Fachwerk: Method of heavy timber framing combined with rubble masonry between the timbers, typically finished with stucco; typically associated with German settlers in Central Texas.

Fanlight: An arched window with muntins that radiate like a fan; typically used as a transom.

Fascia: The flat area or board covering the ends of roof rafters, or other flat areas.

Fenestration: The arrangement of windows and other exterior openings on a building .

Fixed Sash: A window, or part of a window, that does not open.

Flashing: Pieces of metal used around wall and roof junctions and angles as a means of preventing water infiltration.

Flat Roof: A roof that has only enough pitch so that water can drain.

Gable: The triangular upper part of a wall under the end of a ridged roof, or a wall rising above the end of a ridged roof.

Gable Roof: A sloping (ridged) roof that terminates at one or both ends in a gable. A roof formed by two pitched roof surfaces.

Gambrel Roof: A roof having a double slope on two sides of a building. The most common example is a barn roof.

Gazebo: An outdoor pavilion or summer house popular for lawns and gardens of rural houses in the Victorian era.

Gothic arch: An arch that comes to a point at its apex, such as a lancet arch.

Gutter: A channel of wood or metal running along the eaves of the house, used for catching and carrying water.

Half-timbered: Descriptive of 16th and 17th century houses built with heavy timber framing with the spaces filled in with plaster or masonry. This style of building was imitated in the 19th and early 20th centuries in the Tudor Revival style.

Hipped Roof: A roof formed by four pitched roof surfaces.

Hood: A protective and sometimes decorative cover over doors or windows.

Hopper Window: A window that is hinged on the bottom and swings inward.

Jalousie Window: A window composed of angled, overlapping slats of glass, arranged horizontally like a shutter in order to tilt open for ventilation.

Keystone: The central stone of an arch.

Lattice: Open work produced by interlacing of laths or other thin strips, often used as screening, especially in the base of the porch.

Leaded Glass Window: A window composed of pieces of glass that are held in place with lead strips; the glass can be clear, colored, or stained.

Lime Mortar: A mortar made of lime (calcium oxide) and sand, typically used prior to the 1930s, that is more flexible than mortars made of Portland cement.

Lintel: The piece of timber, stone, or metal that spans above an opening and supports the weight of the wall above it.

Lites: Window panes.

Mansard Roof: A roof having two slopes on all four sides; the lower slope is much steeper than the upper.

Moulding: Decorative strip of wood used for ornamentation or finishing.

Mullion: A large vertical member separating two casements or coupled windows or doors.

Muntin: One of the thin strips of wood used to separate panes of glass within a window.

Newel Post: The post supporting the handrail at the top and bottom of a stairway.

Non-Contributing Resource: A building, structure, or object that does not contribute to the historic character of the historic district. The district nomination includes an inventory and maps listing all non-contributing resources.

Paneled Door: A door constructed with recessed rectangular panels surrounded by raised mouldings.

Parapet: A low wall or protective railing, usually used around the edge of a roof or around a balcony.

Patio: A usually paved and shaded area adjoining or enclosed by the walls of a house.

Pediment: A triangular section framed by a horizontal moulding on its base and two sloping mouldings on each side.

Period of Significance: The span of time during which a resource or district was associated with the events that give it significance; for a residential historic district, this period may span from the initial date of development until the date when houses had been constructed on the majority of lots, or when housing construction slowed.

Pilaster: A rectangular column or shallow pier attached to a wall.

Porch: A covered entrance or semi-enclosed space projecting from the façade of a building. May be open sided, screened, or glass enclosed.

Porte Cochere: A roofed structure attached to a building and extending over a driveway, allowing vehicles to pass through.

Portland Cement: A hydraulic cement binder for concrete and mortar; typically not used in construction prior to the 1930s.

Preservation: Defined by the National Park Service as treatment that “places a high premium on the retention of all historic fabric through conservation, maintenance and repair. It reflects a building’s continuum over time, through successive occupancies, and the respectful changes and alterations that are made”. See <http://www.nps.gov/hps/tps/standguide/>

Pier and Beam Foundation: Foundation consisting of vertical piers set below grade, which support horizontal beams.

Pyramidal Roof: A pyramid-shaped roof with four sides of equal slope and shape.

Quoins: Large or rusticated stone blocks at the corners of a masonry building.

Rafters: The sloping members of a roof upon which the roof covering is placed

Rail: A horizontal bar or beam that creates a barrier at the outer edge of a space such as a porch

Reconstruction: Treatment that establishes limited opportunities to re-create a non-surviving site, landscape, building, structure, or object in all new materials. See <http://www.nps.gov/hps/tps/standguide/>

Rehabilitation: Treatment defined as the act or process of making possible a compatible use for a property through repair, alterations, and additions while preserving those portions or features which convey its historical, cultural, or architectural values. See <http://www.nps.gov/hps/tps/standguide/>

Restoration: Treatment that focuses on the retention of materials from the most significant time in a property’s history, while permitting the removal of materials from other periods. See <http://www.nps.gov/hps/tps/standguide/>

Retaining Wall: A braced or freestanding wall that bears against an earthen backing

Side Light: A vertical window flanking a door

Sill: Horizontal member at the bottom of a window or door opening

Shed Roof: A roof containing only one sloping plane

Soffit: The underside of an overhanging element, such as the eaves of a roof

Spalling: Small fragments or chips of stone, brick, or stucco that may fall off in layers.

Storm Window: A secondary window installed to protect and/or reinforce the main window

Stucco: Exterior finish material composed of either Portland cement or lime and sand mixed with water

Transom: A horizontal window over a door

Vigas: A heavy wood rafter – especially a rough-hewn log – used to support the roof in Spanish Colonial or Mission Style architecture

Waney-edge Siding: Siding with an irregularly rippled edge, formed by removing the bark but retaining the profile of the wood

Water Table: A projecting ledge or moulding near the base of the exterior wall designed to shed rainwater.

Wing Wall: A portion of the front façade extending past the side façade, often sloping down from the eaves to the ground at an angle.

Appendix B: Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation

1. A property shall be used for its historic purpose or be placed in a new use that requires minimal change to the defining characteristics of the building and its site and environment.
2. The historic character of a property shall be retained and preserved. The removal of historic materials or alteration of features and spaces that characterize a property shall be avoided.
3. Each property shall be recognized as a physical record of its time, place, and use. Changes that create a false sense of historical development, such as adding conjectural features or architectural elements from other buildings, shall not be undertaken.
4. Most properties change over time; those changes that have acquired historic significance in their own right shall be retained and preserved.
5. Distinctive features, finishes, and construction techniques or examples of craftsmanship that characterize a property shall be preserved.
6. Deteriorated historic features shall be repaired rather than replaced. Where the severity of deterioration requires replacement of a distinctive feature, the new feature shall match the old in design, color, texture, and other visual qualities and, where possible, materials. Replacement of missing features shall be substantiated by documentary, physical, or pictorial evidence.
7. Chemical or physical treatments, such as sandblasting, that cause damage to historic materials shall not be used. The surface cleaning of structures, if appropriate, shall be undertaken using the gentlest means possible.
8. Significant archaeological resources affected by a project shall be protected and preserved. If such resources must be disturbed, mitigation measures shall be undertaken.
9. New additions, exterior alterations, or related new construction shall not destroy historic materials that characterize the property. The new work shall be differentiated from the old and shall be compatible with the massing, size, scale, and architectural features to protect the historic integrity of the property and its environment.
10. New additions and adjacent or related new construction shall be undertaken in such a manner that if removed in the future, the essential form and integrity of the historic property and its environment would be unimpaired.

Appendix C: Treatment Guidelines

A. Introduction

This section intends to provide property owners with the most basic of information regarding building material conservation and repair. It is not meant to replace professional architectural, structural, material conservation, or construction consultation.

When seeking professional assistance, be sure to select an architect, engineer, material conservation, or contractor based upon similar, successful past experience and excellent references.

The historic exterior material palette of Austin includes the following materials:

1. Exterior siding

- a. Brick: typically buff colored "Austin Common" brick whose clay was quarried and fired on the banks of the Colorado River and Shoal Creek. The arrival of the railroad in 1871, brought new materials including other types and colors of brick.
- b. Stone: The most common building stone in Austin is limestone. Cordova Cream limestone was used first, and then Cordova Shell became popular in the 1930s. Leuders, Salado, and other types of limestones are also found, but less common. Sandstone (both Pecos red and crème) and granite (Texas red and Tennessee grey) are used to a lesser extent. Some modern buildings utilize marble.
- c. Wood: The most common exterior material for Austin homes is wood. Most early homes were constructed of old-growth pine milled from nearby Bastrop. Other exterior grade woods include fir and cypress. Oak, pecan, mesquite, and walnut were generally used for interior finishes. Many of the earliest homes were clad with vertically laid "board and batten" siding. This was followed by many profile design options (shiplap, beveled, Dutch lap, waterfall) laid horizontally.
- d. Less common exterior materials for Austin buildings constructed prior to 1970 include stucco, terra cotta, tile, cast stone, and exposed concrete.

2. Roofing

- a. Wood shingle or shake: Most early buildings in Austin had wood shingle (thinner, finer, sawn) or shake (thicker, split wood) roofs. Wood shingle and shake roofs generally last 20 years.
- b. Metal: Many forms of metal roofs could be seen in Austin including standing seam, flat seam, and pressed metal shingle systems. Common metals were galvanized steel, tin, terne, lead, and copper. Metal roofs, because they are fairly easy to repair, can last upwards of 50 years or more depending on the material.
- c. Slate: Many of the finer homes constructed after 1871 in the Second Empire or Italianate style had slate roofs with metal cresting or decorative ridge caps. Slate roofs, if installed properly with adequate structural support, can last 75-100 years.
- d. Tile: Most common at the University of Texas, but also used in fine homes, clay tile roofs use barrel shaped or French (flat) tiles. The most common color for these roofs is dark red or a variegated mix running from dark reds to crèmes.
- e. Composition Shingle: Composition and asbestos roof tiles became popular in the United States in the 1930s. Many original asbestos shingle roofs are still in good functional condition.

3. Windows

- a. Wood: Wood is the original material used in window assemblies in the United States. It is easily shaped to a variety of profiles, has high structural strength, and original old-growth wood windows can last upwards of 300 years, if properly maintained. Wood species used in the fabrication of sash were typically tight-grained, old growth wood such as yellow pine, cypress, or fir. These older woods are unmatched in quality in today's stock: they have higher strength and are more resistance to rot and decay than modern harvested woods.
- b. Steel: Rolled steel windows became popular in Austin in the early 1930s. The casement and pivot styles were particularly beneficial in warmer climates, such as Austin, prior to the use of central air conditioning. The higher end of steel sash windows, "Browne Windows," were equipped with bronze hardware and originally provided with interior bronze screens.
- c. Aluminum: Came into use in the 1960s, reflecting modern designs that allowed for larger expanses of uninterrupted glass. The modern curtain wall system is constructed of aluminum. Aluminum windows were a popular replacement to original wood windows. Anodized aluminum windows have an expected life span of 20 years, and repair methods have not been refined. Aluminum is also the most conductive frame material available, and is more prone to condensation in the winter months.

- d. Bronze: Typically used in commercial storefronts from the 1890s through the 1960s, there are not many systems of this type remaining in Austin.
- e. Glass: Windows are typically glazed with single pane 1/8" clear float glass, back-bedded in the sash and glazed with various types of putties.
- f. Awnings: Historic photographs of Austin homes reveal that many west- and south-facing windows were protected by awnings in the earlier part of the twentieth century. Anchors from these awnings are still evident at many buildings. These awnings were drawn to protect the windows during the hot summer months, and retracted during the winter to provide natural warmth to the interior. Awnings have a typical life span of 5-10 years.

4. Common Causes of Deterioration

- a. The most common source of deterioration in a building is water infiltration. Conditions that allow material decay from water include cracked or peeling paint; open or deteriorated mortar joints, window glazing or stucco finishes; roof leaks; poor site drainage; or broken windows. Other sources of deterioration include damage to unpainted wood from sunlight, mechanical damage from impact force, graffiti, foundation settlement due to unstable soils (also related to poor site drainage), and improperly detailed additions and building alterations. The effects of water damage include rot, spalling, mold, efflorescence, and material discoloration.

5. When to Preserve and Restore In-Place

- a. Historic building materials and workmanship are typically higher quality than similar materials and installations found in the market today. Old growth wood used in original construction, in particular, is irreplaceable with modern wood products. Similarly, original brick is very challenging and sometimes very costly to match. It is best to prioritize sensitive repair and avoid damage (such as sandblasting or painting) to existing masonry.

6. When to Replace Materials

- a. Prioritize conservation of original fabric to the maximum extent feasible, and replace original materials in kind only if they are deteriorated beyond repair. Accurately reconstruct missing elements based on historic documentation. Design replacement elements in keeping with the original property type and architectural style.

B. Treatment Guidelines for Specific Materials

1. Wood Siding and Trim

The dimension, texture, profile, and details of original wood siding contribute to the overall historic character of the building and district. The Secretary of Interior's Rehabilitation Guidelines recommend identifying, retaining, and preserving older and historic exterior wood siding and trim to maintain the historic character of the building.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- a. Most wood used on the exterior of older buildings in Austin is old growth pine or cypress. Old growth wood used in original construction is generally tight-grained and more resistant to rot and insects.
- b. The best way to maintain wood siding and trim is to maintain the paint layer to protect the wood from water infiltration. A sound paint film will keep the wood from absorbing water. Once wood begins absorbing water, it is more prone to deterioration due to rot and insect infestation.
- c. If original wood siding shows signs of limited rot, it can be repaired using epoxy repair compounds. Epoxy-based liquid consolidants can also be used to strengthen wood and make it more rot resistant where it is vulnerable. Wood that is severely deteriorated can be replaced to match the original appearance in form, installation, and quality. When replacing wood, look for materials that are free of knots, cracks, checks, warping, or twisting. Allow new wood to acclimate to the site before it is installed so that the new wood has a similar moisture content to the original adjacent wood when it is installed. This will reduce the chance of cracking, warping, and twisting of the new wood once it is installed.
- d. Use of synthetic or composite materials to replace original wood trim or siding should be carefully evaluated on a case-by-case basis. Make sure to compare the rate of expansion and contraction for the proposed material to make sure that it is similar to wood, otherwise the assembly will be vulnerable to open cracks at joints, twisting and warping of composite materials.

2. General Masonry

Masonry includes brick, terra cotta, and any type of stone. The character of the masonry is affected by many things including the type of stone or brick used, the color or color variation, the pattern in which the masonry is laid (running bond, random ashlar, coursed ashlar, etc), and the appearance and detailing of the mortar joints.

Most older masonry buildings have the ability to last hundreds of years when properly maintained. Maintaining and preserving all historic masonry building features, whether walls, cornices, or columns, should be the main priority for all preservation projects involving this building material.

Masonry walls and mortar joints should be carefully inspected for signs of deterioration. Masonry is porous and must be protected from water infiltration by maintaining proper roofing, site drainage, and sound mortar joints. Water infiltration causes damage through cycles of freezing and thawing and by carrying salts into the masonry. Cleaning, repointing, and surface treatments must be undertaken with extreme care to avoid permanent damage.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- a. Inspect masonry walls for signs of cracking, spalling, open joints, movement, discoloration, and interior dampness. Determine the source of problems.
- b. Reduce or eliminate sources of water around masonry. Keep gutters clean, make sure that downspouts are not leaking, and make sure that the ground slopes away from the building for proper drainage. Long-term exposure of masonry to water will cause deterioration.
- c. Clean historic masonry using the gentlest means possible. Try different methods and techniques to find the method that works best without causing damage to the surface. Proposed cleaning products should be evaluated to ensure that they are compatible with the type of masonry to be cleaned. Often a neutral detergent, light scrubbing, and rinsing with clean water will suffice.
- d. Large cracks or pieces falling from or missing from historic masonry walls indicate structural concerns that need to be addressed. This may occur if concealed iron anchors are exposed to water, become corroded, and expand, if the stone is uncommonly weak by nature, or if the building is exposed to structural forces such as high clay soils or foundation movement. Where serious cracking or deterioration is observed, consult a structural engineer experienced in historic preservation to investigate possible structural issues.
- e. Historic masonry should not be painted. Masonry is naturally a breathable material; the moisture level will fluctuate within the walls over time. Painting the masonry will inhibit or stop the breathability of the masonry, and may cause water to migrate to the interior of the building or create pressure at the exterior film, causing "pocking" or spalling of the surface.
- f. The application of a masonry sealer is generally not recommended, and should only be considered under the advice of an experienced materials conservator. Similar to painting masonry, any sealers prevent the masonry from breathing, and can trap moisture within the wall, which can cause irreversible pocking, cracking, spalling, and masonry deterioration.
- g. Do not sandblast masonry with any product or media without the qualified professional guidance of an experienced historic preservation professional. Blasting media tends to remove the hard outer surface of stone and brick, leaving the material more porous and vulnerable to accelerated deterioration. The building will look good for a short while, then will rapidly deteriorate.
- h. Do not cut new openings or remove substantial portions of masonry walls.
- i. Do not install exterior insulation finish systems (EIFS) over historic masonry.
- j. Masonry repair and replacement is a complex subject. Repairs should only be performed by those skilled in preservation techniques. The National Park Service has numerous publications to provide guidance (see Appendix).

3. Masonry Cleaning

Exterior stone and brick can provide an attractive organic surface for mold or algae growth, especially on the north elevation or in locations that are in shade most of the day. In most cases this staining does not cause damage to the masonry, it is simply unsightly. Other materials including copper, tar, rust, and paint overspray can also stain masonry. Each type of stain requires a different cleaning technique, and most require some form of professional assistance. As noted in the introduction, seek assistance from experienced companies who have dealt with the same issues in previous projects, ask for references, and do not hesitate to ask questions. The wrong decision in masonry cleaning can have irreversible effects.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- a. Clean masonry only when heavy soiling causes actual deterioration, not necessarily just unsightly discoloration.
- b. Use the gentlest means possible when cleaning, such as a low-pressure water spray (100-300 psi) and natural-bristle brushes. Under-clean rather than over-clean.
- c. Do not blast water at high pressure (over 300 psi). Never sandblast.
- d. Thoroughly research the cleaning products being considered to ensure that they are appropriate for the project, or consult with an architect for product recommendations. Most cleaning products are designed for

one type of stone or brick. The product that may be best to clean granite, for example, will cause limestone to dissolve. Extreme caution and extensive research is required to select the best products for the project's particular needs.

- e. Test cleaning methods in a small area. When possible, allow the test area to weather for several months.
- f. Repoint first; clean second in order to limit water penetration during the cleaning process.
- g. Clean masonry when temperatures will remain above fifty degrees Fahrenheit for at least three days after the completion of cleaning.
- h. Follow all manufacturers' recommendations for pre-treating, cleaning, and neutralizing the cleaning surface. Severe and irreversible damage will be caused to most brick, sandstone, and limestone with an improperly selected or improperly installed cleaning system. If in doubt, consult a preservation architect or material conservator.
- i. Consider removing bushes and undergrowth of trees adjacent to the building in order to allow improved air circulation. This will reduce the occurrence of mold and algae growth.
- j. For additional information: Preservation Brief No. 1 - Assessing Cleaning and Water-Repellent Treatments for Historic Masonry Buildings, by Robert C. Mack, FAIA and Anne Grimmer, Technical Preservation Series, National Park Service.

4. Brick

Brick vary considerably in color, texture, and quality, depending upon materials and manufacture. Like a loaf of bread, bricks are baked, creating a hard outer crust that protects a soft interior. Although bricks last a long time, they are still vulnerable to deterioration and will rapidly deteriorate without a hard outer crust. Early "Austin Common" brick is more porous than modern hard-fired brick, but that does not mean that it is inferior or cannot perform well for hundreds of years.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- a. Do not replace sections of historic brick with brick that is substantially stronger than the original brick.
- b. When repairing a section of a brick wall, match the existing brick in color, size, and texture; and the existing wall in pattern and profile. Tooth new brick masonry into existing. Match existing joints in color, texture, joint size, and profile. Require test panels for approval.
- c. Remove each cracked or spalled brick individually and replace to match.

5. Natural Stone

Natural stone varies in composition and durability. Identifying stone type is essential when considering treatment options. Central Texas homes can utilize several different natural stones, each with its own properties and considerations. Corroded metal embedded in masonry must be repaired by an experienced contractor in accordance with accepted structural and preservation techniques. When completed, repairs should match the original appearance or the material or surface.

