



# CAN DASHBOARD

**Presentation to  
City of Austin Commission  
For Women**

March 4, 2020



# CAN PARTNER ORGANIZATIONS

## Government

- City of Austin
- City of Pflugerville
- Travis County

## K-12 Education

- Austin ISD
- Del Valle ISD
- Manor ISD

## Higher-Ed

- ACC
- Huston-Tillotson University
- St. Edward's University
- University of Texas

## Health

- Central Health
- Integral Care
- Ascension Seton
- St. David's Foundation

## Workforce Development

- Workforce Solutions
- Goodwill Central Texas

## Transportation

- Capital Metro

## Economic Development

- Asian Chamber
- Black Chamber
- Greater Austin Chamber
- Hispanic Chamber
- LGBT Chamber

## Collaborative Entities

- Community Justice Council
- Interfaith Action
- One Voice
- United Way

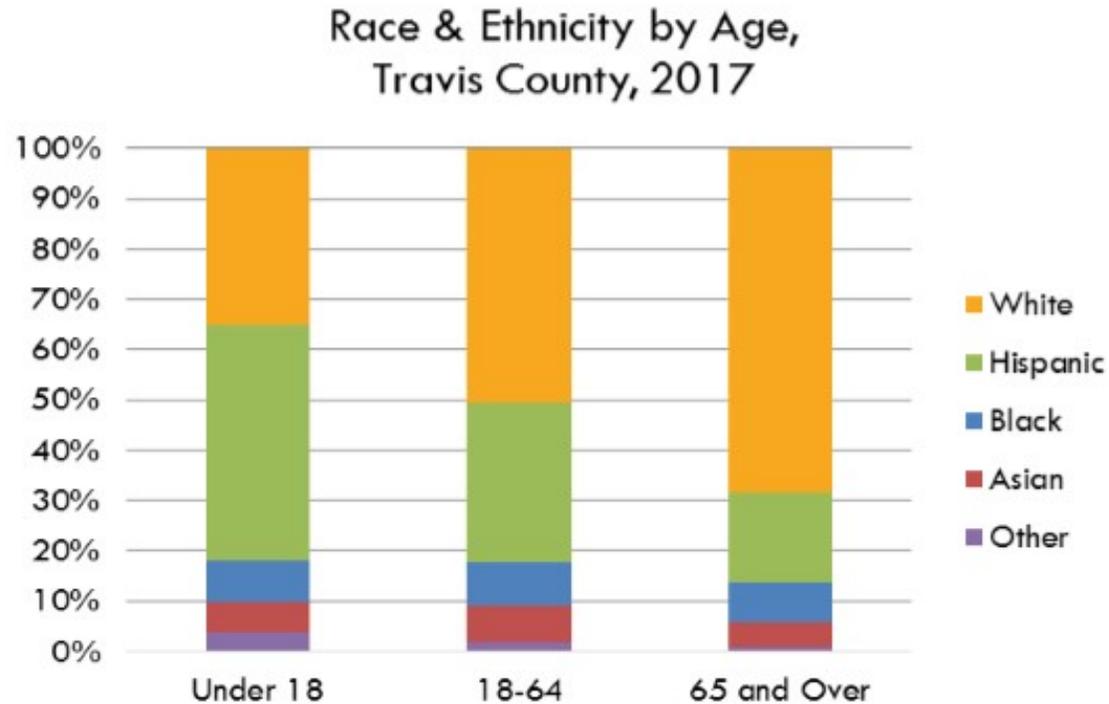
# A COMMON VISION FOR OUR COMMUNITY

CAN works to ensure that our richly diverse community will be healthy, safe, educated, just and compassionate. The CAN Dashboard, councils, planning teams, work groups, research and initiatives are intended to create a community where:

- **We are Safe, Just & Engaged**
- **Our Basic Needs are Met**
- **We are Healthy**
- **We Achieve Our Full Potential**



