Exhibit A

RESOLUTION NO. 20170323-054

WHEREAS, March is Women's History Month, pursuant to joint resolution passed by the United States Congress in 1987 which acknowledged women have "made historical contributions to the growth and strength of the Nation in countless recorded and unrecorded ways," but despite that, "the role of American women in history has been consistently overlooked and undervalued"; and

WHEREAS, the United Nations General Assembly adopted the "Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women" (CEDAW) in 1979 to "condemn discrimination against women in all its forms"; and

WHEREAS, the report "Women in America: Indicators of Social and Economic Well-Being," which was released in 2011 by the White House Council on Women and Girls, found that despite past efforts in America to improve the well-being of women, women at all education levels earn less than their male counterparts; one out of seven adult women has no usual source of health care; and women are more likely than men to be targeted for crimes such as intimate partner violence and stalking; and

WHEREAS, the maternal mortality rate in Texas has significantly increased in recent years to over 30 per 100,000 live births in 2014, and in Travis County to the even higher rate of 40 maternal deaths per 100,000, which are both higher than the 2014 average of 23.8 per 100,000 among the District of Columbia and 48 states (excluding California at 15.1 per 100,000), and far higher than in other wealthy nations like Italy (2.1 deaths per 100,000), Japan (3.3 deaths per 100,000), Germany (4.1 deaths per 100,000), or France (5.5 deaths per 100,000); and

WHEREAS, women's contributions to society are less likely to be acknowledged in public forums, such as the naming of streets — one study of seven cities around the world found that only 27.5 streets were named after women — which reinforces Congress's 1987 observation that the role of women in American history is consistently overlooked and undervalued; and

WHEREAS, public and private institutions still use hiring practices which are known to perpetuate the effects of discrimination against women, such as basing new employees' salaries on their salaries at previous employers, which for women means that past salary discrimination can follow them to new jobs; and

WHEREAS, the December 2015 "Business Disparities in the Austin, Texas Market Area" report prepared by NERA Economic Consulting found statistical evidence consistent with the presence of business discrimination against minority- and women-

owned businesses in Austin's private sector as well as and within the City's own contracting and purchasing activity, and concluded that one consequence of that discrimination is minorities and women are substantially less likely to own their own businesses than nonminority men; and

WHEREAS, the Council has previously taken steps to improve equality between women and men, including Resolution 20140417-051 which directed the City Manager to develop and implement a plan to require entities that contract with the City to report compensation data for their employees, according to race and gender; and

WHEREAS, Resolution 20160324-014 and Resolution 20161201-018 codified improvements to the anti-discrimination sections of the City's personnel policies; and

WHEREAS, Boards and Commissions such as the Commission on Women and the Human Rights Commission have made important recommendations to the City Council with regard to matters affecting equality between women and men, demonstrating knowledge and experience in the field; and

WHEREAS, there are other examples from elsewhere in the country that further demonstrate municipalities are capable of making significant strides to advance the equality of women and men, both within their departments and within the broader community, such as San Francisco's Department on the Status of Women which was tasked in 1998 with implementing CEDAW locally, and has successfully pioneered a number of programs to improve the welfare of women in San Francisco; and

WHEREAS, the phrase "women's rights are human rights" has been attributed to various sources over more than a century, but its meaning rings as loudly today as ever; NOW, THEREFORE,

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF AUSTIN:

It shall be the goal of the City to implement the principles underlying CEDAW to eliminate any "distinction, exclusion, or restriction made on the basis of sex which has the effect or purpose of impairing or nullifying the recognition, enjoyment or exercise by women, irrespective of marital status, on the basis of equality between men and women, of human rights or fundamental freedom in the political, economic, social, cultural, civil, or any other field."

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED:

The Council directs the City Manager to provide City of Austin's Commission for Women and the City's Human Rights Commission documentation of all of the City's

previous efforts to address gender disparities in the City of Austin. The City of Austin's Commission for Women and the City's Human Rights Commission are directed to research other potential practices that have not been documented and addressed by the City, which have an unintended disparate impact on women but are commonly used by local governmental entities comparable to the City of Austin; examine whether those practices are being used within the City, and if so, their nature and scope; and develop recommendations for modifying City policies or practices to eliminate those disparate impacts.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED:

The Council requests those recommendations be separated into items that can be achieved in the short term and items that can only be achieved in the long term, and with regard to short term items, give special consideration to:

- Steps to review City of Austin practices with regard to requesting previous salary data from newly hired employees, and appropriate measures to eliminate those practices; and
- Steps to study disparities in Austin between streets named after men and those named after women, and appropriate measures to eliminate those disparities.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED:

The Council requests that the Commission for Women and the Human Rights Commission jointly submit any recommendations developed pursuant to this resolution to the Council within 180 days from the date of this resolution.

ADOPTED: <u>March 23, 2017</u>

Jannette S. Goodall
City Clerk

Exhibit B



AUSTIN COMMISSION FOR WOMEN RECOMMENDATION 20171108-04b

Date of Approval: November 8th, 2017

Subject: Women's Equity in Austin

Motioned By: Commissioner Rossana Barrios

Seconded By: Commissioner Rebecca Austen

Recommendation

Seven point recommendation in response to Council Resolution 20170323-054.

Description of Recommendation to Council

Details and rationale follow this cover sheet

Vote 7-0

For: Commissioners Cuba Lewis, Barrios, DeFrates, Bope, Gamble, Tober, and Austen

Against:

Abstain:

Absent: Commissioners Powers, Lewis, Thigpen, and Athar-Jogee

Attest: Mary Wulsa



BOARD/COMMISSION RECOMMENDATION Austin Commission for Women Recommendation 20171108-004b Women's Equity in Austin

WHEREAS, the Commission for Women ("Commission") of the City of Austin ("City") serves as an advisory body to the City Council ("Council") and city manager concerning the needs and problems of women in the Austin area and shall recommend programs designed to alleviate any inequities that may confront women in social, economic and vocational pursuits. The Commission shall develop goals and coordinate research for planning, programming, and action relating to opportunities, needs, problems, and contributions of women in the city; and

WHEREAS, on March 23, 2017 the Council passed Resolution No. 20170323-054 ("Resolution"), calling upon the Commission for Women, in collaboration with the City's Human Rights Commission, to research the City's previous efforts to address gender disparities in the City as well as research other potential practices that have not been documented or addressed by the City which have an unintended disparate impact on women but are commonly used by common governmental entities comparable to the City, examine whether those practices are being used within the City, and if so, determine their nature and scope, and develop recommendations for modifying City policies or practices to eliminate those disparate impacts; and

WHEREAS, the Resolution further called upon for the Commission for Women and Human Rights Commission to separate their recommendations into long-term and short-term items; and

WHEREAS, on October 11, 2017, the Commission for Women passed recommendations 20171011-05a Women's Equity in Austin: Equity in Naming of Public Symbols, and 20171011-05b Women's Equity in Austin: Prohibiting Employment Inquiries Regarding Prior Salary, to address short-term items; and

WHEREAS, in order to assist the Commission for Women and Human Rights Commission in preparing recommendations for long-term items, on August 24, 2017, the City's Human Resources Department provided the Commission for Women and Human Rights Commission with a memorandum ("Memorandum") summarizing the City's efforts to address gender disparities in the City; and

WHEREAS, that Memorandum identified several City policies aimed at promoting women's health, promoting City procurement opportunities for women-owned businesses, eliminating sex-based discrimination in City employment, promoting women's leadership opportunities for City employees, and publicly-available programming aimed at promoting women's participation in a wide variety of economic, scientific, civic and cultural endeavors; and

WHEREAS, that Memorandum did not identify any program or policy with a broader aim of investigating and addressing City laws, policies and practices that create an unintended disparate impact on women, who make up approximately half of Austin's population; and

WHEREAS, the Commission for Women and Human Rights Commission determined that there is one City department, the Equity Office, that employs an Equity Assessment Tool and equity lens to investigate and addresses City laws, policies and practices that create an unintended disparate impact on racial minorities; and

WHEREAS, per the Chief Equity Officer in a response dated October 25, 2017, the Equity Assessment Tool leads with race, as it is the primary predictor of access, outcomes, and opportunities for all quality of life indicators; by focusing on racial equity, the Tool introduces a framework that can be applied to additional marginalized social identities which intersect with racial identity including age, religion, gender identity, sexual orientation, and ability; the current version of the Tool requires data to be disaggregated only by race; the questions in the Tool could be reworked to request information disaggregated by gender with an intersection of race, with minimal to no cost to execute; and

WHEREAS, in the State of Iowa, both race and gender are examined to determine the impact of State policies and programs; specifically, every application for a grant from a state

agency must complete a Minority Impact Statement to outline any unique impact of proposed policies or programs on women, people with disabilities and people of color; and

WHEREAS, income from women's employment is essential to the overall economic status and growth in Austin, yet females in Austin earn less than males, many women work in professions with lower wages, and higher rates of single mothers live in poverty; per the American Community Survey (ACS) Profile Report: 2015¹, Austin had a total population of 887,061, of which 439,246 were female (49.5%); the median earnings overall were \$28,685 for females and \$35,759 for males; median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers was \$41,576 compared to male full-time, year-round workers at \$47,436; among full-time, year round workers, higher percentages of women earned below \$65,000 compared to men, and higher percentages of men earned above \$75,000 and \$100,000; men held higher percentages of jobs in occupations such as management, business and finance, computer, engineering and science, legal, sales, protective services, food preparation, buildings and grounds maintenance, construction, maintenance and repair services, production, transportation and materials moving, compared with women in occupations such as community and social services, education, health practitioners and technicians, health care support, personal care and services, office and administrative support; among the population 16 years and over, 354,150 were females, of which 66.7% were in the labor force, 66.6% in the civilian labor force; of 351,195 total households, 36.9% were married-couple families, 11% were female householder with no husband present, and 4.4% were male householder with no wife present; among families whose income in the past 12 months was below the poverty level, 30.6% were families with female householder, no husband present, 40.6% were female householder with related children under 18 and 45.9% were female householder with related children under 5, compared with overall families at 12.4%, 19.3% under 18 and 15.3% under 5 respectively, or married couple families at 6.6%, 10.2% under 18 and 6.4% under 5 respectively; 11.4% of the total civilian labor force 16 years and over were living below the poverty level, with employed males at 8.9% and employed females at 10.8%, unemployed males at 33.7% and unemployed females at 42.1%; and

WHEREAS, as of August 2016, as cited in the Austin Chronicle², citywide, 68% of workers were male, 32% were female; in management, women held 27% of positions, whereas men held 73%; men accounted for 60% of the executive positions; and

¹ https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?src=CF

WHEREAS, upon information and belief, the Convention on the Elimination of Discrimination Against Women ("CEDAW") which was referenced in the Resolution, has yet to be adopted by the City of Austin; and

WHEREAS, as of October 2017, a CEDAW Ordinance has been adopted in the cities of San Francisco, CA, Los Angeles, CA, Miami-Dade County, FL, Pittsburgh, PA, Cincinnati, OH, Berkeley, CA and Honolulu, HI; twenty-two other cities have passed a CEDAW Resolution; over two dozen cities are exploring a possible CEDAW Ordinance or Resolution, including Denver, CO, Boston, MA, New York City, NY, Portland, OR, Philadelphia, PA, and Washington DC; and

WHEREAS, three requirements have been identified as the minimum needed for successful implementation of CEDAW as follows:

- 1. Gender analysis This tool analyzes workforce, services, and the city budget in order to integrate gender considerations into the daily operations of local agencies, and to institutionalize new ways of thinking about equitable distribution of government resources. The report includes other demographic characteristics linked to gender such as race, disability, immigration status, and sexual orientation.
- 2. Oversight body Crucial to the implementation of programming and policies is having community and government leaders oversee the implementation of action plans.
- 3. Funding Municipalities should allocate between \$0.10 and \$0.25 per woman resident to implement program and policy reforms as outlined by CEDAW; and

WHEREAS, if the City of Austin were to adopt a version of CEDAW as a local ordinance (reference the City of San Francisco CEDAW Ordinance in Exhibit A), it would commit itself to integrating gender equity principles into all of its operations, including policy, program and decision-making, which would, at a minimum, require that the Equity Office (or similar office) be empowered to employ an equity tool and equity lens to investigate and addresses City laws, policies and practices that create an unintended disparate impact on women; and

WHEREAS, as concerns gender pay equity, research indicates that, controlling for personal demographics, occupation, college major, hours worked and location, women get paid

Mary Tuma, *The Boys Club*, The Austin Chronicle https://www.austinchronicle.com/news/2016-08-12/the-boys-club/

6.6 percent less than men in their very first jobs ("Gender Pay Imbalance"), and that an entity's knowledge of a job applicant's self-reported lower salary history (e.g. honest responses to Prior Salary Inquiries) will lead to subsequent job offers at rates that correspond to the (lower) prior salary, such that the cumulative effect over the course of women's lifetimes amplifies initial and subsequent Gender Pay Imbalances³; and

WHEREAS, other cities and states, including Philadelphia, New York and Massachusetts, in order to promote gender pay equity, have enacted human rights codes and ordinances that prohibit private employers from inquiring about job applicants' prior salary histories; and

WHEREAS, as concerns gender pay equity, women's career advancement, and women's, families' and children's wellbeing, research⁴ indicates that paid family and medical leave allows workers to avoid having to choose between caring for their families and keeping their jobs, improves financial security for many disadvantaged groups that cannot afford to take unpaid leave, can help children get a strong start in life, improves business productivity by boosting employee morale and making it easier to retain skilled workers, supports economic growth, and can reduce reliance on public assistance. Furthermore, paid leave can help to close the gender pay gap by increasing women's attachment to the labor force and raising their long term earnings trajectories, of particular importance as more families depend on women's earnings; and

WHEREAS, other cities and states, specifically, San Francisco, the District of Columbia, New York, Rhode Island, New Jersey, California, and Seattle, have enacted human rights codes and ordinances requiring private employers to provide paid family leave to their employees; and

³

Christianne Corbett and Catherine Hill, *Graduating to a Pay Gap; the Earnings of Women and Men One Year After College Graduation*, American Association of University Women Study (2013), available online at https://www.aauw.org/files/2013/02/graduating-to-a-pay-gap-the-earnings-of-women-and-men-one-year-after-college-graduation.pdf. See also Todd Thorsteinson, *Initiating Salary Discussions With an Extreme Request: Anchoring Effects on Initial Salary Offers*, 1 J. of Applied Psychology, 41(7)(2011). See also Association for Physchological Science article discussing anchoring theory and salary negotiations and Massachusetts law banning the practice of asking for prior salary history, available online at https://www.psychologicalscience.org/news/minds-business/how-cracking-the-right-joke-benefits-salary-negotiations.html.

WHEREAS, other cities including San Francisco and New York City have enacted human rights codes and ordinances prohibiting private employers from discriminating against employees based on their caregiving status and/or requiring reasonable accommodation to employees to accomplish caregiving tasks so long as they are otherwise able to perform their jobs and the requested accommodation does not impose an undue hardship on the employer; and

WHEREAS, as further concerns gender pay equity, women's career advancement, and women's, families' and children's wellbeing, women are more likely to be victims of domestic violence, sexual abuse and stalking and more likely therefore, to be fired, evicted, or otherwise discriminated against by employers and landlords based on their history of domestic violence, sexual abuse, and/or stalking; and

WHEREAS, other cities and states, specifically, Philadelphia, New York City, California, Connecticut, Illinois, New York, Oregon and Rhode Island, have enacted human rights codes and ordinances prohibiting private employers and landlords from engaging in discrimination against victims of domestic violence, sexual abuse and/or stalking; and

WHEREAS, as concerns women's wellbeing and the integrity of the City as an equal enforcer of the laws, the APD DNA Lab closure in 2016 resulted in a substantial backlog of unprocessed forensic evidence; in response, the Commission for Women submitted Recommendation 20160810-003A to fund additional DNA analysts and a supervisor to fully staff the forensics lab, and to fund a private lab to process 500 backlogged sexual assault examination evidence kits, in order to be operating without a backlog in 3-4 years from October 1, 2016; this recommendation resulted in corrective action by the APD. Further, the Commission for Women submitted recommendation 20170809-003b to (1) include the SAFE Alliance or another organization representing sexual assault survivors to be a voting member of the working group addressing issues associated with the DNA Lab, to (2a) fund training for counselors to work with sexual assault clients, and (2b) fully staff the crisis response counselors positions which are currently open, and hire additional staff to meet the needs of the increasing population requiring support; and

WHEREAS, compensation and promotion systems based on time worked and seniority can create an unintended disparate impact on women, who may enter the workforce at lower pay and leave the workforce for extended periods for childbearing and caregiving of children or elder parents, compared with merit-based systems which incent and reward employees for performance, providing a more level playing field for women and men regardless of time on the job; and

WHEREAS, training for employees and management to address sexism, racism and implicit bias can raise awareness and remediate issues that impact both women and men in the workplace;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED,

- Council immediately act to integrate gender equity principles into all of its operations, including policy, program and decision-making, which would, at a minimum, require that the Equity Office (or similar office) be empowered and supported to employ an equity tool and equity lens to investigate and addresses City laws, policies and practices that create an unintended disparate impact on women; and
- Implement changes to the existing Equity Assessment Tool to provide information on gender as well as race; and
- Pursue adoption of an ordinance implementing CEDAW principles into the Code of the City of Austin; and
- Consider changes to the City of Austin compensation systems in order to pay and promote employees based on merit rather than time worked and seniority; and
- Fulfill the remaining recommendations with regard to the City's response to sexual assault survivors and handling of the rape kit backlog; and
- Educate City employees, managers and executives on sexism, racism and implicit bias; incentivize leaders to complete such training; and provide implicit bias training to private employers through ACC or other education institutions; and
- Examine and develop long-term solutions for other issues that impact women, including domestic violence, caretaker status, lactation, and family leave.

