#### **OFFICIAL NOTICE OF SALE**

#### \$3,000,000

#### SOUTHEAST TRAVIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 (A Political Subdivision of the State of Texas Located in Travis County, Texas) UNLIMITED TAX BONDS, SERIES 2022

#### Bids Due: Wednesday, August 3, 2022 at 9:30 AM, CDT Award Expected: 1:00 PM, CDT

The Bonds are obligations solely of Southeast Travis County Municipal Utility District No. 1 (the "District") and are not obligations of the City of Austin, Texas; Del Valle Independent School District; Travis County, Texas; the State of Texas or any entity other than the District.

#### THE DISTRICT EXPECTS TO DESIGNATE THE BONDS AS "QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS" FOR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.

#### THE SALE

**BONDS OFFERED FOR SALE AT COMPETITIVE BIDDING**... The District is offering for sale its \$3,000,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2022 (the "Bonds"). Sealed bids may be submitted by either of three alternative procedures: (i) written bids; (ii) electronic bids; or (iii) facsimile bids. Prospective bidders may select one of the three alternative bidding procedures in their sole discretion. Neither the District nor its Financial Advisor, Specialized Public Finance Inc., assumes any responsibility or liability for a prospective bidding procedure.

The District and Specialized Public Finance Inc. assume no responsibility or liability with respect to any irregularities associated with the submission of electronic bids.

Specialized Public Finance Inc. will not be responsible for submitting any bids received after the deadline. For the purpose of determining compliance with any and all time deadlines set forth in this Official Notice of Sale, for all bidding procedures, the official time shall be the time maintained only by the Parity Electronic Bid Submission System ("PARITY").

**PROCEDURE NUMBER 1: SEALED, WRITTEN BIDS DELIVERED IN PERSON**... Sealed, written bids, plainly marked "Bid for Bonds," should be addressed to the "Board of Directors of Southeast Travis County Municipal Utility District No. 1," and if delivered in person, delivered to Dan Wegmiller, c/o Specialized Public Finance Inc., 248 Addie Roy Road, Suite B-103, Austin, Texas 78746, by 9:30 AM, CDT, on the date of the bid opening. All bids must be submitted on the "Official Bid Form" without alteration or interlineations. Copies of the Official Bid Form accompany the Preliminary Official Statement.

**PROCEDURE NUMBER 2: ELECTRONIC BIDDING PROCEDURES**... Any prospective bidder that intends to submit an electronic bid must submit its electronic bid through the facilities of PARITY between 9:00 AM, CDT and 9:30 AM, CDT, on the date of the bid opening.

Subscription to the i-Deal LLC's BIDCOMP Competitive Bidding System is required in order to submit an electronic bid through PARITY. Further information about PARITY, including any fee charged, may be obtained from Dalcomp/Parity, 1359 Broadway, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, New York, New York 10018 attention: Eric Washington (212) 849-5021.

The District will neither confirm any subscription nor be responsible for the failure of any prospective bidder to subscribe to the bidding system.

An electronic bid made through the facilities of PARITY shall be deemed a sealed irrevocable offer to purchase the Bonds on the terms provided in this Official Notice of Sale, and shall be binding upon the bidder as if made by a signed, sealed bid delivered to the District. Neither Specialized Public Finance Inc. nor the District shall be responsible for any malfunction or mistake made by, or as a result of the use of the facilities of PARITY, the use of such facilities being the sole risk of the prospective bidder.

All electronic bids shall be deemed to incorporate the provisions of this Official Notice of Sale and the Official Bid Form. If any provisions of this Official Notice of Sale shall conflict with information provided by PARITY as the approved provider of electronic bidding services, this Official Notice of Sale shall control.

For information purposes only, bidders are requested to state in their electronic bids the net interest cost to the District, as described under "Basis of Award" below.

The District and Specialized Public Finance Inc. will not be responsible for submitting any bids received after the above deadlines.

**PROCEDURE NUMBER 3: BIDS BY FACSIMILE** . . . Bidders that choose to exercise the facsimile bidding options must submit their bid by facsimile on the date of the sale. Any bids received by facsimile will be attached to the signed Official Bid Form previously submitted.

Facsimile bids to the attention of Dan Wegmiller will be accepted at (512) 275-7305, between 9:00 AM and 9:30 AM, CDT on the date of the bid opening.

The District and Specialized Public Finance Inc. are not responsible if such facsimile number is busy or malfunctioning which prevents a bid or bids from being submitted on a timely basis. **The District and Specialized Public Finance Inc. will not be responsible for submitting any bids received after the above deadlines.** The District and Specialized Public Finance Inc. assume no responsibility or liability with respect to any irregularities associated with the submission of bids if the facsimile bid option is exercised.

**SIGNED OFFICIAL BID FORM**... The bidder whose bid is the winning bid in accordance with this Official Notice of Sale will be notified immediately and must submit a fax of a Signed Official Bid Form in connection with the sale, by 9:30 AM CDT on the date of the bid opening to Dan Wegmiller, Specialized Public Finance Inc., (512) 275-7305.

**PLACE AND TIME OF BID OPENING**... The District will consider the award of the sale of the Bonds on Wednesday, August 3, 2022 at 1:00 PM, CDT. The meeting will be held via telephone conference call pursuant to Section 551.125, Texas Government code, as modified temporarily by Governor Greg Abbott, and the related guidance from the office of the Texas Attorney General, in connection with the Governor's COVID-19 Disaster Proclamation. The toll-free dial-in number for the meeting will be made available at the following link: https://abaustin.sharefile.com/share/view/sd538f44a2d14aa28/foca3548-d147-4fee-9c65-9c5f0f5395be or may be obtained by emailing a request to the District's General Counsel at pcarlson@abaustin.com, with a copy to carias@abaustin.com. An electronic agenda and packet for the meeting will also be available at the above link.

**AWARD OF BONDS**... The District will take action to award the Bonds or reject all bids promptly upon the opening of bids. Upon awarding the Bonds, the District will also adopt the order authorizing issuance of the Bonds (the "Bond Order") and will approve the Official Statement, which will be an amended form of the Preliminary Official Statement. Sale of the Bonds will be made subject to the terms, conditions and provisions of the Bond Order to which Bond Order reference is hereby made for all purposes. The District reserves the right to reject any and all bids and to waive any and all irregularities, except time of filing.

WITHDRAWAL OF THE BIDS... Any bid may be withdrawn by an authorized representative of the bidder at any time prior to the time set for receipt of bids. Thereafter, all bids shall remain firm for five hours after the time for receipt of the bids. The award of or rejection of bids will occur within this time period.

**EXTENSION OF SALE DATE**... The District reserves the right to extend the date and/or time for the receipt of bids by giving notice, by Bond Buyer Wire Service, and by posting a notice at the place established for receipt of bids, not later than 3:00 P.M., CDT, on Tuesday, August 2, 2022, of the new date and time for receipt of bids. Such notice shall be considered an amendment to this Official Notice of Sale.

**NO MUNICIPAL BOND RATING OR INSURANCE...** The District has not applied for an underlying rating nor is it expected that the District would have received an investment grade rating had such application been made. No application has been made to any municipal bond insurance company for qualification of the Bonds for municipal bond insurance nor is it expected that the District would have been successful in qualifying for a bond insurance commitment had such an application been made.

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#### THE BONDS

**DESCRIPTION OF BONDS**... Interest on the Bonds will accrue from the date of initial delivery, will be payable February 15, 2023 and each August 15 and February 15 thereafter until the earlier of maturity or redemption, and will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months. The Bonds will be issued in fully registered form only, without coupons, in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, and when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as registered owner and nominee for The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, acting as securities depository for the Bonds until DTC resigns or is discharged. The Bonds initially will be available to purchasers in book-entry form only. So long as Cede & Co., as the nominee of DTC, is the registered owner of the Bonds, principal of and interest on the Bonds will be payable by the paying agent to DTC, which will be solely responsible for making such payment to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. The initial paying agent/registrar for the Bonds is BOKF, NA, Dallas, Texas (the "Paying Agent or "Paying Agent/Registrar"). The Bonds mature serially on August 15 in the years and amounts shown below.

Maturity	Р	rincipal	Maturity	Ι	Principal
(August 15)	A	mount	(August 15)		Amount
2025	\$	70,000	2037	\$	130,000
2026		75,000	2038		135,000
2027		80,000	2039		145,000
2028		80,000	2040		150,000
2029		85,000	2041		160,000
2030		90,000	2042		170,000
2031		95,000	2043		175,000
2032		100,000	2044		185,000
2033		105,000	2045		195,000
2034		110,000	2046		205,000
2035		120,000	2047		215,000
2036		125,000			

**REDEMPTION PROVISIONS**... The District reserves the right to redeem prior to maturity those Bonds maturing on and after August 15, 2028, in whole or from time to time in part on August 15, 2027, or any date thereafter, in integral multiples of \$5,000 at a price of par plus accrued interest from the most recent interest payment date to the date fixed for redemption. If less than all of the Bonds are to be redeemed, the particular Bonds thereof shall be selected and designated by the District, and if less than all of the Bonds within a maturity are redeemed, the particular Bonds or portions thereof to be redeemed shall be selected by the Paying Agent by lot or other customary random method.

Bidders have the right, as specified in the Official Bid Form, to designate any or all of the maturities of the Bonds as term Bonds subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption provided that the mandatory sinking fund amount in each year shall equal the amounts shown in the maturity schedule as maturing in such year.

**SUCCESSOR PAYING AGENT/REGISTRARS**... The Paying Agent may be removed from its duties as Paying Agent with or without cause by action of the Board of Directors of the District upon thirty (30) days notice to be effective at such time which will not disrupt orderly payment on the next principal or interest payment date, but no such removal shall become effective until a successor Paying Agent has accepted the duties of the Paying Agent by written instrument. Every Paying Agent appointed by the Board of Directors must be a competent and legally qualified bank, trust company, financial institution or other agency qualified to act as and perform the services as Paying Agent/Registrar.

SOURCE OF PAYMENT . . . The Bonds, when issued, will constitute valid and binding obligations of the District payable as to principal and interest from the proceeds of a continuing, direct, annual ad valorem tax levied against all taxable property located within the District, without legal limitation as to rate or amount.

**BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM** . . . The District intends to utilize the book-entry-only system of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"). See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM" in the Preliminary Official Statement.

**OTHER TERMS AND COVENANTS**... Other terms of the Bonds and various covenants of the District contained in the Bond Order under which the Bonds are to be issued are described in the Preliminary Official Statement, to which reference is made for all purposes.