# DEMOGRAPHICS



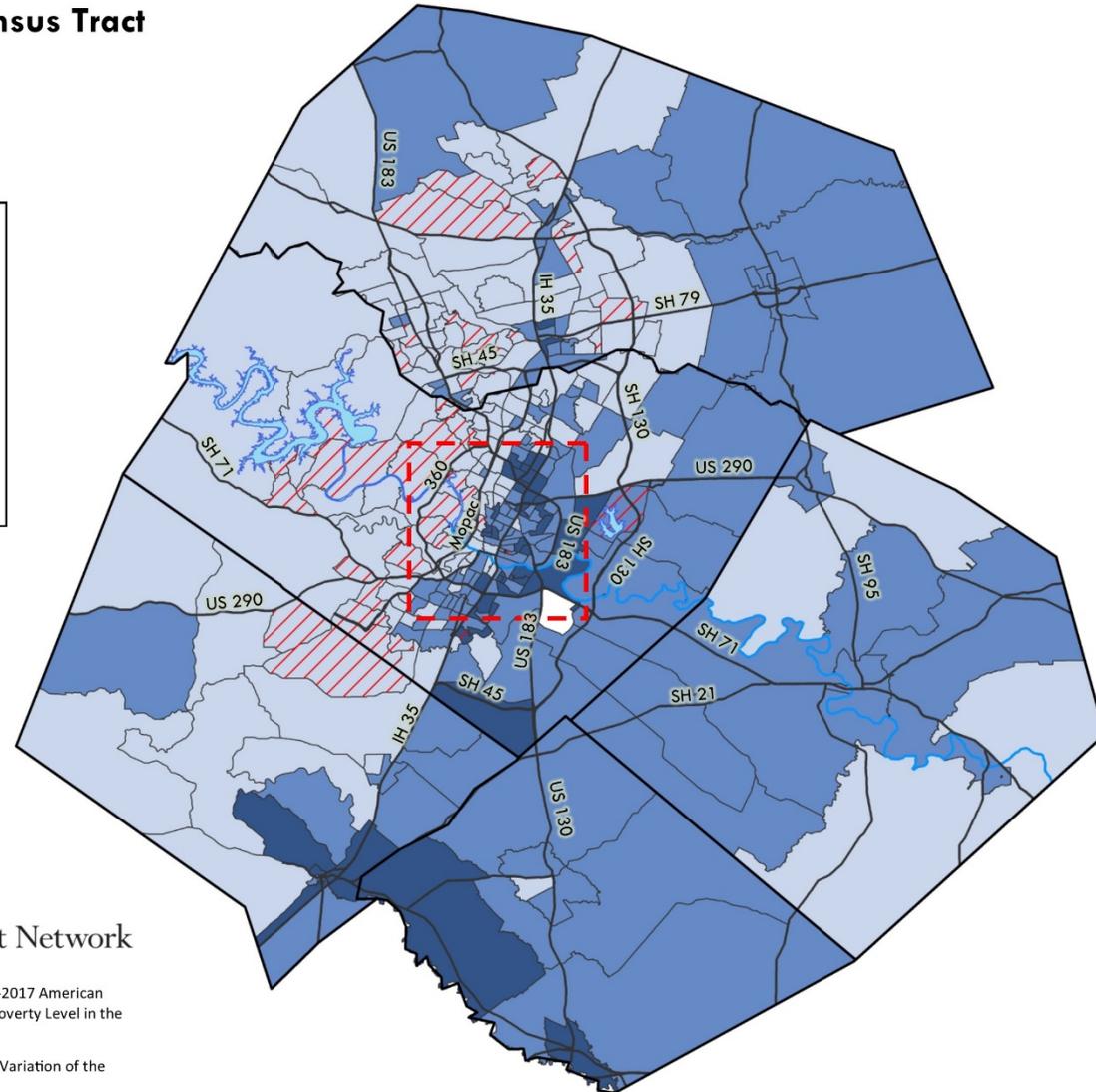
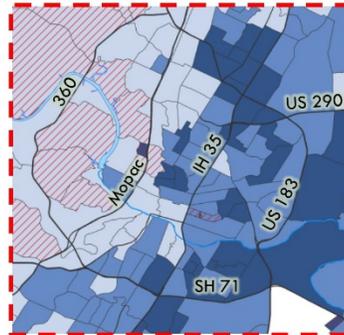
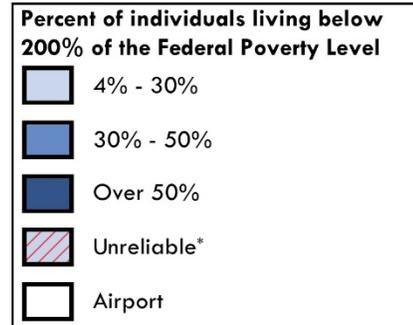
- No majority
  - 49% White
  - 34% Hispanic
  - 8% Black
  - 7% Asian
- Older population is 69% White
- 47% of children are Hispanic