Date of Approval: November 8th, 2017

Record of the vote: The motion passed 7-0. For: Commissioners Cuba Lewis, Barrios, DeFrates,

Bope, Gamble, Tober, and Austen

Absent: Commissioners Powers, Lewis, Thigpen, and Athar-Jogee

Attest: 4/ alf Wersa

Exhibit A

CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO MUNICIPAL CODE ADMINISTRATIVE CODE

CHAPTER 12K: LOCAL IMPLEMENTATION OF THE UNITED NATIONS CONVENTION ON THE ELIMINATION OF ALL FORMS OF DISCRIMINATION AGAINST WOMEN (CEDAW)

Sec. 12K.1. Findings.

Sec. 12K.2. Definitions.

Sec. 12K.3. Local Principles of CEDAW.

Sec. 12K.4. Implementation of the Principles of CEDAW in San Francisco.

Sec. 12K.5. CEDAW Task Force.

Sec. 12K.6. Summary of CEDAW.

SEC. 12K.1. FINDINGS.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco hereby finds and declares as follows:

- (a) The Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women (CEDAW), an international human rights treaty, provides a universal definition of discrimination against women and brings attention to a whole range of issues concerning women's human rights. Countries that ratify CEDAW are mandated to condemn all forms of discrimination against women and girls and to ensure equality for women and girls in the civil, political, economic, social and cultural arenas. The United Nations General Assembly adopted CEDAW in 1979 and President Carter signed the treaty on behalf of the United States in 1980, but the United States Senate has not yet ratified CEDAW.
- (b) On October 30, 1997, a consortium of community organizations, the Commission on the Status of Women, the Human Rights Commission and Board of Supervisors President Barbara Kaufman held a hearing on the local implications of CEDAW. The testimony at the hearing demonstrated that women and girls continue to face discrimination in the areas of economic development and employment, violence against women and girls, and health care. On November 10, 1997, the Board of Supervisors adopted Resolution No. 1021-97, supporting the local implementation of the underlying principles of CEDAW and urging the United States Senate to ratify CEDAW. On November 17, 1997, Mayor Willie Brown approved Resolution No. 1021-97.
- (c) There is a continued need for the City and County of San Francisco to protect the human rights of women and girls by addressing discrimination, including violence, against them and to implement, locally, the principles of CEDAW. Adherence to the principles of CEDAW on the local level will especially promote equal access to and equity in health care, employment, economic development and educational opportunities for women and girls and will also address the continuing and critical problems of violence against women and girls. There is a need to analyze the operations of City departments, policies and programs to identify discrimination in, but not limited to, employment practices, budget allocation and the provision of direct and indirect services and, if identified, to remedy that discrimination. In addition, there is a need to work toward implementing the principles of CEDAW in the private sector.
- (d) There is a need to strengthen effective national and local mechanisms, institutions and procedures and to provide adequate resources, commitment and authority to: (1) advise on the impact of all government policies on women and girls; (2) monitor the situation of women comprehensively; and (3) help formulate new policies and effectively carry out strategies and measures to eliminate discrimination. The Commission on the Status of Women shall be designated as the implementing and monitoring agency of CEDAW in the City and County of San Francisco.
- (e) In April 1998, the City and County of San Francisco originally enacted this ordinance implementing the principles underlying CEDAW. In 1998, City officials and community representatives formed a CEDAW Task Force. In 1999, the CEDAW Task Force and the Commission on the Status of Women developed "Guidelines for a Gender Analysis," a set of guidelines to assist City departments in implementing the local principles of CEDAW. In 1999, two City departments used the Guidelines to analyze their departments. The resulting report, "A Gender Analysis: Implementing the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women" (November 1999) demonstrated a continuing need to work on elimination of discrimination against women. The Report further revealed that discrimination based on gender is interconnected and often overlaps with discrimination based on race and other criteria.

 (f) The Report called on the City and County of San Francisco and its departments to:
 - (1) Increase education in human rights with a gender perspective;
 - (2) Expand the collection of data disaggregated by gender, race and other traits; and

(3) Create a more fair and equitable workplace by increasing effective recruitment efforts for a diverse workforce, providing meaningful family friendly policies to retain employees and increasing professional development and training opportunities for all employees.

The Report revealed the need to analyze policies, procedures and programs on a Citywide, in addition to, department level. Both the Report and the department human rights trainings revealed the need to consider the intersection of gender and race in particular recognizing the unique experiences of women of color.

(Added by Ord. 128-98, App. 4/13/98; amended by Ord. 325-00, File No. 001920, App. 12/28/2000)

SEC. 12K.2. DEFINITIONS.

As used in this Article, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings indicated herein:

- (a) "City or City and County" shall mean the City and County of San Francisco.
- (b) "Commission" shall mean the Commission on the Status of Women.
- (c) "Disaggregated data" shall mean information collected and analyzed by enumerated categories in order to identify the disparities existing between women and men. These categories shall include, to the extent permitted by law, sex, race, immigration status, parental status, language, sexual orientation, disability, age and other attributes.
- (d) "Discrimination against women" shall include, but not be limited to, any distinction, exclusion or restriction made on the basis of sex that has the effect or purpose of impairing or nullifying the recognition, enjoyment or exercise by women, irrespective of their marital status, on a basis of equality of men and women, of human rights and fundamental freedoms in the political, economic, social, cultural, civil or any other field. The definition of discrimination includes gender-based violence, that is, violence that is directed against a woman because she is a woman or that affects women disproportionately. It includes acts that inflict physical, mental, or sexual harm or suffering, threats of such acts, coercion and other deprivations of liberty by family, community or government.
- (e) "Gender" shall mean the way society constructs the difference between women and men, focusing on their different roles, responsibilities, opportunities and needs, rather than their biological differences.
- (f) "Gender analysis" shall mean an examination of the cultural, economic, social, civil, legal and political relations between women and men within a certain entity, recognizing that women and men have different social roles, responsibilities, opportunities and needs and that these differences, which permeate our society, affect how decisions and policy are made.
- (g) "Gender equity" shall mean the redress of discriminatory practices and establishment of conditions enabling women to achieve full equality with men, recognizing that needs of women and men may differ, resulting in fair and equitable outcomes for both.
- (h) "Human rights" shall mean the rights every individual possesses that are intended to improve the conditions in society that protect each person's dignity and well-being and the humanity of all people.
- (i) "Racial discrimination" shall mean any distinction, exclusion, restriction or preference based on race, color, descent, or national or ethnic origin which has the purpose or effect of nullifying or impairing the recognition, enjoyment or exercise, on an equal footing, of human rights and fundamental freedoms in the political, economic, social, cultural or any other field of public life.

(Added by Ord. 325-00, File No. 001920, App. 12/28/2000. Former Sec. 12K.2 renumbered as Sec. 12K.3 by Ord. 325-00)

SEC. 12K.3. LOCAL PRINCIPLES OF CEDAW.

It shall be the goal of the City to implement the principles underlying CEDAW, listed in Section 12K.6 by addressing discrimination against women and girls in areas including economic development, violence against women and girls and health care. In implementing CEDAW, the City recognizes the connection between racial discrimination, as articulated in the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination, and discrimination against women. The City shall ensure that the City does not discriminate against women in areas including employment practices, allocation of funding and delivery of direct and indirect services. The City shall conduct gender analyses, as described in Section 12K.4, to determine what, if any, City practices and policies should change to implement the principles of CEDAW.

- (a) Economic Development.
 - (1) The City shall take all appropriate measures to eliminate discrimination against women and girls in the City of San Francisco in employment and other economic opportunities, including, but not limited to, ensuring:
 - (A) The right to the same employment opportunities, including the application of the same criteria for selection in matters of employment and the right to receive access to and vocational training for nontraditional jobs;

- (B) The right to promotion, job security and all benefits and conditions of service, regardless of parental status, particularly encouraging the appointment of women to decision making posts, City revenue generating and managing commissions and departments, and judicial positions;
- (C) The right to equal remuneration, including benefits and to equal pay in respect to work of equal value;
- (D) The right to the protection of health and safety in working conditions, including supporting efforts not to purchase sweatshop goods, regular inspection of work premises, and protection from violent acts at the workplace.
- (2) The City shall encourage and, where possible, fund the provisions of the necessary supporting social services to enable parents to combine family obligations with work responsibilities and participation in public life, in particular through promoting the establishment and development of a network of child care facilities, paid family leave, family-friendly policies and work-life balance.
- (3) The City shall encourage the use of public education and all other available means to urge financial institutions to facilitate women's access to bank accounts, loans, mortgages, and other forms of financial services.
- (b) Violence Against Women and Girls.
 - (1) The City shall take and diligently pursue all appropriate measures to prevent and redress sexual and domestic violence against women and girls, including, but not limited to:
 - (A) Police enforcement of criminal penalties and civil remedies, when appropriate;
 - (B) Providing appropriate protective and support services for survivors, including counseling and rehabilitation programs;
 - (C) Providing gender-sensitive training of City employees regarding violence against women and girls, where appropriate; and
 - (D) Providing rehabilitation programs for perpetrators of violence against women or girls, where appropriate.
 - The City shall not discriminate on the basis of race, ethnicity, culture, language or sexual orientation, when providing the above supportive services.
 - (2) It shall be the goal of the City to take all necessary measures to protect women and girls from sexual harassment in their places of employment, school, public transportation, and any other places where they may be subject to harassment. Such protection shall include streamlined and rapid investigation of complaints.
 - (3) Prostitutes are especially vulnerable to violence because their legal status tends to marginalize them. It shall be the policy of San Francisco that the Police Department diligently investigate violent attacks against prostitutes and take efforts to establish the level of coercion involved in the prostitution, in particular where there is evidence of trafficking in women and girls. It shall be the goal of the City to develop and fund projects to help prostitutes who have been subject to violence and to prevent such acts.
 - (4) The City shall ensure that all public works projects include measures, such as adequate lighting, to protect the safety of women and girls.
 - (5) It shall be the goal of the City to fund public information and education programs to change traditional attitudes concerning the roles and status of women and men.

(c) Health Care.

- (1) It shall be the goal of the City to take all appropriate measures to eliminate discrimination against women and girls in the field of health care in order to ensure, on a basis of equity, information about and access to adequate health care facilities and services, according to the needs of all communities, regardless of race, ethnicity, culture, language, and sexual orientation, including information, counseling and services in family planning.
- (2) It shall be the goal of the City to ensure that women and girls receive appropriate services in connection with prenatal care, delivery, and the post-natal period, granting free services where possible, as well as adequate nutrition during pregnancy and lactation.
- (d) In undertaking the enforcement of this ordinance, the City is assuming an undertaking only to promote the general welfare. It is not assuming, nor is it imposing on its officers and employees, an obligation for breach of which it is liable in money damages to any person who claims that such breach proximately caused injury.

(Formerly Sec. 12K.2; added by Ord. 128-98, App. 4/13/98; renumbered and amended by Ord. 325-00, File No. 001920, App. 12/28/2000)

SEC. 12K.4. IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PRINCIPLES OF CEDAW IN SAN FRANCISCO.

- (a) Citywide integration of human rights principles. The City shall work towards integrating gender equity and human rights principles into all of its operations, including policy, program and budgetary decision-making. The Commission shall train selected departments in human rights with a gender perspective.

 (b) Gender Analysis and Action Plan. As a tool for determining whether the City is implementing the local principles of CEDAW and/or discriminating against women and girls, selected City departments, programs, policies, and private entities to the extent permitted by law, shall undergo a gender analysis and develop an Action Plan. The gender analysis shall be conducted according to guidelines developed by the CEDAW Task Force and Commission. The gender analysis shall include: (i) the collection of disaggregateddata; (ii) an evaluation of gender equity in the entity's operations, including its budget allocations, delivery of direct and indirect services and employment practices and (iii) the entity's integration of human rights principles and the local principles of CEDAW as set forth in section 12K.3. Upon completion of the gender analysis, the entity shall develop an Action Plan that contains specific recommendations on how it will correct any identified deficiencies and integrate human rights principles and the local principles of CEDAW into its operations.
 - (1) The CEDAW Task Force shall identify the City departments, programs, policies, and entities, to undergo the gender analysis and shall develop timelines for completion of the analyses and Action Plans. In the absence of Task Force action, the Commission shall make the selections.
 - (2) The Commission shall train the selected department, entity, policy or program staff to conduct its gender analysis and shall provide technical assistance to the entity throughout the gender analysis process and development of the Action Plan.
 - (3) Each department or entity undergoing a gender analysis shall designate a management and/or executive level employee to serve as a liaison to the Commission and to coordinate the completion of the gender analysis.
 - (4) Each department or entity undergoing a gender analysis shall provide a report on its gender analysis and its Action Plan to the CEDAW Task Force and the Commission, which shall review, analyze and comment on the report and forward it to the Board of Supervisors and the Mayor.
- (5) The Commission shall monitor the implementation of each department or entity's Action Plan. (c) Five-year Citywide Action Plan. Provided sufficient funds are available, the Commission and the CEDAW Task Force shall jointly develop a five-year Citywide Action Plan. The Citywide Action Plan shall address how to integrate human rights principles into the City's operations, how to further implement the local principles of CEDAW as described in Section 12K.3, any and all deficiencies found in the gender analyses and the measures recommended to correct those deficiencies. The Commission and the CEDAW Task Force shall present the Action Plan to the Mayor and the Board of Supervisors on or before December 30, 2002. The Board of Supervisors Committee responsible for considering the City's budget shall hold a hearing to receive the Citywide Action Plan and public comment thereon. The Commission shall monitor the implementation of the Citywide Action Plan.

(Formerly Sec. 12K.3; added by Ord. 128-98, App. 4/13/98; renumbered and amended by Ord. 325-00, File No. 001920, App. 12/28/2000)

SEC. 12K.5. CEDAW TASK FORCE.