#### CONDITIONS OF SALE

**TYPES OF BIDS AND INTEREST RATES**... The Bonds will be sold in one block, all or none, and no bid of less than 97% of par value will be considered. Bidders must specify the rate or rates of interest the Bonds will bear. The difference between the highest interest rate bid and the lowest interest rate bid shall not exceed 3%. Interest rates must be in multiples of 1/8th or 1/20th of 1%. Any number of interest rates and rate changes may be named, but graduating or declining interest rates within a maturity, split interest rates within a maturity, or supplemental or zero interest rates will not be acceptable. No bid generating a cash premium greater than \$5,000 will be considered.

**POST BID MODIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL AMOUNTS PER MATURITY** . . . After selecting the winning bid, the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds per maturity and the principal amortization schedule may be adjusted as determined by the District and its Financial Advisor in \$5,000 increments to reflect the actual interest rates and to create a substantially level debt service schedule for the District. Such adjustments will not change the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds and will not change the aggregate principal amount per maturity by more than 15% from the amount set forth herein. The dollar amount bid for the Bonds by the winning bidder will be adjusted proportionately to reflect any increase or decrease in the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds finally determined to be issued. The District will use its best efforts to communicate to the winning bidder any such adjustments within four (4) hours after the opening of bids. Purchaser's compensation will be based upon the final par amount after any adjustments thereto, subsequent to the receipt and tabulation of the winning bid, within the aforementioned parameters.

In the event of any adjustment of the maturity schedule for the Bonds as described above, no rebidding or recalculation of the proposals submitted will be required or permitted. The bid price for such an adjustment will reflect changes in the dollar amount per maturity of the par amount of the Bonds from the selling compensation that would have been received based on the purchase price in the winning bid and the initial reoffering terms. Any such adjustments of the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds per maturity and/or of the maturity schedule for the Bonds made by the District or its Financial Advisor shall be subsequent to the award of the Bonds to the winning bidder as determined pursuant to conditions herein and shall not affect such determination. The winning bidder may not withdraw its bid as a result of any changes made within the aforementioned limits.

**BASIS OF AWARD**... For the purpose of awarding sale of the Bonds, the total interest cost of each bid will be computed by determining, at the rate or rates specified, the total dollar value of all interest on the Bonds from the date of initial delivery to their respective maturities and adding thereto the dollar amount of the discount bid, if any, or deducting therefrom the premium bid, if any. Subject to the right of the District to reject any or all bids, the Bonds will be awarded to the bidder whose bid, based on the above computation, produces the lowest net effective interest cost to the District. In the event of mathematical discrepancies between the interest rates and the interest cost determined therefrom, as both appear on the "Official Bid Form," the bid will be determined solely from the interest rates shown on the "Official Bid Form."

**TEXAS BOND REVIEW BOARD INFORMATION**... In order to provide the District with information required to be submitted to the Texas Bond Review Board pursuant to Section 1202.008, Texas Government Code, as amended, the Initial Purchaser will be required to provide the District with a breakdown of its "underwriting spread" among the following categories: Takedown, Management Fee (if any), Legal Counsel Fee (if any) and Spread Expenses (if any).

**PROVISION OF TEXAS ETHICS COMMISSION FORM 1295**... In accordance with Texas Government Code Section 2252.908 (the "Interested Party Disclosure Act"), the District may not award the Bonds to a bidder unless the winning bidder either:

(i) submits a Certificate of Interested Parties Form 1295 (the "TEC Form 1295") to the District as prescribed by the Texas Ethics Commission ("TEC"), or

(ii) certifies in the Official Bid Form that it is exempt from filing the TEC Form 1295 by virtue of being a publicly traded business entity or a wholly owned subsidiary of a publicly traded business entity.

In the event that the bidder's bid for the Bonds is the best bid received, the District, acting through its financial advisor, will promptly notify the winning bidder. That notification will serve as the District's conditional verbal acceptance of the bid, and, unless the bidder is exempt from filing a TEC Form 1295, such notification will obligate the winning bidder to promptly file a completed TEC Form 1295, as described below, in order to allow the District to complete the award. The District reserves the right to reject any bid that does not comply with the requirements prescribed herein.

For purposes of completing the TEC Form 1295, box 2 is the name of the governmental entity (Southeast Travis County Municipal Utility District No. 1) and box 3 is the identification number assigned to this contract by the District (Southeast MUD #1 UTB 2022) and description of the goods or services (Purchase of the Southeast Travis County Municipal Utility District No. 1 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2022). The Interested Party Disclosure Act and the rules adopted by the TEC with respect thereto (the "Disclosure Rules") require certain business entities contracting with the District to complete the TEC Form 1295 electronically at https://www.ethics.state.tx.us/main/file.htm, print, complete the unsworn declaration, sign, and deliver, in physical form, the certified TEC Form 1295 that is generated by the TEC's "electronic portal" to the District. The completed and signed TEC Form 1295 must be sent by email, to the District's financial advisor at Dan@spfmuni.com, as soon as possible following the notification of conditional verbal acceptance and prior to the final written award. Upon receipt of the final written award, the winning bidder must submit the TEC Form 1295 with original signatures by email to Bond Counsel as follows: cchandler@mphlegal.com.

To the extent that the bidder is not exempt from filing a TEC Form 1295 and therefor makes such filing with the District, the Interested Party Disclosure Act and the TEC Form 1295 provide that such declaration is made "under oath and under penalty of perjury." Consequently, a bidder should take appropriate steps prior to completion of the TEC Form 1295 to familiarize itself with the Interested Party Disclosure Act, the Disclosure Rules and the TEC Form 1295. Time will be of the essence in submitting the form to the District, and no final award will be made by the District regarding the sale of the Bonds until a completed TEC Form 1295 is received. The District reserves the right to reject any bid that does not satisfy the requirement of a completed TEC Form 1295, as described herein. Neither the District nor its consultants have the ability to verify the information included in a TEC Form 1295, and neither party has an obligation nor undertakes responsibility for advising any bidder with respect to the proper completion of the TEC Form 1295. Consequently, an entity intending to bid on the Bonds should consult its own advisors to the extent it deems necessary and be prepared to submit the completed form promptly upon notification from the District that its bid is the conditional winning bid. Instructional videos on logging in and creating a certificate are provided on the TEC's website at https://www.ethics.state.tx.us/whatsnew/elf info form1295.htm.

**IMPACT OF BIDDING SYNDICATE ON AWARD**... For purposes of contracting for the sale of the Bonds, the entity signing the bid form as Initial Purchaser shall be solely responsible for the payment of the purchase price of the Bonds. The Initial Purchaser may serve as a syndicate manager and contract under a separate agreement with other syndicate members. However, the District is not a party to that agreement and any information provided regarding syndicate managers would be for informational purposes only.

**GOOD FAITH DEPOSIT** . . . Each bid must be accompanied by a bank cashier's check payable to the order of "Southeast Travis County Municipal Utility District No. 1" in the amount of \$60,000 which is 2% of the par value of the Bonds (the "Good Faith Deposit"). The check will be considered as a Good Faith Deposit, and the check of the successful bidder (the "Initial Purchaser") will be retained uncashed by the District until the Bonds are delivered. Upon payment for and delivery of the Bonds, the Good Faith Deposit will be returned to the Initial Purchaser uncashed. If the Initial Purchaser should fail or refuse to make payment for or accept delivery of the Bonds in accordance with its bid, then the check will be cashed and accepted by the District as full and complete liquidated damages. Such check may accompany the Official Bid Form or it may be submitted separately. If submitted separately, it shall be made available to the District prior to the review of the bids and shall be accompanied by instructions from the bank on which it is drawn which authorize its use as a Good Faith Deposit. The checks of the unsuccessful bidders will be returned immediately after bids are opened and sale of the Bonds has been awarded.

**COMPLIANCE WITH LAW PROHIBITING CONTRACTS WITH COMPANIES THAT BOYCOTT ISRAEL AND CERTAIN COMPANIES ENGAGED IN BUSINESS WITH IRAN, SUDAN OR FOREIGN TERRORIST ORGANIZATIONS**... Pursuant to Chapter 2270, Texas Government Code, the District will not award the Bonds to a bidder unless the bidder verifies that, at the time of execution and delivery of its bid and, except to the extent otherwise required by applicable federal law, to the date of the delivery of the Bonds, the bidder and any syndicate member listed on the Official Bid Form, and any wholly owned subsidiary, majority-owned subsidiary, parent company or affiliate of the same, boycotts or will boycott Israel. The terms "boycotts Israel" and "boycott Israel" as used in this paragraph have the meanings assigned to the term "boycott Israel" in Section 808.001 of the Texas Government Code, as amended. Such verification is included in the Official Bid Form attached to this Notice of Sale. Further, by submission of a bid, and as a condition of the award and delivery of the Bonds, the bidder must represents that, pursuant to Section 2252.152 of the Texas Government Code, and except to the extent otherwise required or permitted by or under federal law, neither the bidder, nor any wholly owned subsidiary, majority-owned subsidiary, parent company or affiliate of the bidder (i) engages in business with Iran, Sudan, or foreign terrorist organization as defined in Section 2252.151(2), Texas Government Code or (ii) is a company listed by the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts under Sections 2270.0201 or 2252.153 of the Texas Government Code. At the request of the District, the bidder agrees to execute further written certification as may be necessary or convenient for the District to establish compliance with these laws.

**COMPLIANCE WITH LAW PROHIBITING CONTRACTS WITH COMPANIES THAT DISCRIMINATE AGAINST FIREARM ENTITIES OR FIREARM TRADE ASSOCIATIONS...** To the extent the winning bid for the Bonds constitutes a contract for the purchase of goods or services for which a written verification is required under Section 2274.002, Texas Government Code, (as added by Senate Bill 19, 87th Texas Legislature, Regular Session), as amended, the winning bidder will be required to verify in the Official Bid Form, for purposes of Chapter 2274 of the Texas Government Code, as amended, that the winning bidder and any syndicate member listed on the Official Bid Form, and any parent company, wholly-or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates of the same, if any,

- (1) do not have a practice, policy, guidance or directive that discriminates against a firearm entity or firearm trade association; and
- (2) will not discriminate during the term of this agreement against a firearm entity or firearm trade association.

