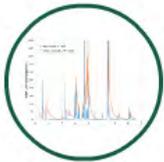


The problem (s)



# Urban Hydrology Restoration



How do we implement it?



**The solution?**

**Storage**  
hydrology disconnected

**potential benefits**  
after rain is received

**addressing the cause**

**water focus**  
water

**massively distressed public and private land**

**hydrology disconnected**  
- hydrology disconnected from natural landscape  
- impervious surfaces  
- storm water runoff  
- increased runoff volume  
- increased runoff velocity  
- increased runoff energy  
- increased runoff volume  
- increased runoff velocity  
- increased runoff energy  
- increased runoff volume  
- increased runoff velocity  
- increased runoff energy

**A watershed scale pilot**

**proof of concept modeling**

**what we learned**

**results**  
sample storm

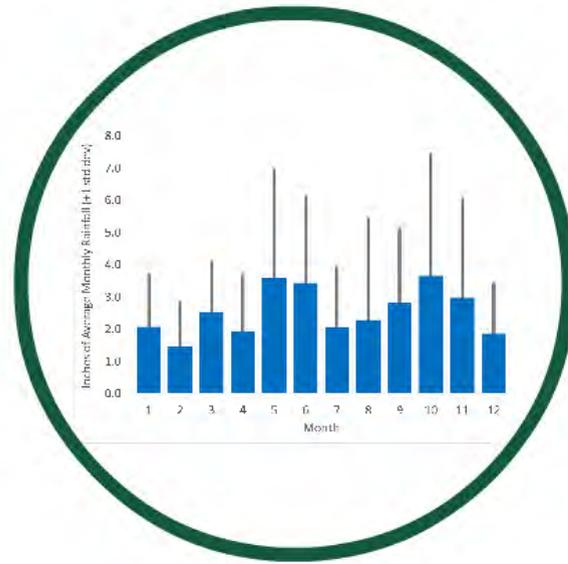
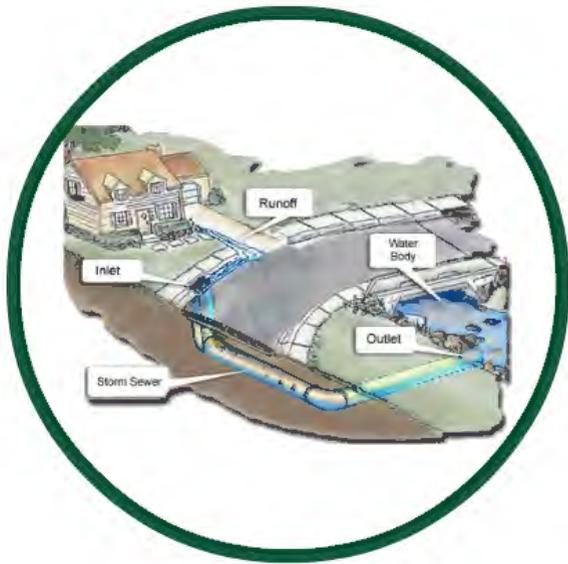
**hydrology** which is proportional to amount of treatments

- hydrological change takes place even though stormwater was not included in the modeling
- potential reduction in -25% effective

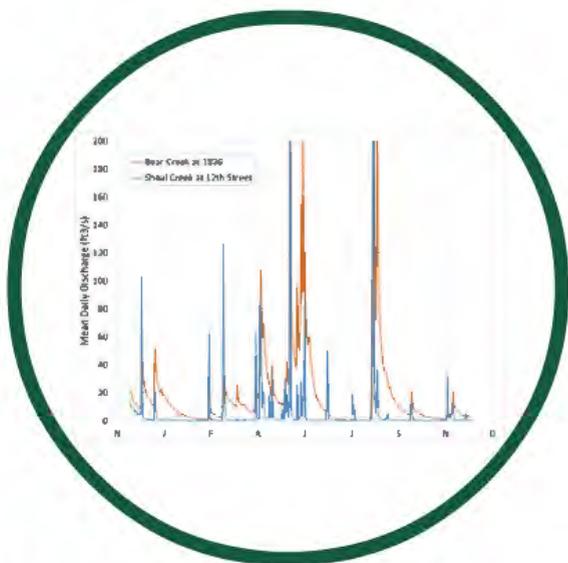
**can't be used as a model control make a "control" "natural hydrology"**