- (a) Establishment. A CEDAW Task Force is hereby established. The Task Force shall report to the Mayor, the Board of Supervisors and the Commission. The Commission shall provide administrative support for the Task Force. The Task Force shall consist of 11 members.
- (b) Purpose. The Task Force is established to advise the Mayor, the Board of Supervisors and the Commission about the local implementation of CEDAW.
- (c) Powers and Duties. The Task Force shall have all powers and duties necessary to carry out the local implementation of CEDAW as described in Section 12K.4.
- (d) Membership and Organization.
 - (1) The members of the Task Force shall be as follows:
 - (A) The President of the Human Rights Commission or her or his designee;
 - (B) A staff member from the Mayor's Office knowledgeable about the City's budget, to be designated by the Mayor;
 - (C) The head of the Department of Human Resources or her or his designee;
 - (D) The President of the Board of Supervisors or her or his designee;
 - (E) The President of the Commission or her or his designee;
 - (F) Six members from the community to be appointed by the Commission, as follows:
 - (i) Two representatives shall work in the field of international human rights and be knowledgeable about CEDAW,
 - (ii) One representative shall be knowledgeable about economic development, including employment issues,
 - (iii) One representative shall be knowledgeable about health care issues,

- (iv) One representative shall be knowledgeable about violence against women, and
- (v) One representative shall be knowledgeable about City unions and experienced in women's issues.
- (2) The Task Force shall convene by June 1, 1998.
- (3) The Task Force shall expire on June 30, 2003, unless its powers are renewed by the Board of Supervisors. When the Task Force expires, the Commission shall take on the leadership and responsibilities previously designated to the Task Force.
- (4) All appointed members of Task Force shall serve at the pleasure of their appointing authorities. The term of each community member of the CEDAW Task Force shall be for two years; provided however, that the initial members shall, by lot, classify their terms so that three members shall serve a two-year term and two members shall serve a three-year term. Subject to the expiration of the Task Force, their successors shall be appointed for a two-year term; provided, however, that any member may be reappointed for consecutive terms.
- (e) Alternate members. An alternate may be designated for each member. Ex officio members enumerated in Subsection (d)1(A)--(E) may designate a person to serve as her or his alternate. The Commission may appoint alternate members for those community members enumerated in Subsection (d)(1)(F). The term of office of the alternate shall be the same as that of the regular member. When the regular member is not present at the meeting of the Task Force, the alternate may act as the regular member and shall have all the rights, privileges, and responsibilities of the regular member.
- (f) Attendance requirement. The President of the Commission, or her or his designee, shall monitor the attendance of the Task Force. In the event that any community member, enumerated in Subsection (d)(1)(F), and her or his alternate miss three regularly scheduled meetings of the Task Force without the prior notice to the Task Force, the President or her or his designee shall certify in writing to the Commission that the member and alternate have missed three meetings. On the date of such certification, the member and alternate shall be deemed to have resigned from the Task Force. The President or her or his designee shall notify the Commission of the resignation and request the appointment of a new member and alternate.

(Formerly Sec. 12K.4; added by Ord. 128-98, App. 4/13/98; renumbered and amended by Ord. 325-00, File No. 001920, App. 12/28/2000; Ord. 16-03, File No. 021853, App 2/7/2003)

SEC. 12K.6. SUMMARY OF CEDAW.

Article 1: Defines discrimination against women as any "distinction, exclusion, or restriction made on the basis of sex which has the effect or purpose of impairing or nullifying the recognition, enjoyment or exercise by women, irrespective of marital status, on the basis of equality between men and women, of human rights or fundamental freedom in the political, economic, social, cultural, civil, or any other field." Article 2. Mandates concrete steps, implementing laws, policies and practices to eliminate discrimination against women and embody the principle of equality.

Article 3. Requires action in all fields--civil, political, economic, social, and cultural--to advance the human rights of women.

Article 4. Permits affirmative action measures to accelerate equality and eliminate discrimination.

Article 5. Recognizes the role of culture and tradition, and calls for the elimination of sex role stereotyping.

Article 6. Requires suppression of traffic in women and exploitation of prostitutes.

Article 7. Mandates ending discrimination against women in political and public life.

Article 8. Requires action to allow women to represent their governments internationally on an equal basis with men.

Article 9. Mandates that women will have equal rights with men to acquire, change or retain their nationality and that of their children.

Article 10. Obligates equal access to all fields of education and the elimination of stereotyped concepts of the roles of men and women.

Article 11. Mandates the end of discrimination in the field of employment and recognizes the right to work as a human right.

Article 12. Requires steps to eliminate discrimination from the field of health care, including access to family planning. If necessary, these services must be free of charge.

Article 13. Requires that women be ensured equal access to family benefits, bank loans, credit, sports and cultural life.

Article 14. Focuses on the particular problems faced by rural women.

Article 15. Guarantees equality before the law and equal access to administer property.

Article 16. Requires steps to ensure equality in marriage and family relations.

Article 17. Calls for the establishment of a committee to evaluate the progress of the implementation of CEDAW.

Articles 18--30. Set forth elements of the operation of the treaty. (Formerly Sec. 12K.5; added by Ord. 128-98, App. 4/13/98; renumbered by Ord. 325-00, File No. 001920, App. 12/28/2000)

Exhibit C

U.S. Census Bureau



S0101

AGE AND SEX

2016 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

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Subject		Aus	tin city, Texas		
	Total	al	Mal	Female	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate
Total population	947,897	+/-69	480,741	+/-3,874	467,156
AGE	and boat to be a second				
Under 5 years	7.1%	+/-0.3	7.2%	+/-0.4	7.1%
5 to 9 years	6.1%	+/-0.4	6.0%	+/-0.5	6.2%
10 to 14 years	5.3%	+/-0.4	5.1%	+/-0.5	5.4%
15 to 19 years	5.7%	+/-0.3	5.7%	+/-0.4	5.7%
20 to 24 years	7.7%	+/-0.3	7.8%	+/-0.5	7.7%
25 to 29 years	12.0%	+/-0.4	12.3%	+/-0.5	11.6%
30 to 34 years	10.7%	+/-0.4	11.0%	+/-0.5	10.3%
35 to 39 years	8.7%	+/-0.5	9.2%	+/-0.5	8.2%
40 to 44 years	7.4%	+/-0.4	7.4%	+/-0,5	7.3%
45 to 49 years	6.5%	+/-0.3	6.6%	+/-0,4	6.3%
50 to 54 years	5.3%	+/-0.3	5.8%	+/-0.4	4.9%
55 to 59 years	4.9%	+/-0.4	5.0%	+/-0.4	4.8%
60 to 64 years	4.2%	+/-0.4	3.6%	+/-0.4	4.8%
65 to 69 years	3.2%	+/-0.3	3.3%	+/-0.4	3.1%
70 to 74 years	2.2%	+/-0.2	1.8%	+/-0.3	2.6%
75 to 79 years	1.4%	+/-0.2	1.2%	+/-0.2	1.6%
80 to 84 years	0.8%	+/-0.2	0.5%	+/-0.1	1.1%
85 years and over	0.9%	+/-0.2	0.6%	+/-0.2	1.3%
SELECTED AGE CATEGORIES					
5 to 14 years	11.4%	+/-0.5	11.1%	+/-0.6	11.7%
15 to 17 years	2.9%	+/-0.2	3.0%	+/-0.3	2.8%
18 to 24 years	10.5%	+/-0.4	10.5%	+/-0.5	10.5%
15 to 44 years	52,1%	+/-0.6	53.4%	+/-0.9	50.8%
16 years and over	80.5%	+/-0.5	80.8%	+/-0.8	80.2%
18 years and over	78.5%	+/-0.5	78.7%	+/-0.7	78.4%
60 years and over	12.6%	+/-0.6	10.9%	+/-0.6	14.4%
62 years and over	11.1%	+/-0.5	9.7%	+/-0.5	12.5%
65 years and over	8.5%	+/-0.4	7.3%	+/-0.4	9.7%
75 years and over	3.1%	+/-0.2	2.2%	+/-0.2	4.0%

Subject		Austin city, Texas						
	Total	Total		Male				
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate			
SUMMARY INDICATORS								
Median age (years)	32.7	+/-0.4	32.6	+/-0.4	33.0			
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	102.9	+/-1.7	(X)	(X)	(X)			
Age dependency ratio	42.7	+/-1.1	(X)	(X)	(X)			
Old-age dependency ratio	12.1	+/-0.6	(X)	(X)	(X)			
Child dependency ratio	30.6	+/-0.9	(X)	(X)	(X)			
PERCENT ALLOCATED								
Sex	0.0%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)			
Age	2.2%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)			

Subject	Austin city, Texas
	Female
	Margin of Error
Total population	+/-3,869
AGE	
Under 5 years	+/-0.4
5 to 9 years	+/-0.5
10 to 14 years	+/-0.5
15 to 19 years	+/-0.4
20 to 24 years	+/-0.4
25 to 29 years	+/-0.4
30 to 34 years	+/-0.5
35 to 39 years	+/-0.6
40 to 44 years	+/-0.6
45 to 49 years	+/-0.4
50 to 54 years	+/-0.3
55 to 59 years	+/-0.5
60 to 64 years	+/-0.5
65 to 69 years	+/-0.4
70 to 74 years	+/-0.3
75 to 79 years	+/-0.3
80 to 84 years	+/-0.3
85 years and over	+/-0.3
SELECTED AGE CATEGORIES	
5 to 14 years	+/-0.5
15 to 17 years	+/-0.3
18 to 24 years	+/-0.4
15 to 44 years	+/-0.7
16 years and over	+/-0.6
18 years and over	+/-0.6
60 years and over	+/-0.7
62 years and over	+/-0.6
65 years and over	+/-0.5
75 years and over	+/-0.3
SUMMARY INDICATORS	
Median age (years)	+/-0.5
Sex ratio (males per 100 females)	(X)
Age dependency ratio	(X)
Old-age dependency ratio	(X)
Child dependency ratio	(X)
PERCENT ALLOCATED	
Sex	(X)
Age	(X)

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

The age dependency ratio is derived by dividing the combined under-18 and 65-and-over populations by the 18-to-64 population and multiplying by 100.

The old-age dependency ratio is derived by dividing the population 65 and over by the 18-to-64 population and multiplying by 100.

The child dependency ratio is derived by dividing the population under 18 by the 18-to-64 population and multiplying by 100.

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When information is missing or inconsistent, the Census Bureau logically assigns an acceptable value using the response to a related question or questions. If a logical assignment is not possible, data are filled using a statistical process called allocation, which uses a similar individual or household to provide a donor value. The "Allocated" section is the number of respondents who received an allocated value for a particular subject.

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Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2016 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
 - 3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
 - 4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 5. An **** entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 6. An '***** entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
- 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

U.S. Census Bureau



B12006

MARITAL STATUS BY SEX BY LABOR FORCE PARTICIPATION

Universe: Population 16 years and over

2016 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

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	Austin city	y, Texas
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	762,884	+/-5,205
Never married:	330,586	+/-10,015
Male:	182,591	+/-6,652
In labor force:	145,037	+/-6,691
Employed or in Armed Forces	138,026	+/-6,577
Unemployed	7,011	+/-1,418
Not in labor force	37,554	+/-2,76
Female:	147,995	+/-5,520
In labor force:	109,241	+/-5,296
Employed or in Armed Forces	104,629	+/-5,169
Unemployed	4,612	+/-1,313
Not in labor force	38,754	+/-3,241
Now married (except separated):	309,905	+/-10,099
Male:	158,149	+/-5,826
In labor force:	133,333	+/-5,249
Employed or in Armed Forces	131,007	+/-5,322
Unemployed	2,326	+/-591
Not in labor force	24,816	+/-2,173
Female:	151,756	+/-5,483
In labor force:	99,165	+/-4,784
Employed or in Armed Forces	96,228	+/-4,780
Unemployed	2,937	+/-830
Not in labor force	52,591	+/-3,551
Separated:	13,939	+/-2,304
Male:	5,997	+/-1,602
In labor force:	5,243	+/-1,486
Employed or in Armed Forces	4,864	+/-1,534
Unemployed	379	+/-290
Not in labor force	754	+/-470
Female:	7,942	+/-1,510
In labor force:	6,765	+/-1,443
Employed or in Armed Forces	6,410	+/-1,429
Unemployed	355	+/-313

	Austin city	, Texas
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Not in labor force	1,177	+/-584
Widowed:	23,473	+/-2,243
Male:	4,719	+/-1,175
In labor force:	1,724	+/-660
Employed or in Armed Forces	1,717	+/-660
Unemployed	7	+/-13
Not in labor force	2,995	+/-859
Female:	18,754	+/-1,977
In labor force:	3,963	+/-974
Employed or in Armed Forces	3,888	+/-978
Unemployed	75	+/-122
Not in labor force	14,791	+/-1,800
Divorced:	84,981	+/-6,117
Male:	36,995	+/-3,877
In labor force:	29,112	+/-3,358
Employed or in Armed Forces	27,859	+/-3,390
Unemployed	1,253	+/-708
Not in labor force	7,883	+/-1,413
Female:	47,986	+/-3,942
In labor force:	35,050	+/-3,316
Employed or in Armed Forces	34,254	+/-3,244
Unemployed	796	+/-456
Not in labor force	12,936	+/-2,007

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Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2016 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

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U.S. Census Bureau



B20002

MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2016 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS) BY SEX FOR THE POPULATION 16 YEARS AND OVER WITH EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS Universe: Population 16 years and over with earnings

2016 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

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	Austin city, Texas		
	Estimate	Margin of Error	
Median earnings in the past 12 months (in 2016 inflationadjusted dollars)			
Total:	37,300	+/-1,170	
Male	41,401	+/-744	
Female	32,260	+/-1,411	

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

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Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2016 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

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- 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

U.S. Census Bureau



S2401

OCCUPATION BY SEX AND MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2014 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS) FOR THE CIVILIAN EMPLOYED POPULATION 16 YEARS AND OVER

2010-2014 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

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Subject		Aus	tin city, Texas			
	Tota	al	Mal	le	Female	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	472,365	+/-2,486	54.5%	+/-0.4	45.5%	
Management, business, science, and arts occupations:	216,266	+/-2,783	52.7%	+/-0.5	47.3%	
Management, business, and financial occupations:	83,401	+/-2,160	52.9%	+/-1.0	47.1%	
Management occupations	53,599	+/-1,763	57.2%	+/-1.3	42.8%	
Business and financial operations occupations	29,802	+/-1,338	45.0%	+/-1.8	55.0%	
Computer, engineering, and science occupations:	44,714	+/-1,393	77.6%	+/-1.2	22.4%	
Computer and mathematical occupations	25,915	+/-970	78.8%	+/-1.9	21.2%	
Architecture and engineering occupations	13,778	+/-863	83.3%	+/-2.2	16.7%	
Life, physical, and social science occupations	5,021	+/-439	55.9%	+/-3.8	44.1%	
Education, legal, community service, arts, and media occupations:	68,308	+/-1,759	43.0%	+/-1.2	57.0%	
Community and social services occupations	7,836	+/-628	30.6%	+/-3.5	69.4%	
Legal occupations	9,119	+/-722	55.4%	+/-3.7	44.6%	
Education, training, and library occupations	33,988	+/-1,493	36.8%	+/-1.6	63.2%	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	17,365	+/-1,092	54.1%	+/-2.6	45.9%	
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations:	19,843	+/-925	29.8%	+/-2.0	70.2%	
Health diagnosing and treating practitioners and other technical occupations	13,719	+/-720	27.1%	+/-2.2	72.9%	
Health technologists and technicians	6,124	+/-687	36.0%	+/-4.9	64.0%	
Service occupations:	84,022	+/-2,612	46.1%	+/-1.5	53.9%	
Healthcare support occupations	7,897	+/-664	18.4%	+/-3.4	81.6%	
Protective service occupations:	5,982	+/-713	78.0%	+/-3.7	22.0%	
Fire fighting and prevention, and other protective service workers including supervisors	4,219	+/-565	78.6%	+/-4.9	21,4%	
Law enforcement workers including supervisors	1,763	+/-315	76.3%	+/-6.8	23.7%	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	34,162	+/-2,029	52.3%	+/-2.3	47.7%	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	19,325	+/-1,041	52.4%	+/-3.6	47.6%	
Personal care and service occupations	16,656	+/-937	27.8%	+/-3.1	72.2%	
Sales and office occupations:	105,838	+/-2,244	43.8%	+/-1.1	56.2%	
Sales and related occupations	50,782	+/-1,465	53.2%	+/-1.6	46.8%	
Office and administrative support occupations	55,056	+/-1,616	35.1%	+/-1.6	64.9%	
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations:	37,652	+/-1,489	96.9%	+/-0.7	3.1%	

Subject	Austin city, Texas						
	Total		Mai	e	Female		
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate		
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	506	+/-229	64.0%	+/-19.3	36.0%		
Construction and extraction occupations	27,269	+/-1,404	98.3%	+/-0.6	1.7%		
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	9,877	+/-817	94.6%	+/-1.8	5.4%		
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations:	28,587	+/-1,134	75.4%	+/-2.0	24.6%		
Production occupations	13,859	+/-952	65.8%	+/-3.1	34.2%		
Transportation occupations	8,705	+/-693	86.2%	+/-3.1	13.8%		
Material moving occupations	6,023	+/-570	81.9%	+/-4.3	18.1%		
PERCENT IMPUTED							
Occupation	8.7%	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X		