Source: American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

# DEMOGRAPHICS

- The Austin MSA exceeded 2 million for the first time in 2015.
- Travis County accounts for 1.2 million.
- About 27% of all people in the five-county MSA are “low-income”
  - \$50,000 for a family of four with two adults
  - \$39,500 for a family with two children and one adult.
- 30% to 50% of all people in medium blue areas earn less than this amount
- More than half of all people in darkest blue areas earn less than this amount

**Percent Low Income by Census Tract  
2013 - 2017, Austin MSA**



 Community Advancement Network

Map prepared by CAN using U.S. Census Bureau, 5-Year 2013-2017 American Community Survey data (Table C17002—Ratio of Income to Poverty Level in the Past 12 Months).

\*Unreliable refers to census tracts in which the Coefficient of Variation of the estimate does not meet the minimum reliability standard.

# DEMOGRAPHICS

	<b>Low-income 2010</b>	<b>Low-income 2017</b>	<b>% change</b>
<b>Williamson</b>	101,694	94,323	-7%
<b>Travis</b>	375,147	322,663	-14%
<b>Hays</b>	46,256	57,340	24%
<b>Bastrop</b>	28,850	22,929	-20%

- Between 2010 and 2017, the low-income population decreased in the overall Austin MSA
- Bastrop, Travis, and Williamson counties experienced a decrease in the number of low-income residents
- In Hays County, the number of low-income residents increased by 24%
- Comparable data was unavailable for Caldwell County

Source: American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates



# WE ARE SAFE, JUST & ENGAGED



- We are safe and free from abuse, neglect, crime, violence, and injustice.
- We respect and value diversity and inclusion.
- We are civically engaged and use our talents, passions and interests to improve the community.

	5 YEAR BASELINE	MOST RECENT	TARGET	5 YEAR TREND	ON TRACK TO TARGET?
Crime rate per 100,000 people	4,453 in 2013	3,270 in 2017	1% annual reduction	 BETTER	
Proportionality of jail bookings across all races and ethnicities	disproportionality ratio of 2.6 for Blacks in 2013	disproportionality ratio of 2.8 for Blacks in 2017	Proportionate by 2020	 WORSE	
Percent voter turnout:					
Presidential elections	58% in 2012	61% in 2016	70% in 2020	 BETTER	
Gubernatorial elections	37% in 2014	59% in 2018	60% in 2022		

# WE ARE SAFE, JUST & ENGAGED

## HIGHLIGHTS

Travis County Crime Declined

**27%**

From 2013 to 2017

Travis County Voter Turnout Increased

**80%**

From 2014 to 2018

## CHALLENGES

African-American adults  
are

**2.8 times as likely**

To be booked into jail than  
White adults

# WE ACHIEVE OUR FULL POTENTIAL



- We have the education, skills and opportunities to achieve our full potential and lead meaningful, joyful lives.
- We have adequate income, resources, and supports to live independent lives.