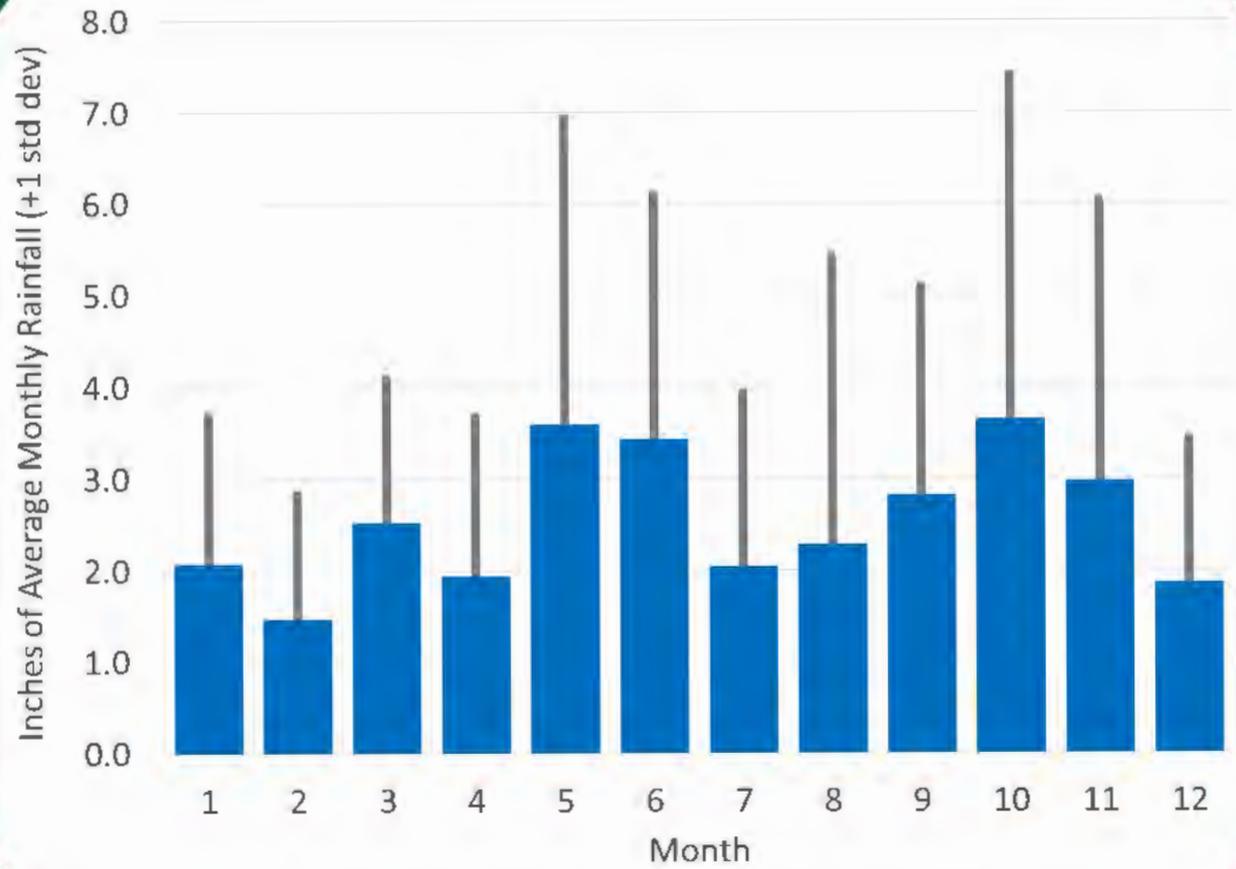
**what are the public and private owners responsible for?**