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Subject		Au	stin city, Texas		
	Female	Median earnin	gs (dollars)	Median earnings (dollars) for male	
	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Divilian employed population 16 years and over	+/-0.4	33,841	+/-566	37,292	+/-668
Management, business, science, and arts occupations:	+/-0.5	52,861	+/-742	64,307	+/-1,560
Management, business, and financial occupations:	+/-1.0	60,068	+/-1,150	69,201	+/-3,457
Management occupations	+/-1.3	63,384	+/-2,292	74,780	+/-2,667
Business and financial operations occupations	+/-1.8	54,221	+/-1,728	60,332	+/-3,721
Computer, engineering, and science occupations:	+/-1.2	70,783	+/-1,681	76,083	+/-1,815
Computer and mathematical occupations	+/-1.9	73,963	+/-2,940	76,830	+/-2,390
Architecture and engineering occupations	+/-2.2	75,242	+/-4,215	80,810	+/-3,223
Life, physical, and social science occupations	+/-3.8	46,205	+/-2,058	51,096	+/-9,702
Education, legal, community service, arts, and media occupations:	+/-1.2	40,621	+/-1,184	44,013	+/-1,951
Community and social services occupations	+/-3.5	36,159	+/-1,322	36,567	+/-3,307
Legal occupations	+/-3.7	86,810	+/-7,400	107,386	+/-8,862
Education, training, and library occupations	+/-1.6	38,771	+/-2,475	39,800	+/-4,491
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	+/-2.6	34,664	+/-2,430	36,164	+/-2,271
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations:	+/-2.0	55,195	+/-2,937	65,066	+/-5,404
Health diagnosing and treating practitioners and other technical occupations	+/-2.2	65,535	+/-1,593	101,327	+/-18,897
Health technologists and technicians	+/-4.9	36,177	+/-3,367	40,888	+/-3,173
Service occupations:	+/-1.5	17,284	+/-415	19,810	+/-689
Healthcare support occupations	+/-3.4	25,094	+/-1,609	25,719	+/-1,820
Protective service occupations:	+/-3.7	36,330	+/-2,345	38,579	+/-4,502
Fire fighting and prevention, and other protective service workers including supervisors	+/-4.9	26,486	+/-3,028	30,649	+/-8,483
Law enforcement workers including supervisors	+/-6.8	49,163		50,798	
Food preparation and serving related occupations	+/-2.3	16,324			+/-736
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	+/-3.6	15,815	+/-725	22346-233	V 3878-5
Personal care and service occupations	+/-3.1	15,906	+/-1,491	20,739	
Sales and office occupations:	+/-1.1	30,027	+/-613		
Sales and related occupations	+/-1.6	30,848	+/-1,066		
Office and administrative support occupations	+/-1.6	29,392	+/-866		
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations:	+/-0.7	24,645			
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	+/-19.3	22,976			
Construction and extraction occupations	+/-0.6	22,442	1000	Active Section (extends)	
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	+/-1.8	32,145		12000000000	
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations:	+/-2.0	25,067	781 5553144	S.SCHOW C	
Production occupations	+/-3.1	25,968			
Transportation occupations	+/-3.1	27,547			
Material moving occupations	+/-4.3	19,145	+/-1,990	19,429	+/-2,66
PERCENT IMPUTED					
Occupation	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X

Subject	Austin city	
	Median earning fema	
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	30,869	+/-464
Management, business, science, and arts occupations:	46,273	+/-833
Management, business, and financial occupations:	52,083	+/-1,174
Management occupations	53,628	+/-2,348
Business and financial operations occupations	50,866	+/-1,483
Computer, engineering, and science occupations:	53,703	+/-2,418
Computer and mathematical occupations	61,178	+/-3,573
Architecture and engineering occupations	51,036	+/-5,901
Life, physical, and social science occupations	44,118	+/-4,206
Education, legal, community service, arts, and media occupations:	38,706	+/-1,864
Community and social services occupations	36,047	+/-1,303
Legal occupations	66,336	+/-5,231
Education, training, and library occupations	38,181	+/-2,833
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media occupations	31,530	+/-4,062
Healthcare practitioner and technical occupations:	53,592	+/-2,238
Health diagnosing and treating practitioners and other technical occupations	61,671	+/-1,797
Health technologists and technicians	32,137	+/-4,094
Service occupations:	15,299	+/-513
Healthcare support occupations	24,725	+/-2,138
Protective service occupations:	27,713	+/-4,952
Fire fighting and prevention, and other protective service workers including supervisors	22,865	+/-5,763
Law enforcement workers including supervisors	43,822	+/-6,059
Food preparation and serving related occupations	14,463	+/-679
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance occupations	13,240	+/-633
Personal care and service occupations	14,514	+/-1,402
Sales and office occupations:	27,316	+/-743
Sales and related occupations	21,920	+/-1,235
Office and administrative support occupations	29,810	+/-871
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations:	27,417	+/-4,652
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	22,917	+/-19,718
Construction and extraction occupations	30,911	+/-10,564
Installation, maintenance, and repair occupations	27,952	+/-3,856
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations:	20,109	+/-1,442
Production occupations	20,719	+/-2,071
Transportation occupations	20,100	+/-3,843
Material moving occupations	18,667	+/-1,969
PERCENT IMPUTED		
Occupation	(X)	(X)

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on Standard Occupational Classification 2010.

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Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010-2014 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
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S2413

INDUSTRY BY SEX AND MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2016 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS) FOR THE CIVILIAN EMPLOYED POPULATION 16 YEARS AND OVER

2016 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

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Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Subject	Austin city, Texas						
	Median earnings (dollars)		Median earnings (Median earnings (dollars) for female			
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate		
Civilian employed population 16 years and over with earnings	40,617	+/-687	43,136	+/-2,846	36,074		
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining:	56,432	+/-33,549	71,538	+/-56,442	11,950		
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	16,197	+/-27,418	16,555	+/-53,418	11,483		
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	99,693	+/-8,584	100,200	+/-4,431	-		
Construction	31,568	+/-3,062	30,987	+/-2,551	40,222		
Manufacturing	55,649	+/-8,645	65,532	+/-10,980	46,522		
Wholesale trade	50,456	+/-6,705	53,662	+/-10,347	45,897		
Retail trade	28,063	+/-2,493	31,569	+/-2,428	24,027		
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities:	46,116	+/-9,894	46,634	+/-9,283	41,459		
Transportation and warehousing	41,428	+/-12,023	45,617	+/-12,186	30,580		
Utilities	88,071	+/-39,783	73,424	+/-53,235	100,651		
Information	51,993	+/-4,899	55,154	+/-7,170	51,110		
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing:	56,592	+/-6,249	64,993	+/-12,204	50,864		
Finance and insurance	62,266	+/-6,111	81,407	+/-13,109	51,791		
Real estate and rental and leasing	50,268	+/-7,396	51,382	+/-9,766	47,603		
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services:	56,772	+/-3,992	61,747	+/-2,612	50,263		
Professional, scientific, and technical services	66,998	+/-4,479	75,856	+/-4,972	60,738		
Management of companies and enterprises	85,543	+/-40,368	-	,**	86,060		
Administrative and support and waste management services	26,602	+/-1,027	31,416	+/-4,808	22,251		
Educational services, and health care and social assistance:	39,648	+/-3,187	45,387	+/-6,003	37,286		
Educational services	38,633	+/-5,098	36,934	+/-6,927	40,209		
Health care and social assistance	39,949	+/-3,451	55,017	+/-8,490	36,434		
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services:	22,282	+/-1,393	25,449	+/-2,571	20,496		
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	26,988	+/-6,548	27,198	+/-6,235	26,616		
Accommodation and food services	21,721	+/-1,274	25,099	+/-3,020	19,319		

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Subject	Austin city, Texas						
	Median earnings (dollars)		Median earnings (Median earnings (dollars) for female			
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate		
Other services, except public administration	27,769	+/-2,226	30,076	+/-3,988	26,100		
Public administration	49,315	+/-4,383	54,489	+/-7,970	45,869		

Subject	Austin city, Texas		
	Median earnings (dollars) for female	Women's earnings as a percentage of men's earning	
		Estimate	Margin of Error
Civilian employed population 16 years and over with earnings	+/-1,212	83.6%	+/-5.3
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining:	+/-42,004	16.7%	+/-66.1
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	+/-36,209	69.4%	+/-200.4
Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction	**	(#/)	**
Construction	+/-11,095	129.8%	+/-36.6
Manufacturing	+/-7,640	71.0%	+/-17.1
Wholesale trade	+/-10,404	85.5%	+/-26.4
Retail trade	+/-2,694	76.1%	+/-10.1
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities:	+/-24,002	88.9%	+/-54.9
Transportation and warehousing	+/-15,625	67.0%	+/-36.2
Utilities	+/-51,572	137.1%	+/-129.1
Information	+/-5,074	92.7%	+/-15.7
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing:	+/-2,424	78.3%	+/-14.7
Finance and insurance	+/-4,266	63.6%	+/-13.1
Real estate and rental and leasing	+/-15,166	92.6%	+/-33.9
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services:	+/-5,172	81.4%	+/-8.8
Professional, scientific, and technical services	+/-3,862	80.1%	+/-7.2
Management of companies and enterprises	+/-15,923		**
Administrative and support and waste management services	+/-5,181	70.8%	+/-19.6
Educational services, and health care and social assistance:	+/-2,553	82.2%	+/-13.1
Educational services	+/-5,158	108.9%	+/-24.4
Health care and social assistance	+/-2,754	66.2%	+/-10.4
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services:	+/-1,654	80.5%	+/-10.1
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	+/-10,506	97.9%	+/-43.0
Accommodation and food services	+/-2,113	77.0%	+/-11.6
Other services, except public administration	+/-4,345	86.8%	+/-21.0
Public administration	+/-4,569	84.2%	+/-12.7

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Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2012. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

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Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2016 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

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U.S. Census Bureau



B20004

MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2016 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS) BY SEX BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT FOR THE POPULATION 25 YEARS AND OVER

Universe: Population 25 years and over with earnings 2016 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

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	Austin city, Texas		
	Estimate	Margin of Error	
Total:	42,070	+/-773	
Less than high school graduate	22,421	+/-1,741	
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	29,101	+/-2,453	
Some college or associate's degree	37,117 +/-		
Bachelor's degree	51,588	+/-935	
Graduate or professional degree	72,110	+/-3,525	
Male:	46,734	+/-1,363	
Less than high school graduate	26,157	+/-1,347	
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	32,201	+/-2,215	
Some college or associate's degree	41,028	+/-1,178	
Bachelor's degree	60,594	+/-2,952	
Graduate or professional degree	87,789	+/-6,425	
Female:	37,490	+/-2,426	
Less than high school graduate	16,520	+/-1,378	
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	25,034	+/-3,084	
Some college or associate's degree	32,442	+/-5,062	
Bachelor's degree	45,863	+/-1,466	
Graduate or professional degree	56,462	+/-4,638	

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B15002

SEX BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT FOR THE POPULATION 25 YEARS AND OVER

Universe: Population 25 years and over 2016 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

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	Austin city	, Texas
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	645,013	+/-5,185
Male:	327,809	+/-4,379
No schooling completed	6,766	+/-1,721
Nursery to 4th grade	3,327	+/-1,089
5th and 6th grade	7,596	+/-2,189
7th and 8th grade	4,173	+/-1,333
9th grade	4,668	+/-1,188
10th grade	3,417	+/-1,262
11th grade	4,470	+/-1,485
12th grade, no diploma	3,379	+/-1,073
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	51,999	+/-4,146
Some college, less than 1 year	12,598	+/-1,862
Some college, 1 or more years, no degree	50,759	+/-4,650
Associate's degree	16,139	+/-2,120
Bachelor's degree	99,376	+/-5,186
Master's degree	37,033	+/-3,121
Professional school degree	12,317	+/-2,147
Doctorate degree	9,792	+/-1,532
Female:	317,204	+/-3,495
No schooling completed	5,477	+/-1,088
Nursery to 4th grade	3,169	+/-1,274
5th and 6th grade	5,432	+/-1,166
7th and 8th grade	3,366	+/-1,058
9th grade	4,670	+/-1,498
10th grade	1,929	+/-831
11th grade	4,148	+/-1,250
12th grade, no diploma	3,763	+/-1,109
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	51,225	+/-4,050
Some college, less than 1 year	11,682	+/-1,79
Some college, 1 or more years, no degree	45,487	+/-3,574
Associate's degree	18,276	+/-2,017
Bachelor's degree	100,602	+/-4,739
Master's degree	42,756	+/-2,95

	Austin city	y, Texas
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Professional school degree	10,441	+/-1,629
Doctorate degree	4,781	+/-884

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- 6. An '***** entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
 - 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.



B17001

POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS BY SEX BY AGE

Universe: Population for whom poverty status is determined 2016 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Tell us what you think. Provide feedback to help make American Community Survey data more useful for you.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

	Austin city	, Texas
	Estimate	Margin of Error
Total:	926,865	+/-7,023
Income in the past 12 months below poverty level:	124,703	+/-10,059
Male:	56,957	+/-5,339
Under 5 years	7,133	+/-1,882
5 years	861	+/-496
6 to 11 years	5,869	+/-1,836
12 to 14 years	2,606	+/-1,007
15 years	560	+/-437
16 and 17 years	1,236	+/-62
18 to 24 years	14,541	+/-2,20
25 to 34 years	9,407	+/-1,98
35 to 44 years	4,700	+/-1,17
45 to 54 years	5,296	+/-1,14:
55 to 64 years	2,847	+/-73
65 to 74 years	1,334	+/-69
75 years and over	567	+/-31
Female:	67,746	+/-6,14
Under 5 years	7,123	+/-1,72
5 years	1,318	+/-59
6 to 11 years	5,906	+/-1,45
12 to 14 years	2,011	+/-84
15 years	823	+/-54:
16 and 17 years	1,668	+/-79
18 to 24 years	14,341	+/-2,43
25 to 34 years	14,939	+/-2,37
35 to 44 years	6,158	+/-1,37
45 to 54 years	4,952	+/-1,60
55 to 64 years	3,285	+/-1,00
65 to 74 years	3,155	+/-86
75 years and over	2,067	+/-85
Income in the past 12 months at or above poverty level:	802,162	+/-10,02
Male:	413,465	+/-6,239

	Austin city, Texas		
	Estimate	Margin of Error	
Under 5 years	27,400	+/-2,774	
5 years	4,909	+/-1,212	
6 to 11 years	27,557	+/-2,772	
12 to 14 years	10,580	+/-1,652	
15 years	3,763	+/-918	
16 and 17 years	8,997	+/-1,380	
18 to 24 years	29,153	+/-3,052	
25 to 34 years	101,922	+/-4,08	
35 to 44 years	74,750	+/-2,639	
45 to 54 years	54,045	+/-2,07	
55 to 64 years	38,058	+/-2,06	
65 to 74 years	23,137	+/-1,66	
75 years and over	9,194	+/-1,15	
Female:	388,697	+/-7,16	
Under 5 years	25,772	+/-2,23	
5 years	5,614	+/-1,42	
6 to 11 years	26,366	+/-2,76	
12 to 14 years	12,888	+/-2,16	
15 years	4,367	+/-1,34	
16 and 17 years	6,135	+/-1,26	
18 to 24 years	26,089	+/-3,05	
25 to 34 years	87,391	+/-3,62	
35 to 44 years	66,324	+/-2,70	
45 to 54 years	47,491	+/-2,32	
55 to 64 years	41,201	+/-2,33	
65 to 74 years	23,197	+/-1,51	
75 years and over	15,862	+/-1,61	

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables

While the 2016 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2016 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

- 1. An '**' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
 - 3. An '- following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
 - 4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
- 5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
- 6. An '***** entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
- 7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
 - 8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Poverty Thresholds for 2016 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

					Related ch	Related children under 18 years	18 years			
Size of family unit	Weighted average thresholds	None	One	Тwo	Three	Four	Five	Six	Seven	Eight or more
One person (unrelated individual): Under age 65 Aged 65 and older	12,228 12,486 11,511	12,486								a a
Two people:	15,569	N-								
Householderunder age 65 Householderaged 65 and older	16,151	16,072	16,543							
Three people	19,105	18,774	19,318	19,337						
Four people	24,563	24,755	25,160	24,339	24,424					
Five people	29,111	29,854	30,288	29,360	28,643	28,205				
Six people	32,928	34,337	34,473	33,763	33,082	32,070	31,470			
Seven people	37,458	39,509	39,756	38,905	38,313	37,208	35,920	34,507		
Eight people.	41,781	44,188	44,578	43,776	43,072	42,075	40,809	39,491	39,156	
Nine people or more	49,721	53,155	53,413	52,702	52,106	51,127	49,779	48,561	48,259	46,400
Source: U.S. Census Bureau.										

