ZONING CHANGE REVIEW SHEET

<u>CASE:</u> C14-2019-0026 – Jensen's M/H Park

DISTRICT: 3

ZONING FROM: SF-3-NP

TO: MH-NP

ADDRESSES: 3201 Burleson Road

SITE AREA: 1.978 acres

PROPERTY OWNER: James Jensen and R&M La Verd

CASE MANAGER: Wendy Rhoades (512-974-7719, wendy.rhoades@austintexas.gov)

STAFF RECOMMENDATION:

Staff recommends mobile home residence – neighborhood plan (MH-NP) combining district zoning. *For a summary of the basis of staff's recommendation, see page 2.*

PLANNING COMMISSION ACTION / RECOMMENDATION: May 28, 2019: APPROVED MH-NP DISTRICT ZONING AS STAFF RECOMMENDED [P. SEEGER; G. ANDERSON – 2ND] (12-0) K. MCGRAW – ABSENT

<u>CITY COUNCIL ACTION</u>: June 20, 2019:

ORDINANCE NUMBER:

ISSUES:

On August 23, 2018 and September 20, 2018, City Council adopted two resolutions with the intention of reducing the risk of the displacement of mobile homes in the city. In the two resolutions, a total of 23 existing, licensed mobile home parks were identified, that did not have the mobile home residence (MH) zoning district. With these two resolutions, City Council instructed the Planning and Zoning Department to initiate and process these rezoning cases. (See Exhibit C, Approved Council Resolutions).

CASE MANAGER COMMENTS:

The subject property is located on Burleson Road, and is currently zoned as family residence – neighborhood plan (SF-3-NP) and is part of the East Riverside Oltorf Combined Neighborhood Plan.

The property is the current site of a several land uses – a small mobile home park with 6-8 mobile homes, a few recreational vehicles, and a building that contains a hair salon. Based on records from the Travis County Appraisal District (TCAD), the first buildings were on the property in the 1940s, and the mobile homes came to the property in the 1960s and 1970s.

This entire vicinity was annexed into the City of Austin in 1969. Because mobile homes were allowed in the original zoning category of "Interim A," the mobile home park is considered an existing nonconforming land use per the Land Development Code.

North and east of the subject property are portions of the Country Club Creek greenbelt. South of the property are SF-3-NP zoned tracts with single family homes. Across Burleson Road to the west is an undeveloped tract which is owned by the City of Austin. (See Exhibits A and B, Zoning Map and Aerial).

There is an accompanying Neighborhood Plan Amendment (NPA-2019-0021.01). A neighborhood meeting is required for all NPA cases; the meeting for this case was held on March 21, 2019 at Ruiz Library. Staff gave a presentation, including the origin and purpose of the proposed actions, the zoning process, and opportunities to get involved. This was followed by a question and answer session. The questions, comments, and responses are documented in the NPA staff report.

The owners of the property were not at the community meeting, nor have they contacted staff up to the time of this writing. After the neighborhood meeting, the East Riverside Oltorf Combined Contact team voted on the rezoning and Neighborhood Plan amendment. The vote was as follows: "Support: 8, Oppose: 9, Abstain: 3, No response: 2."

This is not a legally platted lot. Per TCAD records, the legal description refers to acreage in the Del Valley Survey, Abstract No. 24, in Travis County, Texas.

BASIS OF RECOMMENDATION:

1. The proposed zoning should be consistent with the purpose statement of the district sought.

The mobile home residence (MH) zoning district is intended to provide locations for development of mobile home residence parks and mobile home subdivisions, with standards that ensure a residential environment and compatibility with adjoining family residence neighborhoods.

2. The proposed zoning should be consistent with the goals and objectives of the City Council.

The City Council approved Resolutions No. 20180823-078 and 20180920-096 in order to identify and direct the Staff to initiate the zoning process for properties that contain a mobile home residence park or a mobile home subdivision use to the appropriate MH, Mobile Home Residence zoning district.

3. Zoning should allow for reasonable use of the property.

The proposed MH zoning will bring the existing manufactured home park use on the property into conformance with Land Development Code use regulations.

EXISTING ZONING AND LAND USES:

	ZONING	LAND USES
Site	SF-3-NP	Mobile home park, hair salon
North	SF-3-NP	Greenbelt and trail, single family
South	SF-3-NP	Single family
East	SF-2-NP	Single family, greenbelt
West	Burleson Rd, then SF-3-NP	Burleson Rd, then open space, single family

NEIGHBORHOOD PLANNING AREA: Parker Lane

TIA: Not required

<u>WATERSHED:</u> Country Club West – Suburban <u>OVERLAYS:</u> None

SCHOOLS: Linder Elementary School, Fulmore Middle School, Travis High School

NEIGHBORHOOD ORGANIZATIONS:

Austin Independent School District Austin Innercity Alliance Austin Neighborhoods Council Bike Austin Burleson Parker Neighborhood Associations Burleson Road Heights Neighborhood Crossing Gardenhome Owners Assn. (The) Del Valle Community Coalition Del Valle Independent School District Friends Of Austin Neighborhoods Homeless Neighborhood Association Neighborhood Empowerment Foundation Pleasant Valley Preservation Austin Seltexas Sierra Club, Austin Regional Group Southeast Austin Neighborhood Alliance Sunridge Homeowners Assn Tejana Bilingual Community

AREA CASE HISTORIES:

NUMBER	REQUEST	COMMISSION	CITY COUNCIL
C14-05-0111 Parker Lane Neighborhood Plan	Neighborhood Plan	06-13-06 – Apvd NP and related zonings	02-01-07 – Apvd 3 rd Reading, except for selected tracts

RELATED CASES:

The subject property is part of the East Riverside Oltorf Combined Neighborhood Plan, and part of the adopting ordinance for the Parker Lane neighborhood, but it is not called out specifically in either of these documents.