LIMESTONE

Limestone is a very common building material in Central Texas and Austin, with the most common type of limestone called "Cordova Cream." Found on many historic and contemporary buildings throughout the city, this buttery yellow/white stone readily absorbs water, and while generally a durable stone, there are deterioration problems associated with it. It is likely the most common natural stone used in residential architecture in Austin. Cordova Shell limestone is also used in many Austin homes. Cordova Shell, with visible shells in the matrix of the stone, is actually slightly stronger and less vulnerable to water damage than Cordova Cream.

GRANITE

Granite is a durable, dense building stone that is used in some of the high style homes of the late nineteenth century and in mid to late twentieth century governmental buildings in downtown Austin. Perhaps the most well known type of granite in Central Texas and Austin is the "Texas Pink Granite" from the Marble Falls quarry that produced the stone for the state capitol.

SLATE

Slate is used as a roof material on some of the high style homes of the late twentieth century, particularly in the Second Empire and Italianate Style. When slate is exposed to water for extended periods of time, as may happen with a leaking gutter or poor site drainage, repair or replacement of the deteriorated stone may be required.

6. Mortars

Nineteenth century and early twentieth century mortars have a higher percentage of lime in their mix than more modern mortars. The lime creates a cushion for the masonry and allows for slight movement of the building

without cracking. There are few masons who are experienced with repairing this type of mortar – be sure to ask for their experience in this area before hiring.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- a. Repoint only joints that are unsound. Do not remove all joints in an effort to achieve a uniform appearance when repointing. The large-scale removal of mortar joints often results in damage to historic masonry.
- b. Remove unsound mortar joints carefully with hand tools that are narrower than the joint. Mortar removal techniques should avoid any damage to the masonry. Power tools used in mortar removal have the ability to do significant and irreversible damage to adjacent masonry. Mortar removal processes should be tested before approval to ensure that the craftsman has the abilities needed to perform the work correctly.
- c. Remove unsound mortar to a depth of two-and-one-half times the width of the joint, or to sound mortar, whichever is greater.
- d. Use a mortar that is compatible with historic masonry. Replacement mortar should be equivalent to or softer than the original. Modern mortar mixtures tend to be harder than the surrounding masonry, causing moisture to be trapped in the joints and inhibiting the natural expansion and contraction of the masonry.
- e. Portland cement came into use in Texas around 1910. This added ingredient made mortar much stronger, much less flexible, and changed the color of the mortar to a cold gray. Mortar with a high Portland cement content has a higher strength, but is prone to cracking because it is not flexible.
- f. Deteriorated, cracked, or missing mortar should be replaced (or “repointed”) to match the original mortar in composition (the ratio of lime:cement:sand), color (which is largely gained from the sand), texture (gained from the grading of the sand and cement), and tooling or shape of the mortar joint (concave, raised bead, struck flush with the surface, etc).
- g. Do not apply waterproofing or other surface coatings to masonry buildings as a substitute for repointing and general maintenance.
- h. Never use synthetic caulking compounds to repoint historic masonry.
- i. Property owners should consult with a masonry restoration professional before undertaking a major repointing project. Property owners should use contractors familiar with historic masonry. Trained material conservators can easily and inexpensively complete historic mortar testing. This is recommended for all large repointing jobs.

7. Metals

Metals are typically used for decorative railings, columns, window sash, gutters and downspouts, window and door lintels, and decorative features of the building. Historic metals include cast iron, wrought iron, copper, lead-coated copper, zinc, aluminum (generally post 1940), and steel. As with most other building materials, water provides the greatest source of deterioration to metals.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- a. Historic metals, such as iron and steel, are generally ungalvanized or have lost their galvanic coating. Iron and steel corrode, rust, and expand in dimension when exposed to water. This corrosion causes cracking when embedded in masonry and concrete, and staining and rot at wood. Rust can be scraped from the metal, then the metal treated with a zinc-rich primer or galvanizing compound to renew the protection of the metal. All exterior iron and steel must be painted.
- b. Historic copper and lead-coated copper have a naturally occurring oxidation layer that protects the metal from deterioration. These metals can last for 70-100 years, and develop a protective patina that should be maintained.
- c. Zinc was often used for fine historic details such as applied moldings in soffits and pressed metal panels. Should zinc deterioration be observed, consult with a qualified professional for recommended repairs.
- d. Aluminum became a popular window and railing material following World War II. Similar to steel, many alloys of aluminum are used in the construction industry. It will corrode in highly acidic or basic environments (exposure to coastal environments, clay soils).
- e. Avoid galvanic corrosion by separating dissimilar metals.

8. Windows

Original windows should be repaired rather than replaced in order to maintain the historic integrity of the building, retain typically very high quality materials used in the original construction, and reduce waste. Several measures can be taken to increase the longevity of the original windows so that more costly repairs are not required. These measures include replacement of deteriorated glazing compound and perimeter sealants, proper surface preparation, priming and painting of sash and frames, epoxy repairs to individual elements, installation of clear

interior window films, and optional installation of interior storm windows. Where existing window materials are deteriorated beyond repair, individual components or assemblies can be replaced in kind by skilled craftsmen. Typical scopes of repair presented below are categorized by degree of current deterioration.

GOOD CONDITION

(should be evaluated for need on a case-by-case basis every 2-3 years)

- Maintain sound exterior paint film, sealants, weatherstripping, and glazing compounds, and make minor repairs as needed.

FAIR CONDITION

(usually after 20 years or more of no maintenance)

- Work should begin with a test of the window sash and glazing compound for lead and asbestos content. If hazardous, consult with an environmental engineer for appropriate abatement. Remove loose and unsound paint, and sand edges smooth.
- For wood sash and frames, repair signs of early rot using epoxy consolidant and filler. Pay particular attention to window sills, which are more vulnerable to rot and deterioration. Avoid nailing mortise and tenon sash joints.
- For metal windows, wire brush clean to remove rust and scale, clean hardware, and spot weld loose joints.
- Preserve original glass wherever it is in good condition. Aged glass acquires a wavy appearance that most people find very attractive. Where glass replacement is required, backbed glass in glazing compound, and replace deteriorated glazing compound with new putty to match original, allowing compound to cure for at least a month prior to painting (review manufacturer's recommendations).
- Mask hardware, prep, prime with an oil-based primer on wood or a red oxide metal primer on metal, and paint window sash and frames with 100% acrylic coatings to match original color. Adjust hardware and repair or replace weatherstripping as needed.

POOR CONDITION

(usually after 30 years or more of no maintenance):

- Test windows for lead and asbestos content. If hazardous, consult with an environmental engineer for appropriate abatement.
- Consider removal of sash for off-site treatment if feasible.
- Remove and salvage glass. Remove old glazing putty and backbedding.
- Remove loose and unsound paint, and sand smooth, making sure to maintain original profiles and sharp edges in the process.
- For wood sash and frames, remove rot, pre-treat remaining wood with an epoxy consolidant, and then fill using epoxy filler and sand smooth. Replace severely deteriorated elements in-kind to match original wood species and grain density. Consider the appropriateness of biocide and wood preservative treatments especially at north facing, shaded or otherwise vulnerable locations.
- For metal window sash, strip all paint using mechanical removal processes that do not pit or damage the metal. Replace individual sash and frame elements that are severely corroded to the point of delamination. After removing all corrosion, epoxy repair moderately deteriorated elements to rebuild the original material profile. Once repairs are complete and before re-glazing, prime all metal with a rust inhibitive primer, and all wood with a high quality oil-based primer.
- Backbed salvaged glass, install new glazing compound to match original profile, and allow to cure for at least a month prior to painting (review manufacturer's recommendations).
- Mask hardware, prep and paint window sash and frames with 100% acrylic coatings to match original color. Clean, adjust and lubricate hardware. Replace weatherstripping to form a tight seal.

ENERGY EFFICIENCY

Single pane glass has an insulating value (R-value) between 0.85 and 0.91, about the same as a $\frac{3}{4}$ " sheet of plywood or 4" of common brick. Double insulating glass has an insulating value two to four times that of single pane glass, defined by the characteristics of the airspace separating the two panes of glass. Single pane windows can be retrofitted with interior storm windows to double their insulating value, and some types of window sash can be retrofitted with insulated glass when desired. However, there are several drawbacks to insulated glass. Insulated glass is far more costly than single pane glass, costing from 2.5 to 3 times as much as single pane glass. When an insulated glass panel breaks from storm damage, vandalism, or accidental damage, a new one must be custom-fabricated, which typically takes 2-3 days to order and 3-4 days to install, whereas simple single

pane glass can be replaced the same day. Insulated glass panels with four times the energy efficiency of single pane glass have low-e or tinted glass and argon-filled chambers, making them even more costly to replace to match adjacent elements. Although technology for insulated glass panels has greatly improved in the last decade, seals still break on individual panes, causing the airspace between glass to fill with condensation and permanently cloud. Finally, from a purely environmental perspective, the manufacturing, shipping and handling requirements for insulated glass panels far exceeds those of plate glass. Given the variables affecting glass selection, a careful study of life cycle costs and impacts to historic character should be conducted prior to glass replacement on any project.

As mentioned above, several steps can be taken to improve the energy efficiency of existing windows. According to the U.S. Department of Energy, the three most beneficial steps to improve energy efficiency include caulking and weatherstripping, window treatments and coverings, and interior storm windows.

- Awnings reduce solar heat gain in the summer by up to 65% on south facing windows and 77% on west facing windows, and are historically appropriate for many architectural styles. Modern awning materials can be more water repellent and mildew resistant.
- Thorough sealing of windows needs to be balanced with ventilation requirements for the building. It is more desirable, in general, to seal the windows and obtain fresh air for ventilation through a filtered air system. On the other hand, natural ventilation in spring and fall months in Austin can be uniquely accomplished through opening historic windows.
- Interior storm windows maintain the historic exterior character of the building while improving the thermal efficiency by the window as much as 100%. The exterior-facing side of the storm window can be treated with a low-e coating to further reduce heat gain. Interior storms must be ventilated to prevent excessive heat build up and accelerated damage to the interior face of original windows.
- New technology is producing completely clear window films that in no way detract from the historic character of a window. These can be used to reduce ultraviolet light by as much as 99% and reduce solar heat gain by as much as 21%. Tinted window films can reduce solar heat gain by as much as 78%, but negatively affect exterior character and indoor light quality. Window films typically have a 10-20 year life span.

9. Paint

At its most practical level, exterior paint serves as the outer protective layer that prevents deterioration of wood and metal. In general, unfinished brick masonry should not be painted, and stone masonry should not be painted under any circumstances. Paint seals out moisture when it is sound and tight. A cracked paint surface will allow water to seep into the substrate and be trapped, creating a prime opportunity for substrate deterioration. This substrate deterioration could result in much more costly repairs if left unchecked.

On an aesthetic level, paint enhances the appearance and value of a property. It is often used to enhance architectural features. There is an abundance of information available on appropriate paint colors for historic properties. Many architects, paint suppliers, and publications can provide you with additional information on this topic.

Exterior paint finishes can be expected to last 5-10 years depending on the quality of the paint used, the condition of the substrate materials, weather exposure, and the quality of the application process.

In instances where multiple layers of paint have built up to excess, causing deep paint failure, it may be best to remove them completely. If that is determined the best solution, consider documenting the paint history before stripping. This can be accomplished by a professional, you can sand the layers to create a crater and match the revealed colors to a manufacturer's paint system, or you can save large paint chips (with all layers intact) in labeled bags for future reference. Test paint for lead content before removal. If lead is present, observe all safety precautions.

Surface preparation is possibly the most important aspect of exterior paint work, and can take from 3 to 10 times the amount of time to actually paint the building. This work should include surface cleaning, removal of all unsound paint, sanding, repair of substrate materials¹, priming, sealing joints, and finally, painting.

Most exterior paints available today are latex systems. The highest quality latex paints are generally 100% acrylic paints. Oil-based or alkyd paint may be the best option for metals. Latex paints are generally thicker and more flexible; alkyd paints are more brittle. It is important to determine what type of paint is being painted over. If painting over alkyd paint with latex, always sand and prime the entire surface first, because latex will not adhere to alkyd paint. Follow all manufacturers' instructions to ensure the longest-lasting paint job.

References: Preservation Brief No. 10: Exterior Paint Problems on Historic Woodwork, Kay Weeks and David Look, National Park Service Technical Preservation series.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- a. Maintain paint surfaces free of cracks, peeling, mold and mildew to the maximum extent feasible.
- b. Test for lead paint on houses that were constructed prior to 1979. Research best practices for worker protection and lead paint management at <http://epa.gov/lead/pubs/renovation.htm>.
- c. Remove loose and unsound paint using the gentlest means possible, and sand surfaces to create smooth transitions between paint layers. Avoid damage to the substrate material.
- d. Prime all bare wood and metal with a high quality alkyd primer (latex primers are acceptable for wood, but some say not as good).
- e. Seal all open joints with a paintable exterior grade sealant
- f. Follow all manufacturer's instructions for paint finish applications – two thin coats can be better than one thick coat.

Appendix D: Additional Resources

A. Local Resources

City of Austin Historic Preservation Office

www.austintexas.gov/department/historic-preservation

Preservation Austin

www.preservationaustin.org

University of Texas Historic Preservation

soa.utexas.edu/programs/historic-preservation

Travis County Historical Commission

www.co.travis.tx.us/historical_commission/default.asp

Austin Convention Center and Visitors Bureau

www.austintexas.org

City of Austin Tree Ordinance

www.austintexas.gov/department/city-arborist

Austin Energy

www.austinenergy.com/

City of Austin Residential Design and Compatibility Standards

www.austintexas.gov/department/residential-design-compatibility-standards

City of Austin Neighborhood Planning

www.austintexas.gov/department/neighborhood-planning

B. Texas State Resources

Texas Historical Commission

<http://www.thc.state.tx.us>

C. National Resources

Advisory Council on Historic Preservation

(Sources of Financial Assistance for Historic Preservation Projects)

<http://www.achp.gov/funding.html>

Center for State and Local Policy

<http://www.preservationnation.org/resources/public-policy/center-for-state-local-policy>

Citizen's Guide to Section 106 Review

<http://www.achp.gov/citizensguide.html>

Laws, Executive Orders & Regulations

<http://www.nps.gov/history/laws.htm>

Heritage News Blog

<http://heritagenews.cr.nps.gov/index/index.cfm>

Historic Preservation Grants Division

<http://www.nps.gov/history/hps/hpg>

Historic Preservation Fund

<http://www.nps.gov/history/hps/hpg/HPF/index.htm>

Incentives! A Guide to the Federal Historic Preservation Tax Incentives Program for Income-Producing Properties

<http://www.nps.gov/history/hps/tps/tax/incentives/index.htm>

Historic Preservation Tax Services

<http://www.nps.gov/history/hps/tps/tax/index.htm>

National Archives

<http://www.archives.gov/>

National Coalition for History

<http://historycoalition.org/>

National Park Service

<http://www.nps.gov>

Heritage Preservation Services

<http://www.nps.gov/history/hps/index.htm>

National Park Service Preservation Briefs

<http://www.nps.gov/hps/tps/briefs/presbhom.htm>

National Park Service Cultural Resources

<http://www.nps.gov/history>

National Park Service Technical Preservation Services

<http://www.nps.gov/history/hps/tps/index.htm>

National Park Service The Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation

<http://www.nps.gov/hps/tps/tax/rehabstandards.htm>

National Park Service Illustrated Rehabilitation Guidelines

<http://www.nps.gov/hps/tps/tax/rhb/index.htm>

National Park Service Interpreting the Standards Bulletins

<http://www.nps.gov/hps/tps/tax/ITS/itshome.htm>

National Register of Historic Places

<http://www.nps.gov/nr/index.htm>

National Trust for Historic Preservation

<http://www.preservationnation.org>

National Trust Preservation Fund

(Offers several types of financial assistance to nonprofit organizations, public agencies, for-profit companies, and individuals involved in preservation-related projects.)

<http://www.preservationnation.org/resources/find-funding>

National Trust for Historic Preservation rss feeds (sign up for all feeds below at the following link)

<http://www.preservationnation.org/about-us/press-room/rss.html>

Preserve America

<http://www.preserveamerica.gov>

PreservationDirectory

"Preservation Library: articles, regulations and policy"

<http://www.preservationdirectory.com/PreservationBlogs/LibraryArticles.aspx>

"Legislation & Public Policy Issues in Preservation"

<http://www.preservationdirectory.com/PreservationBlogs/ArticleCategories.aspx>

PreservationDirectory.com Blog

<http://www.preservationdirectory.com/PreservationBlogs/ArticleCategories.aspx>

Public Policy Department's Advocacy Center

<http://www.preservationnation.org/take-action/advocacy-center>

Public Policy Weekly Bulletin email alerts

<http://www.preservationnation.org/resources/newsletters/public-policy-weeklybulletin/public-policy-weekly-bulletin.html>

Save America's Treasures

<http://www.nps.gov/history/hps/treasures/index.htm>

D. Examples of Standards from Other Cities

Ann Arbor, Michigan

<http://www.a2gov.org/government/communityservices/planninganddevelopment/historicpreservation/Pages/Historic%20District%20Commission%20Main%20Page.aspx>

Baltimore, Maryland (Sustainability)

<http://www.baltimorecity.gov/Government/BoardsandCommissions/HistoricalArchitecturalPreservation/ProceduresandGuidelines.aspx>

Harrisburg, Pennsylvania

<http://www.harrisburgpa.gov/Resident/DBHD/Planning>

New Castle County, Delaware (Windows)

<http://www2.nccde.org/landuse/Planning/Historic/Guidelines/default.aspx>

Raleigh, North Carolina

<http://www.rhdc.org/LocalHistoricDistrictLandmarkServices/DesignReview>

Ripon, Wisconsin (Commercial)

<http://www.riponmainst.com/riponmainst/Design%20Guidelines.htm>

San Antonio

<http://www.sanantonio.gov/planning/neighborhoods>

E. Sustainability Resources

The Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation and Illustrated Guidelines on Sustainability for Rehabilitating Historic Buildings

<http://www.nps.gov/history/hps/tps/download/guidelines-sustainability.pdf>

Historic Building Energy Efficiency Guide, Boulder, CO

http://www.bouldercolorado.gov/files/PDS/historicpres/HistoricPreservationBrochure_web.pdf

WBDG Historic Preservation Subcommittee, "Sustainable Historic Preservation"

http://www.wbdg.org/resources/sustainable_hp.php

National Trust for Historic Preservation Sustainability Information:

<http://www.preservationnation.org/issues/sustainability/>

F. Workshops & Seminars

Architectural Heritage Center Educational Programs

<http://www.visitahc.org/educationprograms.html>

PreservationDirectory.com Preservation Events & Conferences Directory

<http://www.preservationdirectory.com/PreservationNewsEvents/NewsEvents.aspx>

National Trust for Historic Preservation Conferences & Training

<http://www.preservationnation.org/resources/training>

Heritage Conservation Network: International Hands-on Workshops for Architectural & Site Conservation

<http://www.heritageconservation.net>

American Association for State & Local History Workshops

<http://www.aaslh.org/workshop.htm>

Association for Preservation Technology

<http://www.apti.org>

G. Books/publications

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BLUEBONNET HILLS HISTORIC DISTRICT

TABLE OF CONTRIBUTING / NON-CONTRIBUTING STRUCTURES

PROPERTY ADDRESS	LEGAL DESCRIPTION	CONTRIBUTING (C) or NON-CONTRIBUTING (NC)
501 E. Annie Street	Lot 1, Block 9, Bluebonnet Hills	C
503 E. Annie Street	Lot 2, Block 9, Bluebonnet Hills	C
505 E. Annie Street	Lot 3, Block 9, Bluebonnet Hills	C
507 E. Annie Street	Lot 4, Block 9, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
509 E. Annie Street	Lot 5, Block 9, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
511 E. Annie Street	Lot 6, Block 9, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
513 E. Annie Street	Lot 7, Block 9, Bluebonnet Hills	C
515 E. Annie Street	Lot 8, Block 9, Bluebonnet Hills	C
517 E. Annie Street	Lot 9, Block 9, Bluebonnet Hills	C
1913 Brackenridge Street	North 41.69 feet average of Lots 1 and 2, Block 1, Bluebonnet Hills	C
1915 Brackenridge Street	Lot 1, less the north 39.87 feet, less the south 68 feet of the east 10 feet plus triangle of Lot 2, Block 1, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
1802 East Side Drive	Lot 10, Block 9, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
1900 East Side Drive	Lots 19 and 21, Block 5, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
1910 East Side Drive	Lot 17, Block 4, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
1912 East Side Drive	Lot 18, Block 4, Bluebonnet Hills	C
1914 East Side Drive	Lot 19, Block 4, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
1916 East Side Drive	Lot 20, Block 4, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
1918 East Side Drive	Lot 21, Block 4, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
1920 East Side Drive	Lot 22, Block 4, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
1922 East Side Drive	Lot 23, Block 4, Bluebonnet Hills	NC