Exhibit D

FAMILY VIOLENCE

DEFINITION

The Texas Family Code defines Family Violence as an act by a member of a family or household against another member that is intended to result in physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or a threat that reasonably places the member in fear of imminent physical harm. The law excludes the reasonable discipline of a child and defines abuse as physical injury that results in substantial harm or genuine threat; sexual contact, intercourse, or conduct; or compelling or encouraging the child to engage in sexual conduct.

By definition and for the purposes of family violence reports, 'family' includes individuals related by consanguinity (blood) or affinity, marriage or former marriage, biological parents of the same child, foster children, foster parents, and members or former members of the same household (including roommates). Senate Bill 68 of the 77th Legislature amended the Family Code to include "Dating Violence". The "Dating Relationship" means a relationship between individuals who have or have had a continuing relationship of a romantic or intimate nature.

ANALYSIS

Volume

The total number of Texas family violence incidents in 2016 was 196,564. This represented a 0.9 percent increase when compared to 2015. These incidents involved 214,815 victims (up 1.7 percent from 2015) and 208,764 offenders (up 1.8 percent from 2015).

2016 FAMILY VIOLENCE QUICK STATS				
	2016	2015	% Change	
Incidents	196,564	194,872	0.9%	
Victims	214,815	211,301	1.7%	
Offenders	208,764	205,154	1.8%	

Victim/Offender Relationships

The largest percentage of family violence reports was between other family members. The second most commonly reported relationship among offenders and victims was married spouses and the third most common relationship was common law spouses.

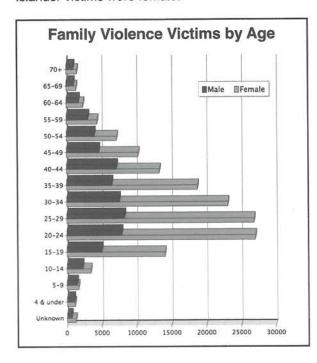
Туре	Group %	Relationship of Victim	Total %
		Husband	4.1%
		Wife	13.8%
Marital		Common-Law Husband	3.3%
ä	39.0%	Common-Law Wife	13.8%
2		Ex-Husband	0.9%
		Ex-Wife	3.1%
		Father	2.3%
		Mother	5.7%
D	0	Son	2.1%
Parental / Child	Daughter	3.3%	
	Stepfather	0.8%	
	Stepmother	0.3%	
	Stepson	0.6%	
	Stepdaughter	0.8%	
		Foster Parent	0.0%
		Foster Child	0.0%
		Grandfather	0.2%
		Grandmother	0.5%
		Grandson	0.1%
		Granddaughter	0.3%
>		Brother	2.9%
Ē		Sister	3.7%
Other Family	45.2%	Stepbrother	0.1%
	45.2%	Stepsister	0.2%
ţ		Male Roommate	2.1%
0		Female Roommate	4.0%
		Male In-Law	0.8%
		Female In-Law	1.1%
		Other Male Family Member	7.7%
		Other Female Family Member	21.5%

2016 CRIME IN TEXAS FAMILY VIOLENCE

Victims

Incidents of family violence in 2016 involved 214,815 victims. Of the victims whose sex was known, 28 percent were male and 72 percent were female. The age group with the highest number of victims was the 25-to-29 year-old bracket.

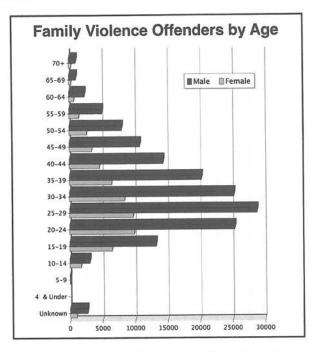
Of the victims whose ethnicity was known, 36.2 percent were Hispanic and 63.8 percent were not Hispanic. For the victims whose race was known, 69.9 percent were White, 28.7 percent were Black, and 1.4 percent were American Indian, Alaskan Native, Asian, or Native Hawaiian/ Other Pacific Islander. Of the number of White victims, 72 percent were female; 71.8 percent of Black victims were female; 75.6 percent of American Indian or Alaskan Native victims were female; and 74.1 percent of Asian, Native Hawaiian, or Other Pacific Islander victims were female.



Offenders

In 2016, 208,764 offenders were involved in incidents of family violence. Of the offenders whose sex was known, 73.7 percent were male and 26.3 percent were female. The age group showing the highest number of offenders was the 25-to-29 year-old bracket.

Of the offenders whose ethnicity was known, 36.2 percent were Hispanic and 63.8 percent were not Hispanic. Of the offenders whose race was known, 66.8 percent were White, 31.7 percent were Black,



and 1.6 percent were American Indian, Alaskan Native, Asian, Native Hawaiian, or Other Pacific Islander. An examination of offenders by race found that 73.7 percent of the White offenders were male, 73.6 percent of the Black offenders were male, 71.4 percent of the American Indian/Alaskan Native offenders were male, and 72.6 percent of Asian, Native Hawaiian, or Other Pacific Islander offenders were male.

Officer Assaults

A serious problem inherent to police intervention and investigation of family violence incidents is the potential for law officers to be assaulted. In 2016, during the course of responding to family violence incidents, 581 Texas law officers were assaulted. During the same period, 4,754 assaults were made on law officers during all types of police activity.

Offenses

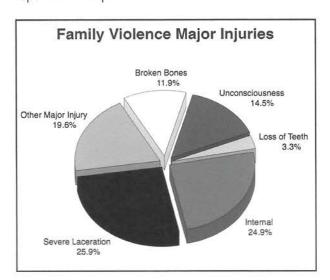
Offense information in the family violence program is collected according to federal UCR guidelines and does not necessarily conform to Texas state definitions. Complete offense definitions are available in the appendix to this publication. Family violence offense information falls into five general categories: assaults, homicides, kidnapping/abductions, robberies, and sex offenses. Of the five main categories, assaults accounted for 97% of all offenses. Information for each individual crime is represented in the chart on the next page.

2016 CRIME IN TEXAS FAMILY VIOLENCE

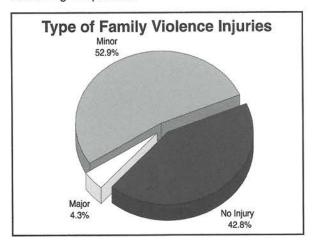
Туре	Group %	Offense	Total %
		Aggravated Assault	16.2%
Assaults	97.0	Simple Assault	73.0%
		Intimidation	7.8%
Homicides	0.08	Murder & Nonnegligent Manslaughter	0.1%
		Negligent Manslaughter	0.01%
		Justifiable Homicide	0.002%
Kidnapping	0.28	Kidnapping/Abduction	0.3%
Robbery 0.21		Robbery	0.2%
		Rape	1.1%
		Sodomy	0.2%
Sex Offenses	2.48	Sexual Assault w/Object	0.1%
Orienses	2.48	Fondling	0.9%
		Incest	0.04%
	9	Statutory Rape	0.1%

Injuries

For the purposes of this family violence report, the police officers who responded to disturbance calls determined the extent of injuries and all injuries were considered to be apparent injuries. If later medical attention indicated that the injuries were more or less severe than noted by the responding officer, this information is not included in the family violence report. The majority of reported injuries (52.9%) were considered to be minor injuries. In another 42.8 percent of family violence reports, 'no injury' was recorded. Major injuries were reported in 4.3 percent of the cases.

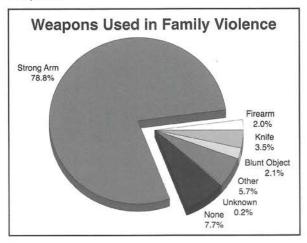


Of the apparent major injuries, 24.9 percent were due to Possible Internal Injuries, 25.9 percent were from Severe Lacerations, 19.6 percent from Other Major Injuries, 14.5 percent were from Unconsciousness, 11.9 percent from Broken Bones, and Loss of Teeth accounted for the remaining 3.3 percent.



Weapons

The most common weapon involved in family violence cases was physical force through the use of hands, feet, and fists (strong-arm), which accounted for 78.8 percent of the incidents. The Texas Family Violence law considers the use of threats and intimidation to be serious enough to report and, thus, 7.7 percent of the reports were listed as involving no weapons. Knives or cutting instruments (3.5 percent), blunt objects (2.1 percent), firearms (2.0 percent), and other weapons (5.7 percent), and unknown (0.2 percent) accounted for the remaining cases. Considered as other weapons were motor vehicles, poison, explosives, fire, drugs, unknown, and miscellaneous weapons.



FAMILY VIOLENCE BY JURISDICTION

AGENCY	INCIDENTS
ANDERSON COUNTY	
Anderson CO SO	161
ANDREWS COUNTY	
Andrews CO SO	
ANGELINA COUNTY	
Angelina CO SO Diboll PD Huntington PD Lufkin PD Hudson PD.	
ARANSAS COUNTY	
Aransas CO SO	
ARCHER COUNTY	
Archer CO SO	16
ARMSTRONG COUNTY	
Armstrong CO SO	2
ATASCOSA COUNTY	
Atascosa CO SO	
AUSTIN COUNTY	
Austin CO SO. Bellville PD. Sealy PD. Wallis PD. San Felipe PD. Sealy ISD PD.	
BAILEY COUNTY	
Bailey CO SO Muleshoe PD	
BANDERA COUNTY	
Bandera CO SO	94
BASTROP COUNTY	
Bastrop CO SO Bastrop PD Elgin PD Smithville PD Bastrop ISD PD	95

AGENCY	INCIDENTS
BAYLOR COUNTY Baylor CO SO Seymour PD	
BEE COUNTY Bee CO SO Beeville PD	
BELL COUNTY Bell CO SO Belton PD Harker Heights PD Killeen PD Nolanville PD Temple PD Central Texas COllege PD Morgans Point Resort PD Troy PD Troy PD Salado PD Mary Hardin Baylor PD TAMU Central Texas PD	
Bexar CO SO San Antonio PD. Alamo Heights PD. Balcones Heights PD. Castle Hills PD. Converse PD. Hill Country Village PD. Hollywood Park PD. Kirby PD. Leon Valley PD. Olmos Park PD. Shavano Park PD. Terrell Hills PD. Universal City PD. Windcrest PD. Live Oak PD. UT H/S Ctr Sa PD. UT San Antonio PD. Judson ISD PD. Alamo Comm Coll PD. Selma PD. Somerset PD. Helotes PD. East Central ISD PD. Fair Oaks Ranch PD.	
BLANCO COUNTY Blanco CO SO	

AGENCY	400	INCIDE	NTS
BORDEN COUN	ITV		
Borden CO SO.			2
BOSQUE COUN	TY		
Bosque CO SO			37
Clifton PD			
Valley Mills PD .			
Meridian PD			5
BOWIE COUNT			
Bowie CO SO			255
De Kalb PD			
Nash PD			
New Boston PD Texarkana PD			
Wake Village PD			39
Hooks PD			
BRAZORIA COL			
Brazoria CO SO			
Alvin PD Angleton PD			
Clute PD			
Danbury PD			
Freeport PD			
Lake Jackson PI)		149
Manvel PD			
Pearland PD			
Richwood PD			
Sweeny PD West Columbia F			
Alvin Community			
Brazoria PD			
Brookside Village	PD		0
Jones Creek PD			
Surfside Beach F			
Oyster Creek PD			
Alvin ISD PD Angleton ISD PD	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		0
Columbia-Brazon			
Brazosport ISD F			
BRAZOS COUN	ITV		
			00
Brazos CO SO			
Bryan PD College Station F	PD		558
Texas A&M Univ	PD		10
BREWSTER CO	UNTY		
Brewster CO SO			
Alpine PD			29
Sul Ross State U	Jniv PD		1
BRISCOE COU	VTY		
00.00			-

AGENCY	INCIDENTS
BROOKS COUNTY	
Brooks CO SO Falfurrias PD	
BROWN COUNTY	
Brown CO SO	0
BURLESON COUNTY	
Burleson CO SO Caldwell PD	
BURNET COUNTY	
Burnet CO SO Burnet PD Marble Falls PD Bertram PD Granite Shoals PD Horseshoe Bay PD	54 0 28
CALDWELL COUNTY	
Caldwell CO SO	
CALHOUN COUNTY	
Calhoun CO SO Port Lavaca PD Calhoun CO ISD	188
CALLAHAN COUNTY	
Callahan CO SO Baird PD Clyde PD	4
CAMERON COUNTY	
Cameron CO SO Brownsville PD Combes PD Harlingen PD La Feria PD Los Fresnos PD Port Isabel PD Primera PD San Benito PD Santa Rosa PD South Padre Island PD TSTC Harlingen PD Brownsville ISD PD Palm Valley PD Santa Rosa ISD PD Laguna Vista PD Rancho Viejo PD Indian Lake Port of Brownsville PD CAMP COUNTY	
Camp CO SO	
Pittsburg PD	40

AGENCY INCIDENTS
CARSON COUNTY
Carson CO SO 1 Panhandle PD 0
CASS COUNTY
Cass CO SO 79 Atlanta PD 18 Hughes Springs PD 3 Linden PD 8 Queen City PD 5
CASTRO COUNTY
Castro CO SO 13 Dimmitt PD 21
CHAMBERS COUNTY
Chambers CO SO 165 Mont Belvieu PD 28 Barbers Hill ISD PD 0
CHEROKEE COUNTY
Cherokee CO SO
CHILDRESS COUNTY
Childress CO SO
CLAY COUNTY
Clay CO SO
COCHRAN COUNTY
Cochran CO SO6
COKE COUNTY
Coke CO SO .0 Coleman PD .27 Santa Anna PD .3
COLLIN COUNTY
Collin CO SO 267 Allen PD 271 Celina PD 34 Farmersville PD 8 Frisco PD 447 Mckinney PD 728 Plano PD 765 Prosper PD 28 Wylie PD 176 Princeton PD 44 Melissa PD 30 Murphy PD 31 Parker PD 0 Lavon PD 13 Fairview PD 2 Anna PD 26 Josephine PD 2 Farmersville ISD PD 1 COLLINGSWORTH COUNTY
COLLINGSWORTH COUNTY Collingsworth CO SO
COLORADO COUNTY
Colorado CO SO 40 Columbus PD 5

AGENCY	IN	С	ID	ΕN	IT	S
Eagle Lake PD						11 . 8
COMAL COUNTY						
Comal CO SO New Braunfels PD Garden Ridge PD Bulverde PD					6	58 . 6
COMANCHE COUNTY						
Comanche CO SO	*	900		٠.		38
CONCHO COUNTY						
Concho CO SO	•		٠.		٠	. 2
COOKE COUNTY						
Cooke CO SO				٠.	2	68
CORYELL COUNTY						
Coryell CO SO					4	88
COTTLE COUNTY						
Cottle CO SO						
CRANE COUNTY						
Crane CO SO Crane PD						
CROCKETT COUNTY						
Crockett CO SO	•		٠.			12
CROSBY COUNTY						
Crosby CO SO						. 0
CULBERSON COUNTY						
Culberson CO SO						. 9
DALLAM COUNTY						
Dallam CO SO						
DALLAS COUNTY						
Dallas CO SO Dallas PD Addison PD Balch Springs PD	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			14	1 2	63 65 14
Carrollton PD	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		 	 	3	36 24 07
Desoto PD	•		• •		2	34 26
Grand Prairie PD Highland Park PD				1	.1	08

AGENCY INCIDENT	s
Hutchins PD Irving PD Irving PD 6 Lancaster PD 4 Mesquite PD 1,0 Richardson PD 2 Sachse PD Seagoville PD University Park PD Wilmer PD UT Med Sch Dallas PD UT Dallas PD Rowlett PD 2 Richland Coll PD North Lake Coll PD Mountain View Coll PD Brookhaven College PD Glenn Heights PD 1 Dallas CO Hosp Dist PD Baylor Scott & White Health So Methodist Univ PD Cedar Hill ISD PD	36 15 29 66 55 31 9 9 0 0 2 2 8 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
DAWSON COUNTY	
Dawson CO SO	
DEAF SMITH COUNTY	
Deaf Smith CO SO	
DELTA COUNTY	
Delta CO SO	. 1
DENTON COUNTY	
Denton CO SO	.7 89 30 44 18 .0 .3 .0 03 01 11 34 25 81 .2 13 .7 16 .0 .4
DEWITT COUNTY	
Dewitt CO SO	39