EXISTING STREET CHARACTERISTICS:

Name	ROW	Pavement	Classification	Sidewalks	Bicycle Route	Capital Metro (within ¹ / ₄ mile)
Burleson Road	65 feet	45 feet	Minor Arterial	Yes	Buffered Bike Lane	None

OTHER STAFF COMMENTS:

Comprehensive Planning

See comments in accompanying Neighborhood Plan Amendment case, NPA-2019-0021.01.

Environmental

The site is not located over the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. The site is in the Country Club West Watershed of the Colorado River Basin, which is classified as a Suburban Watershed by Chapter 25-8 of the City's Land Development Code. The site is in the Desired Development Zone.

Under current watershed regulations, development or redevelopment on this site will be subject to the following impervious cover limits:

Development Classification	% of Gross Site Area	% of Gross Site Area
		with Transfers
Single-Family	50%	60%
(minimum lot size 5750 sq. ft.)		
Other Single-Family or Duplex	55%	60%
Multifamily	60%	70%
Commercial	80%	90%

According to floodplain maps there is no floodplain within or adjacent to the project location.

Standard landscaping and tree protection will be required in accordance with LDC 25-2 and 25-8 for all development and/or redevelopment.

At this time, site specific information is unavailable regarding vegetation, areas of steep slope, or other environmental features such as bluffs, springs, canyon rimrock, caves, sinkholes, and wetlands.

Under current watershed regulations, development or redevelopment requires water quality control with increased capture volume and control of the 2 year storm on site.

At this time, no information has been provided as to whether this property has any preexisting approvals that preempt current water quality or Code requirements.

Site Plan and Compatibility Standards

Site plans will be required for any new development other than single-family or duplex residential.

Any development which occurs in an SF-6 or less restrictive zoning district which is located 540 feet or less from property in an SF-5 or more restrictive zoning district will be subject to compatibility development regulations.

Any new development is subject to Subchapter E. Design Standards and Mixed Use. Additional comments will be made when the site plan is submitted.

The site is subject to compatibility standards. Along the northern, eastern and southern property line, the following standards apply:

- No structure may be built within 25 feet of the property line.
- No structure in excess of two stories or 30 feet in height may be constructed within 50 feet of the property line.
- No structure in excess of three stories or 40 feet in height may be constructed within 100 feet of the property line.
- No parking or driveways are allowed within 25 feet of the property line.
- A fence, berm, or dense vegetation must be provided to screen adjoining properties from views of parking, mechanical equipment, storage, and refuse collection.

- For a structure more than 100 feet but not more than 300 feet from property zoned SF-5 or more restrictive, height limitation is 40 feet plus one foot for each 10 feet of distance in excess of 100 feet from the property line.
- An intensive recreational use, including a swimming pool, tennis court, ball court, or playground, may not be constructed 50 feet or less from adjoining SF-3 property.
- For a structure more than 300 feet but not more than 540 feet from property zoned SF-5 or more restrictive, 60 feet plus one foot for each four feet of distance in excess of 300 feet from the property zoned SF-5 or more restrictive.

The site is subject to compatibility standards. Along the western property line, the following standards apply

- No structure in excess of three stories or 40 feet in height may be constructed within 100 feet from property zoned SF-5 or more restrictive
- For a structure more than 100 feet but not more than 300 feet from property zoned SF-5 or more restrictive, height limitation is 40 feet plus one foot for each 10 feet of distance in excess of 100 feet from the property zoned SF-5 or more restrictive.
- For a structure more than 300 feet but not more than 540 feet from property zoned SF-5 or more restrictive, 60 feet plus one foot for each four feet of distance in excess of 300 feet from the property zoned SF-5 or more restrictive.

Transportation

Per resolution 20180823-078 the City of Austin has undergone an initiative to rezone existing mobile home parks to their appropriate zoning of MH.