BLUEBONNET HILLS HISTORIC DISTRICT

TABLE OF CONTRIBUTING / NON-CONTRIBUTING STRUCTURES

PROPERTY ADDRESS	LEGAL DESCRIPTION	CONTRIBUTING (C) or NON-CONTRIBUTING (NC)
2000 East Side Drive	Lot 19, Block 3, Bluebonnet Hills	C
2002 East Side Drive	Lot 20 and the north 5 feet of Lot 21, Block 3, Bluebonnet Hills	C
2004 East Side Drive	Lot 22 and the south 50 feet of Lot 21, Block 3, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
300 Leland Street	See 301 Terrace Drive	NC
308 Leland Street	The south 62.79 feet average of Lot 5, Block 2, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
310 Leland Street	See 411 Terrace Drive	C
500 Leland Street	Lot 2, Block 3, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
502 Leland Street	Lot 4, Block 3, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
504 Leland Street	Lot 6, Block 3, Bluebonnet Hills	C
506 Leland Street	Lot 8, Block 3, Bluebonnet Hills	C
508 Leland Street	Lot 10, Block 3, Bluebonnet Hills	C
510 Leland Street	Lot 12, Block 3, Bluebonnet Hills	C
512 Leland Street	Lot 14, Block 3, Bluebonnet Hills	C
514 Leland Street	Lot 16, Block 3, Bluebonnet Hills	C
516 Leland Street	Lot 18, Block 3, Bluebonnet Hills	C
500 Lockhart Drive	The south 92.6 feet average of Lot 2, Block 5, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
501 Lockhart Drive	Lot 1, Block 4, Bluebonnet Hills	C
502 Lockhart Drive	Lot 4, Block 5, Bluebonnet Hills	C
503 Lockhart Drive	Lot 3, Block 4, Bluebonnet Hills	C
504 Lockhart Drive	Lot 6, Block 5, Bluebonnet Hills	C

BLUEBONNET HILLS HISTORIC DISTRICT

TABLE OF CONTRIBUTING / NON-CONTRIBUTING STRUCTURES

PROPERTY ADDRESS	LEGAL DESCRIPTION	CONTRIBUTING (C) or NON-CONTRIBUTING (NC)
505 Lockhart Drive	Lot 5, Block 4, Bluebonnet Hills	C
506 Lockhart Drive	Lot 8, Block 5, Bluebonnet Hills	C
507 Lockhart Drive	Lot 7, Block 4, Bluebonnet Hills	C
508 Lockhart Drive	Lot 10, Block 5, Bluebonnet Hills	C
509 Lockhart Drive	Lot 9, block 4, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
510 Lockhart Drive	Lot 12, Block 5, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
511 Lockhart Drive	Lot 11, Block 4, Bluebonnet Hills	C
513 Lockhart Drive	Lot 13, Block 4, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
514 Lockhart Drive	Lot 14, Block 5, Bluebonnet Hills	C
515 Lockhart Drive	Lot 15, Block 4, Bluebonnet Hills	C
516 Lockhart Drive	Lot 16, Block 5, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
518 Lockhart Drive	Lot 18, Block 5, Bluebonnet Hills	C
520 Lockhart Drive	Lot 20, Block 5, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
522 Lockhart Drive	Lot 22, Block 5, Bluebonnet Hills	C
500 E. Mary Street	Lot 20 and the west 10.7 square feet triangle of Lot 19, Block 9, Bluebonnet Hills	C
501 E. Mary Street	Lot 1, Block 5, Bluebonnet Hills	C
502 E. Mary Street	Lot 19, less the west 10.7 square foot triangle, Block 9, Bluebonnet Hills	C
503 E. Mary Street	Lot 3, Block 5, Bluebonnet Hills	C
504 E. Mary Street	Lot 18, Block 9, Bluebonnet Hills	C
505 E. Mary Street	Lot 5, Block 5, Bluebonnet Hills	C
506 E. Mary Street	Lot 17, Block 9, Bluebonnet Hills	C

BLUEBONNET HILLS HISTORIC DISTRICT

TABLE OF CONTRIBUTING / NON-CONTRIBUTING STRUCTURES

PROPERTY ADDRESS	LEGAL DESCRIPTION	CONTRIBUTING (C) or NON-CONTRIBUTING (NC)
507 E. Mary Street	Lot 7, Block 5, Bluebonnet Hills	C
508 E. Mary Street	Lot 14, Block 9, Bluebonnet Hills	C
509 E. Mary Street	Lot 9, Block 5, Bluebonnet Hills	C
510 E. Mary Street	Lot 15, Block 9, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
511 E. Mary Street	Lot 11, Block 5, Bluebonnet Hills	C
512 E. Mary Street	Lot 16, Block 9, Bluebonnet Hills	C
513 E. Mary Street	Lot 13, Block 5, Bluebonnet Hills	C
514 E. Mary Street	Lot 13, Block 9, Bluebonnet Hills	C
515 E. Mary Street	Lot 15, Block 5, Bluebonnet Hills	C
516 E. Mary Street	Lot 12, Block 9, Bluebonnet Hills	C
517 E. Mary Street	Lot 17, Block 5, Bluebonnet Hills	C
518 E. Mary Street	Lot 11, Block 9, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
519 E. Mary Street	See 1900 East Side Drive	NC
1904 Newning Avenue	Lot 15, Block 1, Bluebonnet Hills	C
1906 Newning Avenue	Lot 14, Block 1, Bluebonnet Hills	C
1907 Newning Avenue	The north 37.65 feet average of Lot 2, Block 5, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
1908 Newning Avenue	Lot 13, Block 1, Bluebonnet Hills	C
1910-A Newning Avenue	Lot 12, Block 1, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
1912 Newning Avenue	Lot 11, Block 1, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
1914 Newning Avenue	Lot 10, Block 1, Bluebonnet Hills	C
1918 Newning Avenue	Lot 8, Block 1, Bluebonnet Hills	C
1920 Newning Avenue	Lot 7, Block 1, Bluebonnet Hills	C

BLUEBONNET HILLS HISTORIC DISTRICT

TABLE OF CONTRIBUTING / NON-CONTRIBUTING STRUCTURES

PROPERTY ADDRESS	LEGAL DESCRIPTION	CONTRIBUTING (C) or NON-CONTRIBUTING (NC)
1924 Newning Avenue	Lots 5 and 6, Block 1, Bluebonnet Hills and the south 62.2 feet of Lot 8, Block 5-C, Newning Warners Subdivision	C
1926 Newning Avenue	See 1924 Newning Avenue	C
1928 Newning Avenue	Lot 4, Block 1, Bluebonnet Hills	C
2003 Newning Avenue	See 301 Terrace Drive	C
301 Terrace Drive	Lot 1, Block 2, Bluebonnet Hills	C
302 Terrace Drive	Lot 2, less the north 64.76 feet plus the south 68 feet of the east 10 feet of Lot 1, Block 1, Bluebonnet Hills	C
303 Terrace Drive	Lot 2, Block 2, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
305 Terrace Drive	Lot 3, Block 2, Bluebonnet Hills	C
306-A Terrace Drive	Unit A, 306 Terrace Drive Condominiums, plus 50% interest in common area	NC
306-B Terrace Drive	Unit B, 306 Terrace Drive Condominiums, plus 50% interest in common area	NC
308-A Terrace Drive	Unit A, Building 1, 308 Terrace Drive Condominiums plus 50% interest in common area	NC
308-B Terrace Drive	Unit B, Building 2, 308 Terrace Drive Condominiums, plus 50% interest in common area	NC
310-A Terrace Drive	Unit A, Building 1, 310 Terrace Drive Condominiums, plus 50% interest in common area	NC
310-B Terrace Drive	Unit B, Building 1, 310 Terrace Drive Condominiums, plus 50% interest in	NC

BLUEBONNET HILLS HISTORIC DISTRICT

TABLE OF CONTRIBUTING / NON-CONTRIBUTING STRUCTURES

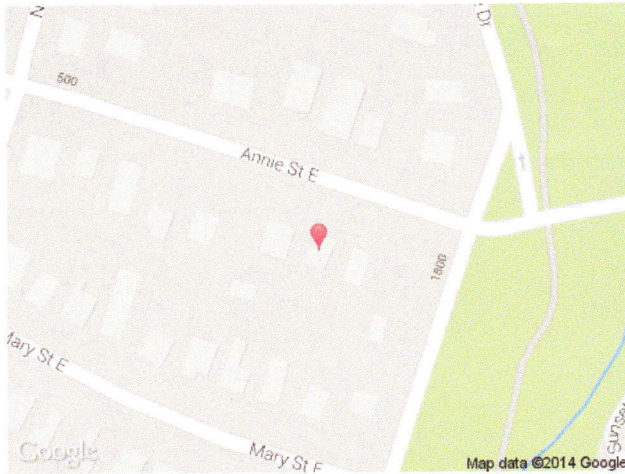
PROPERTY ADDRESS	LEGAL DESCRIPTION	CONTRIBUTING (C) or NON-CONTRIBUTING (NC)
	common area	
407 Terrace Drive	Lot 4, Block 2, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
409 Terrace Drive	The north 84.5 feet average of Lot 5, , Block 2, Bluebonnet Hills	C
411 Terrace Drive	Lot 6, Block 2, Bluebonnet Hills	C
500 Terrace Drive	Lot 2, Block 4, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
501 Terrace Drive	Lot 1, Block 3, bluebonnet Hills	C
502 Terrace Drive	Lot 4, Block 4, Bluebonnet Hills	C
503 Terrace Drive	Lot 3, Block 3, Bluebonnet Hills	C
504 Terrace Drive	Lot 6, Block 4, Bluebonnet Hills	C
505 Terrace Drive	Lot 5, Block 3, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
506 Terrace Drive	Lot 8, Block 4, Bluebonnet Hills	C
507 Terrace Drive	Lot 7, Block 3, Bluebonnet Hills	C
508 Terrace Drive	Lot 10, Block 4, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
509 Terrace Drive	Lot 9, Block 3, Bluebonnet Hills	C
510 Terrace Drive	Lot 12, Block 4, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
511 Terrace Drive	Lot 11, Block 3, Bluebonnet Hills	C
512 Terrace Drive	Lot 14, less the east 2 feet, Block 4, Bluebonnet Hills	C
513 Terrace Drive	Lot 13, Block 3, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
514 Terrace Drive	Lot 16, Block 4, Bluebonnet Hills	C
515 Terrace Drive	Lot 15, Block 3, Bluebonnet Hills	NC
516 Terrace Drive	See 1922 East Side Drive	NC
517 Terrace Drive	Lot 17, Block 3, Bluebonnet Hills	C

BLUEBONNET HILLS HISTORIC DISTRICT
TABLE OF CONTRIBUTING / NON-CONTRIBUTING STRUCTURES

Property ID 283377

515 E Annie St

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1933 Source: City Directories	Roof Type	Hipped with Gable	Porch Railings	None
Stylistic Influences	Minimal Traditional	Roof Materials	Metal	Outbuildings	1 Story Detached Garage, Garage Wall Material: Wood, Garage Roof Material: Metal, Garage Roof Type: Hipped
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Landscape Features	Stone retaining wall along driveway w/2' stone piers, concrete walk
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung	Moved	Has Not Moved
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing, Not Original		
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Stoop Roof		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Supports	None		
Exterior Materials	Wood				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283377	Situs	515 E ANNIE ST	Addr2	4011 AVENUE G
Geo ID	302020408	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 8 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	PENNINGTON CECIL F	Zip	78751-4707
Legal Acres	0.1734				
Main Area SF	860				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Intact	Survey Date	1/10/2009		

I, CECIL F. PENNINGTON JR. owner of, LOT 8 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

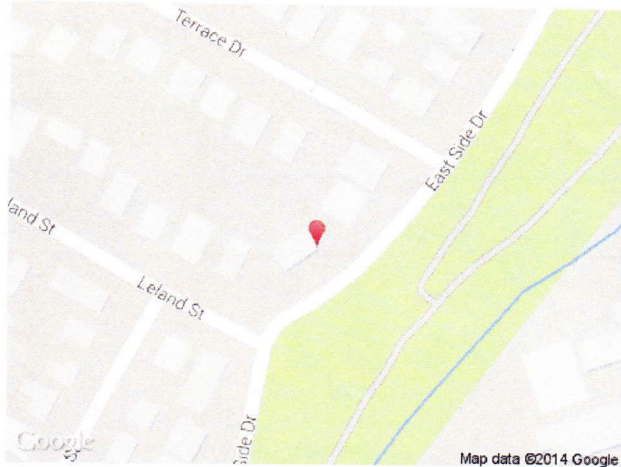
Date

May 17th, 2015

Property ID 283314

2004 East Side Dr

NOT CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1956	Integrity	Large 2.5 story front addition. Dormer addition at roof ridge.
Source	TCAD		
Stylistic Influences	Ranch		
Historic Use	Dwelling, single		
Current Use	Dwelling, single		
Stories	2.5		
Moved	Has Not Moved		

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283314	Situs	2004 EAST SIDE DR	Addr2	2004 EAST SIDE DR
Geo ID	302020112	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 22 * & S50FT LOT 21 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	OTERO CARMELO C	Zip	78704-4327
Legal Acres	0.2429				
Main Area SF	1701				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	No	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed, 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Severe alterations or incompatible addition	Survey Date	1/9/2009		

I, Carmelo Otero, owner of, LOT 22 * & S50FT LOT 21 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature

Carmelo Otero

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

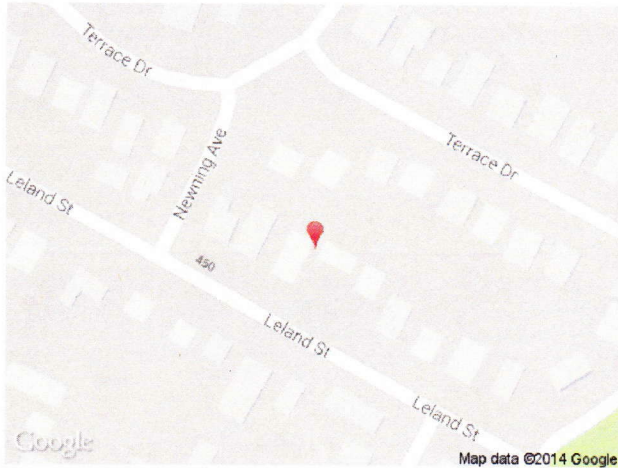
Date

5/13/2015

Property ID 283321

504 Leland St

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1933 Source: City Directories	Roof Materials	Metal	Porch Railings	Square Wood
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends, Brackets	Outbuildings	1 Story Detached Garage, Garage Wall Material: Wood, Garage Roof Material: Metal, Garage Roof Type: Gabled
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Landscape Features	2' stone retaining wall.
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung, Decorative Screens	Moved	Has Not Moved
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing	Integrity	Historic rear addition.
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	Gabled		
Exterior Materials	Wood	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood		
Roof Type	Front Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283321	Situs	504 LELAND ST	Addr2	2005 KENWOOD AVE
Geo ID	302020119	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 6 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	ASTHALTER MICHAEL WILLIAM	Zip	78704-4437
Legal Acres	0.1478				
Main Area SF	1182				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed, 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Largely Intact	Survey Date	1/13/2009		

I, Michael William Asthalter owner of, LOT 6 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature

Michael William Asthalter

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

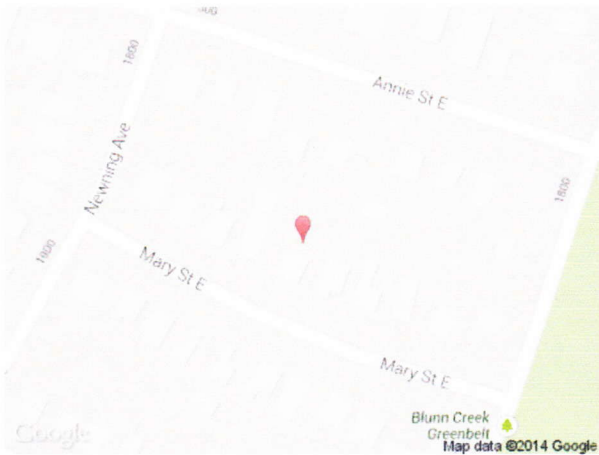
Date

May 16, 2015

Property ID 283385

508 E Mary St

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1933 Source: City Directories	Roof Type	Side Gable	Porch Supports	None
Stylistic Influences	Revival - Tudor	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Railings	None
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends, Brackets	Moved	Has Not Moved
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Integrity	Front entrance vestibule resided and possibly enclosed. Front porch enlarged.
Stories	1	Windows	Wood Double Hung		
Plan	Square or rectangular	Door Features	Glazing, Roman Arch w/peephole		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Type	Full Width, Stoop Roof		
Exterior Materials	Wood				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283385	Situs	508 E MARY ST	Addr2	4617 ARAPAHOE TRL
Geo ID	302020416	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 14 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	BARKER NORMAN R JR ET AL	Zip	78745-1509
Legal Acres	0.1642				
Main Area SF	1248				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed, 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Moderate Alterations, doesn't detract from historical character	Survey Date	1/15/2009		

I, NORMAN BARKER owner of, LOT 14 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

- ☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation. **WITH * RESERVATIONS**
- ☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature Norman Barker

Date MAY 10, 2015

*** CONCERNING OVERLY RESTRICTIVE DESIGN STANDARDS / GUIDELINES FOR RENOVATIONS & REMODELING. PROPOSED STANDARDS ARE TO NATIONAL HISTORIC TRUST LEVEL, NONE OF THE STRUCTURES IN PROPOSED DISTRICT ARE TO THIS STATUS. SOMEWHAT LESS RESTRICTIVE STANDARDS SHOULD BE DEVELOPED. NAB**

Addendum to Norman Barker Sign-on Sheet: (508 E. MARY)

I, Angela Reed, one of the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District organizers, spoke with Norman Barker via phone about his stated concern regarding flexibility of the Design Standards. Mr. Barker does not live at the property and does not currently have email at his home, so he asked me to add a note saying that we discussed the Design Standards. He accepts the Standards as-is, but reiterates his desire that they be interpreted with flexibility for individual properties and homeowner needs, while maintaining protection for neighborhood character and historic integrity.

He wishes to state that as his signature indicates, he *is* in full support of the LHD.

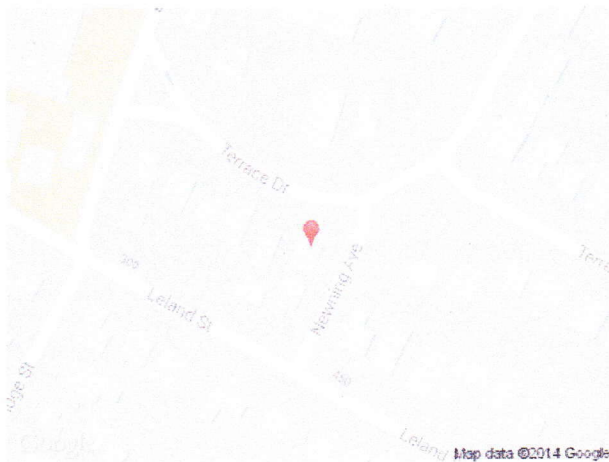
His phone number is 512-947-6532 if there are any further questions.

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Angela Reed".

Angela Reed
512-653-6343

Property ID **283213**
411 Terrace Dr

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1930	Roof Type	Front Gable	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood
Source	City Directories	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Railings	None
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends, Brackets	Moved	Has Not Moved
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Integrity	Possible rear porch enclosure.
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung, Decorative Screens		
Stories	1	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent		
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Roof Types	Gabled		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam				
Exterior Materials	Wood				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283213	Situs	411 TERRACE DR	Addr2	6504 SCENIC CV
Geo ID	302001005	Legal Description	LOT 6 BLK 2 BLUE BONNET HILLS	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Owner Name	ABRAMEIT KEVIN L & DONNA M	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS			Zip	78739-1420
Legal Acres	0.1694				
Main Area SF	1543				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed, 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Largely Intact	Survey Date	1/16/2009		

I, Kevin Abrameit, owner of, LOT 6 BLK 2 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature

Kevin Abrameit

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date

5/16/15

I, CRAIG GRUND owner of
property

at 1928 NEWNING AVENUE, Austin, Texas 78704, also known as

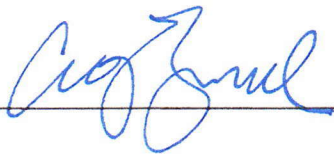
Lot 4 Blk 7 BLUE BONNET HILLS, hereby state that I and/or
another COYOTE CREEK

owner of this property had previously signed in favor of the Blue Bonnet Hills Local

Historic District and I am **NOT IN OPPOSITION** and continue to **SUPPORT** the Blue
Bonnet

Hills Local Historic District nomination and application.