AGENCY	INCIDENTS
DICKENS COUNTY	
Dickens CO SO	
DIMMIT COUNTY	
Dimmit CO SO	73
DONLEY COUNTY	
Donley CO SO	10
DUVAL COUNTY	
Duval CO SO	4
EASTLAND COUNTY	
Eastland CO SO. Cisco PD Eastland PD Gorman PD Ranger PD	
ECTOR COUNTY	
Ector CO SO	
EDWARDS COUNTY	
Edwards CO SO	10
ELLIS COUNTY	
Ellis CO SO Ennis PD Ferris PD Italy PD. Midlothian PD Milford PD Palmer PD Red Oak PD Waxahachie PD	102 7 6 112 2 8
EL PASO COUNTY	
El Paso CO SO	
ERATH COUNTY	
Erath CO SO	13 111
FALLS COUNTY	
Falls CO SO	6

AGENCY	INCIDENTS
FANNIN COUNTY	
Fannin CO SO	
FAYETTE COUNTY	
Fayette CO SO	
FISHER COUNTY	
Fisher CO SO	13
FLOYD COUNTY	
Floyd CO SO Floydada PD	6 5
FOARD COUNTY	
Crowell PD	0
FORT BEND COUNTY	
Fort Bend CO SO	
FRIO COUNTY Frio CO SO Pearsall PD Dilley PD	6 79
GAINES COUNTY	
Gaines CO SO	8
GALVESTON COUNTY	
Galveston CO SO Dickinson PD Friendswood PD Galveston PD Hitchcock PD Kemah PD La Marque PD League City PD Texas City PD	
UTMB-Galveston PD TX A&M Galveston PD	0

AGENCY INCIDENTS
Santa Fe PD .65 Bayou Vista PD .4 Coll of The Mainland PD .0 Santa Fe ISD PD .0 Galveston ISD PD .0
GARZA COUNTY Garza CO SO
GILLESPIE COUNTY
Gillespie CO SO
GLASSCOCK COUNTY
Glasscock CO SO4
GOLIAD COUNTY
Goliad CO SO
GONZALES COUNTY
Gonzales CO SO 40 Gonzales PD 31 Nixon PD 7 Waelder PD 2
GRAY COUNTY
Gray CO SO
GRAYSON COUNTY
Grayson CO SO 137 Collinsville PD 0 Denison PD 153 Pottsboro PD 8 Sherman PD 540 Van Alstyne PD 16 Whitesboro PD 10 Whitewright PD 4 Howe PD 7 Grayson CO Coll PD 0
Austin College PD
Southmayd PD1
GREGG COUNTY Gregg CO SO. 166 Gladewater PD. 39 Kilgore PD. 161 Longview PD. 809 White Oak PD. 19
GRIMES COUNTY
Grimes CO SO
GUADALUPE COUNTY
Guadalupe CO SO 172 Schertz PD 189 Seguin PD 314 Cibolo PD 69
HALE COUNTY
Hale CO SO. .6 Abernathy PD. .6 Plainview PD. .159

AGENCY	INCIDENTS
HALL COUNTY	
Hall CO SO	0
Memphis PD	
Estelline PD	
HAMILTON COUNTY	
Hamilton CO SO	2
Hamilton PD	
HANSFORD COUNTY	
Hansford CO SO Spearman PD	
HARDEMAN COUNTY	
Hardeman CO SO	16
Chillicothe PD	
HARDIN COUNTY	
Hardin CO SO	131
Kountze PD	
Silsbee PD	
Sour Lake PD	
Lumberton PD	85
HARRIS COUNTY	
Harris CO SO	13.908
Houston PD	
Baytown PD	
Bellaire PD	
Deer Park PD	
Galena Park PD	64
Humble PD	
Jacinto City PD	
Jersey Village PD	
La Porte PD	234
Pasadena PD	1,173
Seabrook PD	116
Shoreacres PD	
South Houston PD	
Southside Place PD	0
Spring Valley PD	0
Tomball PD	59
Memorial Village PD	
Webster PD	
West University PD	
Katy PD	
Nassau Bay PD	
UT Houston PD	
Univ of Houston PD	17
Texas SO Univ PD	
Houston ISD PD	
Rice University PD	
Univ Houston Clearlake PE	
Hedwig Village PD	5
Univ Houston Downtown P	D 1
Houston Comm College PI	
Houston Metro Transit PD	
Klein ISD PD	
Houston Baptist Univ PD .	
Alief ISD PD	
Lakeview PD	
Katy ISD PD	2
Port of Houston PD	0

AGENCY	INCIDENTS
Spring Branch ISD PD Spring ISD PD	3
Aldine ISD PD	2
HARRISON COUNTY	
Harrison CO SOHallsville PDMarshall PDHallsville ISD PD	4
HARTLEY COUNTY Hartley CO SO	1
HASKELL COUNTY	
Haskell CO SO	
HAYS COUNTY	
Hays CO SO	0
Texas State Univ PD	5
Kyle PD	39
HEMPHILL COUNTY	
Hemphill CO SO	17
HENDERSON COUNTY	
Henderson CO SO Athens PD	49
Malakoff PD	22
Gun Barrel City PD	12
Tool PD	0
HIDALGO COUNTY	
Hidalgo CO SO	
Alamo PD	
Edcouch PD	0
Edinburg PD	
Elsa PD	
La Villa PD	5
McAllen PD	
Mission PD	
Pharr PD	
San Juan PD	
La Joya PD	0
Palmview PD	
Alton PD Edinburg CISD PD	
Penitas PD	23
Sullivan City PD Palmhurst PD	
UT Rio Grande Valley PD.	9

AGENCY INCIDENTS
HILL COUNTY
Hill CO SO 74 Hillsboro PD 64 Hubbard PD 0 Itasca PD 3 Whitney PD 5
HOCKLEY COUNTY
Hockley CO SO .31 Levelland PD .205 South Plains College PD .0
HOOD COUNTY
Hood CO SO 311 Granbury PD 24
HOPKINS COUNTY
Hopkins CO SO .45 Cumby PD .1 Sulphur Springs PD .73
HOUSTON COUNTY
Houston CO SO 33 Crockett PD 31 Grapeland PD 6
HOWARD COUNTY
Howard CO SO 103 Big Spring PD 412
HUDSPETH COUNTY
Hudspeth CO SO 3
HUNT COUNTY
Hunt CO SO 222 Commerce PD 93 Greenville PD 302 TX A&M-Commerce PD 6 Caddo Mills PD 0 West Tawakoni PD 0
HUTCHINSON COUNTY
Hutchinson CO SO. 49 Borger PD. 11
IRION COUNTY
Irion CO SO 4
JACK COUNTY
Jack CO SO
JACKSON COUNTY
Jackson CO SO 14 Edna PD 29 Ganado PD 2
JASPER COUNTY
Jasper CO SO 72 Jasper PD 70 Kirbyville PD 1
JEFF COUNTY
Jeff Davis CO SO0

AGENCY INCIDENTS
JEFFERSON COUNTY
Jefferson CO SO 198 Beaumont PD 3,168 Groves PD 179 Nederland PD 131 Port Arthur PD 738 Port Neches PD 130 Lamar University PD 1
JIM HOGG COUNTY
Jim Hogg CO SO
JIM WELLS COUNTY Jim Wells CO SO .86 Alice PD .275 Premont PD .2 Orange Grove PD .7
JOHNSON COUNTY
Johnson CO SO 292 Alvarado PD 23 Burleson PD 248 Cleburne PD 267 Joshua PD 36 Keene PD 12 Venus PD 8 Godley PD 3
JONES COUNTY
Jones CO SO .9 Anson PD .13 Hamlin PD .14 Stamford PD .8 Hawley PD .2
KARNES COUNTY
Karnes CO SO .9 Karnes City PD .19 Kenedy PD .41
KAUFMAN COUNTY
Kaufman CO SO 359 Forney PD 26 Kaufman PD 5 Kemp PD 4 Terrell PD 197 Crandall PD 3
KENDALL COUNTY
Kendall CO SO. 38 Boerne PD 63
KENEDY COUNTY
Kenedy CO SO3
KENT COUNTY
Kent CO SO
KERR COUNTY Kerr CO SO 155 Kerrville PD 173 Ingram PD 12
KIMBLE COUNTY
Kimble CO SO

AGENCY	INCIDENTS
KING COUNTY	
King CO SO	0
KINNEY COUNTY	
Kinney CO SO	2
KLEBERG COUNTY	
Kleberg CO SO Kingsville PD	282
KNOX COUNTY	
Knox CO SO Knox City PD Munday PD	2
LAMAR COUNTY	
Lamar CO SO	0
LAMB COUNTY	
Lamb CO SO	0
LAMPASAS COUNTY	
Lampasas CO SO Lampasas PD	
LA SALLE COUNTY	
La Salle CO SO Encinal PD	
LAVACA COUNTY	
Lavaca CO SO	
LEE COUNTY	
Lee CO SO	47
LEON COUNTY	
Leon CO SO Normangee PD	
LIBERTY COUNTY	
Liberty CO SO	
LIMESTONE COUNTY	
Limestone CO SO Groesbeck PD Mexia PD Mexia ISD PD	
LIPSCOMB COUNTY	
Lipscomb CO SO	2

AGENCY INC	CIDENTS
LIVE OAK COUNTY	
Live Oak CO SO	9
LLANO COUNTY	
Llano CO SO	3
LOVING COUNTY	
Loving CO SO	0
LUBBOCK COUNTY	
Lubbock CO SO Idalou PD Lubbock PD Shallowater PD Slaton PD Texas Tech Univ PD Wolfforth PD Idalou ISD PD	3,781 3 5 10
LYNN COUNTY	
Lynn CO SO	
MCCULLOCH COUNTY	
McCulloch CO SO	
MCLENNAN COUNTY	
McLennan CO SO Bellmead PD Beverly Hills PD Hewitt PD Lacy-Lakeview PD Lorena PD McGregor PD Robinson PD Waco PD West PD Woodway PD McLennan Comm Coll PD Riesel PD	135 8 38 106 4 13 47 1,344 10 21
TSTC Waco PD	7
Baylor Univ PD	7
MCMULLEN COUNTY	
McMullen CO SO	5
MADISON COUNTY	^
Madison CO SO	27
MARION COUNTY	
Marion CO SO Jefferson PD	never in the second of the
MARTIN COUNTY	
Martin CO SOStanton PD	

AGENCY INCIDENTS
MASON COUNTY
Mason CO SO
MATAGORDA COUNTY
Matagorda CO SO .95 Bay City PD .328 Palacios PD .23 Bay City ISD PD .0
MAVERICK COUNTY
Maverick CO SO
MEDINA COUNTY
Medina CO SO. 51 Castroville PD 3 Devine PD 17 Hondo PD 81 Natalia PD 0
MENARD COUNTY
Menard CO SO1
MIDLAND COUNTY
Midland CO SO 140 Midland PD 957 Midland ISD PD 0
MILAM COUNTY
Milam CO SO 42 Cameron PD 20 Rockdale PD 41 Thorndale PD 5
MILLS COUNTY
Mills CO SO 6
MITCHELL COUNTY
Mitchell CO SO
MONTAGUE COUNTY
Montague CO SO. 10 Bowie PD. 38 Nocona PD. 0
MONTGOMERY COUNTY
Montgomery CO SO 1,692 Conroe PD 651 Splendora PD 6 Roman Forest PD 3 Patton Village PD 3 Magnolia PD 7 Shenandoah PD 20 Willis PD 78 Oak Ridge North PD 3 Montgomery PD 11 Woodbranch PD 0 Conroe ISD PD 0
MOORE COUNTY
Moore CO SO

AGENCY INCIDENTS
MORRIS COUNTY
Morris CO SO. 7 Daingerfield PD 11 Lone Star PD 0 Omaha PD 0 Naples PD 5
MOTLEY COUNTY
Motley CO SO0
NACOGDOCHES COUNTY
Nacogdoches CO SO.183Nacogdoches PD.370Stephen F Austin Univ PD4
NAVARRO COUNTY
Navarro CO SO
NEWTON COUNTY
Newton CO SO Newton PD 5
NOLAN COUNTY
Nolan CO SO 13 Sweetwater PD 87 TSTC - Sweetwater PD 0
NUECES COUNTY
Nueces CO SO 45 Bishop PD 14 Corpus Christi PD 3,949 Robstown PD 121 Port Aransas PD 48 TX A&M Univ Corpus Christi PD .0 Driscoll PD .2
OCHILTREE COUNTY
Ochiltree CO SO
OLDHAM COUNTY
Oldham CO SO4
ORANGE COUNTY
Orange CO SO. 178 Bridge City PD. 39 Orange PD. 169 Pinehurst PD. 12 Vidor PD. 147 West Orange PD. 10
PALO PINTO COUNTY
Palo Pinto CO SO
PANOLA COUNTY
Panola CO SO
PARKER COUNTY
Parker CO SO 177 Weatherford PD 234 Springtown PD 8

AGENCY INCIDENTS
Hudson Oaks PD Willow Park PD 12
PARMER COUNTY
Parmer CO SO. 6 Bovina PD. 10 Friona PD. 7 Farwell PD. 0
PECOS COUNTY
Pecos CO SO
POLK COUNTY
Livingston PD 71 Corrigan PD 4 Onalaska PD 30
POTTER COUNTY
Potter CO SO 85 Amarillo PD 2,535 Amarillo College PD 0 Amarillo Airport PD 0
PRESIDIO COUNTY
Presidio CO SO
RAINS COUNTY
Rains CO SO
RANDALL COUNTY
Randall CO SO. 118 Canyon PD. 55 West Texas A&M Univ PD 3
REAGAN COUNTY
Reagan CO SO19
REAL COUNTY
Real CO SO 6
RED RIVER COUNTY
Red River CO SO. 15 Clarksville PD. 4 Bogota PD. 4
REEVES COUNTY
Reeves CO SO
REFUGIO COUNTY
Refugio CO SO 10 Refugio PD 17
ROBERTS COUNTY
Roberts CO SO
ROBERTSON COUNTY
Robertson CO SO 18 Bremond PD 1 Calvert PD 3 Hearne PD 51

AGENCY INCIDENTS
ROCKWALL COUNTY
Rockwall CO SO 34 Rockwall PD 206 Royse City PD 54 Heath PD 22
RUNNELS COUNTY
Runnels CO SO 1 Ballinger PD 4 Winters PD 13
RUSK COUNTY
Rusk CO SO 288 Henderson PD 283 Overton PD 11 Tatum PD 1
SABINE COUNTY
Sabine CO SO
SAN AUGUSTINE COUNTY
San Augustine CO SO
SAN JACINTO COUNTY
San Jacinto CO SO 74
SAN PATRICIO COUNTY
San Patricio CO SO 54 Ingleside PD 66 Mathis PD 53 Portland PD 124 Sinton PD 26 Taft PD 10 Gregory PD 5 Taft ISD PD 0
SAN SABA COUNTY
San Saba CO SO
SCHLEICHER COUNTY
Schleicher CO SO
SCURRY COUNTY
Scurry CO SO 31 Snyder PD 98
SHACKELFORD COUNTY
Shackelford CO SO 12
SHELBY COUNTY
Shelby CO SO 109 Center PD 33
SHERMAN COUNTY
Sherman CO SO
SMITH COUNTY
Smith CO SO 184 Arp PD 0 Lindale PD 26

AGENCY	INCIDENTS
Whitehouse PD UT Tyler PD UT H.S.C.Tyler PD Bullard PD	0
SOMERVELL COUNTY	
Somervell CO SO	34
STARR COUNTY	
Starr CO SO. La Grulla PD. Rio Grande City PD. Roma PD. Rio Grande City ISD PD.	
STEPHENS COUNTY	
Stephens CO SO	
STERLING COUNTY	
Sterling CO SO	
STONEWALL COUNTY	
Stonewall CO SO	0
SUTTON COUNTY	
Sutton CO SO	
SWISHER COUNTY	
Swisher CO SO	0
TARRANT COUNTY	
Tarrant CO SO	3,322 71 398 96
Crowley PD	73
Dalworthington Gardens F	
Everman PD	29
Forest Hill PD	
Grapevine PD	178
Haltom City PD	
Hurst PD Kennedale PD	227
Lakeside PD	1
Lake Worth PD	
Mansfield PD No Richland Hills PD	462
Richland Hills PD	31
River Oaks PD Saginaw PD	
Sansom Park Village PD	18
Watauga PD	153
Westover Hills PD Westworth PD	0
White Settlement PD	20
Keller PD	78
Pantego PD	11