The foregoing verification is made solely to comply with Section 2274.002, Texas Government Code, as amended, to the extent Section 2274.002, Texas Government Code does not contravene applicable Texas or federal law. As used in the foregoing verification, "discriminate against a firearm entity or firearm trade association" (A) means, with respect to the entity or association, to (i) refuse to engage in the trade of any goods or services with the entity or association based solely on its status as a firearm entity or firearm trade association; (ii) refrain from continuing an existing business relationship with the entity or association based solely on its status as a firearm entity or firearm trade association; or (iii) terminate an existing business relationship with the entity or association based solely on its status as a firearm entity or firearm trade association; or (iii) terminate an existing business relationship with the entity or association based solely on its status as a firearm entity or firearm trade association; and (B) does not include: (i) the established policies of a merchant, retail seller, or platform that restrict or prohibit the listing or selling of ammunition, firearms, or firearm accessories; and (ii) a company's refusal to engage in the trade of any goods or services, decision to refrain from continuing an existing business relationship, or decision to terminate an existing business relationship: (aa) to comply with federal, state, or local law, policy, or regulations or a directive by a regulatory agency; or (bb) for any traditional business reason that is specific to the customer or potential customer and not based solely on an entity's or association's status as a firearm entity or firearm trade association. The winning bidder and any syndicate member listed on the Official Bid Form understands "affiliate" to mean any

entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the bidder or any syndicate member listed on the Official Bid Form within the meaning of SEC Rule 405, 17. C.F.R. § 230.405, and exists to make a profit.

**COMPLIANCE WITH LAW PROHIBITING CONTRACTS WITH COMPANIES THAT BOYCOTT ENERGY COMPANIES** . . . To the extent the winning bid for the Bonds constitutes a contract for goods or services for which a written verification is required under Section 2274.002, Texas Government Code, (as added by Senate Bill 13, 87th Texas Legislature, Regular Session) as amended, the winning bidder will be required to verify that the winning bidder and any syndicate member listed on the Official Bid Form, and any parent company, wholly-or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates of the same, if any, do not boycott energy companies and, will not boycott energy companies through the delivery date of the Bonds. The foregoing verification is made solely to comply with Section 2274.002, Texas Government Code, as amended, to the extent Section 2274.002, Texas Government Code does not contravene applicable Texas or federal law. As used in the foregoing verification, "boycott energy companies" shall mean, without an ordinary business purpose, refusing to deal with, terminating business activities with, or otherwise taking any action that is intended to penalize, inflict economic harm on, or limit commercial relations with a company because the company (A) engages in the exploration, production, utilization, transportation, sale, or manufacturing of fossil fuel-based energy and does not commit or pledge to meet environmental standards beyond applicable federal and state law; or (B) does business with a company described by (A) above. The winning bidder and any syndicate member listed on the Official Bid Form understands "affiliate" to mean any entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the bidder or any syndicate member listed on the Official Bid Form within the meaning of SEC Rule 405, 17. C.F.R. § 230.405, and exists to make a profit.

**COMPLIANCE VERIFICATION**... By submitting a bid, each bidder or syndicate member, as applicable, confirms that it has on file with the Public Finance Division of the Texas Office of Attorney General ("OAG") a standing letter confirming that each bidder or syndicate member, as applicable, can make the unqualified verifications required by Senate Bills 13 and 19 set forth above, as required under the All Bond Counsel Letter of the OAG dated September 22, 2021 (a "Standing Letter") and that it has no reason to believe that the District and the OAG may not be entitled to rely on such Standing Letter through the delivery date of the Bonds. The winning bidder and each syndicate member listed on an Official Bid Form agree that it will not rescind any applicable Standing Letter any time before the delivery of the Bonds unless same is immediately replaced with a standing letter meeting the requirements of the OAG.

In addition, as required under the All Bond Counsel Letter of the OAG dated April 27, 2022, the winning bidder and each syndicate member listed on an Official Bid Form shall immediately notify the District if its Standing Letter is under review by the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts (the "Comptroller") pursuant to Section 809.051 of the Texas Government Code (a "bidder under review"). If such Standing Letter becomes subject to review as described above, at any time prior to the date of delivery of the Bonds upon request of the District or Bond Counsel, the bidder under review shall provide the District or Bond Counsel with written confirmation to the effect that (i) it and/or its affiliate intends to timely comply with the Comptroller's request for written confirmation pursuant to Chapter 809 of the Texas Government Code and (ii) the applicable Standing Letter remains in effect and may be relied upon by the District and the OAG. The District and Bond Counsel may provide such written certifications to the OAG in connection with the issuance of the Bonds.

To the extent the date of delivery of the Bonds occurs before the end of the Comptroller's review period pursuant to Section 809.051 of the Texas Government Code, and the bidder under review is unable to satisfy the OG or Comptroller's verifications or certifications as described above, the District, pursuant to he All Bond Counsel Letter of the OAG dated April 27, 2022, reserves the right to find a replacement purchaser for the Bonds. Furthermore, the District may cash and accept the Good Faith Deposit as full and complete liquidated damages as a result of the inability of the bidder under review to make the verification described in this paragraph. The District shall be under no further liability and no other penalty as a result of such replacement as described above. See "Good Faith Deposit."

At the request of the District, the Purchaser agrees to execute further written certification as may be necessary or convenient for the District to establish compliance with the foregoing.

#### **OFFICIAL STATEMENT**

By accepting the winning bid, the District agrees to the following representations and covenants to assist the Initial Purchaser in complying with Rule 15c2-12 of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

**FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT**... The District has prepared the accompanying Preliminary Official Statement for dissemination to potential purchasers of the Bonds but will not prepare any other document or version for such purpose except as described below. The District will be responsible for completing the Official Statement by inserting the interest rates bid, the purchase price bid, the ratings assigned to the Bonds (if not currently included) if applicable, the purchase of municipal bond insurance, if any, the initial public offering yields as set forth in the Official Bid Form, or otherwise supplied by the Initial Purchaser, and for preparing and inserting the final debt service schedule. The District does not intend to amend or supplement the Official Statement otherwise, except to take into account certain subsequent events, if any, as described below. Accordingly, the District deems the accompanying Preliminary Official Statement to be final as of its date, within the meaning of SEC Rule 15c2-12(b)(1), except for the omission of the foregoing items. By delivering the final Official Statement or any amendment or supplement thereto in the requested quantity to the Initial Purchaser on or after the sale date, the District represents the same to be complete as of such date, within the meaning of SEC Rule 15c2-12(e)(3). Notwithstanding the foregoing, the only representations concerning the absence of material misstatements or omissions from the Official Statement which are or will be made by the District are those described in the Official Statement under "OFFICIAL STATEMENT – Certification as to Official Statement."

CHANGES TO OFFICIAL STATEMENT DURING UNDERWRITING PERIOD ... If, subsequent to the date of the Official Statement to and including the date the Initial Purchaser is no longer required to provide an Official Statement to potential customers who request the same pursuant to

15c2-12 of the federal Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Rule") (the earlier of (i) 90 days from the "end of the underwriting period" (as defined in the Rule) and (ii) the time when the Official Statement is available to any person from a nationally recognized repository but in no case less than 25 days after the "end of the underwriting period"), the District learns or is notified by the Initial Purchaser of any adverse event which causes any of the key representations in the Official Statement to be materially misleading, the District will promptly prepare and supply to the Initial Purchaser a supplement to the Official Statement which corrects such representation to the reasonable satisfaction of the Initial Purchaser, unless the Initial Purchaser elects to terminate its obligation to purchase the Bonds as described below. See "DELIVERY OF THE BONDS AND ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS – Conditions to Delivery." The obligation of the District to update or change the Official Statement will terminate when the District delivers the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser (the "end of the underwriting period" within the meaning of the Rule), unless the Initial Purchaser provides written notice to the District that less than all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers. In the event the Initial Purchaser provides written notice to the District that less than all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers, the Initial Purchaser agrees to notify the District in writing following the occurrence of the "end of the underwriting period" as defined in the Rule.

**DELIVERY OF OFFICIAL STATEMENTS**... The District will furnish to the Initial Purchaser (and to each other participating underwriter of the Bonds, within the meaning of SEC Rule 15c2-12(a), designated by the Initial Purchaser), within seven (7) business days after the sale date, the aggregate number of Official Statements requested but not in excess of 250 copies. The District will also furnish to the Initial Purchaser a like number of any supplement or amendment prepared by the District for dissemination to potential purchasers of the Bonds as described above in "OFFICIAL STATEMENT – Changes to Official Statement During Underwriting Period" as well as such additional copies of the Official Statement or any supplement or amendment as the Initial Purchaser may request prior to the 25th day after the "end of the underwriting period" within the meaning of the Rule. The District will pay the expense of preparing up to 250 copies of the Official Statement and all copies of any supplement or amendment issued on or before the delivery date, but the Initial Purchaser must pay for all other copies of the Official Statement or any supplement or amendment thereto.

**RULE G-36 REQUIREMENTS**... It is the responsibility of the Initial Purchaser to comply with the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board's Rule G-36 within the required time frame. The Initial Purchaser must send two copies of the "Official Statement" along with two complete Form G-36's to the appropriate address.

### DELIVERY OF THE BONDS AND ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS

**DELIVERY** . . . The Bonds will be tendered to the Initial Purchaser as a single typewritten, photocopied or otherwise reproduced bond for each maturity in fully registered form in the aggregate principal amount of \$3,000,000 payable to the Initial Purchaser or its representative as designated in the Official Bid Form, manually signed by the President and Secretary of the Board of Directors, or executed by the facsimile signatures of the President and Secretary of the Board of Directors, or executed by the facsimile and manually signed by the Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas. Initial delivery will be at the designated office for payment of the Paying Agent in Austin, Texas. Payment for the Bonds must be made in immediately available funds for unconditional credit to the District, or as otherwise directed by the District. The Initial Purchaser will be given six business days' notice of the time fixed for delivery of the Bonds are tendered for delivery up to and including September 8, 2022. If for any reason the District is unable to make delivery on or before September 8, 2022 then the District shall immediately contact the Initial Purchaser and offer to allow the Initial Purchaser to extend their offer within five (5) business days thereafter, then the Good Faith Deposit will be returned, and both the District and the Initial Purchaser shall be relieved of any further obligation.

**DTC DEFINITIVE BONDS**... The Bonds will be issued in book-entry-only form and registered in the name of Cede & Co. as the nominee for DTC. All reference herein and in the Official Statement to the bondholders or registered owners of the Bonds shall mean Cede & Co. and not the beneficial owners of the Bonds. Purchases of beneficial interests in the Bonds will be made in book-entry form in the denomination of \$5,000 principal amounts or any integral multiple thereof. Under certain limited circumstances, the District may determine to forego immobilization of the Bonds at DTC, or another securities depository, in which case, such beneficial interests would become exchangeable for definitive printed obligations of like principal amount.