Signature:



Date:

13 MAY 2015

I, DEBORAH FLANAGAN owner of property
at 517 TERRACE DR., Austin, Texas 78704, also known as
Lot 17 Blk 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS, hereby state that I and/or another
owner of this property had previously signed in favor of the Blue Bonnet Hills Local
Historic District and I am **NOT IN OPPOSITION** and I **SUPPORT** the Blue Bonnet
Hills Local Historic District nomination and application.

Signature: Deborah Flanagan

Date: 5/13/2015

NOTES on VALID PETITION

PROPOSED BLUEBONNET HILLS HISTORIC DISTRICT

Clarifications:

The three listings shown as “Address Not Found” on the Petition are as follows:

03020011901 Corresponds to 306-A and 306-B Terrace Drive. 306-A Terrace Drive is owned by Rich Hallman, who is in support. 306-B Terrace Drive is owned by Matthew Naylor, who has not filed a petition on either side.

03020011701 Corresponds to 308-A and 308-B Terrace Drive. 308-A Terrace Drive is owned by Nancy Middleman, who is in support. 308-B Terrace Drive is owned by Abid Kagalwalla, who is in support.

03020011801 Corresponds to 310-A and 310-B Terrace Drive. 310-A Terrace Drive is owned by James Street, who has not filed a petition on either side. 310-B Terrace Drive is owned by Dwight Streitenberger, who is in support.

Because none of these owners currently not represented on the Valid Petition list have signed the Valid Petition, the calculation for the percentage of property owners filing the valid petition remains unchanged, except as shown below in the VOTE CHANGES section of this document, where 2 property owners who had originally signed against the creation of the district, have now filed petitions showing their support for the district.

New Owners:

514 Lockhart Drive – the new owner is Amanda Gisko, who is in opposition.

509 Lockhart Drive – the new owners are Paul and Sonia Ksiazek, who are in opposition.

515 Terrace Drive – the new owner is the MJJJL Irrevocable Family Trust, which has not signed on either in support or in opposition.

500 Lockhart Drive – the new owners are Michael Francis and Janel Jefferson, who are in opposition.

1914 Newning Drive – the new owner is Ryan Johnson, who is in opposition.

501 E. Annie Street – the new owner is Richard White, who is in opposition.

1912 East Side Drive – the new owner is Lawrence McGuire, who is in opposition.

Changes in votes since June, 2015:

411 Terrace Drive – Kevin L. Abrameit had signed in favor; but is now in opposition.

1900 East Side Drive – Maria Luisa Canchola had signed in opposition; but is now in favor of the district.

510 Terrace Drive – Enedina E. Garcia had signed in support; her relative, through a power of attorney, has signed in opposition.

508 Lockhart Drive – Lee P. Vasquez had signed in opposition, but is now in favor of the district.

BLUEBONNET HILLS HISTORIC DISTRICT LIST OF RESPONSES AS OF 10-7-15

	A	B	C
1	PROPERTY ADDRESS	PROPERTY OWNER	SUPPORT
2	522 Lockhart Drive	Jon Montgomery	YES
3	517 Terrace Drive	Deborah Faye Flanagan	YES
4	517 E. Mary Street	Michael Wayne Downer	YES
5	517 E. Annie Street	Ross M. and Dawn M. Carlton	YES
6	516 Leland Street	Shelli Grissom	YES
7	515 E. Mary Street	Evelyn Texada	YES
8	515 E. Annie Street	Cecil F. Pennington	YES
9	514 Terrace Drive	Robert J. Kleberg and Christina Rich Kleberg	YES
10	513 E. Annie Street	Robert Brent Hunter	YES
11	512 E. Mary Street	Gretchen Otto and Mark Thomas Smith	YES
12	511 Lockhart Drive	Michele Marie Webre	YES
13	511 E. Mary Street	Lauren Hubele and Joachim	YES
14	509 Terrace Drive	Christopher P. Albi	YES
15	509 E. Mary Street	Karen R. Kreps	YES
16	509 E. Annie Street	Thomas and Melanie A. Fitzpatrick	YES
17	508 Terrace Drive	Bob Ferman and Mireya Zapata	YES
18	508 E. Mary Street	Norman R. Barker, Jr. et al	YES
19	507 Lockhart Drive	Russell E. Fraser, Jr. and Sally Fraser	YES
20	507 E. Mary Street	David F. Jones and Cynthia L. Williams	YES
21	507 E. Annie Street	Andrew and Laura Stewart	YES
22	506 E. Mary Street	Pascal G. and Sybil R. Regimbeau	YES
23	505 Lockhart Drive	Jon Montgomery	YES
24	505 E. Mary Street	Matthew Borah	YES
25	505 E. Annie Street	Wesley Allan Brubaker and Ebuonor Loveth Abinogun	YES
26	504 Terrace Drive	Donna J. Morrow	YES
27	504 Lockhart Drive	Noah Hawley and Brittany Kyle Hawley	YES
28	504 Leland Street	Michael William Asthalter	YES
29	504 E. Mary Street	John T. Tongate	YES
30	503 Terrace Drive	Christina G. Willingham	YES
31	503 Lockhart Drive	Ronald V. Bravenec	YES
32	503 E. Mary Street	William Hamilton Calvert	YES
33	503 E. Annie Street	Jon Montgomery	YES
34	502 E. Mary Street	James Bilodeau	YES
35	501 E. Mary Street	Robert T. and Marie Williams	YES
36	500 Terrace Drive	Ingrid Karklins	YES
37	500 E. Mary Street	Tony and Maryanne Parkinson	YES
38	409 Terrace Drive	Kathy Henley	YES
39	407 Terrace Drive	Karl W. Fusaris	YES
40	308-A Terrace Drive	Nancy Middleman	YES
41	308 Leland Street	Michael W. Schwarz	YES
42	306-A Terrace Drive	Rich Hallman	YES
43	305 Terrace Drive	Christopher Miller and Michelle Howell and Sara K. Miller	YES
44	302 Terrace Drive	Robert W. Gee	YES
45	301 Terrace Drive	John W. Getsinger and Mary C. Powell	YES
46	2002 East Side Drive	Gregory J. Maksymowicz	YES
47	2000 East Side Drive	Paul Madison Drown, Jr. and Cheryl A. Drown	YES
48	1928 Newning Avenue	Craig W. Grund and Sybil R. Case	YES
49	1924 Newning Avenue	Ian Suneel Reddy	YES
50	1918 Newning Avenue	Jon Montgomery	YES
51	1916 East Side Drive	Jessie Ann Buel	YES
52	1913 Brackenridge Street	Elisabeth Tateczny and Mark E. Gardner	YES
53	1908 Newning Avenue	Christa Ann Blackwood	YES
54	1904 Newning Avenue	Robert Paterson and Rachael Rawlins	YES
55	1802 East Side Drive	Ronald Lee Basquette	YES
56	500 Leland Street	Russell Spitler (new owner)	YES
57	310-B Terrace Drive	Dwight Streitenberger	YES
58	308-B Terrace Drive	Abid Kagalwalla	YES
59	1900 East Side Drive	Maria Luisa Canchola and Doroteo Ruedas	YES
60	508 Lockhart Drive	Lee P. Vasquez	YES
61	514 E. Mary Street	Michael D. Curtis	NO RESPONSE
62	513 E. Mary Street	Jennifer M. Gibson and Joseph M. Hebert	NO RESPONSE
63	512 Leland Street	Theresa Ponzoha	NO RESPONSE
64	510 Leland Street	Lise Ann Lozelle	NO RESPONSE
65	510 E. Mary Street	Troy Lanier and Miriam Murtuza	NO RESPONSE
66	508 Leland Street	Lynn Whitten	NO RESPONSE
67	506 Leland Street	Lynn Whitten	NO RESPONSE
68	502 Terrace Drive	Kristen Smolik	NO RESPONSE
69	501 Terrace Drive	Travis Brooks Finch and Donna Ann Lathrop	NO RESPONSE
70	1920 Newning Avenue	Robert C. Owen and Meredith Martin Rountree	NO RESPONSE
71	1918 East Side Drive	Thomas H. Watkins	NO RESPONSE

BLUEBONNET HILLS HISTORIC DISTRICT LIST OF RESPONSES AS OF 10-7-15

	A	B	C
1	PROPERTY ADDRESS	PROPERTY OWNER	SUPPORT
72	1912 Newning Avenue	Micah S. Parker	NO RESPONSE
73	1910 Newning Avenue	Tecuan Flores	NO RESPONSE
74	1906 Newning Avenue	Ahmad Alagheband and Mehri Hasibi	NO RESPONSE
75	306-B Terrace Drive	Matthew F. Naylor	NO RESPONSE
76	310-A Terrace Drive	James, Janie and Juston Street	NO RESPONSE
77	515 Terrace Drive	MEJJL Family Irrevocable Trust	NO RESPONSE
78	511 E. Annie Street	Rahmin Sarabi and Ali Rea Sarabi and Minoo Sarabi	NO
79	1920 East Side Drive	Lawrence Norman Herr	NO
80	2004 East Side Drive	Carmelo C. Otero	NO
81	1914 East Side Drive	Laura Elizabeth Leslie	NO
82	520 Lockhart Drive	Courtney Sames	NO
83	518 Lockhart Drive	Harry and Courtney Sames, III	NO
84	518 E. Mary Street	Elizabeth Ann Lambert	NO
85	516 Lockhart Drive	Kelly Lipscomb	NO
86	516 E. Mary Street	Elizabeth Ann Lambert	NO
87	515 Lockhart Drive	Daniel M. Greenberg	NO
88	514 Lockhart Drive	Amanda Gisko	NO
89	514 Leland Street	Candelario Moreno	NO
90	513 Terrace Drive	Caprice Pierucci	NO
91	513 Lockhart Drive	Daniel Giarratano and Phuongnhu	NO
92	512 Terrace Drive	Michael B. Hondorp and Joseph B. Holm	NO
93	511 Terrace Drive	David Boies and Rana Pierucci	NO
94	510 Terrace Drive	Enedina E. Garcia	NO
95	510 Lockhart Drive	Pratibha J. Shenoy	NO
96	509 Lockhart Drive	Paul and Sonia Ksiazek (new owners)	NO
97	507 Terrace Drive	Robert Buckner	NO
98	506 Terrace Drive	Elidda Esther Poulson	NO
99	506 Lockhart Drive	Arif Panju	NO
100	505 Terrace Drive	Michele White-Valkenaar	NO
101	502 Lockhart Drive	Dixie Anne Blair Van Nort	NO
102	502 Leland Street	John Andrew Baydale and Heather Marie Witbeck	NO
103	501 E. Annie Street	Richard White (new owner)	NO
104	500 Lockhart Drive	Michael Francis (new owner)	NO
105	411 Terrace Drive	Kevin L. and Donna M. Abrameit	NO
106	303 Terrace Drive	David Richard Rice and Lisa Buenaventura Rice	NO
107	1922 East Side Drive	Philip N. Bentley	NO
108	1915 Brackenridge Street	Charlotte Claire Martin	NO
109	1914 Newning Avenue	Ryan Johnson (new owner)	NO
110	1912 East Side Drive	Lawrence McGuire	NO
111	1907 Newning Avenue	Jeffrey R. Krolicki	NO
112	501 Lockhart Drive	Kathleen Amy Hill	NEUTRAL
113	1910 East Side Drive	Lucy Ramsey Dubose	NEUTRAL
114	Terrace Drive Triangle	Travis County Trustee	NEUTRAL
115	GRAND TOTALS:		
116	Petitions in SUPPORT: 59 out of 113		
117	Petitions in OPPOSITION: 34 out of 113		
118	NO RESPONSE: 17 out of 113		
119	NEUTRAL: 3 out of 113		
120	PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY OWNERS WHO HAVE FILED A PETITION IN SUPPORT: 52.212%		
121	PERCENTAGE OR PROPERTY OWNERS WHO HAVE FILED A PETITION IN OPPOSITION: 30.088%		
122	PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY OWNERS WITH NO RESPONSE: 15.044%		
123	PERCENTAGE OF PROPERTY OWNERS WHO ARE NEUTRAL: 2.654%		
124			

Case Number:
C14H-2014-0014

PETITION

Date: 10/8/2015

Total Square Footage of Buffer: 898093.6791

Percentage of Square Footage Owned by Petitioners Within Buffer: 30.10%

Calculation: The total square footage is calculated by taking the sum of the area of all TCAD Parcels with valid signatures including one-half of the adjacent right-of-way that fall within 200 feet of the subject tract. Parcels that do not fall within the 200 foot buffer are not used for calculation. When a parcel intersects the edge of the buffer, only the portion of the parcel that falls within the buffer is used. The area of the buffer does not include the subject tract.

TCAD ID	Address	Owner	Signature	Petition Area	Percent
0302001005	411 TERRACE DR	ABRAMEIT KEVIN L & DONNA M	yes	14282.89	1.59%
0302001409	1906 NEWNING AVE 78704	ALAGHEBAND AHMAD & MEHRI HASIBI	no	7855.94	0.00%
0302020105	509 TERRACE DR	ALBI CHRISTOPHER P	no	7565.57	0.00%
0302020121	500 LELAND ST 78704	ANDREWS BRANNON F & JOSEPH F CHASE	no	9675.33	0.00%
0302020119	504 LELAND ST 78704	ASTHALTER MICHAEL WILLIAM	no	6439.63	0.00%
0302020416	508 E MARY ST 78704	BARKER NORMAN R JR ET AL	no	8439.77	0.00%
0302020410	1802 EAST SIDE DR 78704	BASQUETTE RONALD LEE	no	7411.95	0.00%
0302020120	502 LELAND ST 78704	BAYDALE JOHN ANDREW & HEATHER MARIE WITBECK	yes	6576.73	0.73%
0302020215	1922 EAST SIDE DR 78704	BENTLEY PHILIP N	yes	9827.36	1.09%
0302020419	502 E MARY ST 78704	BILODEAU JAMES	no	7714.77	0.00%
0302001410	1908 NEWNING AVE 78704	BLACKWOOD CHRISTA ANN	no	7460.79	0.00%
0302020106	511 TERRACE DR AUSTIN 78704	BOIES DAVID & RANA PIERUCCI	yes	7651.35	0.85%
0302020316	514 LOCKHART DR 78704	BORACK BRIAN	yes	6231.85	0.69%
0302020303	505 E MARY ST 78704	BORAH MATTHEW	no	7703.68	0.00%
0302020202	503 LOCKHART DR 78704	BRAVENEC RONALD V	no	7966.08	0.00%
0302020403	505 E ANNIE ST 78704	BRUBAKER WESLEY ALLAN & EGUONOR LOVETH ABINOGUN	no	6737.39	0.00%
0302020104	507 TERRACE DR	BUCKNER ROBERT	yes	7466.88	0.83%
0302020212	1916 EAST SIDE DR 78704	BUEL JESSIE ANN	no	6598.95	0.00%
0302020302	503 E MARY ST 78704	CALVERT WILLIAM HAMILTON	no	7386.23	0.00%
0302020311	1900 EAST SIDE DR 78704	CANCHOLA MARIA LUISA & DOROTEO RUEDAS	no	13377.99	0.00%
0302020409	517 E ANNIE ST 78704	CARLTON ROSS M & DAWN M	no	7392.84	0.00%
0302020413	514 E MARY ST 78704	CURTIS MICHAEL D	no	8570.55	0.00%
0302020205	509 LOCKHART DR 78704	DJAJB LLC % BEN STARK APT A	yes	8369.64	0.93%
0302020309	517 E MARY ST 78704	DOWNER MICHAEL WAYNE	no	6311.83	0.00%
0302020110	2000 EAST SIDE DR 78704	DROWN PAUL MADISON JR & CHERYL A DROWN	no	9248.79	0.00%
0302020209	1910 EAST SIDE DR 78704	DUBOSE LUCY RAMSEY	no	10180.39	0.00%
0302020219	508 TERRACE DR AUSTIN 78704	FERMAN BOB & MIREYA ZAPATA	no	8106.98	0.00%
0302020101	501 TERRACE DR 78704	FINCH TRAVIS BROOKS & DONNA ANN LATHROP	no	11600.63	0.00%
0302020405	509 E ANNIE ST 78704	FITZPATRICK THOMAS & MELANIE A FITZPATRICK	no	7334.49	0.00%
0302020109	517 TERRACE DR	FLANAGAN DEBORAH FAYE	no	7678.24	0.00%
0302001411	1910 NEWNING AVE 78704	FLORES TECUAN	no	7346.31	0.00%
0302020204	507 LOCKHART DR 78704	FRASER RUSSELL E JR & SALLY	no	7973.36	0.00%
0302020323	500 LOCKHART DR 78704	FREEMAN MARK R	yes	9724.22	1.08%
0302001003	407 TERRACE DR	FUSARIS KARL W	no	7288.37	0.00%
0302020218	510 TERRACE DR	GARCIA ENEDINA E	yes	7783.26	0.87%
0302020108	515 TERRACE DR	GARZA FLORA LONGORIA	no	7482.18	0.00%
0302001116	302 TERRACE DR 78704	GEE ROBERT W	no	9547.27	0.00%
0302001001	301 TERRACE DR AUSTIN 78704	GETSINGER JOHN W & MARY C POWELL	no	9038.52	0.00%
0302020207	513 LOCKHART DR 78704	GIARRATANO DANIEL & PHUONGNHU	yes	10139.25	1.13%
0302020307	513 E MARY ST 78704	GIBSON JENNIFER M & JOSEPH M HEBERT	no	6562.26	0.00%
0302020208	515 LOCKHART DR 78704	GREENBERG DANIEL M	yes	10779.80	1.20%
0302020113	516 LELAND ST 78704	GRISSOM SHELLI & JOHN DAVID	no	6647.47	0.00%
0302001111	1928 NEWNING AVE 78704	GRUND CRAIG W & SYBIL R CASE	no	13646.39	0.00%
0302020320	504 LOCKHART DR 78704	HAWLEY NOAH & BRITTANY KYLE HAWLEY	no	7812.25	0.00%
0302001007	409 TERRACE DR	HENLEY KATHY	no	4536.58	0.00%
0302020214	1920 EAST SIDE DR 78704	HERR LAWRENCE NORMAN	yes	6556.91	0.73%
0302020201	501 LOCKHART DR 78704	HILL KATHLEEN AMY	no	13674.21	0.00%
0302020217	512 TERRACE DR AUSTIN 78704	HONDORP MICHAEL B & JOSEPH B HOLM	yes	7493.07	0.83%
0302020306	511 E MARY ST 78704	HUBELE LAUREN & JOACHIM	no	7314.00	0.00%
0302020421	513 E ANNIE ST 78704	HUNTER ROBERT BRENT	no	7221.39	0.00%
0302020304	507 E MARY ST 78704	JONES DAVID F & CYNTHIA L WILL CYNTHIA L WILLIAMS	no	7265.77	0.00%
0302020223	500 TERRACE DR 78704	KARKLINS INGRID	no	14130.66	0.00%
0302001413	1914 NEWNING AVE 78704	KENNEDY HEATHER # B	yes	11571.09	1.29%
0302020216	514 TERRACE DR AUSTIN 78704	KLEBERG ROBERT J & CHRISTINA RICH KLEBERG	no	8370.36	0.00%
0302020305	509 E MARY ST 78704	KREPS KAREN R APT 229	no	7592.28	0.00%
0302020324	1907 NEWNING AVE 78704	KROLICKI JEFFREY R	yes	2913.50	0.32%
0302020411	518 E MARY ST 78704	LAMBERT ELIZABETH ANN % PERSONAL ADMINISTRATORS	yes	8494.15	0.95%
0302020412	516 E MARY ST 78704	LAMBERT ELIZABETH GS TRUST % PERSONAL ADMINISTRATORS	yes	8186.00	0.91%
0302020415	510 E MARY ST 78704	LANIER TROY & MIRIAM MURTUZA	no	7956.50	0.00%
0302020225	1914 EAST SIDE DR 78704	LESLIE LAURA ELIZABETH BAFFORD	yes	6822.61	0.76%
0302020315	516 LOCKHART DR 78704	LIPSCOMB KELLY	yes	7120.10	0.79%