	5 YEAR BASELINE	MOST RECENT	TARGET	5 YEAR TREND	ON TRACK TO TARGET?
Percent of kindergarteners who are school ready	53% in 2014	51% in 2018	70% by 2023	 UNCHANGED	
Percent of students who graduate from high school in four years	89% Class of 2013	90% Class of 2017	95% Class of 2023	 UNCHANGED	
Percent of Central Texas HS Grads Who Enrolled in a Texas Institution Within One Year of Graduating,	50% Class of 2008	53% Class of 2012	55% Class of 2017 (by 2023)	 BETTER	
Annual unemployment rate	4.1% in 2014	2.8% in 2018	3.5% in 2020	 BETTER	

# WE ACHIEVE OUR FULL POTENTIAL

## HIGHLIGHTS

In 2017, the Travis County **Unemployment Rate** was **2.8 %** (It was 7% in 2010)

In 2016, the **High School Graduation Rate** exceeded **90 %** for the first time

## CHALLENGES

The **Unemployment Rate** for **African-Americans** was **80% higher** than it was for Whites

**53%** of Central Texas students earn a degree in 6 years, compared to **34%** of **African-American students** & **41%** of **Hispanic students**

# WE ARE HEALTHY



- We live, work, learn, and play in accessible, safe, clean, and healthy physical environments.
- We have access to goods & services to achieve and maintain optimal physical & emotional well-being.

	5 YEAR BASELINE	MOST RECENT	TARGET	5 YEAR TREND	ON TRACK TO TARGET?
Percent under the age of 65 who have no health insurance	20% in 2013	13% in 2017	12% in 2020	 BETTER	
Percent of adults who report poor mental health	22% in 2013	26% in 2017	15% in 2020	 WORSE	
Percent of adults who are obese	23% in 2013	29% in 2017	19% in 2020	 WORSE	
Percent of adults who smoke	12% in 2013	11% in 2017	10% in 2020	 UNCHANGED	
Number of days with good air quality	249 avg. since 2013	239 in 2018	279 in 2020	 WORSE	

# WE ARE HEALTHY

## HIGHLIGHTS

The percentage of **adults without Health Insurance** declined by **34 %** from 2013 to 2017.

In 2017, the percentage of **Adults that Smoke** is **11 %** compared to 20% in 2008.

## CHALLENGES

The Obesity Rate in Travis County **increased from 23% to 29%**

In the period from 2013 to 2017.

For this indicator, we also report inequities by race and income

## OUR BASIC NEEDS ARE MET



- We live in a community where the basic needs of all are met.
- We live in affordable and stable housing with access to open space and public amenities.
- We have affordable, accessible, and reliable transportation.

	5 YEAR BASELINE	MOST RECENT	TARGET	5 YEAR TREND	ON TRACK TO TARGET?
Percent who live in poverty	16% in 2013	12% in 2017	10% in 2020	BETTER	
Percent of residents who live in food insecure households	18% in 2013	15% in 2017	15% in 2020	BETTER	
Percent of households that are housing cost-burdened	36% in 2013	33% in 2017	33% in 2020	BETTER	
Percent who drive alone to work	75% in 2013	74% in 2017	70% in 2020	UNCHANGED	
Number of people identified as homeless on a given day	1,832 in 2015	2,255 in 2019	1,000 in 2020	WORSE	

# OUR BASIC NEEDS ARE MET

## HIGHLIGHTS

In 2017, the Travis County **Poverty Rate** was **12%**  
(It was 16% in 2013)

The **Food Insecurity** rate decreased to **15%** in 2017  
(It was 18% in 2013)