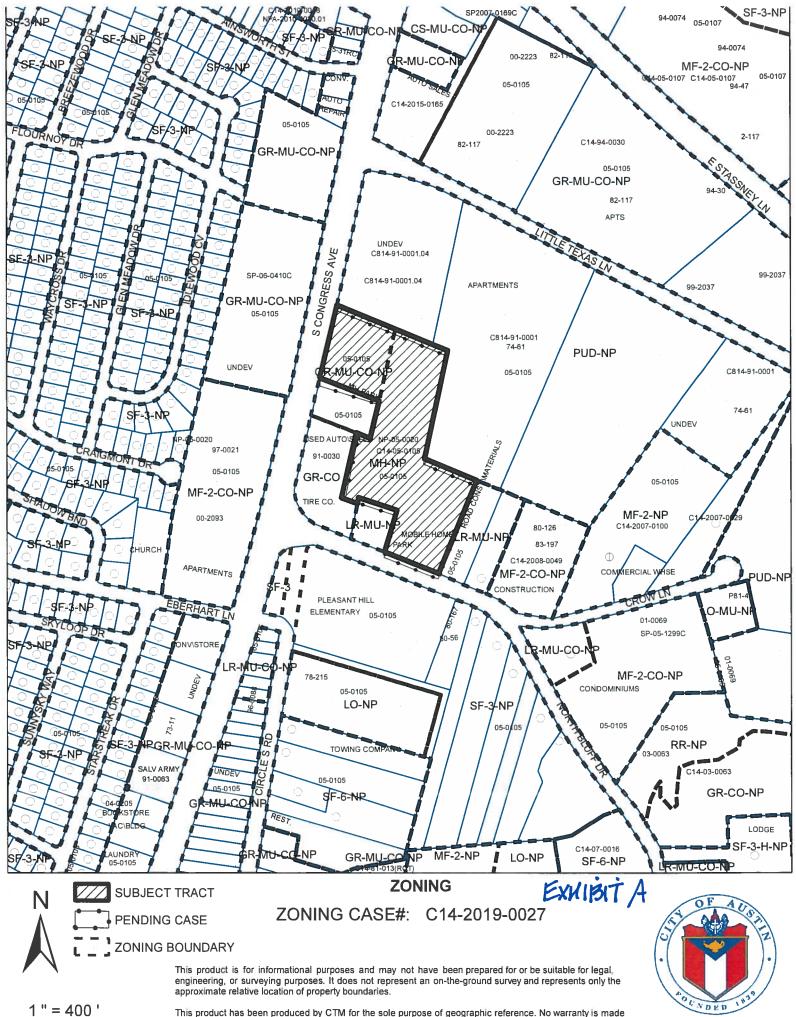
Additional right-of-way may be required at the time of subdivision and/or site plan.

Austin Water Utility

The landowner intends to serve the site with City of Austin water and wastewater utilities. The landowner, at own expense, will be responsible for providing any water and wastewater utility improvements, offsite main extensions, utility relocations and or abandonments required by the land use. The water and wastewater utility plan must be reviewed and approved by Austin Water for compliance with City criteria and suitability for operation and maintenance. Depending on the development plans submitted, water and or wastewater service extension requests may be required. All water and wastewater construction must be inspected by the City of Austin. The landowner must pay the City inspection fee with the utility construction. The landowner must pay the tap and impact fee once the landowner makes an application for a City of Austin water and wastewater utility tap permit.

INDEX OF EXHIBITS TO FOLLOW

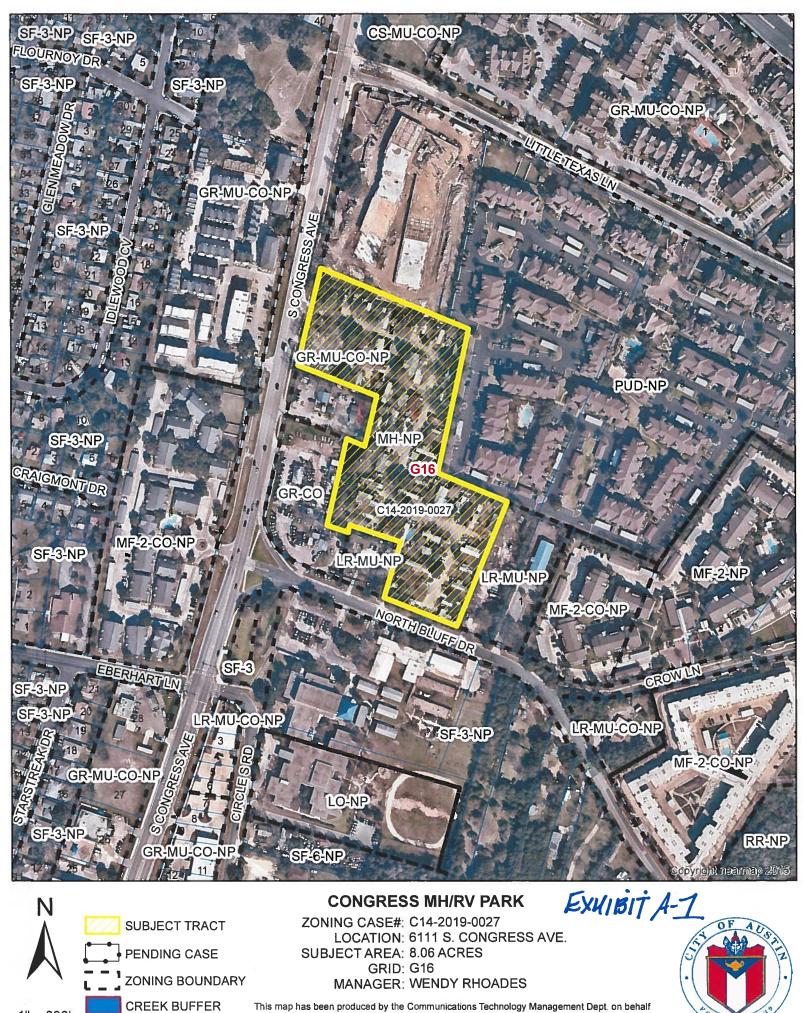
- A. Zoning Map
- B. Aerial Map
- C. Council Resolutions



Created: 2/21/2019

This product has been produced by CTM for the sole purpose of geographic reference. No warranty is made by the City of Austin regarding specific accuracy or completeness.