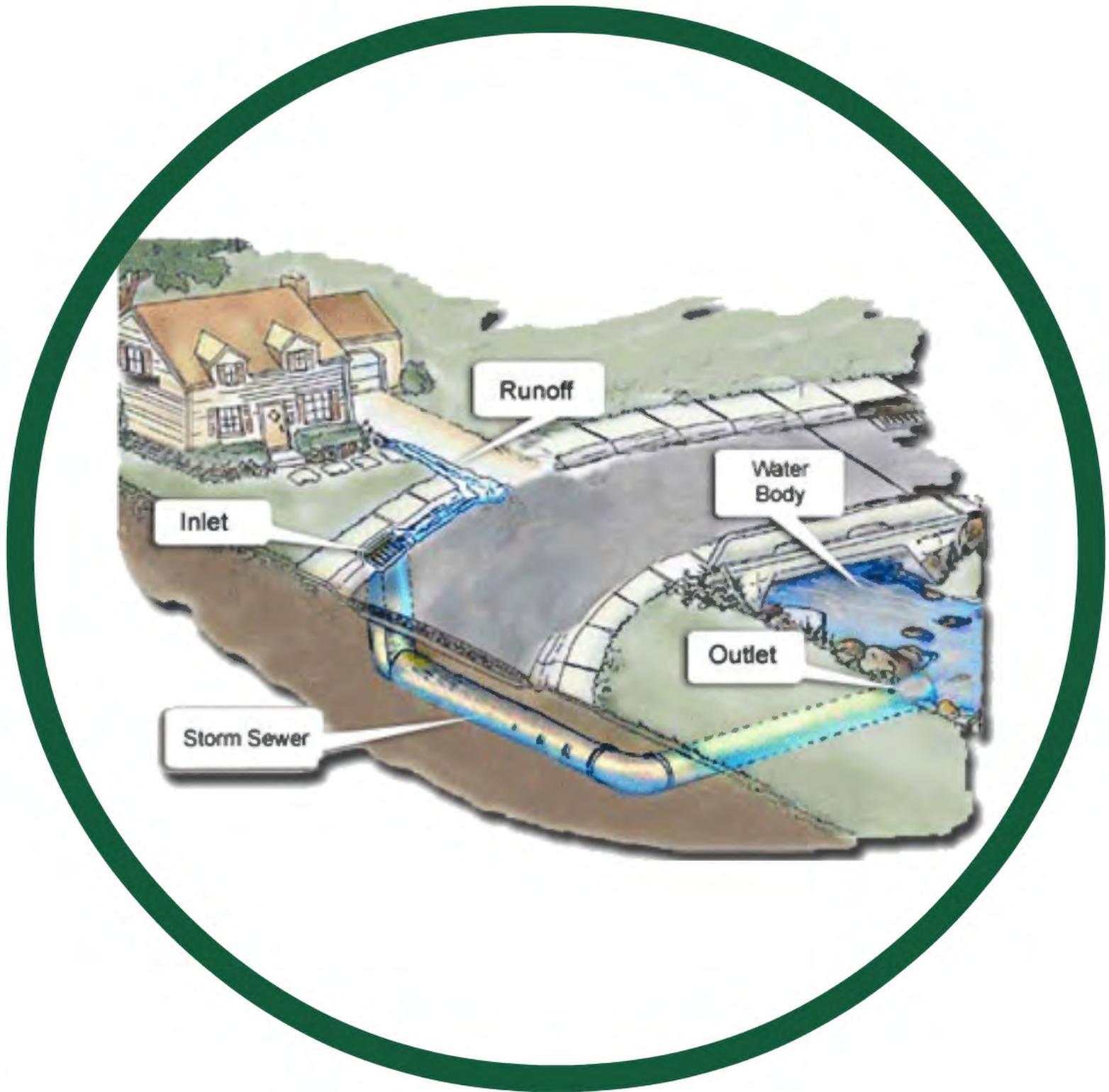


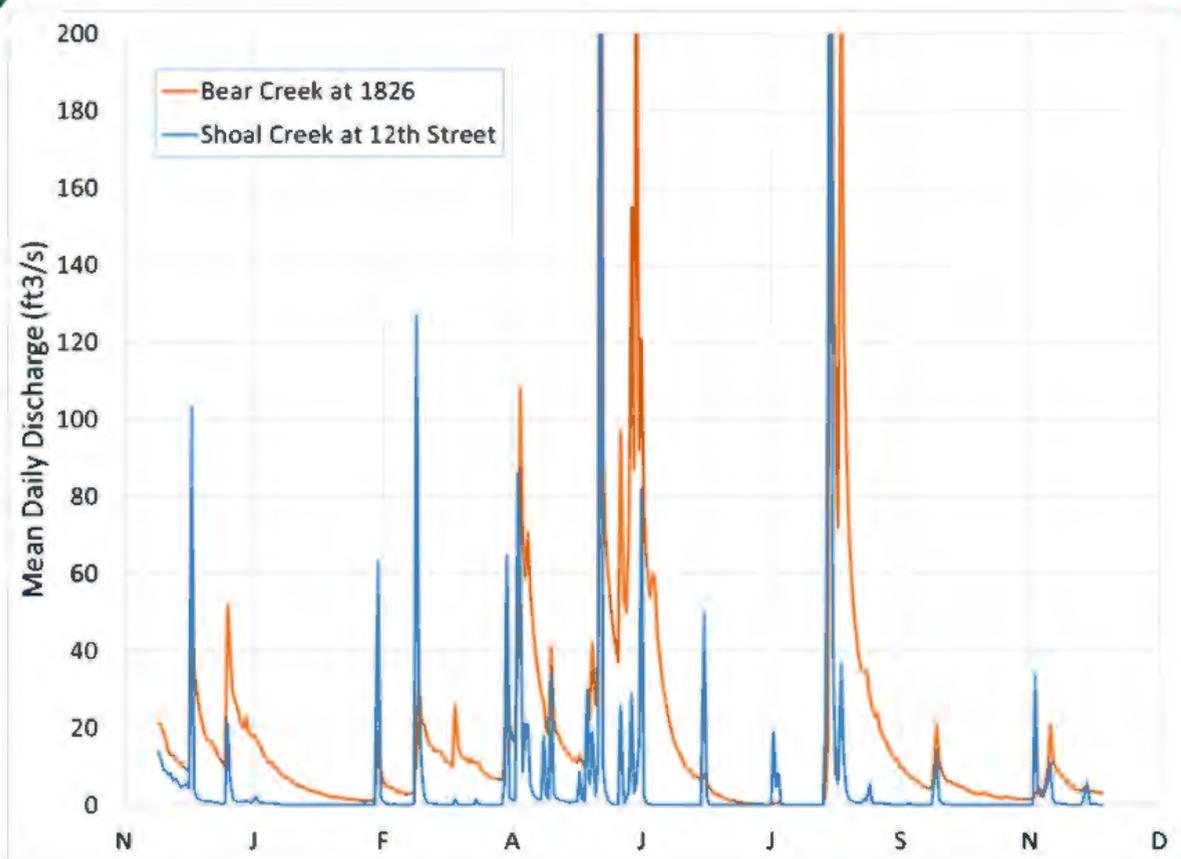


## The problem (s)

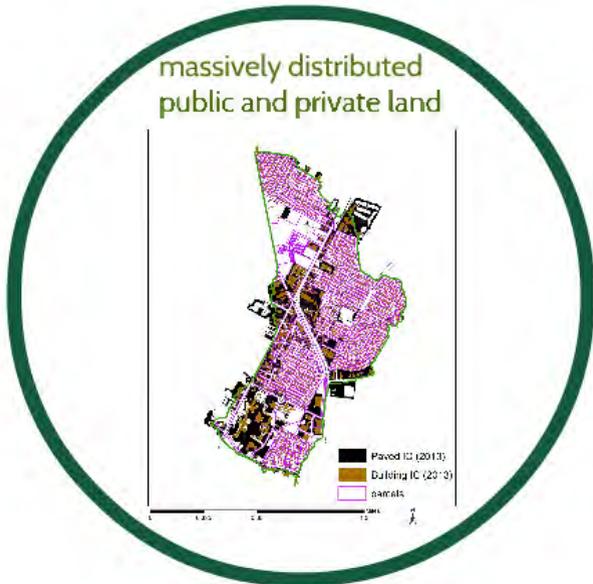








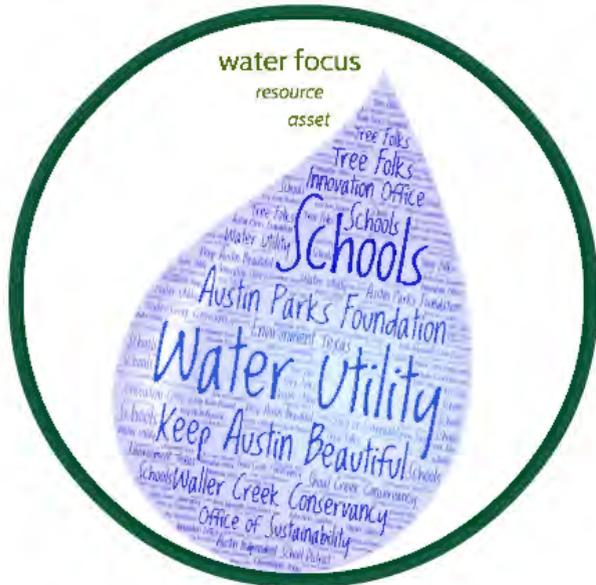
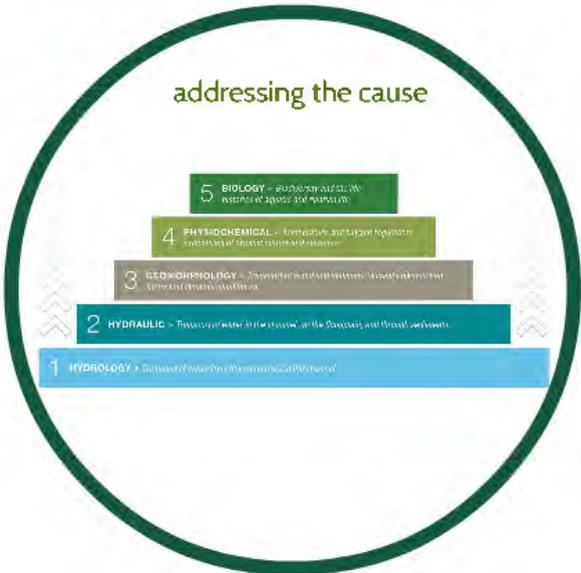




potential benefits  
*when rain is a resource*

- hydrological rehabilitation
- reduced pollutant loading
- localized drainage solutions
- potable water saving
- increased resiliency to drought in upland areas