**CUSIP NUMBERS**... It is anticipated that CUSIP identification numbers will appear on the Bonds, but neither the failure to print or type such number on any Bond nor any error with respect thereto shall constitute cause for a failure or refusal by the Initial Purchaser to accept delivery of and pay for the Bonds in accordance with the terms of this Official Notice of Sale and Bidding Instructions and the terms of the Official Bid Form. The Financial Advisor will obtain CUSIP identification numbers from the CUSIP Service Bureau, New York, New York prior to the date of sale. CUSIP identification numbers will be made available to the Initial Purchaser at the time the Bonds are awarded or as soon thereafter as practicable. All expenses in relation to the assignment, printing or typing of CUSIP numbers on the Bonds shall be paid by the District.

**CONDITIONS TO DELIVERY**... The obligation of the Initial Purchaser to take up and pay for the Bonds is subject to the Initial Purchaser's receipt of the legal opinion of the Attorney General of the State of Texas and the legal opinion of McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Austin, Texas, Bond Counsel for the District ("Bond Counsel"), and the no-litigation certificate, all described below, and the non-occurrence of the events described below under "No Material Adverse Change." In addition, if the District fails to comply with its obligations under "OFFICIAL STATEMENT" above, the Initial Purchaser may terminate its contract to purchase the Bonds by delivering written notice to the District within five (5) days thereafter.

LEGAL OPINIONS ... The District will furnish the Initial Purchaser a transcript of certain proceedings held incident to the authorization and issuance of the Bonds, including a certified copy or original of the approving opinion of the Attorney General of the State of Texas, as recorded in the Bond Register of the Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas, to the effect that the Bonds are valid and binding obligations of the District, payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax levied, without limit as to rate or amount, upon all taxable property within the District. The District also will furnish the legal opinion of McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Bond Counsel, to the effect that, based upon an examination of such transcript, (1) the Bonds are valid and legally binding obligations of the District payable from the sources and enforceable in accordance with the terms and conditions described therein, except to the extent that the enforceability thereof may be affected by governmental immunity, bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, or other similar laws affecting creditors' rights or the exercise of judicial discretion in accordance with general principles of equity, (2) the Bonds are payable, both as to principal and interest, from the levy of ad valorem taxes, without limitation as to rate or amount, against taxable property within the District and (3) pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, (the "Code") then in effect and existing regulations, published rulings, and court decisions thereunder and assuming continuing compliance by the District with the provisions of the Bond Order, the interest on the Bonds is excludable from the gross income, and will not be treated as "specified private activity bonds" the interest on which would be included as an alternative minimum tax preference item under Section 57(a)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. See "APPENDIX B – Form of Bond Counsel Opinion." The statutes, regulations, rulings, and court decisions on which such opinion is based are subject to change. Neither the opinion of the Attorney General nor the opinion of Bond Counsel will express any opinion or make any comment with respect to the sufficiency of the security for or the marketability of the Bonds.

**ESTABLISHING THE ISSUE PRICE FOR THE BONDS**... The District intends to rely on Treasury Regulation section 1.148-1(f)(3)(i) (defining "competitive sale" for purposes of establishing the issue price of municipal bonds), which require, among other things, that the District receives bids from at least three underwriters of municipal bonds who have established industry reputations for underwriting new issuances of municipal bonds (the "Competitive Sale Requirement").

In the event that the bidding process does not satisfy the Competitive Sale Requirement bids will <u>not</u> be subject to cancellation and the winning bidder (i) agrees to promptly report to the District the first prices at which at least 10% of each maturity of the Bonds (the "First Price Maturity") have been sold to the Public on the Sale Date (the "10% Test") and (ii) agrees to hold-the-offering-price of each maturity of the Bonds that does not satisfy the 10% Test ("Hold-the-Price Maturity"), as described below.

In order to provide the District with information that enables it to comply with the establishment of the issue price of the Bonds under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, the winning bidder agrees to complete, execute, and timely deliver to the District or to the District's financial advisor, (the "District's Financial Advisor") a certification as to the Bonds "issue price" (the "Issue Price Certificate") substantially in the form and to the effect accompanying this Official Notice of Sale, within 5 business days of the Closing Date. In the event the winning bidder will not reoffer any maturity of the Bonds for sale to the Public (as defined herein) by the Closing Date, the Issue Price Certificate may be modified in a manner approved by the District. It will be the responsibility of the winning bidder to institute such syndicate reporting requirements, to make such investigation, or otherwise to ascertain such facts necessary to enable it to make such certification with reasonable certainty. Any questions concerning such certification should be directed to Bond Counsel (identified in the Preliminary Official Statement).

For purposes of this section of this Official Notice of Sale:

- (i) "Public" means any person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than a Participating Underwriter or a Related Party to the Underwriter,
- (ii) "Participating Underwriter" means (A) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the District (or with the lead Participating Underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public and (B) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (A) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the public),
- (iii) "Related Party" means any two or more persons who are subject, directly or indirectly, to (A) more than 50% common ownership of the voting power or the total value of their stock, if both entities are corporations (including direct ownership by one corporation of another), (B) more than 50% common ownership of their capital interests or profits interests, if both entities are partnerships (including direct ownership by one partnership of another), or (C) more than 50% common ownership of the value of the outstanding stock of the corporation or the capital interests or profit interests of the partnership, as applicable, if one entity is a corporation and the other entity is a partnership (including direct ownership of the applicable stock or interests by one entity of the other), and
- (iv) "Sale Date" means the date that the Bonds are awarded by the District to the winning bidder.

All actions to be taken by the District under this Official Notice of Sale to establish the issue price of the Bonds may be taken on behalf of the District by the District's Financial Advisor, and any notice or report to be provided to the District may be provided to the District's Financial Advisor.

The District will consider any bid submitted pursuant to this Official Notice of Sale to be a firm offer for the purchase of the Bonds, as specified in the bid and, if so stated, in the Official Bid Form.

By submitting a bid, each bidder confirms that: (i) any agreement among underwriters, any selling group agreement and each retail distribution agreement (to which the bidder is a party) relating to the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, together with the related pricing wires, contains or will contain language obligating each Participating Underwriter, each dealer who is a member of the selling group, and each broker-dealer that is a party to such retail distribution agreement, as applicable, to report the prices at which it sells to the Public the unsold Bonds of each maturity allotted to it until it is notified by the winning bidder that either the 10% Test has been satisfied as to the Bonds of that maturity or all Bonds of that maturity have been sold to the Public, if and for so long as directed by the winning bidder and as set forth in the related pricing wires, contains or will contain language obligating each Participating Underwriter that is a party to a retail distribution agreement to be employed in connection with the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public to each maturity allotted to it until it sells to the Public the unsold Bonds of each maturity allotted to report the prices at which it sells to the Public, together with the related pricing wires, contains or will contain language obligating each Participating Underwriter that is a party to a retail distribution agreement to be employed in connection with the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public to require each broker-dealer that is a party to such retail distribution agreement to report the prices at which it sells to the Public the unsold Bonds of each maturity allotted to it until it is notified by the winning bidder or such Participating Underwriter that either the 10% Test has been satisfied as to the Bonds of that maturity or all Bonds of that maturity have been sold to the Public, if and for so long as directed by the winning bidder or such Participating Underwriter at either the 10% Test has been satisfied as to the Bonds of tha

By submitting a bid, the winning bidder agrees, on behalf of each Participating Underwriter participating in the purchase of the Bonds, that each Participating Underwriter will neither offer nor sell any Hold-the-Price Maturity to any person at a price that is higher than the initial offering price to the Public during the period starting on the Sale Date and ending on the earlier of (1) the close of the fifth (5th) business day after the Sale Date; or (2) the date on which the Participating Underwriters have sold at least 10% of that Hold-the-Price Maturity to the Public at a price that is no higher than the initial offering price to the Public. The winning bidder shall promptly advise the District when the Participating Underwriters have sold 10% of a Hold-the-Price Maturity to the Public at a price that is no higher than the initial offering price to the Public, if that occurs prior to the close of the fifth (5th) business day after the Sale Date.

**QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS FOR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS**... Section 265(a) of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that interest paid or incurred by a taxpayer, including a "financial institution," on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry tax-exempt obligations is not deductible by such taxpayer in determining taxable income. Section 265(b) of the Code provides an exception to the disallowance of such deduction for any interest expense paid or incurred on indebtedness of a taxpayer which is a "financial institution" allocable to tax-exempt obligation, other than "private activity bonds," which are designated by a "qualified small issuer" as "qualified tax-exempt obligations." A "qualified small issuer" is any governmental issuer (together with any subordinate issuers) who issues no more than \$10,000,000 of tax-exempt obligations during the calendar year. Section 265(b)(5) of the Code defines the term "financial institution" as referring to any corporation described in section 585(a)(2) of the Code, or any person accepting deposits from the public in the ordinary course of such person's trade or business which is subject to federal or state supervision as a financial institution.

The District is expected to designate the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" within the meaning of section 265(b) of the Code. In furtherance of that designation, the District will covenant to take such action which would assure or to refrain from such action which would adversely affect the treatment of the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations." Potential purchasers should be aware that if the issue price to the public (or, in the case of discount bonds, the amount payable at maturity) exceeds \$10,000,000, then such obligations might fail to satisfy the \$10,000,000 limitation and the obligations would not be "qualified tax-exempt obligations."

NO MATERIAL ADVERSE CHANGE . . . The obligations of the District to deliver the Bonds and of the Initial Purchaser to accept delivery of and pay for the Bonds are subject to the condition that at the time of delivery of and receipt of payment for the Bonds, there shall have been no material adverse change in the condition of the District from those set forth in or contemplated by the "Preliminary Official Statement" as it may have been supplemented or amended through the date of sale.

**NO-LITIGATION CERTIFICATE**... On the date of delivery of the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser, the District will deliver to the Initial Purchaser a certificate, as of the same date, to the effect that to the best of the District's knowledge no litigation of any nature is pending or, to the best of the certifying officers' knowledge or belief, threatened against the District, contesting or affecting the Bonds; restraining or enjoining the authorization, execution, or delivery of the Bonds; affecting the provision made for the payment of or security for the Bonds; in any manner questioning the authority or proceedings for the issuance, execution or delivery of the Bonds; or affecting the validity of the Bonds or the title of the present officers and directors of the District.

#### CONTINUING DISCLOSURE

The District will agree in the Bond Order to provide certain periodic information and notices of certain events in accordance with the Rule, as described in the Preliminary Official Statement under "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION." The Initial Purchaser's obligation to accept and pay for the Bonds is conditioned upon delivery to the Initial Purchaser(s) or its (their) agent of a certified copy of the Bond Order containing the agreement described under such heading.

#### GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

**RECORD DATE**... The record date ("Record Date") for the interest payable on any interest payment date means the last calendar day of the month (whether or not a business day) next preceding such interest payment date.

**RECORD DATE FOR BONDS TO BE REDEEMED**... Neither the District nor the Paying Agent shall be required (1) to issue, transfer, or exchange any Bond during the period commencing with the close of business on any Record Date and ending with the opening of business on the next

following principal on interest payment date or (2) to transfer or exchange, in whole or in part, any Bond or any portion thereof selected for redemption prior to maturity, within forty-five (45) calendar days prior to its redemption date.

**RISK FACTORS**... The Bonds involve certain risk factors and all prospective bidders are urged to examine carefully the Preliminary Official Statement with respect to the risk factors associated with the Bonds. Particular attention should be given to the information set forth therein under the caption "RISK FACTORS."

**RESERVATION OF RIGHTS**... The District reserves the right to reject any and all bids and to waive any and all irregularities, except time of filing.

NOT AN OFFER TO SELL . . . This Official Notice of Sale does not alone constitute an offer to sell the Bonds but is merely notice of sale of the Bonds. The invitation for bids on the Bonds is being made by means of this Official Notice of Sale, the Preliminary Official Statement and the Official Bid Form.

**REGISTRATION AND QUALIFICATION UNDER SECURITIES LAWS**... The offer and sale of the Bonds have not been registered or qualified under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance upon the exemptions provided thereunder; the Bonds have not been registered or qualified under the Securities Act of Texas in reliance upon various exemptions contained therein; nor have the Bonds been registered or qualified under the securities laws of any other jurisdiction. The District assumes no responsibility for registration or qualification of the Bonds under the securities laws of any jurisdiction in which the Bonds may be sold, assigned, pledged, hypothecated or otherwise transferred. This disclaimer of responsibility for registration or qualification for sale or other disposition of the Bonds shall not be construed as an interpretation of any kind with regard to the availability of any exemption from securities registration or qualification provisions.

By submission of a bid, the Initial Purchaser represents that its sale of the Bonds in states other than Texas will be made only pursuant to exemptions from registration or qualification or, where necessary, the Initial Purchaser will register and qualify the Bonds in accordance with the securities laws of any jurisdiction which so requires. The District agrees to cooperate, at the Initial Purchaser's written request and expense, in registering or qualifying the Bonds, or in obtaining exemption from registration or qualification, in any state where such action is necessary, provided that the District shall not be required to file a general or special consent to service of process in any jurisdiction.

**COPIES OF DOCUMENTS**... Copies of the Official Notice of Sale, the Preliminary Official Statement, the Official Bid Form, Audits, and the pro forma Bond Order may be obtained at the offices of Specialized Public Finance Inc., 248 Addie Roy Road, Suite B-103, Austin, Texas 78746, Financial Advisor to the District.

July 22, 2022

<u>/s/ Hank B. Smith</u> President, Board of Directors Southeast Travis County Municipal Utility District No. 1

#### **OFFICIAL BID FORM**

President and Board of Directors Southeast Travis County Municipal Utility District No. 1 c/o Specialized Public Finance Inc. 248 Addie Roy Road, Suite B-103 Austin, Texas 78746

We have read in detail the Official Notice of Sale and Preliminary Official Statement of Southeast Travis County Municipal Utility District No. 1 (the "District") relating to its \$3,000,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2022 (the "Bonds"), which by reference are made a part hereof. We recognize the risk factors involved in these securities and have made such inspections and investigations as we deem necessary in order to evaluate the investment quality of the Bonds. Accordingly, we offer to purchase the District's legally issued Bonds, upon the terms and conditions set forth in the Bond Order, the Official Notice of Sale and the Preliminary Official Statement, for a cash price of (which represents approximately % of par value), provided such Bonds mature August 15 and bear \$

interest in each year at the following rates:

Maturity (August 15)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate	Maturity (August 15)	Principal Amount	Interest Rate
2025	\$ 70,000	%	2037	\$ 130,000	%
2026	75,000	%	2038	135,000	%
2027	80,000	%	2039	145,000	%
2028	80,000	%	2040	150,000	%
2029	85,000	%	2041	160,000	%
2030	90,000	%	2042	170,000	%
2031	95,000	%	2043	175,000	%
2032	100,000	%	2044	185,000	%
2033	105,000	0/0	2045	195,000	%
2034	110,000	%	2046	205,000	%
2035	120,000	%	2047	215,000	%
2036	125,000	%		-	

The mandatory sinking fund installments checked above, if any, shall be applied for the redemption of term Bonds maturing as follows:

Term Bonds Maturing August 15	Year of First Mandatory Redemption	Principal Amount	Interest Rate
			%
			%
			%
			%
			%
			%
			%

Our calculation (which is not a part of this bid) of the interest cost from the above bid is:

Total Interest from 8/25/2022	\$
Plus Cash Discount	\$
Net Interest Cost	\$
Net Effective Interest Rate	<u>%</u>

A wire transfer or a cashiers or certified check to the District in the amount of \$60,000 will be made available in accordance with the Official Notice of Sale made a part hereof. Should we fail or refuse to make payment for the Bonds in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the Official Notice of Sale, the proceeds of this deposit shall be retained by the District as complete liquidated damages against us. Please check the box below to designate your Good Faith Deposit option.

The undersigned agrees to complete, execute, and deliver to the District, by the date of delivery of the Bonds, a certificate relating to the "issue price" of the Bonds in the form accompanying the Official Notice of Sale, with such changes thereto as may be acceptable to the District.

We understand the sale of the Bonds has not been registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance upon the exemptions provided thereunder; the Bonds have not been registered or qualified under the Securities Act of Texas in reliance upon various exemptions contained therein; nor have the Bonds been registered or qualified under the securities acts of any other jurisdiction. We hereby represent the sale of the Bonds in states or jurisdictions other than Texas will be made only pursuant to exemptions from registration or qualification and that where necessary, we will register or qualify the Bonds in accordance with the securities laws and regulations of the states or other jurisdiction in which the Bonds are offered or sold.

We further understand that the District assumes no responsibility or obligation for the distribution or delivery of any copies of the Official Statement or other information concerning the District and the Bonds to anyone other than to us.

We agree to provide in writing the initial reoffering prices and other terms, if any, to the Financial Advisor by the close of the next business day after the award.

The undersigned hereby certifies that it and its parent company, wholly-or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates, if any, do not boycott Israel and, to the extent this Official Bid Form is a contract for goods or services, will not boycott Israel during the term of this Official Bid Form. The foregoing verification is made solely to comply with Section 2270.002, Texas Government Code, and to the extent such Section does not contravene applicable Federal law. As used in the foregoing verification, 'boycott Israel' means refusing to deal with, terminating business activities with, or otherwise taking any action that is intended to penalize, inflict economic harm on, or limit commercial relations specifically with Israel, or with a person or entity doing business in Israel or in an Israeli-controlled territory, but does not include an action made for ordinary business purposes. The undersigned understands 'affiliate' to mean an entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the Underwriter and exists to make a profit.

The undersigned represents that neither it nor any of its parent company, wholly-or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates is a company identified on a list prepared and maintained by the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts under Section 2252.153 or Section 2270.0201, Texas Government Code, and posted on any of the following pages of such officer's internet website: https://comptroller.texas.gov/purchasing/docs/sudan-list.pdf, https://comptroller.texas.gov/purchasing/docs/fto-list.pdf. The foregoing representation is made solely to comply with Section 2252.152, Texas Government Code, and to the extent such Section does not contravene applicable Federal law and excludes the undersigned and each of its parent company, wholly-or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates, if any, that the United States government has affirmatively declared to be excluded from its federal sanctions regime relating to Sudan or Iran or any federal sanctions regime relating to a foreign terrorist organization. The undersigned understands "affiliate" to mean any entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the Underwriter and exists to make a profit."

To the extent the winning bid for the Bonds constitutes a contract for the purchase of goods or services for which a written verification is required under Section 2274.002, Texas Government Code, (as added by Senate Bill 19, 87th Texas Legislature, Regular Session) as amended, the bidder hereby verifies that, at the time of execution and delivery of this bid, the bidder and any syndicate member listed on the Official Bid Form, and any parent company, wholly-or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates of the same, if any,

- (1) do not have a practice, policy, guidance or directive that discriminates against a firearm entity or firearm trade association, or
- (2) will not discriminate through the date of delivery of the Bonds against a firearm entity or firearm trade association.

The foregoing verification is made solely to comply with Section 2274.002, Texas Government Code, as amended, to the extent Section 2274.002, Texas Government Code does not contravene applicable Texas or federal law. As used in the foregoing verification, "discriminate against a firearm entity or firearm trade association" (A) means, with respect to the entity or association, to (i) refuse to engage in the trade of any goods or services with the entity or association based solely on its status as a firearm entity or firearm trade association; (ii) refrain from continuing an existing business relationship with the entity or association based solely on its status as a firearm entity or firearm trade association; or (iii) terminate an existing business relationship with the entity or association based solely on its status as a firearm entity or firearm trade association; and (B) does not include: (i) the established policies of a merchant, retail seller, or platform that restrict or prohibit the listing or selling of ammunition, firearms, or firearm accessories; and (ii) a company's refusal to engage in the trade of any goods or services, decision to refrain from continuing an existing business relationship, or decision to terminate an existing business relationship: (aa) to comply with federal, state, or local law, policy, or regulations or a directive by a regulatory agency; or (bb) for any traditional business reason that is specific to the customer or potential customer and not based solely on an entity's or association's status as a firearm entity or firearm trade association. The bidder and any syndicate member listed on the Official Bid Form understands "affiliate" to mean any entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the bidder and any syndicate member listed on the Official Bid Form within the meaning of SEC Rule 405, 17. C.F.R. § 230.405, and exists to make a profit.