AGENCY INCIDENTS
Southlake PD 32 UT Arlington PD 17 D/FW Airport PD 21 Texas Christian Univ PD 0 Colleyville PD 23 Pelican Bay PD 15 Tarrant CO Hosp Dist PD 6
TAYLOR COUNTY
Taylor CO SO 67 Abilene PD 2,035 Merkel PD 3 Tye PD 13 Hardin Simmons Univ PD 0 Abilene Christian Univ 0
TERRELL COUNTY Terrell CO SO
TERRY COUNTY
Terry CO SO
THROCKMORTON COUNTY
Throckmorton CO SO1
TITUS COUNTYV
Titus CO SO
TOM GREEN COUNTY
Tom Green CO SO. .88 San Angelo PD .1,471 Angelo State Univ PD .0
TRAVIS COUNTY
Travis CO SO 410 Austin PD 6,856 Manor PD 62 Rollingwood PD 1 West Lake Hills PD 4 UT Austin PD 7 Pflugerville PD 338 Lakeway PD 48 Sunset Valley PD 0 Lago Vista PD 49 Jonestown PD 11 Mustang Ridge PD 6 Austin ISD PD 4 Bee Cave PD 15 Pflugerville ISD PD 0 TRINITY COUNTY
Trinity CO SO. 26 Trinity PD. 12
TYLER COUNTY
Tyler CO SO
UPSHUR COUNTY
Upshur CO SO. 72 Big Sandy PD. 6 Gilmer PD. 32 East Mountain PD 0

AGENCY	INCIDENTS
UPTON COUNTY	
Upton CO SO	11
UVALDE COUNTY	
Uvalde CO SO	
Uvalde PD	
VAL VERDE COUNTY	
Val Verde CO SO	20
Del Rio PD	
VAN ZANDT COUNTY	
Van Zandt CO SO Canton PD	
Edgewood PD	
Grand Saline PD	
Van PD	16
VICTORIA COUNTY	
Victoria CO SO	215
Victoria PD	518
WALKER COUNTY	
Walker CO SO	
WALLER COUNTY	
Waller CO SO	
Brookshire PD	
Waller PD Hempstead PD	
Prairie View PD	
WARD COUNTY	
Ward CO SO Monahans PD	
WASHINGTON COUNTY	
Washington CO SO	
Brenham PD	141
WEBB COUNTY	
Webb CO SO Laredo PD	
Laredo COmmunity COII P	D 0
TX A&M Internat'l Univ PD United ISD PD	
WHARTON COUNTY	
Wharton CO SO	148
El Campo PD Wharton PD	
WHEELER COUNTY	
Wheeler CO SO Shamrock PD	
WICHITA COUNTY	
Wichita CO SO	31
Burkburnett PD Electra PD	
Iowa Park PD	
Wichita Falls PD Midwestern Univ PD	1 324
	0

AGENCY	INCIDENTS
WILBARGER COUNTY	
Wilbarger CO SO	2
Vernon PD	
WILLACY COUNTY	
Willacy CO SO	64
Lyford PD	133
Lyford CISD PD	0
Raymondville ISD PD Port Mansfield PD	0
WILLIAMSON COUNTY	0
Williamson CO SO	549
Florence PD	1
Georgetown PD	
Hutto PD	32
Round Rock PD	
Southwestern Univ PD	0
Cedar Park PD	
Leander PD	
Jarrell PD	
WILSON COUNTY	
Wilson CO SO	
Floresville PD	
La Vernia PD	1
Floresville ISD PD	0
WINKLER COUNTY	
Winkler CO SO Kermit PD	
Wink PD	
WISE COUNTY	
Wise CO SO	
Bridgeport PD Decatur PD	
Runaway Bay PD	0
Boyd PD	10
WOOD COUNTY	
Wood CO SO	
Mineola PD	16
Quitman PD Winnsboro PD	18
YOAKUM COUNTY	
Yoakum CO SO	10
Denver City PD	
YOUNG COUNTY	
Young CO SO	
Graham PD Olnev PD	
ZAVALA COUNTY	/
Zavala CO SO	41
Crystal City PD	

Exhibit E

SEXUAL ASSAULT

SEXUAL ASSAULT

In response to a growing concern about sexual assault incidents, the 80th Texas Legislative Session passed HB 76. The Bill requires the Texas DPS to establish guidelines and collect, as part of the UCR Program, data about incidents that contain specific sexual assault offenses. Sexual Assault crime data collection was required to begin in calendar year 2008. Special consideration had to be taken to disseminate the data collection guidelines for Sexual Assault reporting due to the nature of the difference between UCR offense definitions and Texas penal code definitions. In the Texas UCR program, rape is the only offense collected under the crime index. Because there is greater variance in the offenses collected in the compilation of Sexual Assault data, this data collection should in no way be compared to the statistics maintained in the UCR Program.

ANALYSIS

Volume

In 2016, the total number of sexual assault incidents reported in Texas was 18,349. This represented a 1.5 percent decrease when compared to 2015. These incidents involved 19,045 victims (down 2.5 percent from 2015) and 19,245 offenders (down 2.1 percent from 2015).

2016 Sexual Assault Quick Stats			
	2016	2015	% Change
Number of Incidents	18,349	18,636	-1.5%
Number of Victims	19,045	19,537	-2.5%
Number of Offenders	19,245	19,648	-2.1%

Victim's Relationship

The most significant number of sexual assault victims (in relation to the offender) were: female acquaintances (16.8%), other female family members (10.9%), female strangers (8.0%), girlfriends (7.1%), female friends (7.6%), otherwise known

females (6.7%), unknown females (6.5%), daughters (5.6%), and stepdaughters (5.3%). Most sexual assault victims were non-family members (54.9%), while 45.1% of victims were related to the offender.

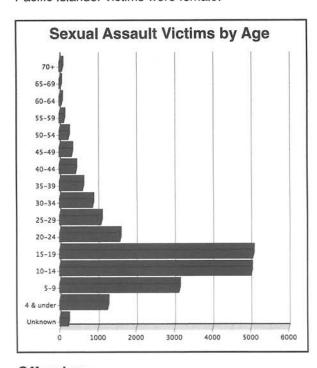
Туре	Group %	Relationship of Victim	Total %
Romantic		Husband	0.0%
		Wife	1.8%
		Common-Law Husband	0.0%
		Common-Law Wife	0.6%
	10.5	Ex-Husband	0.0%
Ĕ	10.5	Ex-Wife	0.6%
2		Boyfriend	0.2%
ш.		Girlfriend	7.1%
		Homosexual Male	0.2%
		Homosexual Female	0.1%
		Father	0.0%
		Mother	0.4%
		Son	1.0%
0	1	Daughter	5.6%
듯		Stepfather	0.1%
\leq	45.7	Stepmother	0.4%
<u> </u>	15.7	Stepson	0.5%
Parental/Child	1	Stepdaughter	5.3%
		Grandfather	0.0%
		Grandmother	0.2%
		Grandson	0.3%
		Granddaughter	2.0%
7.		Brother	1.0%
<u>></u>	Sister	2.6%	
Other Family	2 2	Stepbrother	0.4%
ia.	18.9	Stepsister	1.2%
-	18.9	Male In-Law	0.0%
9		Female In-Law	0.4%
ŏ		Other Male Family Member	2.3%
_		Other Female Family Member	10.9%
		Friend-Male	1.2%
		Friend-Female	7.6%
		Acquaintance-Male	1.8%
		Acquaintance-Female	16.8%
	8	Neighbor (Male & Female)	1.7%
		Babysitter	0.9%
Other	54.9	Employer	0.1%
Ħ	54.9	Employee	0.3%
0		Otherwise Known-Male	1.2%
		Otherwise Known-Female	6.7%
		Stranger-Male	0.9%
		Stranger-Female	8.0%
		Unknown-Male	1.2%
		Unknown-Female	6.5%

2016 CRIME IN TEXAS SEXUAL ASSAULT

Victims

Incidents of sexual assault in 2016 involved 19,045 victims. Of the victims whose sex was known, 12.9 percent were male and 87.1 percent were female. The age group with the highest number of victims was the 15-to-19 year-old bracket.

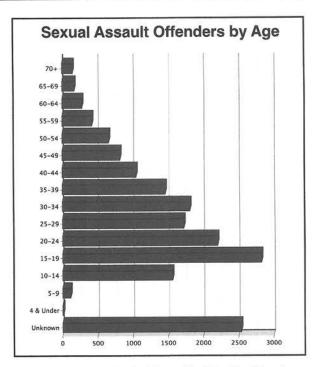
Of the victims whose ethnicity was known, 40.5 percent were Hispanic and 59.5 percent were not Hispanic. For the victims whose race was known, 79.5 percent were White, 19.4 percent were Black, and 1.1 percent were American Indian/Alaskan Native, Asian, or Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander. An examination of offenders by race finds that 87.5 percent of White victims were female; 84.9 percent of Black victims were female; 100 percent of American Indian or Alaskan Native victims were female; and 90.5 percent of Asian or Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander victims were female.



Offenders

In 2016, 19,245 offenders were involved in incidents of sexual assault. Of the offenders whose sex was known, 95.6 percent were male and 4.4 percent were female. The age group showing the highest number of offenders was the 15-to-19 year-old bracket.

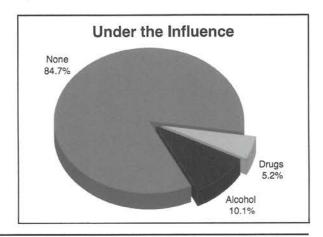
Of the offenders whose ethnicity was known, 40.8 percent were Hispanic and 59.2 percent were not Hispanic. Of the offenders whose race was known, 72.9 percent were White, 26 percent were Black, and 1.1 percent were American Indian/Alaskan



Native, Asian, or Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander. An examination of offenders by race finds that 95.4 percent of White offenders were male; 96.3 percent of Black offenders were male; 100 percent of American Indian or Alaskan Native offenders were male; and 91.1 percent of Asian or Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander offenders were male.

Under the Influence

Included in the sexual assault data collection is the determination of whether or not the offender was under the influence of mind-altering substances at the time of the incident. In 84.7% of the incidents, it was reported that neither drugs nor alcohol was involved. Alcohol was involved in 10.1% of the incidents and drugs were involved in 5.2% of the reported incidents.



Offenses

Offense information in the sexual assault data collection program is collected according to Texas Penal codes. Complete offense definitions are available in the Appendix to this publication.

Offense information is collected on six sexual assault categories: Continuous Sexual Abuse of Young Child, Indecency with a Child by Contact, Indecency with a Child by Exposure, Sexual Assault, Aggravated Sexual Assault and Sexual Performance by a Child.

Of these six offenses, Sexual Assault accounted for 47 percent of all offenses reported.

Sexual Assault Offenses	
Offense	%
Section 21.02 Continuous Sexual Abuse of Young Child or Children	4.2
Section 21.11(a)(1) Indecency with a Child by Contact	22.0
Section 21.11(a)(2) Indecency with a Child by Exposure	3.9
Section 22.011 Sexual Assault	47.0
Section 22.021 Aggravated Sexual Assault	21.7
Section 43.25 Sexual Performance by a Child	1.2

Weapons

The most common weapon involved in sexual assault cases was physical force through the use of personal weapons, which accounted for 90.4 percent of the incidents.

Sexual Assault Weapons		
Weapon	Volume	%
Asphyxiation	93	0.4
Blunt Object	123	0.6
Drugs	536	2.6
Firearm	358	1.7
Knife/ Cutting Instrument	228	1.1
Personal	18,805	90.4
Other	654	3.1

Location

In 2016, sexual assaults occurred most frequently in residences and homes. Other/Unknown was the second most common location reported.

Sexual Assault Locations		
Locations	Volume	%
Bar/Night Club	102	0.5
Church/Synagogue/Temple	60	0.3
Commercial/Office Building	151	0.7
Construction Site	21	0.1
Convenience Store	33	0.2
Drug Store/Dr's Office/Hospital	120	0.6
Field/Woods	301	1.5
Government/Public Building	54	0.3
Highway/Road/Alley	723	3.6
Hotel/Motel	704	3.5
Jail/Prison	54	0.3
Lake/Waterway	52	0.3
Parking Lot/Garage	390	1.9
Residence/Home	14,881	73.6
School/College	438	2.2
Other/Unknown	2,120	10.5

2016 SEXUAL ASSAULT BY JURISDICTION

AGENCY INCIDENTS
ANDERSON COUNTY
Anderson CO SO
ANDREWS COUNTY
Andrews CO SO
ANGELINA COUNTY
Angelina CO SO. 6 Diboll PD. 4 Huntington PD. 3 Lufkin PD. 37 Hudson PD. 1
ARANSAS COUNTY
Aransas CO SO .16 Aransas Pass PD .10 Rockport PD .2
ARCHER COUNTY
Archer CO SO 2
ATASCOSA COUNTY
Atascosa CO SO 24 Lytle PD 1 Pleasanton PD 15 Poteet PD 4
AUSTIN COUNTY
Austin CO SO. 3 Bellville PD. 2 Sealy PD. 7
BAILEY COUNTY
Bailey CO SO2
BANDERA COUNTY
Bandera CO SO
BASTROP COUNTY
Bastrop CO SO 56 Bastrop PD 12 Elgin PD 2 Smithville PD 4 Bastrop ISD PD 1
BAYLOR COUNTY
Seymour PD1
BEE COUNTY
Bee CO SO
BELL COUNTY
Bell CO SO. .45 Harker Heights PD .15 Killeen PD .226 Notation III. PD .21

AGENCY	INCIDENTS
Temple PD	2
BEXAR COUNTY	
Bexar CO SO Alamo Heights PD Converse PD Hollywood Park PD Kirby PD Leon Valley PD Olmos Park PD Terrell Hills PD Universal City PD Windcrest PD Live Oak PD Ut H/S Ctr SA PD Ut San Antonio PD Selma PD Somerset PD Helotes PD San Antonio PD	
BLANCO COUNTY	
Blanco CO SO	
BOSQUE COUNTY	
Bosque CO SO	5
BOWIE COUNTY	
Bowie CO SO De Kalb PD Nash PD New Boston PD Texarkana PD Wake Village PD	1 3 3
BRAZORIA COUNTY	
Brazoria CO SO Alvin PD Clute PD Danbury PD Freeport PD Lake Jackson PD Manvel PD Pearland PD Sweeny PD West Columbia PD Brazoria PD Surfside Beach PD Angleton ISD PD Brazosport ISD PD	
BRAZOS COUNTY	
Brazos CO SO Bryan PD College Station PD Texas A&M Univ PD	

AGENCY	INCIDENTS
BREWSTER COUNTY	
Brewster CO SO Sul Ross State Univ PD	
BROOKS COUNTY	
Falfurrias PD	1
BROWN COUNTY	
Brown CO SO	18
BURLESON COUNTY	
Burleson CO SO Caldwell PD	
BURNET COUNTY	
Burnet CO SO	5
CALDWELL COUNTY	
Caldwell CO SO Lockhart PD Luling PD	10
CALHOUN COUNTY	
Calhoun CO SO Port Lavaca PD	
CALLAHAN COUNTY	
Callahan CO SO Baird PD	
CAMERON COUNTY	
Cameron CO SO Brownsville PD Harlingen PD La Feria PD Los Fresnos PD Port Isabel PD Primera PD Rio Hondo PD San Benito PD So Padre Island PD Tsto Harlingen PD Palm Valley PD Santa Rosa ISD PD Rancho Viejo PD	
CAMP COUNTY	
Camp CO SO Pittsburg PD	
CASS COUNTY	
Cass CO SO	18