- improved tree establishment and tree health
- increased evapotranspiration and heat island mitigation
- potential green jobs

# The solution?



# Storage

*regional or decentralized?*



# massively distributed public and private land



# addressing the cause



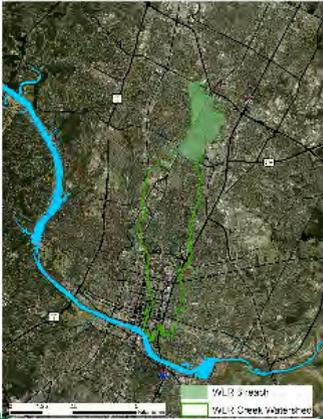


## potential benefits

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testing an alternative service delivery model



fully urbanized  
small  
baseline data

## what we learned

- hydrology shifts proportional to density of treatments
- hydrological change takes place even though transportation was not included in the modeling
- potential reduction in ~25% effective IC

# A watershed scale pilot

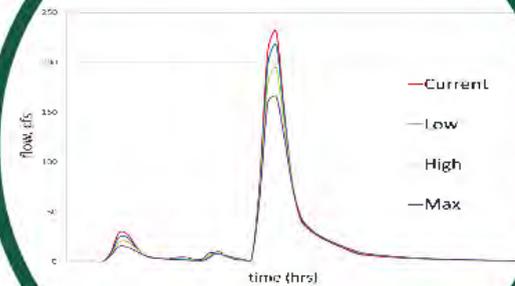
## proof of concept modeling

can distributed stormwater controls create a departure in urban hydrology?

what reduction in effective impervious cover can be achieved?