To the extent the winning bid for the Bonds constitutes a contract for the purchase of goods or services for which a written verification is required under Section 2274.002, Texas Government Code, (as added by Senate Bill 13, 87th Texas Legislature, Regular Session) as amended, the bidder hereby verifies that, at the time of execution and delivery of this bid, the bidder and any syndicate member listed on the Official Bid Form, and any parent company, wholly-or majority-owned subsidiaries, and other affiliates of the same, if any, boycott energy companies or will boycott energy companies through the date of delivery of the Bonds. The foregoing verification is made solely to comply with Section 2274.002, Texas Government Code, as amended, to the extent Section 2274.002, Texas Government Code does not contravene applicable Texas or federal law. As used in the foregoing verification, "boycott energy companies" shall mean, without an ordinary business purpose, refusing to deal with, terminating business activities with, or otherwise taking any action that is intended to penalize, inflict economic harm on, or limit commercial relations with a company because the company (A) engages in the exploration, production, utilization, transportation, sale, or manufacturing of fossil fuel-based energy and does not commit or pledge to meet environmental standards beyond applicable federal and state law; or (B) does business with a company described by (A) above. The bidder and any syndicate member listed on the Official Bid Form understands "affiliate" to mean any entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the bidder and any syndicate member listed on the Official Bid Form within the meaning of SEC Rule 405, 17. C.F.R. § 230.405, and exists to make a profit.

The bidder hereby confirms that, at the of the execution and delivery of this bid, the bidder, any syndicate member listed on this Official Bid Form, has on file with the Public Finance Division of the Texas Office of Attorney General ("OAG") a standing letter confirming that each bidder or syndicate member, as applicable, can make the unqualified verifications required by Senate Bills 13 and 19 set forth above, as required under the All Bond Counsel Letter of the OAG dated September 22, 2021 (a "Standing Letter"). The bidder and each syndicate member listed on this Official Bid Form agree that it will not rescind any applicable Standing Letter at any time before the delivery of the Bonds unless the same is immediately replaced with a standing letter meeting the requirements of the OAG. The bidder hereby confirms and agrees to comply with the compliance verifications requirements set forth in the Notice of Sale for each such Standing Letter.

At the request of the District, the undersigned agrees to execute further written certification as may be necessary or convenient for the District to establish compliance with the foregoing.

The undersigned certifies that it [is]/[is not] exempt from filing the Texas Ethics Commission (the "TEC") Certificate of Interested Parties Form 1295 (the "Form 1295") by virtue of being a publicly traded business entity or a wholly owned subsidiary of a publicly traded business entity.

Respectfully submitted,	
Name of Initial Purchaser or Manager	
Authorized Representative	
Phone Number	
Signature	7
	ACCEPTANCE CLAUS

The above and foregoing bid is hereby accepted by Southeast Travis County Municipal Utility District No. 1 this the 3<sup>rd</sup> day of August, 2022.

ATTEST:

Secretary, Board of Directors Southeast Travis County Municipal Utility District No. 1 President, Board of Directors Southeast Travis County Municipal Utility District No. 1

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#### **ISSUE PRICE CERTIFICATE**

#### (sales where 3 bids are received)

The undersigned, as the underwriter or the manager of the syndicate of underwriters ("Initial Purchaser"), with respect to the purchase at competitive sale of the Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2022 issued by the Southeast Travis County Municipal Utility District No. 1 ("Issuer") in the aggregate principal amount of \$3,000,000 ("Bonds"), hereby certifies and represents, based on its records and information, as follows:

(a) On the first day on which there was a binding contract in writing for the purchase of the Bonds by the Initial Purchaser, the Initial Purchaser's reasonably expected initial offering prices of each maturity of the Bonds with the same credit and payment terms (the "Expected Offering Prices") to a person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter are as set forth in the pricing wire or equivalent communication for the Bonds, as attached to this Certificate as Schedule A. The Expected Offering Prices are the prices for the Bonds used by the Initial Purchaser in formulating its bid to purchase the Bonds.

(b) The Initial Purchaser had an equal opportunity to bid to purchase the Bonds and it was not given the opportunity to review other bids that was not equally given to all other bidders (i.e., no last look).

(c) The bid submitted by the Initial Purchaser constituted a firm bid to purchase the Bonds.

For purposes of this Issue Price Certificate, the term "Underwriter" means (1) (i) a person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, or (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (1)(i) of this paragraph (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (2) any person who has more than 50% common ownership, directly or indirectly, with a person described in clause (1) of this paragraph.

The undersigned understands that the foregoing information will be relied upon by the Issuer with respect to certain of the representations set forth in the Federal Tax Certificate and with respect to compliance with the federal income tax rules affecting the Bonds, and by McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P. in connection with rendering its opinion that the interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, the preparation of the Internal Revenue Service Form 8038-G, and other federal income tax advice that it may give to the Issuer from time to time relating to the Bonds. Notwithstanding anything set forth herein, the Initial Purchaser is not engaged in the practice of law and makes no representation as to the legal sufficiency of the factual matters set forth herein.

EXECUTED and DELIVERED as of this

·	, as Initial Purchaser
Ву:	

Name:

#### **ISSUE PRICE CERTIFICATE**

#### (sales where 3 bids are not received)

The undersigned, as the underwriter or the manager of the syndicate of underwriters ("Initial Purchaser"), with respect to the purchase at competitive sale of the Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2022 issued by the Southeast Travis County Municipal Utility District No. 1 ("Issuer") in the aggregate principal amount of \$3,000,000 ("Bonds"), hereby certifies and represents, based on its records and information, as follows:

(a) Other than the Bonds maturing in \_\_\_\_\_("Hold-the-Price Maturities"), if any, the first prices at which at least ten percent ("Substantial Amount") of the principal amount of each maturity of the Bonds having the same credit and payment terms ("Maturity") was sold on the date of sale of the Bonds (the "Sale Date") to a person (including an individual, trust, estate, partnership, association, company, or corporation) other than an Underwriter ("Public") are their respective initial offering prices (the "Initial Offering Prices"), as listed in the pricing wire or equivalent communication for the Bonds that is attached to this Certificate as Schedule A.

(b) On or before the Sale Date, the Initial Purchaser offered to the Public each Maturity of the Hold-the-Price Maturities at their respective Initial Offering Prices, as set forth in Schedule A hereto.

(c) As set forth in the Official Notice of Sale, the Initial Purchaser agreed in writing to neither offer nor sell any of the Holdthe-Price Maturities to any person at any higher price than the Initial Offering Price for such Hold-the-Price Maturity until the earlier of the close of the fifth business day after the Sale Date or the date on which the Initial Purchaser sells a Substantial Amount of a Hold-the-Price Maturity of the Bonds to the Public at no higher price than the Initial Offering Price for such Hold-the-Price Maturity.

For purposes of this Issue Price Certificate, the term "Underwriter" means (1) (i) a person that agrees pursuant to a written contract with the Issuer (or with the lead underwriter to form an underwriting syndicate) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, or (ii) any person that agrees pursuant to a written contract directly or indirectly with a person described in clause (1)(i) of this paragraph (including a member of a selling group or a party to a retail distribution agreement participating in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public) to participate in the initial sale of the Bonds to the Public, and (2) any person who has more than 50% common ownership, directly or indirectly, with a person described in clause (1) of this paragraph.

The undersigned understands that the foregoing information will be relied upon by the Issuer with respect to certain of the representations set forth in the Federal Tax Certificate and with respect to compliance with the federal income tax rules affecting the Bonds, and by McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P. in connection with rendering its opinion that the interest on the Bonds is excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, the preparation of the Internal Revenue Service Form 8038-G, and other federal income tax advice that it may give to the Issuer from time to time relating to the Bonds. Notwithstanding anything set forth herein, the Initial Purchaser is not engaged in the practice of law and makes no representation as to the legal sufficiency of the factual matters set forth herein.

EXECUTED and DELIVERED as of this \_

, as Initial Purchaser

By:\_\_\_\_\_

Name:

# SCHEDULE A

# PRICING WIRE OR EQUIVALENT COMMUNICATION

(Attached)



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#### PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED JULY 22, 2022

Delivery of the Bonds (defined herein) is subject to the opinion of McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Bond Counsel, to the effect that interest on the Bonds will be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes under statutes, regulations, published rulings and court decisions existing on the date thereof, subject to the matters described under "TAX MATTERS" herein.

NEW ISSUE - BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY

#### THE DISTRICT EXPECTS TO DESIGNATE THE BONDS AS QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS. See "TAX MATTERS – Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations for Financial Institutions" herein.

\$3,000,000

#### SOUTHEAST TRAVIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 (A Political Subdivision of the State of Texas Located in Travis County, Texas) UNLIMITED TAX BONDS, SERIES 2022

Dated: August 25, 2022

Due: August 15, as shown on the inside cover page

Interest to accrue from the Date of Initial Delivery (defined below)
PAYMENT TERMS . . . Interest on the Southeast Travis County Municipal Utility District No. 1 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2022
(the "Bonds") will accrue from the Date of Initial Delivery (defined below) will be payable February 15, 2023 and each August

(the "Bonds") will accrue from the Date of Initial Delivery (defined below), will be payable February 15, 2023 and each August 15 and February 15 thereafter until the earlier of maturity or redemption, and will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year composed of twelve 30-day months. The Bonds will be issued in fully registered form only, without coupons, in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, and when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as registered owner and nominee for The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, acting as securities depository for the Bonds until DTC resigns or is discharged. The Bonds initially will be available to purchasers in book-entry form only. So long as Cede & Co., as the nominee of DTC, is the registered owner of the Bonds, principal of and interest on the Bonds will be payable by the paying agent to DTC, which will be solely responsible for making such payment to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. The initial paying agent/registrar for the Bonds is BOKF, NA, Dallas, Texas (the "Paying Agent"). The Bonds are obligations solely of the Southeast Travis County Municipal Utility District No. 1 (the "District") and are not obligations of the City of Austin, Texas; Del Valle Independent School District; Travis County, Texas; the State of Texas; or any entity other than the District.

The Bonds, when issued, will constitute valid and legally binding obligations of the District and will be payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, levied against all taxable property within the District. See "THE BONDS – Source of and Security for Payment." THE BONDS ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIAL RISK FACTORS DESCRIBED HEREIN. See "RISK FACTORS" herein.

**PURPOSE**... The proceeds of the Bonds will be used to finance the District's share of: (i) Sun Chase Phase 1 water line extension; (ii) Sun Chase Phase 1 wastewater line improvements; (iii) Sun Chase Phase 1 wastewater access road; and (iv) engineering, inspection and permit expenses. The remaining Bond proceeds will be used to: (i) capitalize approximately twenty-four months' interest requirements on the Bonds; (ii) pay developer interest; and (iii) pay other costs associated with the issuance of the Bonds.

#### CUSIP PREFIX: 841521 MATURITY SCHEDULE, INTEREST RATES, INITIAL YIELDS, REDEMPTION PROVISIONS, AND OTHER TERMS See inside cover page

LEGALITY . . . The Bonds are offered by the Initial Purchaser subject to prior sale, when, as and if issued by the District and accepted by the Initial Purchaser, subject, among other things to the approval of the Initial Bond by the Attorney General of Texas and the approval of certain legal matters by McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Austin, Texas, Bond Counsel.