0302020116	510 LELAND ST 78704	LOZELLE LISE ANN	no	6567.84	0.00%
0302020111	2002 EAST SIDE DR 78704	MAKSYMOWICZ GREGORY J	no	6504.94	0.00%
0302001117	1915 BRACKENRIDGE ST 78704	MARTIN CHARLOTTE CLAIRE	yes	8849.81	0.99%
0302001002	305 TERRACE DR 78704	MILLER CHRISTOPHER & MICHELLE HOWELL & SARA K MILLER	no	7679.55	0.00%
0302001108	1918 NEWNING AVE 78704	MONTGOMERY JON	no	11612.10	0.00%
0302020203	505 LOCKHART DR 78704	MONTGOMERY JON	no	8088.71	0.00%
0302020402	503 E ANNIE ST 78704	MONTGOMERY JON G	no	6757.14	0.00%
0302020312	522 LOCKHART DR 78704	MONTGOMERY JON GILL	no	6546.47	0.00%
0302020114	514 LELAND ST 78704	MORENO CANDELARIO	yes	6221.54	0.69%
0302020221	504 TERRACE DR AUSTIN 78704	MORROW DONNA J	no	8230.02	0.00%
0302020112	2004 EAST SIDE DR 78704	OTERO CARMELO C	yes	10581.97	1.18%
0302020414	512 E MARY ST 78704	OTTO GRETCHEN ALYNNE & MARK THOMAS SMITH	no	8008.84	0.00%
0302001109	1920 NEWNING AVE 78704	OWEN ROBERT C & MEREDITH MARTI MEREDITH MARTIN ROUNTREE	no	7537.51	0.00%
0302020319	506 LOCKHART DR 78704	PANJU ARIF	yes	7415.59	0.83%
0302001412	1912 NEWNING AVE 78704	PARKER MICAH S	no	7571.16	0.00%
0302020420	500 E MARY ST 78704	PARKINSON TONY & MARYANNE	no	8540.80	0.00%
0302001408	1904 NEWNING AVE 78704	PATERSON ROBERT & RACHAEL RAWL RACHAEL RAWLINS	no	7720.65	0.00%
0302020408	515 E ANNIE ST 78704	PENNINGTON CECIL F	no	7552.44	0.00%
0302020107	513 TERRACE DR	PIERUCCI CAPRICE	yes	7540.32	0.84%
0302020115	512 LELAND ST 78704	PONZOHA THERESA	no	6254.25	0.00%
0302020220	506 TERRACE DR 78704	POULSON ELIDA ESTHER	yes	7858.37	0.88%
0302001122	1924 NEWNING AVE 78704	REDDY IAN SUNEEL	no	27965.18	0.00%
0302020417	506 E MARY ST 78704	REGIMBEAU PASCAL G & SYBIL R	no	7959.74	0.00%
0302001009	303 TERRACE DR AUSTIN 78704	RICE DAVID RICHARD & LISA BUENAVENTURA RICE	yes	8442.33	0.94%
0302020313	520 LOCKHART DR 78704	SAMES COURTNEY	yes	6557.39	0.73%
0302020314	518 LOCKHART DR 78704	SAMES HARRY III & COURTNEY	yes	6121.02	0.68%
0302020422	511 E ANNIE ST 78704	SARABI RAHMIN & ALI REZA SARABI & MINOO SARABI	yes	6876.00	0.77%
0302001006	308 LELAND ST 78704	SCHWARZ MICHAEL W	no	2745.00	0.00%
0302020317	510 LOCKHART DR 78704	SHENOY PRATIBHA J	yes	6827.00	0.76%
0302020222	502 TERRACE DR AUSTIN 78704	SMOLIK KRISTEN	no	8037.78	0.00%
0302001118	1913 BRACKENRIDGE ST 78704	STATECZNY ELISABETH A & MARK E GARDNER	no	4635.73	0.00%
0302020404	507 E ANNIE ST 78704	STEWART ANDREW & LAURA	no	6768.56	0.00%
0302020308	515 E MARY ST 78704	TEXADA EVELYN	no	7395.63	0.00%
0302020418	504 E MARY ST 78704	TONGATE JOHN T	no	7905.19	0.00%
0302020224	TERRACE DR 78704	TRAVIS COUNTY TRUSTEE	no	780.48	0.00%
0302020401	501 E ANNIE ST 78704	VALENTI & ROBERTS LLC	yes	7030.98	0.78%
0302020321	502 LOCKHART DR 78704	VAN NORT DIXIE ANNE BLAIR	yes	7528.22	0.84%
0302020318	508 LOCKHART DR 78704	VASQUEZ LEE P	no	7214.15	0.00%
0302020213	1918 EAST SIDE DR 78704	WATKINS THOMAS H	no	6880.75	0.00%
0302020206	511 LOCKHART DR 78704	WEBRE MICHELE MARIE	no	9254.46	0.00%
0302020103	505 TERRACE DR AUSTIN 78704	WHITE-VALKENAAR MICHELE	yes	7669.28	0.85%
0302020117	508 LELAND ST 78704	WHITTEN LYNN	no	6291.89	0.00%
0302020118	506 LELAND ST 78704	WHITTEN LYNN & JAMES JACKSON B JAMES JACKSON BUTLER	no	6425.90	0.00%
0302020301	501 E MARY ST 78704	WILLIAMS ROBERT T & MARIE	no	11840.56	0.00%
0302020102	503 TERRACE DR 78704	WILLINGHAM CHRISTINA G	no	7769.13	0.00%
0302020210	1912 EAST SIDE DR 78704	WORK CARLA	yes	6808.63	0.76%
0302001901	Address Not Found		no	9828.39	0.00%
0302001701	Address Not Found		no	12846.96	0.00%
0302001801	Address Not Found		no	9891.59	0.00%
Total				898093.51	30.10%

Appendix C

Survey Sheets and Signatures

Property ID 283371
501 E Annie St

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1931 Source: City Directories	Roof Materials	Metal	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Decoration	Brackets	Porch Railings	None
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 1, Interior: 0	Fences	Two fences: 6ft corrugated metal w/wood posts and 4ft iron w/wood posts
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Chimney Materials	Metal	Outbuildings	1 Story Detached Garage, Garage Wall Material: Wood, Garage Roof Material: Composition shingles
Stories	1	Windows	Aluminum	Moved	Has Not Moved
Plan	Square or rectangular	Door Features	Glazing	Integrity	Windows replaced, chimney material replaced
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Type	Partial Width		
Exterior Materials	Wood	Porch Roof Types	Gabled		
Roof Type	Side Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283371	Situs	501 E ANNIE ST	Addr2	3582 LOWRY RD
Geo ID	302020401	Situs Zip	78704	City	LOS ANGELES
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 1 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	CA
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	VALENTI & ROBERTS LLC	Zip	90027-1434
Legal Acres	0.1614				
Main Area SF	1060				

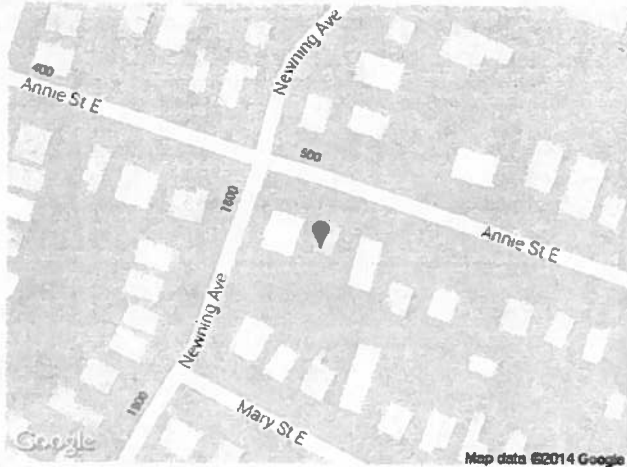
Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Moderate Alterations, doesn't detract from historical character	Survey Date	1/10/2009		

I, <u>A. Valenti</u> , owner of, <u>LOT 1 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS</u> hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.	Signature <u>A. Valenti</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.	Date <u>July 8, 2014</u>

Property ID 283372
503 E Annie St

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1933 Source: City Directories	Roof Type	Side Gable	Porch Supports	None
Stylistic Influences	Revival - Tudor	Roof Materials	Composition shingles METAL	Porch Railings	None
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends, Brackets	Landscape Features	Concrete walk
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Moved	Has Not Moved
Stories	1	Windows	Wood Double Hung		
Plan	Square or rectangular	Door Features	Glazing		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Type	Stoop Roof		
Exterior Materials	Wood				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283372	Situs	503 E ANNIE ST	Addr2	PO BOX 5265
Geo ID	302020402	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 2 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	MONTGOMERY JON G	Zip	78763-5265
Legal Acres	0.1551				
Main Area SF	808				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Teri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed, 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Intact	Survey Date	1/10/2009		

I, <u>Jon G Montgomery</u> , owner of, <u>LOT 2 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS</u> hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.	Signature <u>[Signature]</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.	Date <u>9 June 14</u>

Property ID 283373
505 E Annie St



Map data ©2014 Google

Description

1935
Source: City Directories
Craftsman
Dwelling, single
Dwelling, single
1
Square or rectangular
Pier-and-Beam
Wood, Stucco
Front Gable

Composition shingles
Exposed Rafter Ends,
Clipped Gables, Brackets
Exterior: 0, Interior: 0
Wood Double Hung
Glazing
Partial Width, Inset
Gabled Clipped
Metal

Metal
Attached single-story
garage
Concrete walkway
Has Not Moved

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

283373
302020403
S01528
BLUE BONNET HILLS
0.1547
1573

505 E ANNIE ST
78704
LOT 3 BLK 9 BLUE
BONNET HILLS
BRUBAKER WESLEY
ALLAN &

EGUONOR LOVETH
ABINOGUN

505 E ANNIE ST
AUSTIN
TX
78704-3137

Historic District Information

Yes

Intact

Preservation Central, Terr
Myers, 823 Harris
Avenue, Austin, TX 78705
1/10/2009

Josh Conrad, Emily Reed
805 1/2 W. 16th St.,
Austin, TX 78701

Wesley A. Brubaker

owner of, LOT 3 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the
application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District

☒ I DO support the application for local historic
district zoning designation

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local
historic district zoning designation.

Signature

Date

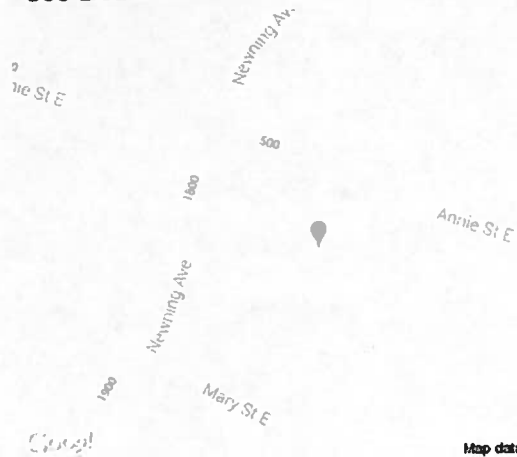
08-JUL-2014

505 E. ANNIE ST.
78704

Wesley A. Brubaker

08 JUL 2014

Property ID **283373**
505 E Annie St



Map data ©2014 Google

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1935 Source: City Directories	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Railings	Metal
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends, Clipped Gables, Brackets	Outbuildings	Attached single-story garage
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Landscape Features	Concrete walkway
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung	Moved	Has Not Moved
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing		
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Partial Width, Inset		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	Gabled Clipped		
Exterior Materials	Wood, Stucco	Porch Supports	Metal		
Roof Type	Front Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283373	Situs	505 E ANNIE ST	Addr2	505 E ANNIE ST
Geo ID	302020403	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 3 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	BRUBAKER WESLEY ALLAN &	Zip	78704-3137
Legal Acres	0.1547	Addr1	EGUONOR LOVETH ABINOGUN		
Main Area SF	1573				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Intact	Survey Date	1/10/2009		

I, _____ owner of, LOT 3 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283374
507 E Annie St



Map data ©2014 Google

NOT CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1937 Source: TCAD	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends, Brackets	Landscape Features	4ft stone retaining wall
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Moved	Has Not Moved
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung, Decorative Screens	Integrity	2nd-story addition, side addition w/deck above, new porch roof
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Door Features	Glazing		
Stories	2	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent		
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Roof Types	Flat		
Exterior Materials	Wood	Porch Supports	Metal		
Roof Type	Front Gable	Porch Railings	None		
Roof Materials	Composition shingles				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283374	Situs	507 E ANNIE ST	Addr2	2001 WESTRIDGE DR
Geo ID	302020404	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 4 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	STEWART ANDREW & LAURA	Zip	78704-3255
Legal Acres	0.1554				
Main Area SF	2400				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	No	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Alterations detract from historic character	Survey Date	1/10/2009		

I, Andrew Stewart & Laura Stewart owner of LOT 4 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature [Signature] Date 7/10/14

Property ID **283375**
509 E Annie St

NOT CONTRIBUTING



Map data ©2014 Google



Description

Date of Construction	1940 Source: TCAD	Roof Type	Side Gable	Porch Supports	Metal
Stylistic Influences	Colonial Revival	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Railings	None
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Landscape Features	1' stone retaining wall, concrete walk
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung, 6/6/2010	Moved	Has Not Moved
Stories	2	Door Features	Glazing	Integrity	New side addition
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	Flat		
Exterior Materials	Asbestos				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283375	Situs	509 E ANNIE ST	Addr2	509 E ANNIE ST
Geo ID	302020405	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 5 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	FITZPATRICK THOMAS &	Zip	78704-3137
Legal Acres	0.1684	Addr1	MELANIE A FITZPATRICK		
Main Area SF	1898				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	No	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Teri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Severe alterations or incompatible addition	Survey Date	1/10/2009		

<u>THOMAS FITZPATRICK</u> owner of <u>LOT 5 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS</u> hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.	Signature <u>Thomas Fitzpatrick</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.	Date <u>7-7-14</u>

Property ID **817419**
511 E Annie St

NOT CONTRIBUTING



Description

Historic Use **Empty Lot**

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID **817419**
Geo ID **302020422**
Subdivision Code **S01528**
Subdivision **BLUE BONNET HILLS**
Legal Acres **0.1579**

Situs **511 E ANNIE ST**
Situs Zip **78704**
Legal Description **LOT 6 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS**
Owner Name **SARABI RAHMIN & ALI REZA SARABI & MINOO SARABI**

Addr2 **3095 NW 126TH PL**
City **PORTLAND**
State **OR**
Zip **97229-3991**

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District **No**
Justification For Contributing Status **Empty Lot**

Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status **Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705**
Survey Date **2014**

Other Researchers **Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701**

I, _____ owner of **LOT 6 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS** hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID **817418**
513 E Annie St

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1935 Source: City Directories	Roof Type	Cross Gable	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Railings	Square Wood
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Outbuildings	1 Story Detached Garage, Garage Wall Material: Wood, Garage Roof Material: Composition shingles, Garage Roof Type: Gabled
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung	Landscape Features	4' Concrete walls around front steps; non-historic
Stories	1.5	Door Features	Glazing	Moved	Has Not Moved
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Partial Width, Integrated		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	Gabled		
Exterior Materials	Asbestos				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	817418	Situs	513 E ANNIE ST	Addr2	513 E ANNIE ST
Geo ID	302020421	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 7 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	HUNTER ROBERT BRENT	Zip	78704-3137
Legal Acres	0.1657				
Main Area SF	923				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Intact	Survey Date	1/10/2009		

I, Robert Hunter owner of, LOT 7 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

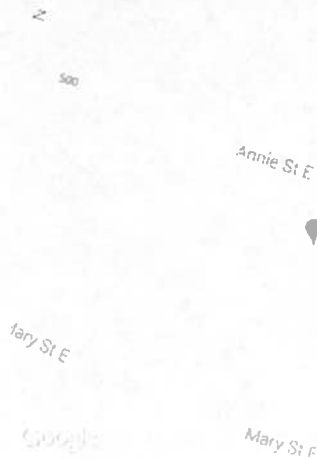
Signature

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date

7/2/14

Property ID **283377**
515 E Annie St



CONTRIBUTING

Description

Date of Construction	1933 Source: City Directories	Roof Type	Hipped with Gable	Porch Railings	None
Stylistic Influences	Minimal Traditional	Roof Materials	Metal	Outbuildings	1 Story Detached Garage, Garage Wall Material: Wood, Garage Roof Material: Metal, Garage Roof Type: Hipped
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Landscape Features	Stone retaining wall along driveway w/2' stone piers, concrete walk
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung	Moved	Has Not Moved
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing, Not Original		
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Stoop Roof		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Supports	None		
Exterior Materials	Wood				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283377	Situs	515 E ANNIE ST	Addr2	4011 AVENUE G
Geo ID	302020408	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 8 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	PENNINGTON CECIL F	Zip	78751-4707
Legal Acres	0.1734				
Main Area SF	860				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Teri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Intact	Survey Date	1/10/2009		

I, _____ owner of, LOT 8 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID **283378**
517 E Annie St

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1946 Source: TCAD	Roof Type	Side Gable	Porch Supports	Metal
Stylistic Influences	Minimal Traditional	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Railings	Metal
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 1, Interior: 0	Outbuildings	1 Story Detached Garage, Garage Wall Material: Wood, Garage Roof Material: Composition shingles, Garage Roof Type: Gabled
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Chimney Materials	Brick	Landscape Features	1-3' stone wall along driveway
Stories	1	Windows	Wood Double Hung	Moved	Has Not Moved
Plan	Square or rectangular	Door Features	Glazing	Integrity	Garage converted
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Type	Full Width, Inset		
Exterior Materials	Asbestos				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283378	Situs	517 E ANNIE ST	Addr2	517 E ANNIE ST
Geo ID	302020409	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 9 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	CARLTON ROSS M & DAWN M	Zip	78704-3137
Legal Acres	0.1697				
Main Area SF	1210				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Largely Intact	Survey Date	1/10/2009		

I, Dawn Carlton, owner of, LOT 9 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature

Dawn Carlton

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date

July 4, 2014

Appendix C

Survey Sheets and Signatures

Property ID 283231

1913 Brackenridge St

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1935 Source: TCAD	Roof Type	Side Gable	Porch Roof Types	Shed
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Materials	Metal	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Roof Decoration	Brackets	Porch Railings	None
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Landscape Features	3' stone retaining wall. Raised lot.
Stories	2	Windows	Wood Double Hung, w/new screens	Moved	Has Not Moved
Plan	Square or rectangular	Door Features	Glazing	Integrity	Large two-story addition circa 2008. Porch rebuilt.
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Type	Full Width, Independent		
Exterior Materials	Wood				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283231	Situs	1913 BRACKENRIDGE ST	Addr2	1913 BRACKENRIDGE ST
Geo ID	302001118	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	N41.69FT AV OF LOT 1&2 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	STATECZNY ELISABETH A &	Zip	78704-3553
Legal Acres	0.1019	Addr1	MARK E GARDNER		
Main Area SF	1956				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Moderate Alterations, doesn't detract from historical character	Survey Date	1/9/2009		

I, <u>Elisabeth Gardner</u> owner of, <u>N41.69FT AV OF LOT 1&2 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS</u> hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.	Signature <u>[Signature]</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.	Date <u>6-21-14</u>

Property ID 283230

1915 Brackenridge St

NOT CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1950	Integrity	Large brick addition on side. Porch rebuilt.
Source	TCAD		
Stylistic Influences	None		
Historic Use	Dwelling, single		
Current Use	Dwelling, single		
Stories	1		
Moved	Has Not Moved		

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283230	Situs	1915 BRACKENRIDGE ST	Addr2	1915 BRACKENRIDGE ST
Geo ID	302001117	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 1 *LESS N39.87FT LESS S68FT OF E10FT PLUS TRI LOT 2 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS			Zip	78704-3553
Legal Acres	0.157	Owner Name	MARTIN CHARLOTTE CLAIRE		
Main Area SF	1365				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	No	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Severe alterations or incompatible addition	Survey Date	1/9/2009		

I, _____ owner of, **LOT 1 *LESS N39.87FT LESS S68FT OF E10FT PLUS TRI LOT 2 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS** hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Appendix C

Survey Sheets and Signatures

Property ID 283379

1802 East Side Dr



NOT CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction 1940
Source: TCAD
Stylistic Influences None
Historic Use Dwelling, single
Current Use Dwelling, single
Stories 2
Moved Has Not Moved

Integrity Second story added. Large two-story deck added. House clad in corrugated metal.