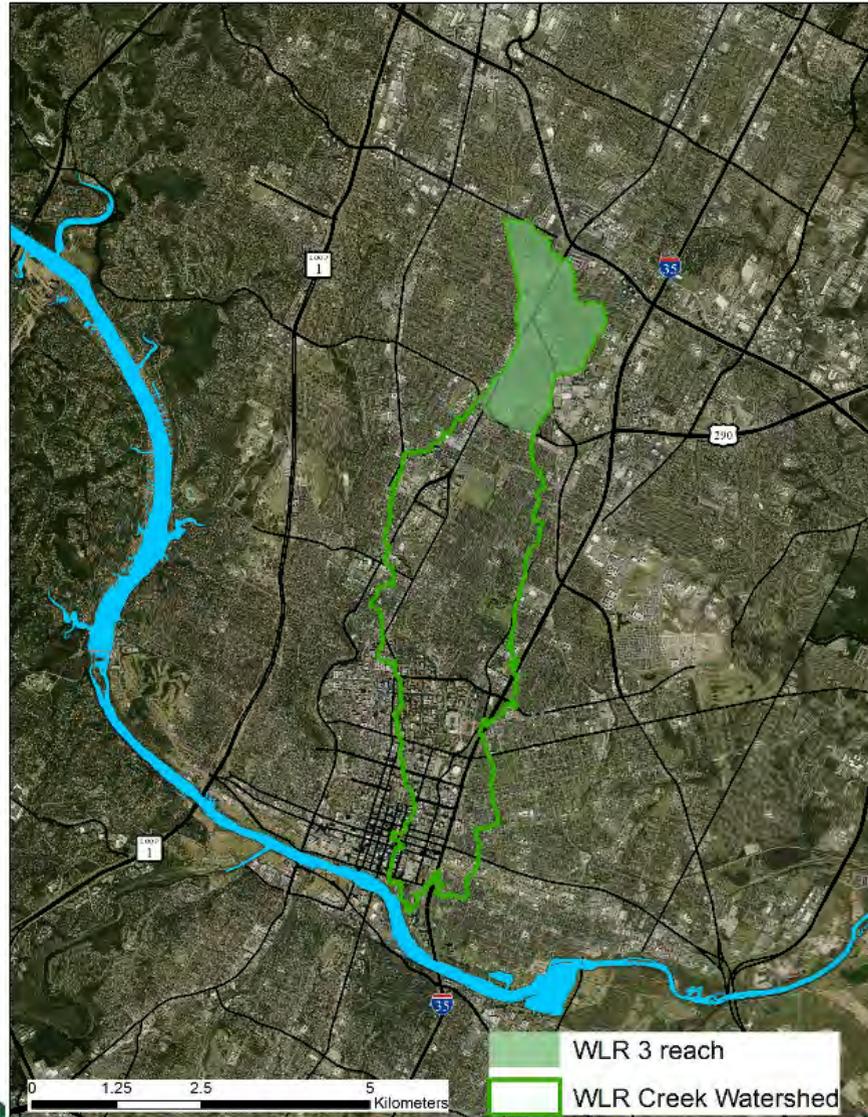
## results

sample storm



- reduced peak flows
- fewer erosive events
- increased baseflow

*testing an alternative service delivery model*



fully urbanized  
small  