DELIVERY . . . Delivery of the Bonds is expected through the facilities of DTC on August 25, 2022 (the "Date of Initial Delivery").

# BIDS DUE: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 3, 2022 BY 9:30 AM, CDT AT 248 ADDIE ROY ROAD, SUITE B-103, AUSTIN, TEXAS 78746 AWARD EXPECTED: 1:00 PM, CDT

8/15	Principal	Interest	Initial	CUSIP
Maturity	Amount	Rate <sup>(a)</sup>	Yield <sup>(b)</sup>	Numbers <sup>(c)</sup>
2025	\$ 70,000			
2026	75,000			
2027	80,000			
2028	80,000			
2029	85,000			
2030	90,000			
2031	95,000			
2032	100,000			
2033	105,000			
2034	110,000			
2035	120,000			
2036	125,000			
2037	130,000			
2038	135,000			
2039	145,000			
2040	150,000			
2041	160,000			
2042	170,000			
2043	175,000			
2044	185,000			
2045	195,000			
2046	205,000			
2047	215,000			

#### MATURITY SCHEDULE

(Interest to accrue from the Date of Initial Delivery)

- (a) After requesting competitive bids for purchase of the Bonds, the District has accepted the lowest bid to purchase the Bonds, bearing interest as shown, at a price of \_\_\_\_\_% of par, resulting in a net effective interest rate to the District of \_\_\_\_\_%.
- (b) The initial reoffering yields indicated represent the lower of the yields resulting when priced to maturity or the first redemption date. The initial yields at which the Bonds will be priced will be established by and will be the sole responsibility of the Initial Purchaser (as herein defined). The yields may be changed at any time at the discretion of the Initial Purchaser.
- (c) CUSIP® is a registered trademark of the American Bankers Association. CUSIP Global Services ("CGS") is managed on behalf of the American Bankers Association by FactSet Research Systems Inc. CUSIP® data herein is provided by CGS. This data is not intended to create a database and does not serve in any way as a substitute for the CGS database. CUSIP® numbers are provided for convenience of reference only. None of the City, the Financial Advisor, the Initial Purchaser or their agents or counsel assume responsibility for the accuracy of such numbers. The CUSIP number for a specific maturity is subject to being changed after the issuance of the Bonds as a result of various subsequent actions including, but not limited to, a refunding in whole or in part as a result of the procurement of secondary market portfolio insurance or other similar enhancement by investors that is applicable to all or a portion of certain maturities for the Bonds.

**REDEMPTION PROVISIONS**... The District reserves the right to redeem, prior to maturity, in integral multiples of \$5,000, those Bonds maturing on and after August 15, 2028 in whole or from time to time in part, on August 15, 2027, or on any date thereafter at a price of par plus accrued interest from the most recent interest payment date to the date fixed for redemption. The Bonds may also be subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption if certain maturities of the Bonds are designated as term Bonds by the Initial Purchaser of the Bonds. See "THE BONDS – Redemption."

#### (THE REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE LEFT INTENTIONALLY BLANK)

For purposes of compliance with Rule 15c2-12 of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Rule"), this document constitutes a preliminary official statement of the District with respect to the Bonds that has been deemed "final" by the District as of its date except for the omission of the information permitted by the Rule.

No dealer, broker, salesman or other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations other than those contained in this Official Statement, and if given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the District.

This Official Statement does not alone constitute, and is not authorized by the District for use in connection with, an offer to sell or the solicitation of any offer to buy in any state in which such offer or solicitation is not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation.

All of the summaries of the statutes, orders, contracts, records, and engineering and other related reports set forth in the Official Statement are made subject to all of the provisions of such documents. These summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions, and reference is made to such documents, copies of which are available from the Financial Advisor, for further information.

This Official Statement contains, in part, estimates, assumptions and matters of opinion which are not intended as statements of fact, and no representation is made as to the correctness of such estimates, assumptions, or matters of opinion, or as to the likelihood that they will be realized. Any information and expressions of opinion herein contained are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this "Official Statement" nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the District or the other matters described herein since the date hereof. However, the District has agreed to keep this "Official Statement" current by amendment or sticker to reflect material changes in the affairs of the District, to the extent that information actually comes to its attention, until delivery of the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser and thereafter only as specified in "OFFICIAL STATEMENT – Updating the Official Statement During Underwriting Period" and "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION."

NEITHER THE DISTRICT NOR THE FINANCIAL ADVISOR MAKES ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY WITH RESPECT TO THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT REGARDING THE DEPOSITORY TRUST COMPANY OR ITS BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM.

NEITHER THE UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION (THE "SEC") NOR ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION HAS APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED THE BONDS OR PASSED UPON THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

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The cover page hereof, this page, the schedule and appendices included herein and any addenda, supplement or amendment hereto, are part of the Official Statement.

#### SALE AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE BONDS

AWARD OF THE BONDS . . . After requesting competitive bids for the Bonds, the District has accepted the bid of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (the "Initial Purchaser") to purchase the Bonds at the interest rates shown on the inside cover page of this Official Statement at a price of \_\_\_\_\_\_% of par. No assurance can be given that any trading market will be developed for the Bonds after their sale by the District to the Initial Purchaser. The District has no control over the price at which the Bonds are subsequently sold, and the initial yields at which the Bonds are priced and reoffered are established by and are the sole responsibility of the Initial Purchaser.

**PRICES AND MARKETABILITY**... The delivery of the Bonds is conditioned upon the receipt by the District of a certificate executed and delivered by the Initial Purchaser on or before the date of delivery of the Bonds stating the prices at which a substantial amount of the Bonds of each maturity has been sold to the public. For this purpose, the term "public" shall not include any person who is a bond house, broker or similar person acting in the capacity of underwriter or wholesaler. Otherwise, the District has no understanding with the Initial Purchaser regarding the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds. Information concerning reoffering yields or prices is the responsibility of the Initial Purchaser.

The prices and other terms with respect to the offering and sale of the Bonds may be changed from time to time by the Initial Purchaser after the Bonds are released for sale, and the Bonds may be offered and sold at prices other than the initial offering prices, including sales to dealers who may sell the Bonds into investment accounts. In connection with the offering of the Bonds, the Initial Purchaser may over-allot or effect transactions which stabilize or maintain the market prices of the Bonds at levels above those which might otherwise prevail in the open market. Such stabilizing, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time.

The District has no control over trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no guarantee that a secondary market will be made in the Bonds. In such a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked price of municipal utility district bonds may be greater than the difference between the bid and asked price of bonds of comparable maturity and quality issued by more traditional municipal entities, as bonds of such entities are more generally bought, sold or traded in the secondary market. Additionally, there are no assurances that if a secondary market for the Bonds were to develop, that it will not be disrupted by events including, but not limited to, the current pandemic associated with the COVID-19 virus. Consequently, investors may not be able to resell the Bonds purchased should they need or wish to do so for emergency or other purposes.

**SECURITIES LAWS**... No registration statement relating to the offer and sale of the Bonds has been filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, in reliance upon the exemptions provided thereunder. The Bonds have not been registered or qualified under the Securities Act of Texas in reliance upon various exemptions contained therein; nor have the Bonds been registered or qualified under the securities laws of any other jurisdiction. The District assumes no responsibility for registration of the Bonds under the securities laws of any other jurisdiction in which the Bonds may be offered, sold or otherwise transferred. This disclaimer of responsibility for registration for sale or other disposition of the Bonds shall not be construed as an interpretation of any kind with regard to the availability of any exemption from securities registration or qualification provisions in such other jurisdiction.

## NO MUNICIPAL BOND RATING AND INSURANCE

The District has not applied for an underlying rating nor is it expected that the District would have received an investment grade rating had such application been made. No application has been made to any municipal bond insurance company for qualification of the Bonds for municipal bond insurance nor is it expected that the District would have been successful in qualifying for a bond insurance commitment had such an application been made.

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#### OFFICIAL STATEMENT SUMMARY

The following material is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed information and financial statements appearing elsewhere in this Official Statement. The offering of the Bonds to potential investors is made only by means of this entire Official Statement. No person is authorized to detach this summary from this Official Statement or to otherwise use it without the entire Official Statement.

### THE DISTRICT

THE ISSUER	Southeast Travis County Municipal Utility District No. 1 (the "District") along with Southeast Travis County MUD No. 2, Southeast Travis County MUD No. 3 and Southeast Travis County MUD No. 4 are being developed as part of a master planned community known as Sun Chase. The Sun Chase development will include single-family, multi-family, and commercial uses together with parks and recreational facilities to serve the community. Sun Chase has a master development plan that will occur in phases beginning with the District. The District, a political subdivision of the State of Texas, was created under the laws of the State of Texas by Senate Bill No. 1913, Acts of the 82 <sup>nd</sup> Texas Legislature, Regular Session (2011), Chapter 1114, now codified as Chapter 8382, Subtitle F, Title 6 of the Special District Local Laws Code (the "Enabling Legislation"), and operates under Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code. The Enabling Legislation became effective May 25, 2011, subject to the consent of the City of Austin (the "City") to the creation, which was granted by the City on April 13, 2012. Creation of the District was confirmed at an election held on November 6, 2012. The District was created for the purposes of providing, operating, and maintaining facilities to control storm water; distributing potable water; collecting and treating wastewater; and providing and operating park and recreational facilities. See "THE DISTRICT – General."
LOCATION	The District is located approximately 12 miles southeast of the central business district of the City of Austin in southeastern Travis County, Texas. The District lies generally southeast of State Highways 130 and 71. Austin-Bergstrom International Airport is located approximately 5 miles northwest of the District. Major access to the District is provided by State Highway 130 to Pearce Lane (east) leading to Sun Chase Parkway at the District's northern boundary. The District is located wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Austin. See "THE DISTRICT – Location."
THE DEVELOPER	The developer currently active within the District is Qualico CR, L.P., a Texas limited partnership (the "Developer"). See "THE DEVELOPER – Description of Developer" and "THE DISTRICT – Current Status of Development."
DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE DISTRICT	Of the 187.72 acres within the District, approximately 153.53 are developable under current land development regulations. As of May 15, 2022, approximately 118.11 acres (or 87% of the developable acreage within the District) have been or are being developed with utility facilities for the master planned community of Sun Chase. In addition to single family uses, the District will also include duplex residential, mixed residential, multifamily and commercial uses. As of May 15, 2022, the development in the District consisted of 378 developed single family lots (or 468 single-family units as some of the lots allow for duplexes), which includes 378 completed homes, of which 133 were occupied, 11 homes under construction, and 234 vacant single family lots. See "THE DISTRICT – Current Status of Development."
Homebuilders	According to the Developer, there are currently two homebuilders within the District: The original homebuilder, Lennar Homes of Texas Land and Construction, Ltd., and the newest homebuilder, Gehan Homes, Ltd. Both homebuilders are building single family and duplex homes on three lot sizes (40', 50' and 60'). Lennar's homes range in price from \$331,000 to \$377,000 with square footage ranging from 1,256 to 1,950 for the single-family homes and \$314,000 to \$330,000 with a square footage ranging from 1,292 to 1,592 square feet for the duplex product. Gehan's single-family detached products range is from \$420,000 to \$485,000, the duplex product starts at \$370,000. See "THE DEVELOPER – Homebuilders within the District."