2d story original
- GALTUS ART. -

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283379	Situs	1802 EAST SIDE DR	Addr2	1802 EAST SIDE DR
Geo ID	302020410	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 10 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	BASQUETTE RONALD LEE	Zip	78704-3141
Legal Acres	0.1702				
Main Area SF	1080				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	No	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Tem Myers, 823 Hams Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Severe alterations or incompatible addition	Survey Date	1/9/2009		

I, RONN BASQUETTE owner of LOT 10 BLK 9 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

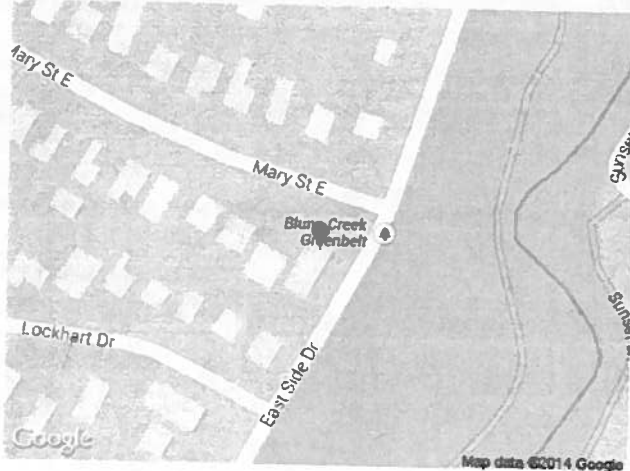
Signature [Signature]

Date 7/7/2014

Property ID 283689, 283358

1900 East Side Dr

NOT CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction 1939
Source: TCAD
Stylistic Influences Modern - General
Historic Use Dwelling, single
Current Use Dwelling, single
Stories 2

Moved Has Not Moved
Integrity Severe modifications; no historic fabric remains.

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID 283689, 283358
Geo ID 302020311
Subdivision Code S01528
Subdivision BLUE BONNET HILLS
Main Area SF 3968

Situs 1900 EAST SIDE DR
Situs Zip 78704
Legal Description LOT 19&21 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS
Owner Name CANCHOLA MARIA LUISA &
Addr1 DOROTEO RUEDAS

Addr2 1900 EAST SIDE DR
City AUSTIN
State TX
Zip 78704-4326

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District No
Justification For Contributing Status Non-historic: post 1964

Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705
Survey Date 1/9/2009

Other Researchers Josh Conrad, Emily Reed
805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701

I, MARIA CANCHOLA owner of LOT 19&21 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature Maria Cancho La
Date 2-7-14

Property ID 283689, 283358

519 E Mary St



CONTRIBUTING

Description

Date of Construction	Estimated 1939	Roof Type	Hipped	Porch Railings	Other, Wood and wire
Stylistic Influences	Minimal Traditional	Roof Materials	Metal	Moved	Has Not Moved
Historic Use	Garage Apartment	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Integrity	Garage enclosed with windows and siding. Second story porch roof added. Porch altered.
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung, Vinyl		
Stories	2	Porch Type	Full Width, Independent		
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Roof Types	Shed		
Foundation	Perimeter Wall	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood		
Exterior Materials	Stone				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / 283689, 283358
Property ID

Legal Description see 1900 East Side Dr

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Teri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Moderate Alterations, doesn't detract from historical character	Survey Date	1/15/2009		

Property ID 283332

1910 East Side Dr



NOT CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1937	Integrity	Second story addition, stone veneer added, and porch alteration circa 1955.
Source	TCAD		
Stylistic Influences	None		
Historic Use	Dwelling, single		
Current Use	Dwelling, single		
Stories	2		
Moved	Has Not Moved		

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283332	Situs	1910 EAST SIDE DR	Addr2	1910 EAST SIDE DR
Geo ID	302020209	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 17 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	DUBOSE LUCY RAMSEY + TERRY DUBOSE	Zip	78704-4308
Legal Acres	0.1494				
Main Area SF	2248				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	No	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Severe alterations or incompatible addition	Survey Date	1/9/2009		

I, Lucy R. Dubose owner of, LOT 17 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation. Signature Lucy R. Dubose Date July 7, 2014

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Property ID 283333

1912 East Side Dr

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1937 Source: TCAD	Roof Materials	Metal	Porch Railings	None
Stylistic Influences	Revival - Tudor	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends	Fences	Height: 5 ft, Metal w/gate
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Landscape Features	6' stone retaining wall w/steps to house.
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung	Moved	Has Not Moved
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing	Integrity	Small addition on north side w/corrugated sheet metal siding.
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Stoop Roof		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	None		
Exterior Materials	Wood	Porch Supports	None		
Roof Type	Side Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283333	Situs	1912 EAST SIDE DR	Addr2	1912 EAST SIDE DR
Geo ID	302020210	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 18 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	WORK CARLA	Zip	78704-4308
Legal Acres	0.1563				
Main Area SF	878				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Teri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Largely Intact	Survey Date	1/9/2009		

I, _____ owner of, **LOT 18 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS** hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283347

1914 East Side Dr

NOT CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction **1984**
Source: TCAD
Stylistic Influences **None**
Historic Use **Dwelling, single**
Current Use **Dwelling, single**
Stories **2**
Moved **Has Not Moved**

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283347	Situs	1914 EAST SIDE DR	Addr2	1914 EAST SIDE DR
Geo ID	302020225	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 19 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	TROBAUGH KENNETH J & NANCY A	Zip	78704-4308
Legal Acres	0.1566				
Main Area SF	1988				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	No	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Hams Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Non-historic: post 1964	Survey Date	1/9/2009		

I, _____ owner of, **LOT 19 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS** hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283334

1916 East Side Dr

NOT CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1925 Source: TCAD	Integrity	Second floor added (sheet metal material). Upper deck added. Windows replaced.
Stylistic Influences	None		
Historic Use	Dwelling, single		
Current Use	Dwelling, single		
Stories	2		
Moved	Has Not Moved		

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283334	Situs	1916 EAST SIDE DR	Addr2	1916 EAST SIDE DR
Geo ID	302020212	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 20 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	BUEL JESSIE ANN	Zip	78704-4308
Legal Acres	0.1515				
Main Area SF	1559				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	No	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Teri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Severe alterations or incompatible addition	Survey Date	1/9/2009		

I, _____ owner of, LOT 20 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283335

1918 East Side Dr

NOT CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction 1985
Source: TCAD
Stylistic Influences None
Historic Use Dwelling, single
Current Use Dwelling, single
Stories 3
Moved Has Not Moved

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283335	Situs	1918 EAST SIDE DR	Addr2	1918 EAST SIDE DR
Geo ID	302020213	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 21 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	WATKINS THOMAS H	Zip	78704-4308
Legal Acres	0.158				
Main Area SF	3466				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	No	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Non-historic: post 1964	Survey Date	1/9/2009		

I, _____ owner of, LOT 21 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283336

1920 East Side Dr



CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1935	Moved	Has Not Moved
Source	TCAD	Integrity	Windows replaced. Door replaced. Porch posts and railings replaced.
Stylistic Influences	Minimal Traditional		
Historic Use	Dwelling, single		
Current Use	Dwelling, single		
Stories	1		

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283336	Situs	1920 EAST SIDE DR	Addr2	PO BOX 189
Geo ID	302020214	Situs Zip	78704	City	COUPLAND
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 22 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	HERR LAWRENCE NORMAN	Zip	78615-0189
Legal Acres	0.1505				
Main Area SF	1472				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
		Survey Date	1/9/2009		

I, _____ owner of, **LOT 22 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS** hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283337

1922 East Side Dr



CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1935 Source: TCAD	Roof Type	Hipped with Gable	Porch Supports	None
Stylistic Influences	Minimal Traditional	Roof Materials	Metal	Porch Railings	Metal
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Outbuildings	Concrete stairs
Current Use	Dwelling, duplex	Windows	Wood Double Hung, Decorative Screens	Landscape Features	2' stone retaining wall
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing	Moved	Has Not Moved
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Stoop Roof	Integrity	Small front deck added.
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	Gabled, w/brackets		
Exterior Materials	Wood				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283337	Situs	1922 EAST SIDE DR	Addr2	516 TERRACE DR
Geo ID	302020215	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 23 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	BENTLEY PHILIP N	Zip	78704-4343
Legal Acres	0.1492				
Main Area SF	2612				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Teri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Largely Intact	Survey Date	1/9/2009		

I, _____ owner of, LOT 23 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283337

516 Terrace Dr



NOT CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	Estimated 1950	Integrity	Windows replaced. Large side deck and roof with spiral staircase added. Lower level enclosed.
Stylistic Influences	None		
Historic Use	Garage Apartment		
Current Use	Dwelling, single		
Stories	2		
Moved	Has Not Moved		

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / 283337
Property ID

Legal Description see 1922 East Side Dr

Historic District Information

Contributing to
Local Historic
District

No

Justification For
Contributing
Status

Severe alterations or
incompatible addition

Surveyors /
Evaluator of
Contributing Status

Preservation Central, Terri
Myers, 823 Harris
Avenue, Austin, TX 78705

Survey Date 1/14/2009

Other
Researchers

Josh Conrad, Emily Reed
805 1/2 W. 16th St.,
Austin, TX 78701

Property ID 283312

2000 East Side Dr



CONTRIBUTING

Description

Date of Construction	1935 Source: TCAD	Roof Materials	Metal	Porch Railings	Square Wood
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Decoration	Brackets	Outbuildings	Outbuilding w/wood siding and metal gabled roof.
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Moved	Has Not Moved
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung, Wood Screens	Integrity	Wraparound porch addition on SW corner. Porch stairs and railings replaced.
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing		
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent, Wraparound addition on SW corner.		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	Gabled		
Exterior Materials	Wood	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood		
Roof Type	Front Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283312	Situs	2000 EAST SIDE DR	Addr2	2000 EAST SIDE DR
Geo ID	302020110	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 19 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	DROWN PAUL MADISON JR &	Zip	78704-4327
Legal Acres	0.1383	Addr1	CHERYL A DROWN		
Main Area SF	1312				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Moderate Alterations, doesn't detract from historical character	Survey Date	1/9/2009		

I, CHERYL + PAUL DROWN owner of LOT 19 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

- ☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.
- ☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature

Date

Cheryl Drown + Paul Drown
7/6/14

Property ID 283313

2002 East Side Dr

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1939 Source: TCAD	Roof Materials	Composition shingles, Diamond pattern	Outbuildings	2 Story Detached Garage, Garage Wall Material: Synthetic - Asbestos, Garage Roof Material: Composition shingles, Garage Roof Type: Hipped
Stylistic Influences	Revival - Tudor	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Landscape Features	Concrete steps to lot.
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung	Moved	Has Not Moved
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Door Features	Glazing, Arched door w/decorative recessed brick arches.	Integrity	Pergola-style porch on south side.
Stories	1	Porch Type	Independent		
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Roof Types	None		
Foundation	Perimeter Wall	Porch Supports	None		
Exterior Materials	Brick	Porch Railings	Metal		
Roof Type	Cross Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283313	Situs	2002 EAST SIDE DR	Addr2	2002 EAST SIDE DR
Geo ID	302020111	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 20 & N5FT LOT 21 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	MAKSYMOWICZ GREGORY J	Zip	78704-4327
Legal Acres	0.1493				
Main Area SF	1632				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Teri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Largely Intact	Survey Date	1/9/2009		

I, Gregory + Patti Maksymowicz

owner of, LOT 20 & N5FT LOT 21 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date

7/16/2014

Gregory Maksymowicz
Patti Maksymowicz

Property ID 283314

2004 East Side Dr

NOT CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1956	Integrity	Large 2.5 story front addition. Dormer addition at roof ridge.
Source	TCAD		
Stylistic Influences	Ranch		
Historic Use	Dwelling, single		
Current Use	Dwelling, single		
Stories	2.5		
Moved	Has Not Moved		

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283314	Situs	2004 EAST SIDE DR	Addr2	2004 EAST SIDE DR
Geo ID	302020112	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 22 * & S50FT LOT 21 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	OTERO CARMELO C	Zip	78704-4327
Legal Acres	0.2429				
Main Area SF	1701				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	No	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Severe alterations or incompatible addition	Survey Date	1/9/2009		

I, _____ owner of, LOT 22 * & S50FT LOT 21 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Appendix C

Survey Sheets and Signatures

Property ID 283214

308 Leland St



CONTRIBUTING

Description

Date of Construction	1951 Source: TCAD	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood
Stylistic Influences	Minimal Traditional	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends	Porch Railings	Square Wood
Historic Use	Garage Apartment	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Landscape Features	3' concrete retaining wall.
Stones	2	Windows	Wood Double Hung, Wood Screens, 8/8; 6/6	Moved	Has Not Moved
Plan	Square or rectangular	Door Features	Glazing		
Foundation	Perimeter Wall	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent		
Exterior Materials	Asbestos	Porch Roof Types	Shed		
Roof Type	Side Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283214	Situs	308 LELAND ST	Addr2	409 TERRACE DR
Geo ID	302001006	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	S62.79FT AV OF LOT 5 BLK 2 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	SCHWARZ MICHAEL W	Zip	78704
Legal Acres	0.063				
Main Area SF	720				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Teri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Intact	Survey Date	1/14/2009		

I, MICHAEL W SCHWARZ owner of, S62.79FT AV OF LOT 5 BLK 2 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date

6/21/2014

Property ID 283323

500 Leland St

NOT CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction **2008**
Source: TCAD
Stylistic Influences **None**
Historic Use **Dwelling, single**
Current Use **Dwelling, single**
Stories **2.5**
Moved **Has Not Moved**

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283323	Situs	500 LELAND ST	Addr2	500 LELAND ST
Geo ID	302020121	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 2 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	ANDREWS BRANNON F & JOSEPH F CHASE	Zip	78704-4334
Legal Acres	0.1487				
Main Area SF	2922				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	No	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Non-historic: post 1964	Survey Date	1/13/2009		

I, _____ owner of, LOT 2 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID **283322**
502 Leland St

NOT CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction **2008**
Source: TCAD
Stylistic Influences **None**
Historic Use **Dwelling, single**
Current Use **Dwelling, single**
Stories **2**
Moved **Has Not Moved**

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283322	Situs	502 LELAND ST	Addr2	502 LELAND ST
Geo ID	302020120	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 4 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	FAITH JOHN	Zip	78704-4334
Legal Acres	0.151				
Main Area SF	2464				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	No	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Teri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed, 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Non-historic: post 1964	Survey Date	1/13/2009		

I, _____ owner of **LOT 4 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS** hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID **283321**
504 Leland St

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1933 Source: City Directories	Roof Materials	Metal	Porch Railings	Square Wood
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends, Brackets	Outbuildings	1 Story Detached Garage, Garage Wall Material: Wood, Garage Roof Material: Metal, Garage Roof Type: Gabled
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Landscape Features	2' stone retaining wall.
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung, Decorative Screens	Moved	Has Not Moved
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing	Integrity	Historic rear addition.
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	Gabled		
Exterior Materials	Wood	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood		
Roof Type	Front Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283321	Situs	504 LELAND ST	Addr2	2005 KENWOOD AVE
Geo ID	302020119	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 6 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	ASTHALTER MICHAEL WILLIAM	Zip	78704-4437
Legal Acres	0.1478				
Main Area SF	1182				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Largely Intact	Survey Date	1/13/2009		

I, _____ owner of, LOT 6 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

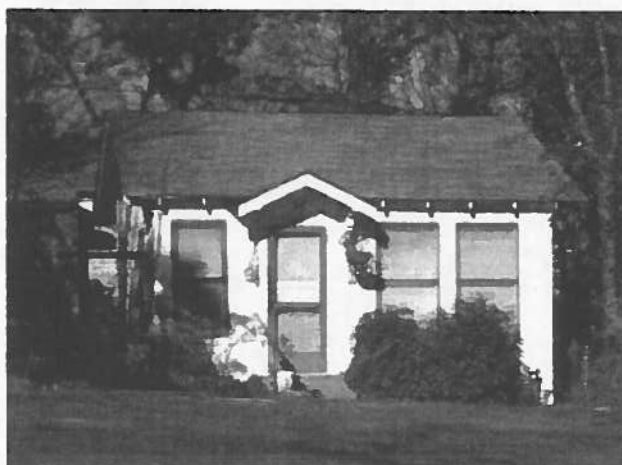
Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID **283320**
506 Leland St

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1935 Source: City Directories	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Railings	Metal
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends, Brackets	Outbuildings	1 Story Detached Garage, Garage Wall Material: Wood, Garage Roof Material: Metal, Garage Roof Type: Gabled
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Landscape Features	Set far back on lot.
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung, Wood Screens	Moved	Has Not Moved
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing		
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent, Stoop Roof		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	Gabled, w/brackets		
Exterior Materials	Wood, Board and batten	Porch Supports	None		
Roof Type	Side Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283320	Situs	506 LELAND ST	Addr2	1517 ALAMEDA DR
Geo ID	302020118	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 8 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	WHITTEN LYNN & JAMES JACKSON B	Zip	78704-3101
Legal Acres	0.1475	Addr1	JAMES JACKSON BUTLER		
Main Area SF	324				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Teri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Intact	Survey Date	1/13/2009		

I, _____ owner of, LOT 8 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283319

508 Leland St

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1936 Source: TCAD	Roof Type	Side Gable	Porch Supports	None
Stylistic Influences	Minimal Traditional	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Railings	None
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Outbuildings	Small detached garage/workshop of like materials.
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung	Landscape Features	Set far back on lot.
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing	Moved	Has Not Moved
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent, Stoop Roof		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	Gabled, w/brackets		
Exterior Materials	Stucco				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283319	Situs	508 LELAND ST	Addr2	1517 ALAMEDA DR
Geo ID	302020117	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 10 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	WHITTEN LYNN	Zip	78704-3101
Legal Acres	0.1444				
Main Area SF	676				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed, 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Intact	Survey Date	1/13/2009		

I, _____ owner of, LOT 10 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

- ☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation. Signature _____
- ☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation. Date _____

Property ID **283318**
510 Leland St

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1943 Source: TCAD	Roof Materials	Asphalt Composition Shingles	Moved	Has Not Moved
Stylistic Influences	Minimal Traditional	Number of Chimneys	1	Integrity	Front porch altered. Brick on chimney replaced. New shutters.
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Chimney Materials	Brick		
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Double Hung		
Stories	1	Porch Type	Partial Width		
Plan	Asymmetrical	Porch Roof Types	Flat		
Exterior Materials	Stucco	Porch Supports	Classical Columns		
Roof Type	Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283318	Situs	510 LELAND ST	Addr2	510 LELAND ST
Geo ID	302020116	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 12 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	LOZELLE LISE ANN	Zip	78704-4334
Legal Acres	0.1508				
Main Area SF	1713				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Moderate Alterations, doesn't detract from historical character	Survey Date	1/13/2009		

I, _____ owner of, LOT 12 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283317

512 Leland St

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1938 Source: TCAD	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Railings	Metal
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends, Brackets	Outbuildings	Historic, Garage Wall Material: Wood, Garage Roof Material: Metal, Garage Roof Type: Gabled
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Moved	Has Not Moved
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung, Wood Screens		
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing		
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	Gabled		
Exterior Materials	Wood	Porch Supports	Tapered on Pier, Brick Piers		
Roof Type	Side Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283317	Situs	512 LELAND ST	Addr2	512 LELAND ST
Geo ID	302020115	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 14 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	PONZOHA THERESA	Zip	78704-4334
Legal Acres	0.1436				
Main Area SF	1152				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Intact	Survey Date	1/13/2009		

I, _____ owner of, **LOT 14 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS** hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283316
514 Leland St

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1933 Source: City Directories	Roof Type	Front Gable	Porch Roof Types	Gabled
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends	Porch Railings	Other, Wood w/diamond pattern
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Moved	Has Not Moved
Stories	1	Windows	Wood Double Hung, Decorative Screens		
Plan	Square or rectangular	Door Features	Glazing		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent		
Exterior Materials	Wood				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283316	Situs	514 LELAND ST	Addr2	514 LELAND ST
Geo ID	302020114	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 16 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	MORENO CANDELARIO	Zip	78704-4334
Legal Acres	0.1428				
Main Area SF	1036				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Intact	Survey Date	1/13/2009		

I, _____ owner of, **LOT 16 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS** hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283315
516 Leland St