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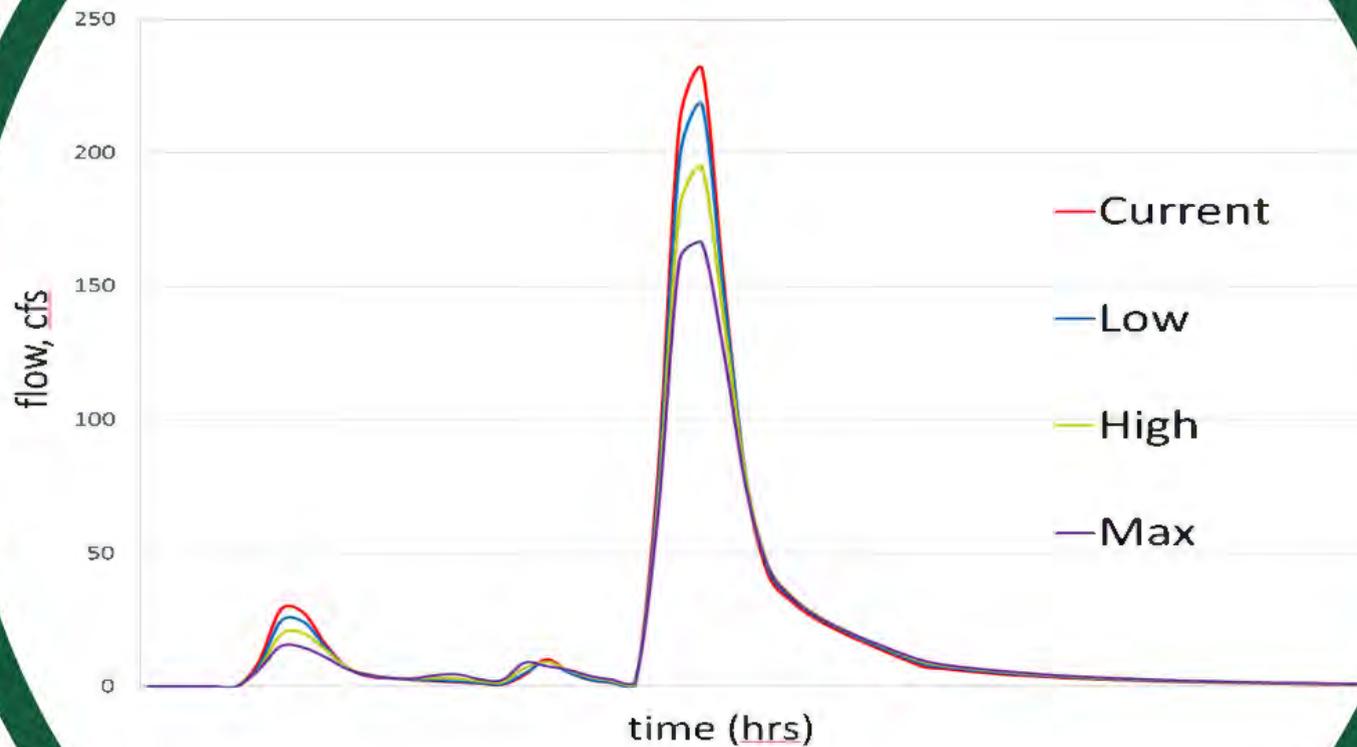
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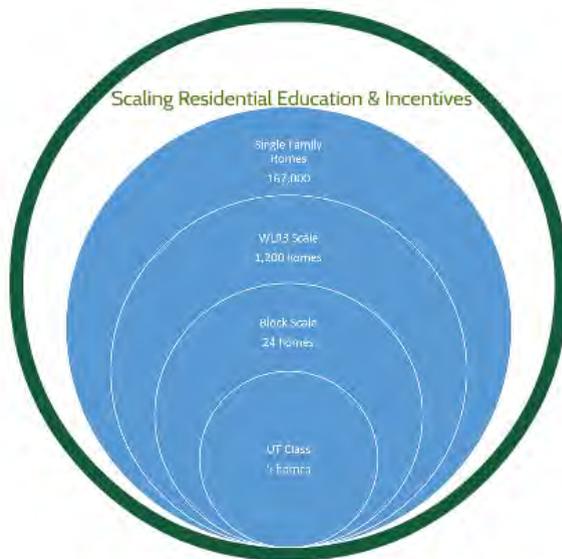
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# How do we implement it?