1 " = 400 '



This map has been produced by the Communications Technology Management Dept. on behalf of the Planning Development Review Dept. for the sole purpose of geographic reference. No warranty is made by the City of Austin regarding specific accuracy or completeness.

1'' = 300'

RESOLUTION NO. 20180920-096

WHEREAS, On August 23, 2018, Council adopted Resolution No. 20180823-078, which in part, directed the City Manager to identify all remaining properties currently being used as mobile home residence park or mobile home subdivision, but not zoned mobile home residence (MH) district and submit the properties to Council for initiation of the appropriate zoning cases; and

WHEREAS, staff identified 20 remaining properties meeting the description in Resolution No. 20180823-078;

NOW, THEREFORE,

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF AUSTIN:

The City Council initiates the zoning, rezoning, and where appropriate, future land use map (FLUM) amendments for the following properties:

(1) Royal Palms MH Community located at 7901 East Ben White Boulevard, Austin, Texas, from general commercial services-neighborhood plan (CS-NP) combining district to mobile home residence-neighborhood plan (MH-NP) combining district;

(2) Palm Harbor Homes MH Park located at 810 Bastrop Highway Southbound, Austin, Texas, from general commercial services-neighborhood plan (CS-NP) combining district to mobile home residence-neighborhood plan (MH-NP) combining district;

(3) Go-Go MH Park located at 4811 South Congress Avenue, Austin, Texas, from general commercial services-mixed use-conditional overlay-neighborhood

Page 1 of 4

EXLIBIT B

plan (CS-MU-CO-NP) combining district to mobile home residence-neighborhood plan (MH-NP) combining district;

(4) Phan MH Park located at 711 West Powell Lane, Austin, Texas, from general commercial services-mixed use-vertical mixed use building-conditional overlay (CS-MU-V-CO-NP) combining district to mobile home residenceneighborhood plan (MH-NP) combining district;

(5) Aero Mobile Home Park located at 101 Hergotz Lane, Austin, Texas, from family residence (SF-3) district to mobile home residence (MH) district;

(6) Tejas Mobile Plaza located at 1709 East State Highway 71 Westbound, Austin, Texas, from community commercial (GR) district and neighborhood commercial (LR) district to mobile home residence (MH) district;

(7) Templeton MH Park located at 401 Chaparral Road, Austin, Texas, from single-family residence standard lot (SF-2) district to mobile home residence (MH) district;

(8) Villa Denese located at 4511 Lucksinger Lane, Austin, Texas, from general commercial services-mixed use-conditional overlay-neighborhood plan (CS-MU-CO-NP) combining district to mobile home residence-neighborhood plan (MH-NP) combining district;

(9) Mobile Home Haven located at 11606 North Lamar Boulevard, Austin, Texas from public (P) district to mobile home residence (MH) district;

(10) Congress MH/RV Park located at 6111 South Congress Avenue, Austin, Texas from community commercial-mixed use-conditional overlay-neighborhood plan (GR-MU-CO-NP) combining district to mobile home residence-neighborhood plan (MH-NP) combining district; (11) Jensen's MH Park located at 3201 Burleson Road, Austin, Texas from family residence-neighborhood plan (SF-3-NP) combining district to mobile home residence-neighborhood plan (MH-NP) combining district;

(12) Little Texas MHC located at 7501 Bluff Springs Road, Austin, Texas, from interim-rural residence (I-RR) district to mobile home residence (MH) district;

(13) Woodview MHC, LLC located at 1301 West Oltorf Street, Austin, Texas, from general commercial services (CS) district to mobile home residence (MH) district;

(14) Cameron Loop Mobile HP located at 2807 Cameron Loop, Austin, Texas, from rural residence (RR) district to mobile home residence (MH) district;

(15) Capitol Manor Mobile Home Park, LLC located at 1308 Thornberry Road, Austin, Texas, from interim-rural residence (I-RR) district to mobile home residence (MH) district;

(16) Patton Courts Mobile Home Park located at 7100 East US Highway 290, Austin, Texas, from general commercial services-neighborhood plan (CS-NP) combining district, general commercial services-mixed use-neighborhood plan (CS-MU-NP) combining district, and townhouse and condominium residence (SF-6) district to mobile home residence-neighborhood plan (MH-NP) combining district;

(17) Lee Hill Park located at 8001 Lee Hill Drive, Austin, Texas from warehouse limited office-neighborhood plan (W/LO-NP) combining district and general commercial services-conditional overlay-neighborhood plan (CS-CO-NP) combining district to mobile home residence-neighborhood plan (MH-NP) combining district; (18) Wallace Trailer Park located at 423 Thompson Lane, Austin, Texas, from general commercial services-conditional overlay (CS-CO) combining district to mobile home residence (MH) district;

(19) Austin Pecan Park located at 2815 East State Highway 71 Westbound Service Road, Austin, Texas, from rural residence (RR) district, interim singlefamily residence standard lot (1-SF-2) district, and development reserve (DR) district to mobile home residence (MH) district;

(20) Honeycomb Park located at 6402 McNeil Drive, Austin, Texas, from interim-rural residence (I-RR) district to mobile home residence (MH) district.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED:

The City Council initiates City Code Title 25 amendments, as necessary, to implement the zoning changes.