CONTRIBUTING



Description


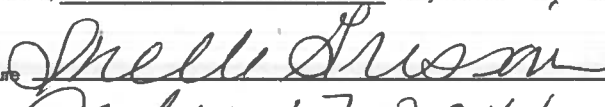
Date of Construction	1931	Roof Type	Front Gable	Porch Roof Types	Gabled
Source:	City Directories	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Supports	Tapered on Pier, Stucco Piers
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends, Brackets	Porch Railings	Square Wood
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Outbuildings	2 Story Detached Garage, Garage Wall Material: Brick, Garage Roof Material: Composition shingles, Garage Roof Type: Hipped
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung	Landscape Features	Stone retaining wall.
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing	Moved	Has Not Moved
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam				
Exterior Materials	Wood				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283315	Situs	516 LELAND ST	Addr2	516 LELAND ST
Geo ID	302020113	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 18 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	GRISSOM SHELLI & JOHN DAVID	Zip	78704
Legal Acres	0.1526				
Main Area SF	1557				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Intact	Survey Date	1/13/2009		

		owner of, <u>LOT 18 BLK 3 BLUE BONNET HILLS</u> hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.	Signature	
<input type="checkbox"/> I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.	Date	<u>July 17, 2014</u>

Appendix C

Survey Sheets and Signatures

Property ID 283369
500 Lockhart Dr



CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1950 Source: TCAD	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Fences	Height: 4 ft, Chain Link
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Outbuildings	1 Story Detached Garage, Garage Wall Material: Wood, Garage Roof Material: Built up Tar & Gravel, Garage Roof Type: Flat
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung, 8/8/2010	Moved	Has Not Moved
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Door Features	Glazing	Integrity	New window surrounds.
Stories	1	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent		
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Roof Types	Shed		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Supports	Metal		
Exterior Materials	Wood	Porch Railings	None		
Roof Type	Side Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283369	Situs	500 LOCKHART DR	Addr2	500 LOCKHART DR
Geo ID	302020323	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	S92.6FT AV OF LOT 2 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	FREEMAN MARK R	Zip	78704-4336
Legal Acres	0.1167				
Main Area SF	1120				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Largely Intact	Survey Date	1/16/2009		

I, _____ owner of, **S92.6FT AV OF LOT 2 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS** hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283324

501 Lockhart Dr

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1933 Source: City Directories	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Railings	Wood Wall
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Decoration	Brackets	Fences	Height: 3 ft, Metal
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Outbuildings	2 Story Detached Garage, Garage Wall Material: Synthetic - Asbestos, Garage Roof Material: Metal, Garage Roof Type: Gabled
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung, Decorative Screens	Moved	Has Not Moved
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing, Not Original	Integrity	Rear addition; historic. Door replaced.
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	Gabled		
Exterior Materials	Wood	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood		
Roof Type	Front Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283324	Situs	501 LOCKHART DR	Addr2	501 LOCKHART DR
Geo ID	302020201	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 1 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	HILL KATHLEEN AMY	Zip	78704-4335
Legal Acres	0.1696				
Main Area SF	1150				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Largely Intact	Survey Date	1/14/2009		

I, KATHY HILL, owner of, LOT 1 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature

Kathy Hill

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date

7-9-11

Property ID 283368

502 Lockhart Dr

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1929 Source: City Directories	Roof Type	Front Gable	Porch Roof Types	Gabled
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Supports	Metal
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends, Brackets	Porch Railings	None
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Moved	Has Not Moved
Stories	1.5	Windows	Wood Double Hung, Aluminum	Integrity	1.5 story rear addition (one story historic addition w/non-historic half story added). Porch posts altered circa 1950's.
Plan	Square or rectangular	Door Features	Glazing		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Type	Partial Width, Semi-Inset		
Exterior Materials	Wood				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283368	Situs	502 LOCKHART DR	Addr2	502 LOCKHART DR
Geo ID	302020321	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 4 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	VAN NORT DIXIE ANNE BLAIR	Zip	78704-4336
Legal Acres	0.1443				
Main Area SF	988				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Teri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed, 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Moderate Alterations, doesn't detract from historical character	Survey Date	1/14/2009		

I, Dixie Van Nort, owner of, LOT 4 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature

Date 7-16-14

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Property ID 283325

503 Lockhart Dr

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1933 Source: City Directories	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Railings	Square Wood
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends, Brackets	Outbuildings	Historic, Garage Wall Material: Wood, Garage Roof Material: Composition shingles, Garage Roof Type: Hipped
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Landscape Features	Slightly raised lot.
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung, Decorative Screens	Moved	Has Not Moved
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing		
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	Gabled		
Exterior Materials	Wood	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood		
Roof Type	Cross Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283325	Situs	503 LOCKHART DR	Addr2	503 LOCKHART DR
Geo ID	302020202	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 3 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	BRAVENEC RONALD V	Zip	78704-4335
Legal Acres	0.1539				
Main Area SF	1039				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed, 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Intact	Survey Date	1/14/2009		

I, Ronald Bravenc owner of, LOT 3 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature

Ronald Bravenc

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date

6/22/14

Property ID 283367

504 Lockhart Dr

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1938 Source: TCAD	Roof Type	Front Gable	Porch Roof Types	Gabled
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends	Porch Railings	Square Wood
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Moved	Has Not Moved
Stories	1	Windows	Wood Double Hung, Wood Screens	Integrity	Shutters added. One door replaced.
Plan	Square or rectangular	Door Features	Glazing		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Type	Independent, Inset		
Exterior Materials	Wood				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283367	Situs	504 LOCKHART DR	Addr2	21700 OXNARD ST STE 950
Geo ID	302020320	Situs Zip	78704	City	WOODLAND HILLS
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 6 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	CA
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	HAWLEY NOAH & BRITTANY KYLE HAWLEY	Zip	91367-3607
Legal Acres	0.1501				
Main Area SF	880				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Largely Intact	Survey Date	1/14/2009		

I, Kyle Hawley, owner of, LOT 6 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature

Kyle Hawley
7.9.14

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date

Property ID 283326

505 Lockhart Dr

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1930 Source: City Directories	Roof Materials	Metal	Porch Railings	Square Wood
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends, Brackets	Fences	Height: 4 ft, Picket
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Outbuildings	Shed in back
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung, Decorative Screens	Landscape Features	Wood pergola. Slightly raised lot.
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing	Moved	Has Not Moved
Plan	Asymmetrical	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent	Integrity	Small shed-roof rear addition and historic period side addition. Screens replaced.
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	Gabled		
Exterior Materials	Wood	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood		
Roof Type	Cross Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283326	Situs	505 LOCKHART DR	Addr2	PO BOX 5265
Geo ID	302020203	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 5 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	MONTGOMERY JON	Zip	78763-5265
Legal Acres	0.1569				
Main Area SF	732				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Moderate Alterations, doesn't detract from historical character	Survey Date	1/14/2009		

I, <u>Jon Montgomery</u> , owner of, <u>LOT 5 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS</u> hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.	Signature <u>Jon Montgomery</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.	Date <u>9 June 14</u>

Property ID 283366

506 Lockhart Dr

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1931 Source: City Directories	Roof Type	Front Gable	Porch Railings	Square Wood
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Materials	Metal	Outbuildings	1 Story Detached Garage, Frame, Historic
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung, Steel Casement, Wood Screens	Landscape Features	Brick planters
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Door Features	Glazing, Not Original	Moved	Has Not Moved
Stories	1	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent	Integrity	Front porch rebuilt. Front door replaced. Porch floor is terracotta tile. Steel casement windows on side.
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Roof Types	Gabled		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood		
Exterior Materials	Asbestos				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283366	Situs	506 LOCKHART DR	Addr2	506 LOCKHART DR
Geo ID	302020319	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 8 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	PANJU ARIF	Zip	78704
Legal Acres	0.1414				
Main Area SF	1440				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Teri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Moderate Alterations, doesn't detract from historical character	Survey Date	1/14/2009		

I, _____ owner of, LOT 8 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283327

507 Lockhart Dr

Lockhart Dr

1014
Newring Ave

Lockhart Dr

Terrace Dr

Map data ©2014 Google

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1931 Source: City Directories	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Railings	Square Wood
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends, Brackets	Outbuildings	Small outbuilding.
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Landscape Features	Raised lot.
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung, Decorative Screens	Moved	Has Not Moved
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing, Not Original	Integrity	Small rear shed-roof addition (likely historic). New front door.
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	Gabled		
Exterior Materials	Wood	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood		
Roof Type	Side Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283327	Situs	507 LOCKHART DR	Addr2	507 LOCKHART DR
Geo ID	302020204	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 7 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	FRASER RUSSELL E JR & SALLY	Zip	78704-4335
Legal Acres	0.1557				
Main Area SF	1104				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Teri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Largely Intact	Survey Date	1/14/2009		

I, <u>Russell Fraser</u> owner of, <u>LOT 7 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS</u> hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.	Signature <u>Russell Fraser</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.	Date <u>6/16/2014</u>

Property ID 283365
508 Lockhart Dr

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1931 Source: City Directories	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Walls	Height: 1 ft, Stone
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends, Brackets	Outbuildings	Carport.
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Moved	Has Not Moved
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung	Integrity	Rear addition. Bay window added to front circa 1990's. New front door. Window surrounds changed on side elevation.
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing		
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Stoop Roof, w/brackets		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Supports	None		
Exterior Materials	Wood	Porch Railings	None		
Roof Type	Side Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283365	Situs	508 LOCKHART DR	Addr2	508 LOCKHART DR
Geo ID	302020318	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 10 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	VASQUEZ LEE P	Zip	78704-4336
Legal Acres	0.135				
Main Area SF	1184				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Teri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Moderate Alterations, doesn't detract from historical character	Survey Date	1/14/2009		

I, _____ owner of, LOT 10 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283328

509 Lockhart Dr

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1938 Source: TCAD	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Outbuildings	1 Story Detached Garage, Garage Wall Material: Wood, Garage Roof Material: Metal, Garage Roof Type: Gabled
Stylistic Influences	Minimal Traditional	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Moved	Has Not Moved
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung, 6/6/2010	Integrity	Siding replaced w/vertical siding.
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Door Features	Not Original		
Stones	1	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent		
Plan	Wing-and-Gable (L plan)	Porch Roof Types	Shed		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood		
Exterior Materials	Synthetic- Unknown	Porch Railings	None		
Roof Type	Cross Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283328	Situs	509 LOCKHART DR	Addr2	1901 EVA ST
Geo ID	302020205	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 9 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	DJAJB LLC	Zip	78704-4237
Legal Acres	0.1645	Addr1	% BEN STARK		
Main Area SF	1257				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Moderate Alterations, doesn't detract from historical character	Survey Date	1/14/2009		

I, _____ owner of, LOT 9 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283364

510 Lockhart Dr



CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1953 Source: TCAD	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Outbuildings	Inset carport.
Stylistic Influences	Ranch	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 1, Interior: 0	Moved	Has Not Moved
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Chimney Materials	Stone	Integrity	Door replaced. Storm windows added. Siding on front elevation replaced.
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung		
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing, Not Original		
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Partial Width, Inset		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Supports	Metal		
Exterior Materials	Wood, Stone, Asbestos	Porch Railings	Metal		
Roof Type	Side Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283364	Situs	510 LOCKHART DR	Addr2	510 LOCKHART DR
Geo ID	302020317	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 12 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	SHENOY PRATIBHA J	Zip	78704-4336
Legal Acres	0.1265				
Main Area SF	1443				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Tem Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Moderate Alterations, doesn't detract from historical character	Survey Date	1/19/2009		

I, _____ owner of, LOT 12 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283329

511 Lockhart Dr



CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1928 Source: TCAD	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Railings	Square Wood
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends, Brackets	Outbuildings	Rear cottage/office w/wood walls and gabled roof.
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Dormer Type	Clipped
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung, Decorative Screens	Moved	Has Not Moved
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing		
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	Gabled Clipped		
Exterior Materials	Wood	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood		
Roof Type	Front Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283329	Situs	511 LOCKHART DR	Addr2	511 LOCKHART DR
Geo ID	302020206	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 11 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	WEBRE MICHELE MARIE	Zip	78704-4335
Legal Acres	0.1825				
Main Area SF	1182				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Intact	Survey Date	1/14/2009		

I, MICHELE WEBRE owner of, LOT 11 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature

Michele Webre

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date

6/16/14

Property ID 283330

513 Lockhart Dr

NOT CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1960 Source: TCAD	Roof Type	Hipped	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood
Stylistic Influences	Neoclassical	Roof Materials	Metal	Porch Railings	Square Wood
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Walls	Height: 2 ft, Stone
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung	Landscape Features	Set far back on lot.
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing, Transom	Moved	Moved to this Location in 1980
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Full Width, Independent	Integrity	Porch railings replaced
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	Shed		
Exterior Materials	Wood				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283330	Situs	513 LOCKHART DR	Addr2	513 LOCKHART DR
Geo ID	302020207	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 13 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	GIARRATANO DANIEL & PHUONGNHU	Zip	78704-4335
Legal Acres	0.2039				
Main Area SF	1280				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	No	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Presenation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Moved to location post-1964	Survey Date	1/14/2009		

I, DAN GIARRATANO, owner of LOT 13 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date

7/9/14

Property ID 283363

514 Lockhart Dr

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1928 Source: TCAD	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Railings	Square Wood
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends, Brackets	Outbuildings	Small detached rear office w/wood walls and metal roof.
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Moved	Has Not Moved
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung, Decorative Screens	Integrity	Porch railings replaced.
Stones	1	Door Features	Glazing, French Doors, Several doors		
Plan	Wing-and-Gable (L plan)	Porch Type	Wraparound		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	Shed		
Exterior Materials	Wood	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood		
Roof Type	Cross Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283363	Situs	514 LOCKHART DR	Addr2	514 LOCKHART DR
Geo ID	302020316	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 14 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	BORACK BRIAN	Zip	78704-4336
Legal Acres	0.1152				
Main Area SF	1246				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Teri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Largely Intact	Survey Date	1/14/2009		

I, _____ owner of, LOT 14 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283331

515 Lockhart Dr



CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1929 Source: City Directories	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Walls	Height: 3 ft, Stone
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Landscape Features	Raised lot.
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung, Wood Screens	Moved	Has Not Moved
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Door Features	Not Original	Integrity	Small rear addition. Door replaced.
Stories	1	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent		
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Roof Types	Gabled		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood		
Exterior Materials	Wood	Porch Railings	Square Wood		
Roof Type	Side Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283331	Situs	515 LOCKHART DR	Addr2	515 LOCKHART DR
Geo ID	302020208	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 15 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	GREENBERG DANIEL M	Zip	78704-4335
Legal Acres	0.2191				
Main Area SF	1078				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Hams Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Large y Intact	Survey Date	1/14/2009		

I, _____, owner of, LOT 15 BLK 4 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283362

516 Lockhart Dr

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1939 Source: TCAD	Roof Type	Cross Gable	Porch Supports	None
Stylistic Influences	Minimal Traditional	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Railings	None
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends	Outbuildings	1 Story Detached Garage, Garage Wall Material: Wood, Garage Roof Material: Metal, Garage Roof Type: Gabled
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Moved	Has Not Moved
Stories	1	Windows	Wood Double Hung, Steel Casement	Integrity	Small rear addition. Front porch enclosed. Roof line changed. Steel casement windows added to front.
Plan	Asymmetrical	Door Features	Glazing		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Type	No Front Porch		
Exterior Materials	Wood				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283362	Situs	516 LOCKHART DR	Addr2	516 LOCKHART DR
Geo ID	302020315	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 16 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	LIPSCOMB KELLY	Zip	78704-4336
Legal Acres	0.1324				
Main Area SF	889				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Moderate Alterations, doesn't detract from historical character	Survey Date	1/14/2009		

I, _____ owner of, **LOT 16 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS** hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

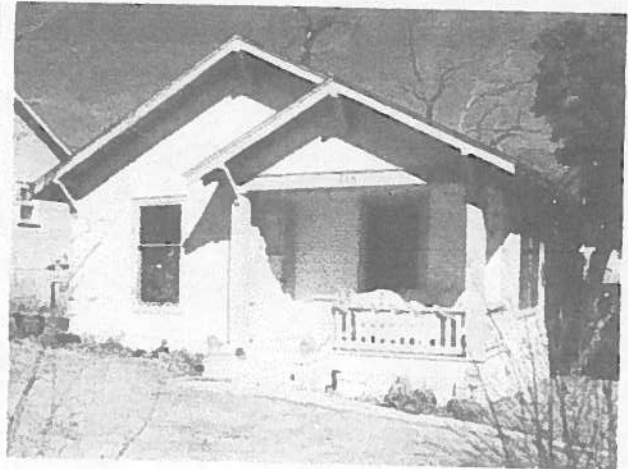
Property ID 283361

518 Lockhart Dr

CONTRIBUTING

Blue Bonnet Hills

Map data ©2014 Google



Description

1931	Front Gable	Gabled
Source: City Directories	Composition shingles	Square Full Height Wood
Craftsman	Exposed Rafter Ends, Brackets	Square Wood
Dwelling, single	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Has Not Moved
Dwelling, single	Wood Double Hung	Windows possibly replaced
1	Glazing	
Square or rectangular	Partial Width, Semi-Inset	
Pier-and-Beam		
Wood		

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

283361	518 LOCKHART DR	518 LOCKHART DR
302020314	78704	AUSTIN
S01528	LOT 18 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS	TX
BLUE BONNET HILLS	SAMES HARRY III & COURTNEY	78704-4336
0.1148		
1028		

Historic District Information

Yes

Largely Intact

Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705

1/14/2009

Josh Conrad, Emily Reed
805 1/2 W. 16th St.,
Austin, TX 78701

I, Courtney Sames owner of LOT 18 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature

C. Sames

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

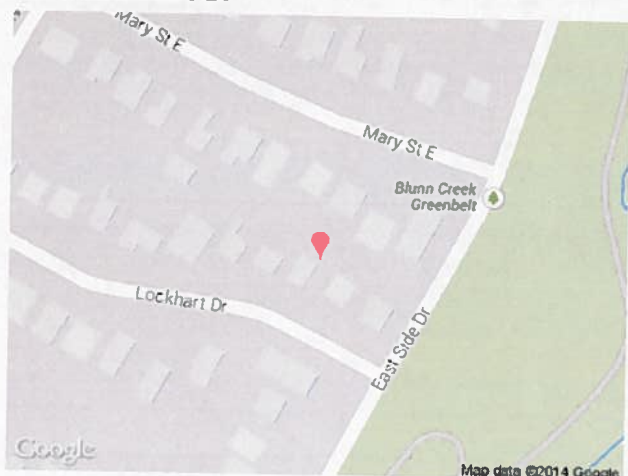
Date

7-22-14

Property ID 283361

518 Lockhart Dr

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1931 Source: City Directories	Roof Type	Front Gable	Porch Roof Types	Gabled
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends, Brackets	Porch Railings	Square Wood
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Moved	Has Not Moved
Stories	1	Windows	Wood Double Hung	Integrity	Windows possibly replaced.
Plan	Square or rectangular	Door Features	Glazing		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Type	Partial Width, Semi-Inset		
Exterior Materials	Wood				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283361	Situs	518 LOCKHART DR	Addr2	518 LOCKHART DR
Geo ID	302020314	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 18 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	SAMES HARRY III & COURTNEY	Zip	78704-4336
Legal Acres	0.1148				
Main Area SF	1028				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Largely Intact	Survey Date	1/14/2009		

I, _____ owner of, LOT 18 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283361

518 Lockhart Dr

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1931 Source: City Directories	Roof Type	Front Gable	Porch Roof Types	Gabled
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends, Brackets	Porch Railings	Square Wood
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Moved	Has Not Moved
Stories	1	Windows	Wood Double Hung	Integrity	Windows possibly replaced.
Plan	Square or rectangular	Door Features	Glazing		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Type	Partial Width, Semi-Inset		
Exterior Materials	Wood				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283361	Situs	518 LOCKHART DR	Addr2	518 LOCKHART DR
Geo ID	302020314	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 18 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	SAMES HARRY III & COURTNEY	Zip	78704-4336
Legal Acres	0.1148				
Main Area SF	1028				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Largely Intact	Survey Date	1/14/2009		

I, _____ owner of, LOT 18 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

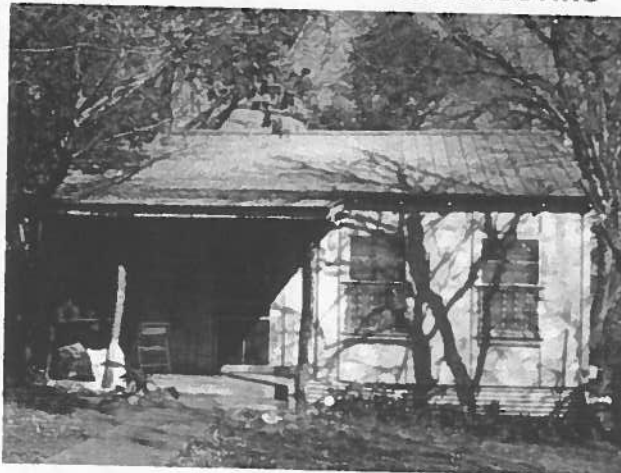
☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283360