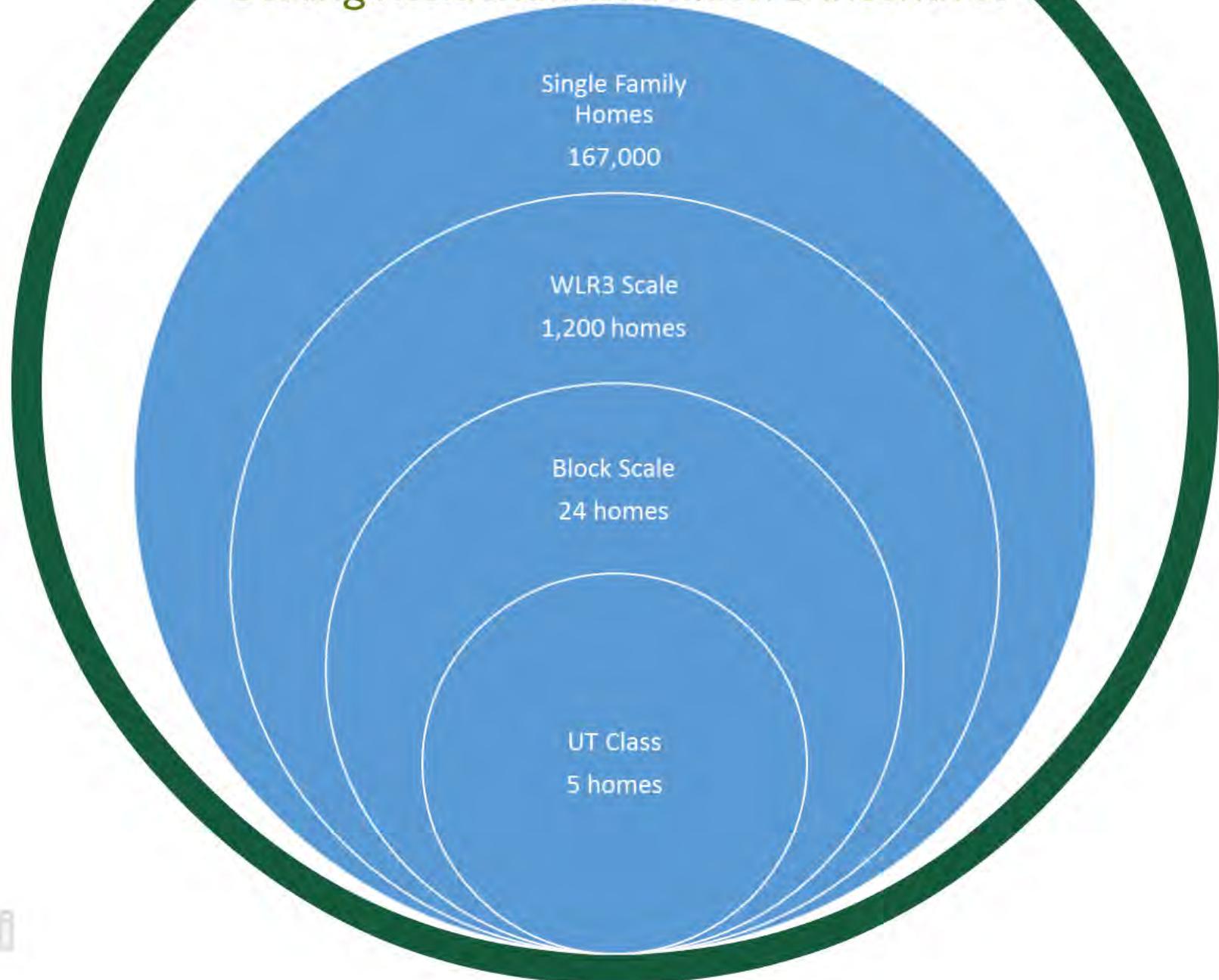


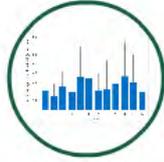


# Reilly Elementary

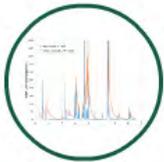


## Scaling Residential Education & Incentives





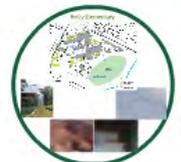
The problem (s)



# Urban Hydrology Restoration



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**Storage**  
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public and private land

**hydrology disconnected**  
after rain is received

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water



A watershed scale pilot

**what we learned**

- hydrology still is proportional to amount of treatments
- hydrological change takes place even though stormwater was not included in the modeling
- potential reduction in 25% effective if

**proof of concept modeling**

can hydrology be modeled in a way that makes a "quantitative hydrology"?

what are the public policy implications?