ADOPTED: September 20, 2018

ATTEST: Valare no Jannette S. Goodall City Clerk

Rhoades, Wendy

From: Sent: To: Subject: Jesus Pantel *signuspontel@pohoo.com* > Sunday, February 10, 2019 4:27 PM Rhoades, Wendy C14-2019-0027

Hi Wendy,

As a resident within 500 feet, I am in favor of the rezoning of 6111 S. Congress Ave from GR-MU-CO-NP to MH-NP. I am glad that we have a place where people in mobile homes can live.

When I first got this notice, I was afraid the mobile home residents were going to be kicked out. I am glad that is not the plan.

Sincerely,

Jesús Pantel

jesuspentel@hotmail.com

(512)-775-4830 401 Little Texas Lane, #1625 Austin, TX 78745

Sent from my iPhone

DATE: May 21, 2019

TO: City of Austin Zoning Case Files

C/O: Maureen Meredith <u>Maureen.meredith@austintexas.gov</u>

CC: Wendy Rhoades Wendy.Rhoades@austintexas.gov

FROM: South Congress Neighborhood Plan Contact Team – SCCNPCT

RE: NPA-2019-0020.01_4511 Lucksinger Ln C14-2019-0018_Associated zoning case NPA-2019-0020.02_4811 S. Congress Ave. C14-2019-0025_Associated zoning case NPA-2019-0020.03_6111 S. Congress Ave. C14-2019-0027_Associated zoning case

Please ensure this letter is added to the above case files to serve as the South Congress Combined Neighborhood Plan Contact Team's (SCCCPCT) support for the residents and families of these MH communities, and officially state the SCCNPCT's support for the city's mobile home NPA zoning, specifically these cases above which lie within the SCCNPCT area.

The SCCNPCT is always looking for true affordable housing for families and children living within contact team area and in all of Austin, Texas.

Mobile homes within the SCCNPCT area provide affordable housing (MFI 40%-50%) not seen with any developments previously planned or currently underway in all of the SCCNPCT area.

This of important concern to the SCCNPCT and therefore we agree with the city's move to preserve these mobile home communities so that families and residents of all socioeconomic means have nearby access within their neighborhoods and core communities to live, work, play and flourish.

Please contact us if we can provide anything more.

Thank you,

Mario Cantu mariocontu@mycarooloom Keena Miller keena millar@gmail.com Michael Fossum microom@anctin.com

Rhoades, Wendy

From:	Susana Almanza <pre>statestim@gmail.com</pre>
Sent:	Tuesday, May 28, 2019 1:23 PM
То:	Burkhardt, William - BC; bcYvette.Flores@austintexas.gov; Kenny, Conor - BC; Shieh, James - BC; Kazi, Fayez - BC; Thompson, Jeffrey - BC; Seeger, Patricia - BC; Shaw, Todd - BC; Howard, Patrick - BC; Schneider, Robert - BC; Anderson, Greg - BC; McGraw, Karen - BC; Teich, Ann - BC
Cc:	Meredith, Maureen; Clark, Kate; Rhoades, Wendy; Sirwaitis, Sherri; Chaffin, Heather; Amaro, Gabriel; Edwin U Sanchez
Subject:	Mobile Home Park Zoning for May 28th 2019
Attachments:	Mobile Home Parks Report Latino Research Initiative.pdf

Hello Planning Commissioners- PODER, Montopolis Neighborhood Association, Raza Roundtable and Eastern Crescent Right to Stay Coalition have worked for over to years to preserve our mobile home parks. Mobile Home Parks are the most affordable housing available in the City of Austin. Our recommendation has been to rezone the mobile home parks to their current use, MH (Mobile Home). We also recommend the City purchasing the mobile home parks.

The Montopolis community is currently home to four mobile home parks. Two mobile home parks have been demolished in Montopolis, Cactus Rose and Thrasher Lane.

I am attaching a report by The University of Texas at Austin Latino Research Initiative entitled, "Housing Affordability in Austin Brings New Attention to Mobile Home Parks". Their recommended strategies for preserving affordability included the restriction of mobile home parks to the current land use (MH) and utilizing the City's Community Land Trust (CLT). The City's CLT would purchase the land and lease the property to low-income households.

We request your approval of of rezoning these mobile home parks to their current zoning use, which is MH (Mobile Home). If the city is serious about addressing gentrification, we must be proactive in safeguarding our mobile home parks. If we are serious about affordable housing we must protect our mobile home parks. If we are serious about addressing displacement, we must protect our mobile home parks.

Thank you, Susana Almanza, PODER & President Montopolis Neighborhood Association

PODER P.O. Box 6237 Austin, TX 78762-6237



The University of Texas at Austin Latino Research Initiative College of Liberal Arts

ISSUE BRIEF PUBLICATION #2017-01 NOVEMBER 2017

ABOUT THE LATINO RESEARCH INITIATIVE

The Latino Research Initiative is an interdisciplinary, research-focused entity within the College of Liberal Arts at The University of Texas at Austin. The mission of the Latino Research Initiative is to provide the infrastructure for the creation and dissemination of quality information about issues affecting Mexican-origin and Latino populations in the region, state, and nation.

The Latino Research Initiative supports the production of research and communitybased projects that focus on key areas in Mexican American and Latina/o Studies: policy studies, language and cognition, cultural studies, health and social equity, and an archive of materials and data relating to these areas.

By creating and supporting community of scholars in Latino studies and building a comprehensive archive, the Latino Research Initiative serves as an invaluable resource for community volunteers, activists, policy makers, and other groups working to create programs and policies which directly affect the lives of Latinos in the United States.