## CHALLENGES

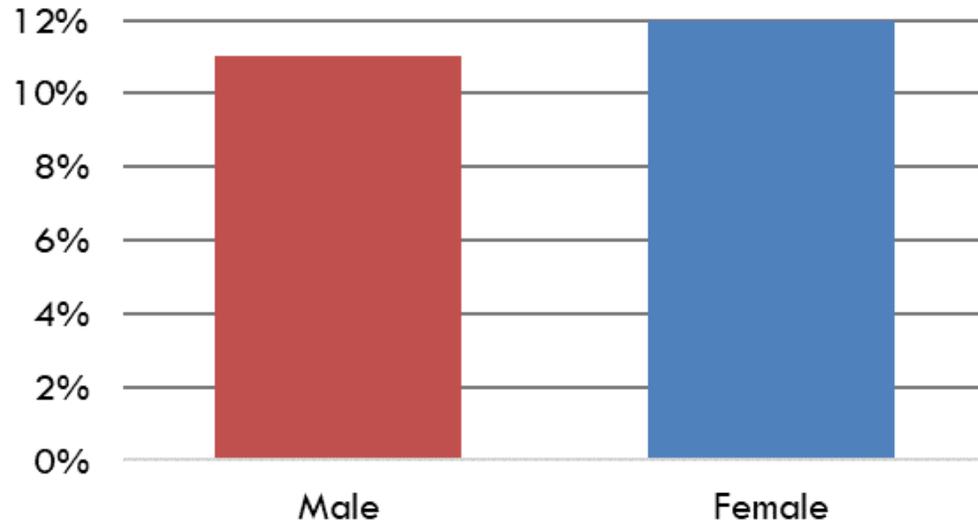
The **Poverty Rate** for African-Americans and Hispanics is **2 times higher** than it is for Whites

**53,870 children** in Travis County were **Food Insecure** in **2017**  
(In 2013, that number was 63,780)

# OUR BASIC NEEDS ARE MET

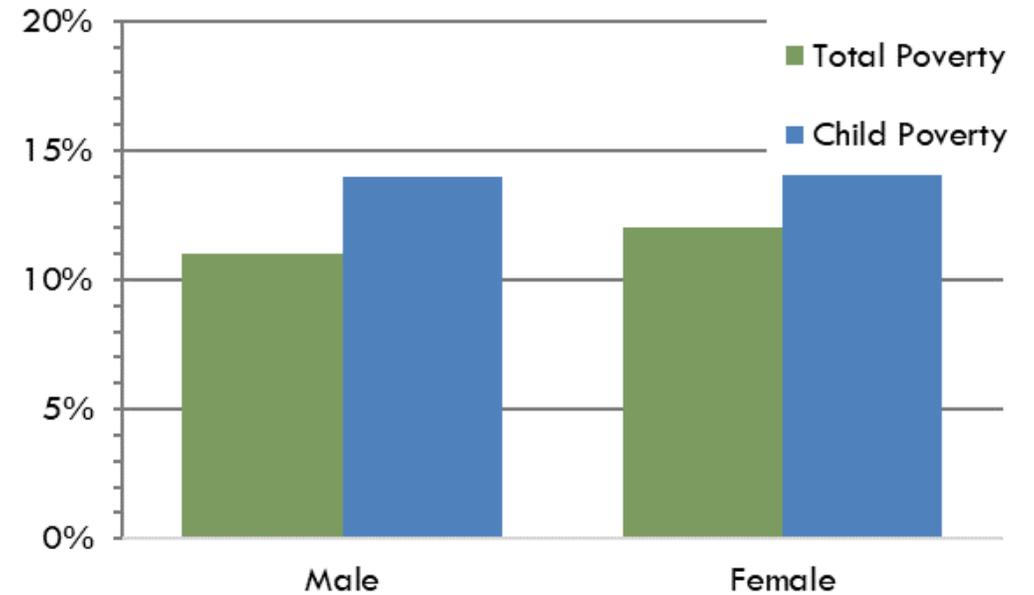
## INCOME

Percent in Poverty by Sex,  
Travis County 2017



Source: Table S1701 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months, 2017 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