520 Lockhart Dr

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1948 Source: TCAD	Roof Type	Side Gable	Porch Supports	Other, Rustic wood logs
Stylistic Influences	Minimal Traditional	Roof Materials	Metal	Porch Railings	None
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends	Moved	Has Not Moved
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Integrity	Windows replaced w/aluminum. Porch replaced w/rustic porch posts and corrugated metal. Metal security bars added to windows.
Stories	1	Windows	Aluminum		
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	Shed		
Exterior Materials	Wood				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283360	Situs	520 LOCKHART DR	Addr2	PO BOX 5265
Geo ID	302020313	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 20 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	MONTGOMERY JON GIL COURTNEY SAMFS	Zip	78763-5265
Legal Acres	0.1233				
Main Area SF	576				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Moderate Alterations, doesn't detract from historical character	Survey Date	1/14/2009		

I, _____ owner of, LOT 20 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283359

522 Lockhart Dr

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1930 Source: TCAD	Roof Materials	Metal	Porch Railings	None
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends	Outbuildings	Shed.
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Moved	Has Not Moved
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung	Integrity	Screens replaced during historic period
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing		
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Stoop Roof, Two entrances		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	Gabled		
Exterior Materials	<i>Brick</i>	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood		
Roof Type	Side Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283359	Situs	522 LOCKHART DR	Addr2	PO BOX 5265
Geo ID	302020312	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 22 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	MONTGOMERY JON GILL	Zip	78763-5265
Legal Acres	0.1251				
Main Area SF	950				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed, 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Largely Intact	Survey Date	1/14/2009		

I, Jon Gill Montgomery, owner of, LOT 22 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS, hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date

Jon Gill Montgomery
9 Jul 14

Appendix C

Survey Sheets and Signatures

Property ID 283264

1904 Newning Ave

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1931 Source: City Directories	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Railings	Square Wood
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Roof Decoration	Brackets	Fences	Height: 3 ft, Wood picket
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Moved	Has Not Moved
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung, Decorative Screens	Integrity	Circa 1995: 1-story front addition w/matching siding and screens.
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing		
Plan	Wing-and-Gable (L plan)	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	Gabled		
Exterior Materials	Wood	Porch Supports	Column Full Height, Wood columns with Doric capitals.		
Roof Type	Cross Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283264	Situs	1904 NEWNING AVE	Addr2	1904 NEWNING AVE
Geo ID	302001408	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 15 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	PATERSON ROBERT & RACHAEL RAWL	Zip	78704-4338
Legal Acres	0.1447	Addr1	RACHAEL RAWLINS		
Main Area SF	1446				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District:	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Moderate Alterations, doesn't detract from historical character	Survey Date	1/13/2009		

<u>Robert Paterson + Rachael Rawlins</u> owner of, <u>LOT 15 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS</u> hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.	Signature <u>Rachael Rawlins</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.	Date <u>July 11 2014</u>

Property ID 283265

1906 Newning Ave

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1931 Source: City Directories	Roof Type	Cross Gable	Porch Supports	None
Stylistic Influences	Revival - Tudor	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Railings	Square Wood
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Moved	Has Not Moved
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung	Integrity	Small side addition. Porch railings replaced. Soffit enclosed or altered.
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing		
Plan	Wing-and-Gable (L plan)	Porch Type	Inset, Stoop Roof, Concrete stoop with non-historic railing.		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	Gabled		
Exterior Materials	Wood, Unknown synthetic				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283265	Situs	1906 NEWNING AVE	Addr2	2432 EMMETT PKWY
Geo ID	302001409	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 14 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	ALAGHEBAND AHMAD & MEHR/ HASIBI	Zip	78728-4561
Legal Acres	0.1544				
Main Area SF	1168				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Hams Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Moderate Alterations, doesn't detract from historical character	Survey Date	1/13/2009		

I, _____ owner of, LOT 14 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

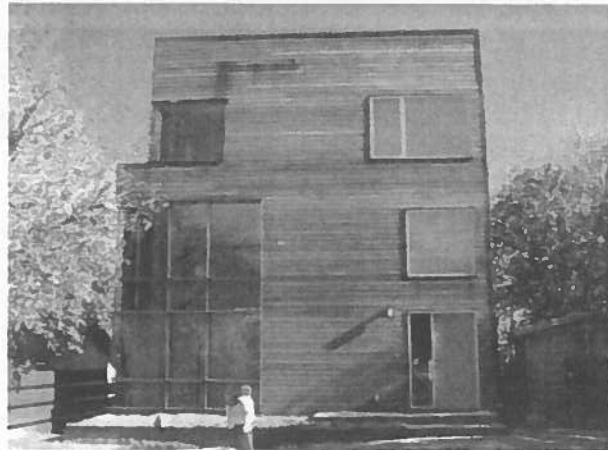
☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID **283370**
1907 Newning Ave



NOT CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction **2006**
Source: **TCAD**
Stylistic Influences **Contemporary**
Historic Use **Dwelling, single**
Current Use **Dwelling, single**
Stories **3**
Moved **Has Not Moved**

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283370	Situs	1907 NEWNING AVE	Addr2	1907 NEWNING AVE
Geo ID	302020324	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	N37.65FT AV OF LOT 2 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	KROICKI JEFFREY R	Zip	78704-4337
Legal Acres	0.0462				
Main Area SF	1180				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	No	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Tom Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed, 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Non-historic: post 1964	Survey Date	1/13/2009		

I, _____ owner of, **N37.65FT AV OF LOT 2 BLK 5 BLUE BONNET HILLS** hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283266

1908 Newning Ave

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1933	Roof Materials	Metal	Porch Railings	Square Wood
Source	City Directories	Roof Decoration	Exposed Rafter Ends, Brackets	Landscape Features	Stone walkway.
Stylistic Influences	Craftsman	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Number of Dormers	1
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung	Moved	Has Not Moved
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Door Features	Glazing	Integrity	Large 2-story addition (not visible from street). Front deck and stairs added.
Stories	2	Porch Type	Independent, Stoop Roof		
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Roof Types	Gabled, w/starburst trim		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Supports	Other, Wood brackets		
Exterior Materials	Wood				
Roof Type	Cross Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283266	Situs	1908 NEWNING AVE	Addr2	1908 NEWNING AVE
Geo ID	302001410	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 13 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	BLACKWOOD CHRISTA ANN	Zip	78704-4338
Legal Acres	0.1449				
Main Area SF	2006				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed, 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Moderate Alterations, doesn't detract from historical character	Survey Date	1/13/2009		

I, Christa Blackwood, owner of, LOT 13 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature

CB

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date

7/17/14

Property ID 283267

1910 A Newning Ave



NOT CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction 1938
Source: TCAD
Stylistic Influences None
Historic Use Dwelling, single
Current Use Dwelling, single
Stories 1

Moved Has Not Moved
Integrity Small front addition. Porch enclosed. New, wide concrete steps. Historic garage apartment in rear.

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283267	Situs	1910 NEWNING AVE	Addr2	1910 NEWNING AVE
Geo ID	302001411	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 12 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	FLORES TECUAN	Zip	78704-4338
Legal Acres	0.1417				
Main Area SF	1371				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	No	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Teri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed, 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Severe alterations or incompatible addition	Survey Date	1/13/2009		

I, _____ owner of, LOT 12 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283268

1912 Newning Ave ✓

NOT CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1940	Integrity	Circa 1980: 1-story addition on front of original 2-story house.
Source	TCAD		
Stylistic Influences	None		
Historic Use	Dwelling, single		
Current Use	Dwelling, single		
Stories	2		
Moved	Has Not Moved		

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283268	Situs	1912 NEWNING AVE	Addr2	1912 NEWNING AVE
Geo ID	302001412	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 11 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	PARKER MICAH S	Zip	78704-4338
Legal Acres	0.1448				
Main Area SF	1490				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	No	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Teri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed, 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Severe alterations or incompatible addition	Survey Date	1/13/2009		

I, _____ owner of, LOT 11 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283269

1914 Newning Ave

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1933 Source: City Directories	Roof Type	Side Gable	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood, w/classical detailing
Stylistic Influences	Colonial Revival	Roof Materials	Metal	Porch Railings	None
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Outbuildings	1 Story Detached Garage
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung	Moved	Has Not Moved
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing	Integrity	Porch altered.
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	Gabled		
Exterior Materials	Wood				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283269	Situs	1914 NEWNING AVE	Addr2	3787 TALISMAN PL APT A
Geo ID	302001413	Situs Zip	78704	City	BOULDER
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 10 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	CO
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	KENNEDY HEATHER	Zip	80301-2036
Legal Acres	0.1521	Addr1	# B		
Main Area SF	1260				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed, 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Largely Intact	Survey Date	1/13/2009		

I, <u>Heather Kennedy</u> , owner of, <u>LOT 10 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS</u> hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.	Signature <u>Heather Kennedy</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.	Date <u>7/18/14</u>

Property ID **283269**

1914 Newning Ave

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1933 Source: City Directories	Roof Type	Side Gable	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood, w/classical detailing
Stylistic Influences	Colonial Revival	Roof Materials	Metal	Porch Railings	None
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Outbuildings	1 Story Detached Garage
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung	Moved	Has Not Moved
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing	Integrity	Porch altered.
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	Gabled		
Exterior Materials	Wood				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283269	Situs	1914 NEWNING AVE	Addr2	3787 TALISMAN PL APT A
Geo ID	302001413	Situs Zip	78704	City	BOULDER
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 10 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	CO
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	KENNEDY HEATHER	Zip	80301-2036
Legal Acres	0.1521	Addr1	# B		
Main Area SF	1260				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Teri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed, 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Largely Intact	Survey Date	1/13/2009		

I, _____ owner of, **LOT 10 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS** hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 283224

1918 Newning Ave

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1932 Source: TCAD	Roof Type	Side Gable	Porch Supports	Square Full Height Wood
Stylistic Influences	Minimal Traditional	Roof Materials	Metal	Porch Railings	Metal
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Moved	Has Not Moved
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung	Integrity	Porch roof added.
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing		
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Partial Width, Independent		
Foundation	Pier-and-Beam	Porch Roof Types	Shed		
Exterior Materials	Wood				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283224	Situs	1918 NEWNING AVE	Addr2	PO BOX 5265
Geo ID	302001108	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 8 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	MONTGOMERY JON	Zip	78763-5265
Legal Acres	0.143				
Main Area SF	832				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Largely Intact	Survey Date	1/13/2009		

I, Jon Montgomery, owner of LOT 8 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation. Signature Jon Montgomery

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation. Date 4/24/14

Property ID 283225

1920 Newning Ave

CONTRIBUTING



Map data ©2014 Google



Description

Date of Construction	1931 Source: City Directories	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Railings	Square Wood
Stylistic Influences	Prairie	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 1, Interior: 0	Outbuildings	Attached carport circa 1960.
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Chimney Materials	Brick	Moved	Has Not Moved
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung	Integrity	Carport attached.
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing, Geometric door and screen door w/pointed top.		
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Partial Width, Inset		
Foundation	Perimeter Wall	Porch Roof Types	Gabled, Decorative front gable w/comice return, venting on pediment, and detailed porch header.		
Exterior Materials	Brick, Buff brick w/red brick detailing.	Porch Supports	Square on Pier, Brick Piers		
Roof Type	Hipped with Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283225	Situs	1920 NEWNING AVE	Addr2	1920 NEWNING AVE
Geo ID	302001109	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 7 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	OWEN ROBERT C & MEREDITH MARTIN	Zip	78704-4368
Legal Acres	0.1397	Addr1	MEREDITH MARTIN ROUNTREE		
Main Area SF	924				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Intact	Survey Date	1/13/2009		

I, _____ owner of, LOT 7 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☐ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature _____

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date _____

Property ID 741679

1924 Newning Ave

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1937 Source: TCAD	Exterior Materials	Stone	Porch Type	Full Width, Independent
Stylistic Influences	Revival - Mediterranean	Roof Type	Flat with Parapet	Porch Roof Types	Flat
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Roof Materials	Built up Tar & Gravel	Porch Supports	Other, Arched stone
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 1, Interior: 0	Porch Railings	Metal
Previous Designations	City of Austin Landmark	Chimney Materials	Stone	Outbuildings	Secondary dwelling— see 1926 Newning Ave.
Stories	2	Windows	Metal casement	Landscape Features	4' stone retaining wall. House sits above street on hill.
Plan	Square or rectangular	Door Features	Glazing	Moved	Has Not Moved
Foundation	Perimeter Wall				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	741679	Situs	1924 NEWNING AVE	Addr2	1924 NEWNING AVE
Geo ID	302001122	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 5&6 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS & S 62.2 FT LOT 8 BLK 5C NEWNING WARNERS SUBD	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	REDDY IAN SUNEEL	Zip	78704-4368
Legal Acres	0.5239				
Main Area SF	3526				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Teri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Intact	Survey Date	2009		

I, IAN Reddy, owner of, LOT 5&6 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS & S 62.2 FT LOT 8 BLK 5C NEWNING WARNERS SUBD hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.

☒ I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Signature

[Signature]

☐ I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.

Date

6/30/14

Property ID **741679**

1926 Newning Ave

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	Estimated 1939	Roof Materials	Composition shingles	Porch Railings	None
Stylistic Influences	None	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Landscape Features	4' stone retaining wall.
Historic Use	Garage Apartment	Windows	Wood Double Hung	Moved	Has Not Moved
Stories	1	Door Features	Glazing	Integrity	Garage doors replaced. Outbuilding to 1924 Newning.
Plan	Square or rectangular	Porch Type	Stoop Roof		
Foundation	Perimeter Wall	Porch Roof Types	Shed, Cantilevered		
Exterior Materials	Stone	Porch Supports	None		
Roof Type	Hipped with Gable				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / **741679**
Property ID

Legal Description **see 1924 Newning Ave**

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Largely Intact	Survey Date	1/13/2009		

Property ID 283227

1928 Newning Ave

CONTRIBUTING



Description

Date of Construction	1936 Source: TCAD	Roof Type	Flat	Landscape Features	2-5' stone retaining wall. Terraced lot.
Stylistic Influences	Modernistic	Roof Materials	Built up Tar & Gravel	Moved	Has Not Moved
Historic Use	Dwelling, single	Number of Chimneys	Exterior: 0, Interior: 0	Integrity	Modern side addition.
Current Use	Dwelling, single	Windows	Wood Double Hung		
Stones	1	Porch Type	Partial Width, Inset		
Plan	Asymmetrical	Porch Supports	Column Full Height		
Foundation	Perimeter Wall	Porch Railings	None		
Exterior Materials	Stucco, Hardiplank on addition.				

Travis Central Appraisal District Data

Map Key # / Property ID	283227	Situs	1928 NEWNING AVE	Addr2	1928 NEWNING AVE
Geo ID	302001111	Situs Zip	78704	City	AUSTIN
Subdivision Code	S01528	Legal Description	LOT 4 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS	State	TX
Subdivision	BLUE BONNET HILLS	Owner Name	GRUND CRAIG W & SYBIL R CASE	Zip	78704-4368
Legal Acres	0.2029				
Main Area SF	1763				

Historic District Information

Contributing to Local Historic District	Yes	Surveyors / Evaluator of Contributing Status	Preservation Central, Terri Myers, 823 Harris Avenue, Austin, TX 78705	Other Researchers	Josh Conrad, Emily Reed 805 1/2 W. 16th St., Austin, TX 78701
Justification For Contributing Status	Moderate Alterations, doesn't detract from historical character	Survey Date	1/13/2009		

I, <u>CRAIG GRUND</u> owner of <u>LOT 4 BLK 1 BLUE BONNET HILLS</u> hereby state that I have reviewed the application for the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District.	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> I DO support the application for local historic district zoning designation.	Signature <u>[Signature]</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> I DO NOT support the application for local historic district zoning designation.	Date <u>27 June 2014</u>

From: Kasper, Heidi

To: Sadowsky, Steve

Subject: FW: Bluebonnet Hills Historic District

Date: Monday, March 09, 2015 2:15:12 PM

Hi Steve,

The language incorporated in the Bluebonnet Hills Historic District is ok from our standpoint and is in keeping with what we have recommended for inclusion in design standards for historic districts.

Thanks,

Heidi Kasper, AIA, LEED AP BD&C | AE Green Building, CES | Austin Energy

811 Barton Springs Rd, Suite 400 | Austin, Texas 78704 | (512) 482-5407

From: Kasper, Heidi

Sent: Wednesday, February 18, 2015 5:14 PM

To: Sadowsky, Steve

Cc: AE Green Building

Subject: RE: Bluebonnet Hills Historic District

Hi Steve,

Thank you for including us in your process. The language you have included is in keeping with what we have recommended for inclusion in design standards for historic districts. Just for as a point of clarification the City does not have a Green Building Code. The City adopts an energy code and we administer Green Building ratings which are distinct from the code. In some cases the ratings are required due to various development agreements but they are not universally required and are not a code.

Thanks again, for keeping including us.

Sincerely,

Heidi Kasper, AIA, LEED AP BD&C | AE Green Building, CES | Austin Energy

811 Barton Springs Rd, Suite 400 | Austin, Texas 78704 | (512) 482-5407

SRCC

South River City Citizens

SRCC Neighborhood Assoc.
P.O. 40632
Austin, TX 78704
www.srccatx.org

Planning Commission
City of Austin

Sounthaly Outhavong
president@srccatx.org

Gretchen Otto
vicepresident@srccatx.org

Garret Nick
secretary@srccatx.org

Nancy Byrd
treasurer@srccatx.org

May 14, 2015

RE: Blue Bonnet Hills LHD Application (C14H-2014-0014)

Dear Planning Commissioners,

At the May 2015 general meeting of the South River City Citizens (SRCC) Neighborhood Association, the members voted to support the Blue Bonnet Hills Local Historic District application. The SRCC has a demonstrated history of encouraging LHD designations in the neighborhood through actions such as establishing an ad hoc committee for the proposed Blue Bonnet Hills LHD, donating funds to LHD related activities and being a key collaborator in developing the Greater South River City (GSRC) Neighborhood Plan which has a stated goal to identify and support LHDs within the neighborhood.

We submit this letter to you specifically to state our support of the current application for Blue Bonnet Hills and thank you for your consideration.

Cordially,

Sounthaly Outhavong
SRCC President

cc: Austin City Council
Historic Preservation Office



City of Austin

Founded by Congress, Republic of Texas, 1839
Historic Preservation Office
Planning and Development Review Department
One Texas Center, 505 Barton Springs Road
P.O. Box 1088, Austin, Texas 78767

August 11, 2015

Dear Bluebonnet Hills resident:

The City has a nomination for a locally-designated historic district in Bluebonnet Hills. We are pleased to announce and invite you to a neighborhood workshop meeting about this nomination on THURSDAY, AUGUST 20, 2015 at 7:00 p.m. in Room 325, One Texas Center, 505 Barton Springs Road. At this meeting, city staff will present information about the benefits that local historic district designation offers you. Following the presentation, we will have a question and answer session to address any concerns you may have about historic district designation.

Local historic district designation is the best tool the City offers to preserve the architectural and historic character of Bluebonnet Hills. Historic district designation provides greater protection against the demolition of those buildings which contribute to the character of the district, and sets out design parameters for new construction within the district, including additions to existing buildings. Historic district designation does not prohibit you from making changes to your property, but instead, presents design standards that reflect the architectural character of the district, thereby encouraging design that is compatible with the character and architecture of the district.

Austin's landscape is changing very rapidly. Much of the change is occurring in our older neighborhoods, where houses are being torn down, in favor of replacement structures that bear no relation to the existing houses. Think of what attracted you to Bluebonnet Hills to begin with – beyond the purely geographical advantages, the neighborhood is notable for its collection of older houses and mature trees which give it a unique ambience. Designation as a local historic district will help preserve the qualities of the neighborhood that you enjoy, and will help protect the neighborhood from insensitive development.

I am attaching a copy of the proposed design standards for you to review, along with the latest clarifications proposed by the nomination team based upon input from residents. These standards were developed by the neighborhood authors of the historic district nomination, and are based on best practices from cities throughout the country, and provide the parameters for new construction in the district.

We look forward to seeing you on August 20.

Sincerely,

Steve Sadowsky
Historic Preservation Officer
City of Austin, Texas