210 W. 24th Street Mailcode F9200 Austin, Texas 78712 512-232-2264 liberalarts.utexas.edu/lri

Housing Affordibility in Austin Brings New Attention to Mobile Home Parks

GABRIEL AMARO, PH.D.

BACKGROUND

In this brief, the Latino Research Initiative examines the role of mobile home parks in housing affordability in the city of Austin, Texas.

Austin, along with its metropolitan area, is consistently ranked one of the fastest growing metropolitan areas in the nation. Steady job growth in the technology, transportation, and warehousing sectors (Austin is ranked 10 out of all U.S. metropolitan areas for job growth¹) contributed to the city's population growth from 656,562 in 2000 to 949,587 in 2017, an increase of 45%.

The topic of housing affordability in Austin continues to dominate discussions among city leaders, real estate professionals, community leaders, and local residents.

While steady job growth has made Austin a desirable migration destination, the resulting population growth has put a strain on housing availability and affordability. According to a report from the Austin Board of Real-tors², the city has 2.1 months of inventory for all homes. This number represents an increase from last year, but is still relatively low^a. However, homes priced at \$250,000 and under have an even lower inventory at less than 1 month. In comparison, both Dallas and San Antonio have 2.8 months of housing inventory³.

According to Austin's Strategic Housing Blueprint⁴, the

^a Flousing inventory indicates the amount of time current for sale inventory would last if no additional new houses were built.

city needs to construct 135,000 new housing units to keep pace with population growth over the next 10 years. Finally, according to the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Comprehensive Housing Market Analysis⁵, current yearly employment and population gains in Austin are expected to support demand for 36,950 new homes, while only 27,700 new and existing homes are entering the market.

Homeowners are not the only ones feeling the pinch. Renters in Austin are also affected by the housing shortage. There is a demand for 26,850 new market-rate rental units with only 14,000 units currently under construction⁵.

As a result of the limited housing supply, the median home sales price has increased to \$322,000 in 2017 from \$300,000 the previous year⁶. Apartment rents average \$995, \$1,249, and \$1,587 for a one, two, and three bedroom unit, respectively. This represents an approximately 7% increase over the previous year⁵. Income restricted units average \$727, \$870, and \$978 for a one, two, and three bedroom unit, respectively, but only account for about 9% of the apartment inventory. According to the City's Analysis of Impediments⁷, there are as many as 60,000 renter households earning less than \$25,000 per year, and just 19,000 affordable units to serve them. More than 40,000 renter households are paying more than 30% of their monthly income towards rent and utilities.

With housing becoming more unaffordable, community organizations and city leaders have turned their attention to mobile home parks as a way to provide low-income households with an affordable living opportunity within the city limits. Mobile home parks are the last bastion for affordability in Austin. As of 2015, the median rent for a mobile home was \$550 and the average rent was \$673 — both rents lower than that for income-restricted apartments (American Housing Survey). According to the U.S. Census, there were 5,491 mobile homes in Austin in 2015. However, within the past year alone, several mobile home parks have been rezoned and redeveloped and their residents displaced in the process.

THE STUDY

Using census block data from 2010, we find that Latinos^b may be disproportionately housed in mobile home parks. Latinos comprised about 60% of the mobile home park population but only 35% of the Austin population during the same time (Figure 1). Latino households may seek these more affordable living options because their median incomes are lower than the general population (\$41,276 and \$57,689, respectively, according to the 2015 American Community Survey).

In an effort to help with the affordability issue, the Latino Research Initiative has conducted an analysis that identifies mobile home parks within the City of Austin and identifies whether the properties are at risk of redevelopment.

To accomplish this, we utilized the City of Austin's land use and future land use shapefile data. The City's land use data contains information on a property's current use (single-family use, commercial use, etc.). The future land use data contains information on the City's preferred future direction for a property according to the adopted comprehensive plan. We identified all properties within the Austin city limits that have mobile home land use. This research netted a total of 1,133 mobile home properties which include all properties such as mobile home parks and individually owned lots with a mobile home.

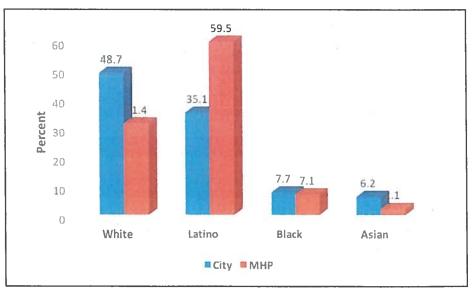


Figure 1. Mobile Home Park Population Demographics, Austin, 2010

The University of Texas at Austin Latino Research Initiative College of Liberal Arts

^b The data used in this study came from the U.S. Census which identifies the population as Hispanic or Latino. For consistency, we use Latino to refer to the Hispanic or Latino population.



Figure 2. Mobile Home Park Locations within the city of Austin

We classify an at-risk property as a mobile home park where occupants rent a space for their mobile homes, rather than owning the lot. In an effort to focus on mobile home parks with the potential to displace a large number of residents, we excluded lots that were less than 5 acres in size in order to exclude individually owned lots. The 5 acre minimum was also selected as a threshold as many smaller lots have a single mobile home on the property. Several of these smaller properties also included commercial businesses with a mobile home or two situated on the property.