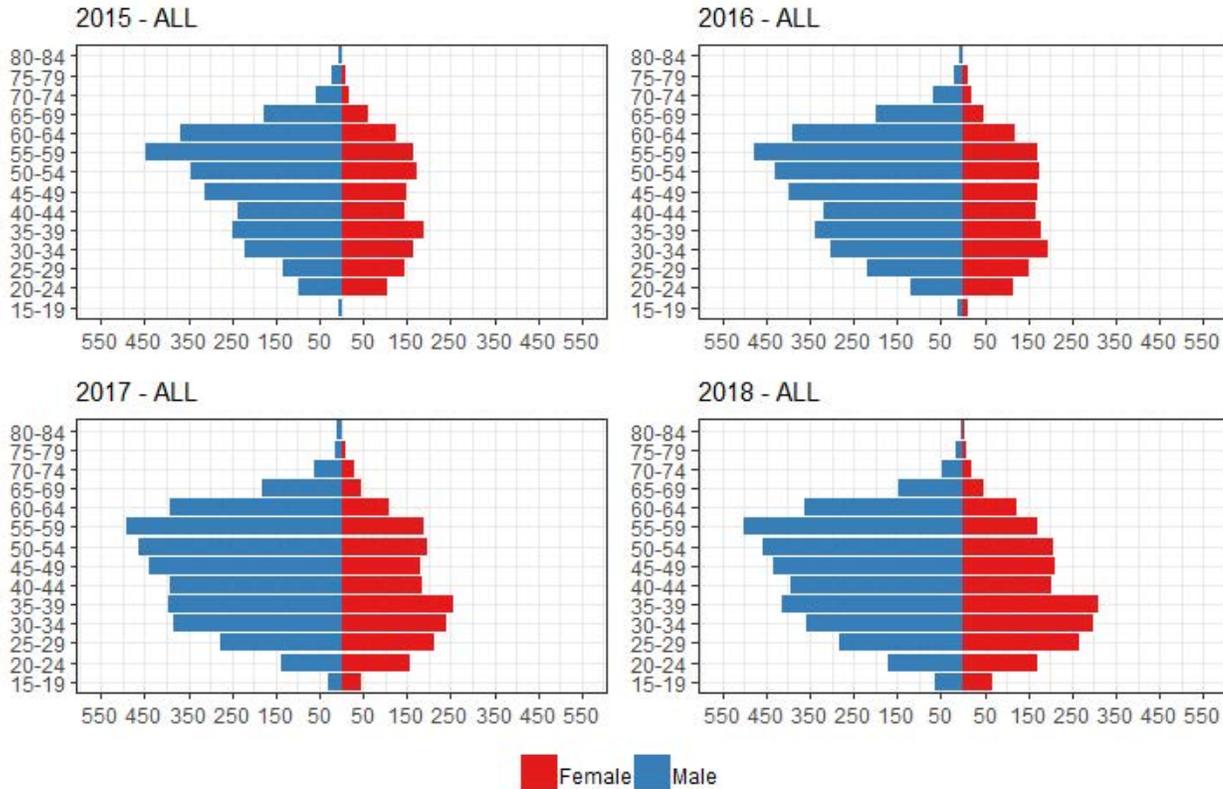
Poverty by Sex,  
Travis County, 2017



Sources: Table S1701 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months, 2017 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates, Table B17001 Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months by Sex by Age, 2017 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