AGENCY	INCIDENTS
Linden PD	
CHAMBERS COUNTY	
Chambers CO SO Mont Belvieu PD	
CHEROKEE COUNTY	
Cherokee CO SO Jacksonville PD Rusk PD	16
CLAY COUNTY	
Clay CO SO	6
COCHRAN COUNTY	
Cochran CO SO	4
COKE COUNTY	
Coke CO SO	1
COLEMAN COUNTY	
Coleman PD	
COLLIN COUNTY	
Collin CO SO	
Allen PD	
Farmersville PD	
Frisco PD	
Mckinney PD	
Prosper PD	
Wylie PD	13
Murphy PD	
COLORADO COUNTY	
Colorado CO SO	
Columbus PD	
COMAL COUNTY Comal CO SO	37
New Braunfels PD	
Garden Ridge PD	5
Bulverde PD	2
COMANCHE COUNTY	
Comanche CO SO	2
Deleon PD	
CONCHO COUNTY	
Concho CO SO	1
COOKE COUNTY	
Cooke CO SO Gainesville PD	
CORYELL COUNTY	
Coryell CO SO	1
Copperas Cove PD Gatesville PD	

AGENCY	INCIDENTS
CRANE COUNTY	
Crane CO SO Crane PD	
CROCKETT COUNTY	
Crockett CO SO	5
DALLAM COUNTY	
Dalhart PD	4
DALLAS COUNTY	
Dallas CO SO Addison PD Balch Springs PD Carrollton PD Cedar Hill PD Cockrell Hill PD Coppell PD Desoto PD Duncanville PD Garland PD Garland PD Grand Prairie PD Irving PD Lancaster PD Mesquite PD Richardson PD Sachse PD Seagoville PD University Park PD Wilmer PD UT Dallas PD Rowlett PD Baylor Scott & White Healt So Methodist Univ PD Dallas PD	
DAWSON COUNTY	
Dawson CO SO Lamesa PD	
DEAF SMITH COUNTY	
Deaf Smith CO SO Hereford PD	23
DELTA COUNTY	
Delta CO SO	3
DENTON COUNTY	0.4
Denton CO SO Denton PD Lake Dallas PD Lewisville PD Pilot Point PD Sanger PD Texas Woman's Univ PD Univ Of North Texas PD Flower Mound PD Little Elm PD The Colony PD Highland Village PD Corinth PD	
Hickory Creek PD	3

AGENCY	INCIDENTS
Roanoke PD Trophy Club PD	
DEWITT COUNTY Dewitt Co Cuero PD Yorktown PD	6
DICKENS COUNTY	
Spur PD	2
DIMMIT COUNTY Dimmit CO SO Donley CO SO	
DUVAL COUNTY	
Duval CO SO Freer PD	4
EASTLAND COUNTY	/
Eastland CO SO Cisco PD Eastland PD	3
ECTOR COUNTY	
Ector CO SO Odessa PD Ector Co ISD PD	75
EL PASO COUNTY	
El Paso Co	391 5 7
ELLIS COUNTY	
Ellis CO SO	
ERATH COUNTY	
Erath CO SO	2
FANNIN COUNTY	
Fannin CO SO Bonham PD	
FAYETTE COUNTY	
Fayette CO SO La Grange PD	
FORT BEND COUN	
Fort Bend CO SO Missouri City PD Rosenberg PD Stafford PD Sugar Land PD	

AGENCY INCIDENTS
Needville PD 5 Arcola PD 1 Meadows Place PD 5 Fulshear PD 2 Fort Bend ISD PD 1
FREESTONE COUNTY
Freestone CO SO 3 Fairfield PD 2 Teague PD 6
FRIO COUNTY
Pearsall PD
GAINS COUNTY
Gaines CO SO 5 Seagraves PD 1
GALVESTON COUNTY
Galveston CO SO 20 Dickinson PD 28 Friendswood PD 16 Galveston PD 30 Hitchcock PD 4 Kemah PD 1 La Marque PD 2 League City PD 54 Texas City PD 19 TX A&M Galveston PD 3 Santa Fe PD 1
GARZA COUNTY
Garza CO SO3
GILLESPIE COUNTY Fredericksburg PD 4
GONZALES COUNTY
Gonzales CO SO 8 Gonzales PD 14 Waelder PD 4
GRAY COUNTY
Gray CO SO
GRAYSON COUNTY
Grayson CO SO 13 Denison PD 13 Sherman PD 45 Van Alstyne PD 2 Whitesboro PD 4 Tioga PD 2 Southmayd PD 1
GREGG COUNTY
Gregg CO SO .14 Gladewater PD .5 Kilgore PD .16 Longview PD .76 White Oak PD .2
GRIMES COUNTY
Grimes CO SO

AGENCY INCIDENTS
GUADALUPE COUNTY
Guadalupe CO SO 31 Schertz PD 23 Seguin PD 31 Cibolo PD 5
HALE COUNTY
Hale CO SO
HAMILTON COUNTY
Hamilton PD1
HARDIN COUNTY
Hardin CO SO 34 Kountze PD 2 Silsbee PD 2 Sour Lake PD 2 Lumberton PD 10
HARRIS COUNTY
Harris CO SO 685 Baytown PD 38 Deer Park PD 32 Galena Park PD 10 Humble PD 15 Jacinto City PD 1 Jersey Village PD 4 La Porte PD 19 Pasadena PD 207 Seabrook PD 7 South Houston PD 22 Tomball PD 10 Webster PD 17 Katy PD 19 Nassau Bay PD 4 UT Houston PD 1 Texas So Univ PD 1 Rice University PD 3 Klein ISD PD 1 Alief ISD PD 1 Katy ISD PD 2 Pasadena ISD PD 1 Univ Of St Thomas PD 1 Humble ISD PD 4 Houston PD 1,385
HARRISON COUNTY
Harrison CO SO
HASKELL COUNTY
Haskell PD
HAYS COUNTY
Hays CO SO 26 San Marcos PD 6 Texas State Univ PD 7 Buda PD 3
HEMPHILL COUNTY
Hemphill CO SO2
HENDERSON COUNTY
Henderson CO SO

AGENCY	INCIDENTS
Athens PD	2
HIDALGO COUNTY Hidalgo CO SO	
HILL COUNTY	
Hill CO SO	12
HOCKLEY COUNTY	
Hockley CO SO	25
HOOD COUNTY	
Hood CO SO	
HOPKINS COUNTY	
Hopkins CO SO Sulphur Springs PD	
HOUSTON COUNTY	
Houston CO SO Crockett PD	
HOWARD COUNTY	
Big Spring PD	19
HUDSPETH COUNTY	
Hudspeth CO SO	1
HUNT COUNTY	
Hunt CO SO	
HUTCHINSON COUNTY	
Hutchinson CO SO Borger PD	
JACK COUNTY	
Jack CO SO	5

AGENCY INCIDENTS	
JACKSON COUNTY	
Jackson CO SO	1
JASPER COUNTY	
Jasper CO SO	1
JEFF DAVIS COUNTY	
Jeff Davis CO SO	1
JEFFERSON COUNTY	
Jefferson CO SO 15 Beaumont PD 19 Groves PD 1 Nederland PD 1 Port Arthur PD 4 Port Neches PD 1 Lamar University PD	2 2 1 6 1
JIM HOGG COUNTY	
Jim Hogg CO SO	1
JIM WELLS COUNTY	
Jim Wells CO SO	0
JOHNSON COUNTY	
Johnson CO SO 2 Alvarado PD 3 Burleson PD 3 Cleburne PD 3 Joshua PD 3 Keene PD 4 Venus PD 4	4 80 83 4 2
JONES COUNTY	
Jones CO SO	1
KARNES COUNTY	
Karnes CO SO	
KAUFMAN COUNTY	
Kaufman CO SO 4 Forney PD 7 Terrell PD 1	2
KENDALL COUNTY	
Kendall CO SO	
KENEDY COUNTY Kenedy CO SO	. 3
KERR COUNTY	
Kerr CO SO	
KLEBERG COUNTY	
Kleberg CO SO Kingsville PD TX A&M Kingsville PD	15

AGENCY INCIDEN	TS
KNOX COUNTY	
Knox CO SO Knox City PD	
LA SALLE COUNTY	
La Salle CO SO	3
LAMAR COUNTY	
Lamar CO SO Paris PD Reno PD Lamb CO SO	. 18 3
LAMPASAS COUNTY	
Lampasas CO SO Lampasas PD	1 . 16
LAVACA COUNTY	
Lavaca CO SO	1
LEE COUNTY	
Lee CO SO	3
LEON COUNTY	
Leon CO SO	8
LIBERTY COUNTY	
Liberty CO SO	2
LIMESTONE COUNTY	
Limestone CO SO	3
LIVE OAK COUNTY	
Live Oak CO SO	and and a second
LLANO COUNTY Liano CO SO	4
LUBBOCK COUNTY	
Lubbock CO SO Lubbock PD Texas Tech Univ PD	. 313
LYNN COUNTY	
Lynn CO SO	
MADISON COUNTY	
Madison CO SO	5
MARION COUNTY	
Marion CO SO	1

AGENCY	INCIDENTS
MARTIN COUNTY	
Stanton PD	. , 1
MASON COUNTY	
Mason CO SO	1
MATAGORDA COUNTY	
Matagorda CO SO Bay City PD	19
MAVERICK COUNTY	
Maverick CO SO	9
MCCULLOCH COUNTY Brady PD	2
MCLENNAN COUNTY	
McLennan CO SO Bellmead PD Beverly Hills PD Hewitt PD Lacy-Lakeview PD Lorena PD McGregor PD Robinson PD Waco PD West PD Riesel PD TSTC Waco PD Baylor Univ PD	
MEDINA COUNTY	
Medina CO SO Devine PD Hondo PD	4
MIDLAND COUNTY	
Midland CO SO	
MILAM COUNTY	
Milam CO SO	5
MILLS COUNTY	
Mills CO SO	6
MITCHELL COUNTY Mitchell CO SO Colorado City PD	
MONTAGUE COUNTY	
Montague CO SO Bowie PD	5
MONTGOMERY COUNT	
Montgomery CO SO Conroe PD Patton Village PD Shenandoah PD Willis PD Montgomery PD Conroe ISD PD	

MOORE COUNTY Dumas PD 10 MORRIS COUNTY 2 Morris CO SO 2 Daingerfield PD 2 Naples PD 1 NACOGDOCHES COUNTY Nacogdoches CO SO 27 Nacogdoches PD 26 Stephen F Austin Univ PD 4 NAVARRO COUNTY Navarro CO SO 1 Corsicana PD 34 NOLANV Nolan CO SO 1 NOLANV Nolan CO SO 1 NUECES COUNTY Nueces CO SO 9 Bishop PD 4 4 Corpus Christi PD 44 48 Port Aransas PD 9 9 Driscoll PD 1 1 OCHILTREE COUNTY Ochiltree CO SO 4 Perryton PD 1 1 ORANGE COUNTY Orange CO SO 13 Bridge City PD 3 3 Orange PD 1 1 Vidor PD 7 West Orange PD	AGENCY INCIDENTS
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Morris CO SO	Dumas PD
Nacogdoches CO SO 27 Nacogdoches PD 26 Stephen F Austin Univ PD 4 NAVARRO COUNTY	Morris CO SO
Nacogdoches PD 26 Stephen F Austin Univ PD .4 NAVARRO COUNTY	NACOGDOCHES COUNTY
Navarro CO SO	Nacogdoches PD26
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Carthage PD .7 PARKER COUNTY .50 Parker CO SO .50 Weatherford PD .32 Springtown PD .3 PARMER COUNTY Friona PD .2 PECOS COUNTY Pecos CO SO .1 Fort Stockton PD .6 POLK COUNTY Polk CO SO .47 Livingston PD .11 Corrigan PD .2 Onalaska PD .6 POTTER COUNTY	PANOLA COUNTY
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Friona PD 2 PECOS COUNTY Pecos CO SO 1 Fort Stockton PD 6 POLK COUNTY Polk CO SO 47 Livingston PD 11 Corrigan PD 2 Onalaska PD 6 POTTER COUNTY	Weatherford PD
PECOS COUNTY Pecos CO SO. 1 Fort Stockton PD 6 POLK COUNTY Polk CO SO 47 Livingston PD 11 Corrigan PD 2 Onalaska PD 6 POTTER COUNTY	PARMER COUNTY
Pecos CO SO. 1 Fort Stockton PD 6 POLK COUNTY Polk CO SO 47 Livingston PD 11 Corrigan PD 2 Onalaska PD 6 POTTER COUNTY	Friona PD
Fort Stockton PD 6 POLK COUNTY Polk CO SO 47 Livingston PD 11 Corrigan PD 2 Onalaska PD 6 POTTER COUNTY	
Polk CO SO 47 Livingston PD 11 Corrigan PD 2 Onalaska PD 6 POTTER COUNTY	
Livingston PD 11 Corrigan PD 2 Onalaska PD 6 POTTER COUNTY	
	Livingston PD

AGENCY INCIDENTS
POTTER COUNTY
Amarillo PD225
RAINS COUNTY
Rains CO SO1
RANDALL COUNTY
Randall CO SO
RED RIVER COUNTY
Red River CO SO
REEVES COUNTY
Reeves CO SO 2 Pecos PD 6
REFUGIO COUNTY
Refugio CO SO
ROBERTSON COUNTY
Robertson CO SO
ROCKWALL COUNTY
Rockwall CO SO 6 Rockwall PD 14 Royse City PD 2 Heath PD 9
RUSK COUNTY
Rusk CO SO
SABINE COUNTY
Sabine CO SO
SAN JACINTO COUNTY
San Jacinto CO SO 18
SAN PATRICIO COUNTY
San Patricio CO SO 3 Ingleside PD 4 Mathis PD 9 Portland PD 5 Sinton PD 1 Taft PD 2
SAN SABA COUNTY
San Saba CO SO
SCURRY COUNTY
Scurry CO SO
SHACKELFORD COUNTY
Shackelford CO SO 1
SHELBY COUNTY
Shelby CO SO 6 Center PD

AGENCY	INCIDENTS
SMITH COUNTY	
Smith CO SO	
SOMERVELL COUNTY	
Somervell CO SO	2
STARR COUNTY	
Starr CO SO La Grulla PD Rio Grande City PD Roma PD	
STEPHENS COUNTY	
Stephens CO SO Breckenridge PD	
SWISHER COUNTY	
Tulia PD	
TARRANT COUNTY	
Tarrant CO SO	
TAYLOR COUNTY Taylor CO SO	
Abilene PD Abilene Christ. U	
TERRY COUNTY	
Terry CO SO Brownfield PD	5
THROCKMORTON CO	
Throckmorton CO SO	1

AGENCY	INCIDENTS
TITUS COUNTY	
Titus CO SO Mount Pleasant PD	
TOM GREEN COUNTY	
Tom Green CO SO San Angelo PD Angelo St. Univ PD	89
TRAVIS COUNTY	
Travis CO SO Austin PD Manor PD. Ut Austin PD. Pflugerville PD Lakeway PD Lago Vista PD Jonestown PD Austin ISD PD Bee Cave PD Pflugerville ISD PD.	
TRINTY COUNTY	
Trinity CO SO	4
TYLER COUNTY	
Tyler CO SO	27
UPSHUR COUNTY	
Upshur CO SO Gilmer PD	
UPTON COUNTY	
Upton CO SO	2
UVALDE COUNTY	
Uvalde CO SO	6
VAL VERDE COUNTY	
Val Verde CO SO Del Rio PD	
VAN ZANDT COUNTY	
Van Zandt CO SO Grand Saline PD Van PD	4

AGENCY	INCIDENTS
VICTORIA COUNTY	
Victoria CO SO Victoria PD	
WALKER COUNTY	
Walker CO SO	
WALLER COUNTY	
Waller CO SO	6
WARD COUNTY	
Ward CO SO Monahans PD	
WASHINGTON COUNTY	
Washington CO SO Brenham PD	
WEBB COUNTY	
Webb CO SO	266
WHARTON COUNTY	
Wharton CO SO El Campo PD Wharton PD	19
WHEELER COUNTY	
Wheeler CO SO	4
WICHITA COUNTY	
Burkburnett PD	
WILBARGER COUNTY	
Vernon PD	15
WILLACY COUNTY	
Willacy CO SO Lyford PD	

AGENCY	INCIDENTS
Raymondville PD Port Mansfield PD	
WILLIAMSON COUNTY	
Williamson CO SO Georgetown PD Hutto PD Round Rock PD Taylor PD Cedar Park PD Leander PD Thrall PD Jarrell PD	
WILSON COUNTY	
Wilson CO SO Floresville PD	
WINKLER COUNTY	
Winkler PD	1
WISE COUNTY	
Wise CO SO	1
WOOD COUNTY	
Wood CO SO	
YOAKUM COUNTY	
Denver City PD	3
YOUNG COUNTY	
Young CO SO	
ZAVALA COUNTY	
Zavala CO SO	4