RESULTS

With these exclusions in place, we netted a total of 41 lots greater than 5 acres that are zoned for mobile home use. Figure 2 maps the location of these mobile home parks within the



The University of Texas at Austin Latino Research Initiative College of Liberal Arts city limits. Most of the mobile home parks are on the eastern side of Austin both north and south of the Colorado River. Oak Forest RV Park, located southwest of Walter E. Long Lake, measures about 264 acres in size, but a large portion of the land is leased for industrial and commercial purposes. In all, about 164 acres of Oak Forest is dedicated to mobile home sites with Loma Vista Manufactured Communities and Austin's Original Tiny Home also leasing some of its spaces.

The mobile home parks at risk of redevelopment are those situated within the City of Austin's Future Land Use plans with designations other than mobile home use (Table 1). The at-risk designation may change when the City adopts CodeNext — the City's update to the existing 30-year-old Land Development Code — but at first glance, many of the areas classified in the City's future land use plan remain the same classification in CodeNext.

Figure 3 maps the spatial location of the at-risk mobile home parks listed in Table 1. There are 16 mobile home

Table 1. At-Risk Mobile Home Parks in Austin w/Minimum 5 acres

			# of
Name	Acreage	Future Land Use	Spaces
4811 S Congress Ave	5.78	Mixed Use	
Cactus Rose	6.59	Commercial	
7801-8099 Lee Hill Drive	7.27	Commercial	
Comfort Park	7.64	Specific Regulating District	
Holiday Mobile Home Park	[©] 8.18	Neighborhood Mixed Use	
Empty Lot	8.46	Mixed Use	
Palm Harbor Homes	8.82	Commercial	
Empty Lot	8.82	Mixed Use/Office	
4505 Lucksinger Ln.	9.35	Mixed Use	
Midtown RV Park	11.21	Mixed Use	150
Pecan Park - Hoeke Ln.	16.57	Warehouse/Limited Office	101
Royal Palms	26.47	Commercial	196
Country Aire	29.01	Mixed Residential	154
Frontier Valley	30.69	Single Family	155
Stonegate Austin	67.01	High Density Single Family	358
Trails of Oak Hill	69.68	Mixed Residential	185

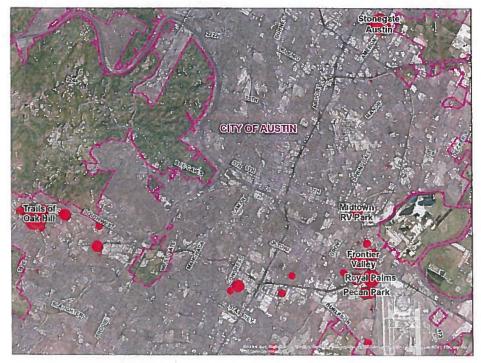


Figure 3. At-Risk Mobile Home Park Locations in the city of Austin

parks of at least five acres within the city limits that are at risk of redevelopment. One of these parks, Cactus Rose, is already redeveloping. Based on the number of spaces that we know of, there are at least 1,299 low-income mobile home households that may be displaced in the coming years due to redevelopment. Two of the lots listed in Table 1 are underutilized and empty.

We compared the potential demographic characteristics of the mobile home parks in Austin with those of the at-risk mobile home parks (Figure 4). The Latino and non-Hispanic black populations have a larger presence in at-risk mobile home parks. There are 3,801 non-Hispanic whites at risk of relocating. This equates to 44.8% of this population in mobile home parks. In contrast, Latinos and non-Hispanic blacks at-risk of relocating equates to 54% and 64%, respectively, of their population in mobile home parks.

IMPLICATIONS

The City has initiated steps to address housing affordability within the city limits, most recently by adopting the Tenant Notification and Relocation Assistance Ordinance. These steps, including the ordinance, do not prevent the redevelopment of the most affordable pieces of property in the City; mobile home parks. As we have found there are a number of mobile home parks that are at risk of redevelopment.

With buildable spaces near the center of Austin in high demand, many of these redevelopment projects aim to construct apartment complexes which, some argue, are needed to address population growth and are better suited for the land use. Displaced residents find little comfort in the development of these apartments, as the rents in many of these new complexes are out of reach.

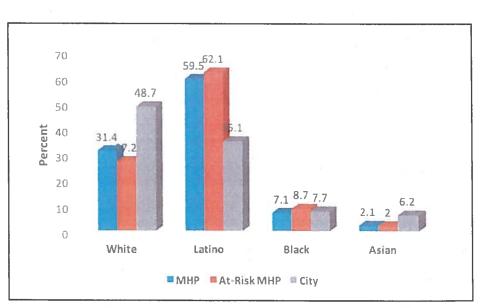


Figure 4. Mobile Home Park Population Characteristics & At-Risk Characteristics, 2010

The University of Texas at Austin Latino Research Initiative College of Liberal Arts

4

STRATEGIES FOR PRESERV-ING AFFORDABILITY

The City of Austin has expressed a dedication to providing affordable housing to low-income households, but has yet to address changes in land use which result in the loss of its most affordable housing option. The City can take the initiative to protect these properties by restricting the land use to mobile home use or by utilizing its Community Land Trust (CLT) option offered by the Department of Neighborhood Housing and Community Development. A CLT is a program in which the City would purchase the land and lease the property to low-income households. Together, The City of Austin and local communities can work to secure affordable living options for low-income households by addressing the various mechanisms through which affordability is lost.