# OUR BASIC NEEDS ARE MET

## HOMELESSNESS

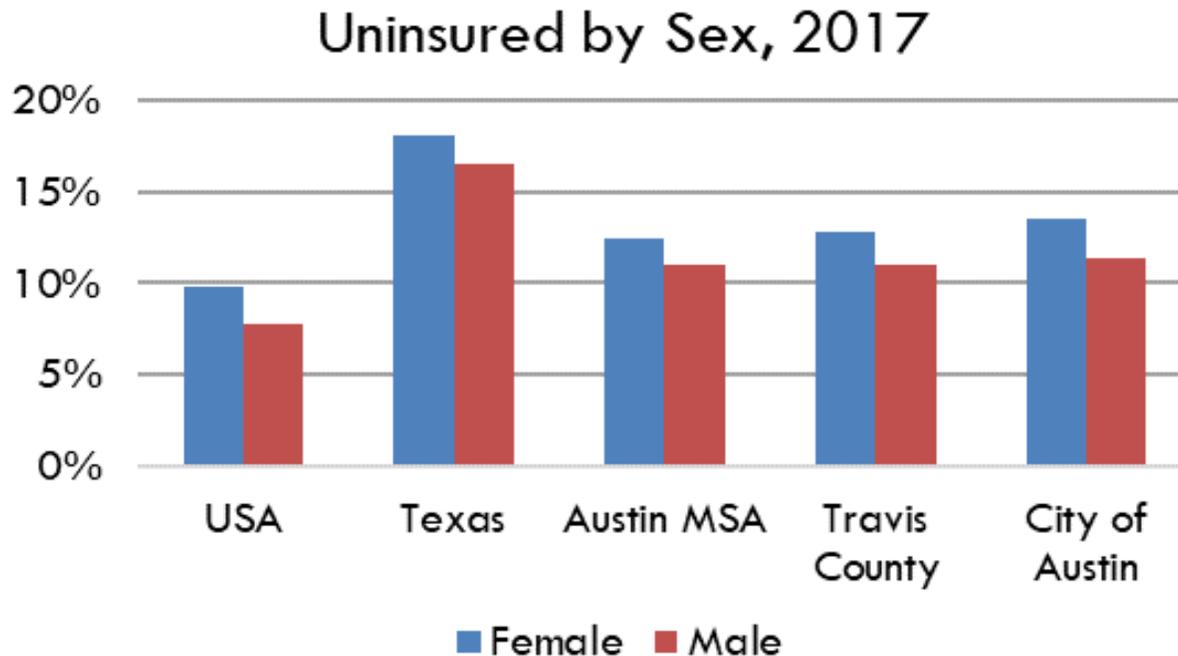


- Since 2017 there appears to be a spike in women 20-39 experiencing homelessness. The reasons for this spike are unclear.

Source: Addressing Racial Disparities in Austin/Travis County, TX; published September, 2019 by the Ending Community Homelessness Coalition (ECHO).

# WE ARE HEALTHY

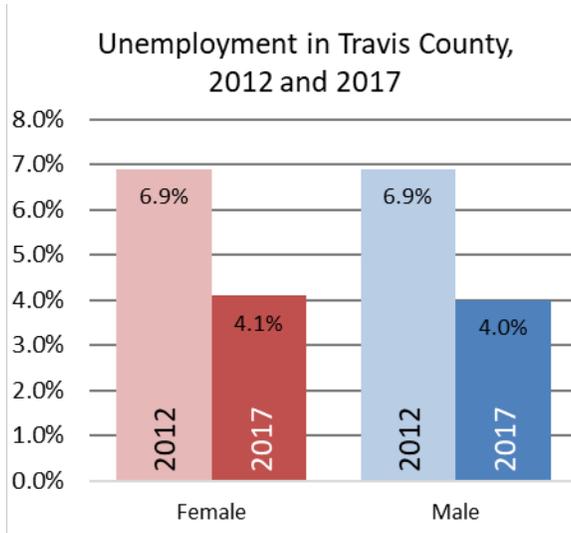
## UNINSURED



- In 2017, 13% of Travis County females under the age of 65 were uninsured, compared to 11% of Travis County males of the same age group.

Source: Table S2701: Selected Characteristics of Health Insurance Coverage in the United States, American Community Survey, 1-Year Estimates.

# WE ACHIEVE OUR FULL POTENTIAL



- In 2017, 4.1% of Travis County females between the ages of 20 and 64 were unemployed, compared to 4% of Travis County males of the same age group.

Source: Table S2301: Employment Status, 2008-2012 & 2013-2017 American Community Survey, 5-Year Estimates.

# WHAT STANDS OUT FOR YOU?

1. What did you learn that concerns you?
2. What did you learn that is “welcomed” news?
3. Do you see any emerging patterns or linkages across issues areas?



# SCHEDULE A PRESENTATION

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