WORKS CITED

- 1. Kerr B. Central Texas Economy in Perspective-Job Growth and Unemployment. 2017.
- May 2017 Central Texas Housing Market Report. Austin Board of Realtors. May 2017. Available at: http://www.arbor.com/statsmay17/. Accessed July 17, 2017.
- Housing Activity and Affordability. Texas A&M University Real Estate Center. 2017. Available at: https://www.recenter.tamu.edu/data/housing-activity/. Accessed July 17, 2017.
- 4. Strategic Housing Blueprint. Austin: City of Austin; 2017.
- Austin-Round Rock, Texas Comprehensive Housing Market Analysis-2016: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Policy Development and Research; 2016.
- Austin Real Estate Market Statistics. Realty Austin. June 2017. Available at: https://www.realtyaustin.com/austin-market-statistics.php?utm_source=pardot&utm_medium=email&utm_campaign=client-newsletter-2017-6-14. Accessed July 14, 2017.
- 7. Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice 2015. Austin: City of Austin; 2015.
- Austin Co. Planning and Zoning Demographics. City of Austin. 2017. Available at: http://www. austintexas.gov/demographics. Accessed July 17, 2017.

Copyright 2017 by the Latino Research Initiative

The University of Texas at Austin Latino Research Initiative College of Liberal Arts

Rhoades, Wendy

From: Sent: To: Cc: Subject: Attachments: Rhoades, Wendy Thursday, May 30, 2019 12:01 PM ben.googins@gmail.com Meredith, Maureen RE: Planning and Zoning questions - NPA-2019-0020.03 - Congress MH/RV Park C14-2019-0027.pdf; C14-2019-0027A.pdf

Mr. Googins,

Please let me know if you have additional questions. I can be reached at 512-974-7719 today and tomorrow.

Sincerely, Wendy Rhoades

From: Ben Googins [mailto:ben.googins@gmail.com]
Sent: Wednesday, May 29, 2019 2:25 PM
To: Meredith, Maureen <<u>Maureen.Meredith@austintexas.gov</u>>
Subject: Planning and Zoning questions - NPA-2019-0020.03 - Congress MH/RV Park

Dear Ms. Meredith,

I attended the Planning and Zoning Commission meeting last night. I have a few questions regarding NPA-2019-0020.03 - Congress MH/RV Park.

I am happy to call you and talk by phone if that is easier. I have some free time to make calls tomorrow and Friday at 9:30 am, 11:30 am and 1:30 pm.

Thank you in advance for any clarification you can provide.

1.) Last night I learned that the City Council has only recommended a change to the part of the property that sits on South Congress. A woman from Drenner Group, Ms. Leah Bojo, had a PowerPoint plan on how they wanted to make that piece less restrictive (add a "V") and develop that area, while leaving the back of the mobile home park as it is.

a.) How can I learn the actual area that is being considered for change? Ms. Bojo said there were only 11 RVs and 1 "half-trailer" on the property, but that doesn't make sense to me. I live in that front part and we have many more than 12 RVs and full-sized mobile homes. On the map we received, there is a dark area, but it is unclear as to which homes that area includes.

b.) Can you please tell me the current zoning of that piece? The current zoning of the approximately 1.76 acre area that fronts S Congress Avenue has community commercial – mixed use – conditional overlay (GR-MU-CO-NP) zoning, as shown in the attached zoning map and aerial view. This is a commercial zoning district that allows for a residential component to occur under the MU overlay, however, the MU does not allow for manufactured homes / mobile home residences. The Conditional Overlay prohibits pawn shop services, automotive washing (of any type) and automotive sales.

c.) Can you tell me what the extra "V" would be in the zoning that Drenner Group and Ms. Bojo want to make happen? The -V stands for vertical mixed use building and specifically requires a commercial or office component on the ground floor and residential on the upper floors. However, the –V does not allow for manufactured homes / mobile home residences. My understanding is that a project that includes commercial and residential (usually apartments) is envisioned for the existing 1.76 acre GR-MU-CO-NP zoned area, although I don't know the specific office and/or commercial square footage or number of dwelling units. In order to propose the addition of –V to the existing zoning string, the 1.76 acre area would have to be amended to add the –V, therefore, GR-MU-V-CO-NP. As the zoning map shows, the remainder of the property (approximately 225 feet from S Congress and down to North Bluff Drive) is already zoned MH-NP and that portion would be withdrawn since the zoning is not proposed to change. If Council provides direction to rezone the 1.76 acre area to GR-MU-V-CO-NP, then this acreage would be renotified and return to Planning Commission and Council for action.

2.) I brought nine (9) petitions "for" the zoning change. As luck would have it, we all live in that small area near the front where the zoning change may take place.

a.) Are those petitions recorded somehow? I didn't see them referenced in last night's meeting. (See answer below)

b.) Do they go to City Council? Staff will add the comment forms to the case reports that will be submitted to City Council for the June 20 hearing.

3.) There was a lot of discussion at the end of the segment on our property. I am unsure of what their final decision was.

a.) What was the Commission's final decision regarding recommending a zoning change to "high-density single family?" The Planning Commission voted last night to make no recommendation on both the FLUM request to Higher Density Single Family and the zoning request to MH-NP. This case will be considered by City Council on Thursday, June 20th at 2 p.m.

I look forward to your assistance. Please let me know if you'd like me to call you tomorrow or Friday.

Thank you!

Sincerely, Ben Googins 512-636-854