# THE BONDS

DESCRIPTION	The Bonds in the aggregate principal amount of \$3,000,000 mature serially in varying amounts on August 15 of each year from 2025 through 2047, inclusive, as set forth on the inside cover page hereof unless the Initial Purchaser elects to treat some maturities as term bonds. Interest accrues from the Date of Initial Delivery and is payable February 15, 2023 and each August 15 and February 15 thereafter until maturity or earlier redemption. The Bonds are offered in fully registered form in integral multiples of \$5,000 for any one maturity. See "THE BONDS – General Description."
REDEMPTION	The District reserves the right to redeem, prior to maturity, in integral multiples of \$5,000, those Bonds maturing on and after August 15, 2028, in whole or from time to time in part, on August 15, 2027, or on any date thereafter at a price of par plus accrued interest from the most recent interest payment date to the date fixed for redemption. See "THE BONDS – Redemption." Additionally, the Bonds may be subject to mandatory redemption if the Initial Purchaser elects to aggregate two or more consecutive maturities as term Bonds.
SOURCE OF PAYMENT	Principal of and interest on the Bonds are payable from the proceeds of a continuing, direct, annual ad valorem tax levied upon all taxable property within the District, which under Texas law is not legally limited as to rate or amount. See "TAXING PROCEDURES." The Bonds are obligations solely of the District and are not obligations of the City of Austin; Del Valle Independent School District; Travis County, Texas; the State of Texas; or any entity other than the District. See "THE BONDS – Source of and Security for Payment."
PAYMENT RECORD	The Bonds constitute the second installment of bonds issued by the District. The District has not previously defaulted on any outstanding debt. See "FINANCIAL STATEMENT – Table 3 – Unlimited Tax Bonds Authorized but Unissued."
AUTHORITY FOR ISSUANCE	The Bonds are issued pursuant to Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution and the general laws of the State of Texas including Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended; a bond election held within the District on November 6, 2012; the approving order of the TCEQ; and an order adopted by the Board of Directors of the District on the date of the sale of the Bonds. See "THE BONDS – Authority for Issuance."
USE OF PROCEEDS	The proceeds of the Bonds will be used to finance the District's share of: (i) Sun Chase Phase 1 water line extension; (ii) Sun Chase Phase 1 wastewater line improvements; (iii) Sun Chase Phase 1 wastewater access road; and (iv) engineering, inspection and permit expenses. The remaining Bond proceeds will be used to: (i) capitalize approximately twenty-four months' interest requirements on the Bonds; (ii) pay developer interest; and (iii) pay other costs associated with the issuance of the Bonds. See "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS."
Bonds Authorized But Unissued	At an election held within the District on November 6, 2012, the voters within the District approved the issuance of \$22,065,000 in bonds for water, wastewater and drainage facilities, \$1,541,650 in bonds for parks and recreational facilities, and \$7,500,000 in road bonds. The Bonds constitute the second installment of bonds issued by the District. After the sale of the Bonds, the District will have \$16,600,000 remaining in authorized but unissued utility bonds. All parks and recreational and road bonds remain authorized but unissued. See "FINANCIAL STATEMENT – Table 3 – Unlimited Tax Bonds Authorized but Unissued" and "THE BONDS – Issuance of Additional Debt."
NO MUNICIPAL BOND RATING AND INSURANCE	The District has not applied for an underlying rating nor is it expected that the District would have received an investment grade rating had such application been made. No application has been made to any municipal bond insurance company for qualification of the Bonds for municipal bond insurance.
QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS	The District is expected to designate the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" pursuant to Section 265(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,

	as amended, and has represented that the total amount of tax-exempt obligations (including the Bonds) issued by it during calendar year 2022 is not reasonably expected to exceed \$10,000,000. See "TAX MATTERS – Qualified Tax-Exempt Obligations for Financial Institutions."
BOND COUNSEL & DISCLOSURE COUNSEL	McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Austin, Texas
GENERAL COUNSEL	Armbrust & Brown, PLLC, Austin, Texas
FINANCIAL ADVISOR	Specialized Public Finance Inc., Austin, Texas
ENGINEER	Carlson, Brigance & Doering, Inc., Austin, Texas

# **RISK FACTORS**

The purchase and ownership of the Bonds involve certain risk factors and all prospective purchasers are urged to examine carefully the Official Statement, including particularly the section captioned "RISK FACTORS," with respect to investment in the Bonds.

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#### SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (Unaudited as of April 6, 2022)

2018 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation	1,996,121	
2019 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation\$	13,718,620	
2020 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation	26,719,153	(a)
2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation\$	38,789,678	(a)
Gross Direct Debt Outstanding of the District (after issuance of the Bonds)\$	5,465,000	(b)
Ratio of Gross Direct Debt to 2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation	14.09%	
2021 Tax Rate		
Debt Service\$	0.4400	
Maintenance		
Total 2021 Tax Rate\$	0.9800	(c)
General Fund Balance (as of April 6, 2022)	576,261	
Debt Service Fund Balance (as of April 6, 2022)\$	395,821	(d)
Capital Project Fund Balance (as of April 6, 2022)\$	108,611	
Projected Average Annual Debt Service Requirement of the Bonds and		
Outstanding Bonds ("Projected Average Requirement") (2022-2047)\$	349,247	
	,	
Tax Rate required to pay Projected Average Requirement based upon		
2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation at 95% collections\$	0.9478/\$100 AV	
	019 17 07 010 0 11 1	
Projected Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement of the Bonds and		
Outstanding Bonds ("Projected Maximum Requirement") (2045)	392,248	
	552,210	
Tax Rate required to pay Projected Maximum Requirement based upon		
2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation at 95% collections	1.0645/\$100 AV	
2021 continue randote randote valuation at $7570$ concertons	1.007 <i>J</i> /\$100 AV	
Number of homes and lots as of May 15, 2022:		
Total Completed Homes		
Total Completed Homes		

of nomes and lots as of May 15, 2022.	
Total Completed Homes	378
Occupied Completed Homes	133
Homes Under Construction	11
Vacant Lots	234
Estimated Population as of May 15, 2022	466 <sup>(e)</sup>

(a) Taxable Assessed Valuation of the District certified by the Travis Central Appraisal District ("TCAD"). See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

(b) Includes the Bonds.

(c) The District levied a 2021 total tax rate of \$0.9800 at the District's Board meeting in September 2021. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

(d) Unaudited as of April 6, 2022. Does not include approximately twenty-four months of capitalized interest (\$240,000) which is projected to be deposited into the Debt Service Fund at closing from the proceeds of the Bonds. Neither Texas Law nor the Bond Order requires that the District maintain any particular sum in the District's Debt Service Fund.

(e) Based upon 3.5 residents per completed and occupied single family home.

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# PRELIMINARY OFFICIAL STATEMENT relating to

#### \$3,000,000 SOUTHEAST TRAVIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 (A Political Subdivision of the State of Texas Located in Travis County, Texas) UNLIMITED TAX BONDS, SERIES 2022

#### **INTRODUCTION**

This Official Statement provides certain information in connection with the issuance by Southeast Travis County Municipal Utility District No. 1 (the "District"), a political subdivision of the State of Texas (the "State"), of its \$3,000,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2022 (the "Bonds").

The Bonds are issued pursuant to an order adopted by the Board of Directors of the District on the date of the sale of the Bonds (the "Bond Order"), pursuant to Article XVI, Section 59 of the Constitution and the general laws of the State, including Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended; a bond election held within the District on November 6, 2012; and the approving order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the "TCEQ" or the "Commission"). Additionally, the District anticipates obtaining approval by the City of Austin, Texas (the "City") on or about July 28, 2022.

Unless otherwise indicated, capitalized terms used in this Official Statement have the same meaning assigned to such terms in the Bond Order.

Included in this Official Statement are descriptions of the Bonds and certain information about the District and its finances. ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF DOCUMENTS CONTAINED HEREIN ARE SUMMARIES ONLY AND ARE QUALIFIED IN THEIR ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO EACH SUCH DOCUMENT. Copies of such documents may be obtained from the District c/o Armbrust & Brown, PLLC, 100 Congress Avenue, Suite 1300, Austin, Texas, 78701 or from the District's Financial Advisor, Specialized Public Finance Inc., 248 Addie Roy Road, Suite B-103, Austin, Texas, 78746, upon payment of reasonable copying, mailing and handling charges.

This Official Statement speaks only as of its date, and the information contained herein is subject to change. A copy of this Official Statement will be submitted to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board through its Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) system. See "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION" and "OFFICIAL STATEMENT – Updating Official Statement During Underwriting Period" for a description of the District undertaking to provide certain information on a continuing basis.

#### THE BONDS

**GENERAL DESCRIPTION**... The Bonds will bear interest from the Date of Initial Delivery and will mature on August 15 of the years and in the principal amounts, and will bear interest at the rates per annum, set forth on the inside cover page hereof. Interest on the Bonds will accrue from the Date of Initial Delivery, will be paid on February 15, 2023 and each August 15 and February 15 thereafter until maturity or earlier redemption and will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year composed of twelve 30-day months. The Bonds will be issued in fully registered form only, without coupons, in denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, and when issued, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as registered owner and nominee for The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, acting as securities depository for the Bonds until DTC resigns or is discharged. The Bonds initially will be available to purchasers in book-entry form only. So long as Cede & Co., as the nominee of DTC, is the registered owner of the Bonds, principal of and interest on the Bonds will be payable by the paying agent to DTC, which will be solely responsible for making such payment to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. The initial paying agent for the Bonds is BOKF, NA, Dallas, Texas (the "Paying Agent" or "Paying Agent/Registrar").

**REDEMPTION**... The Bonds maturing on and after August 15, 2028 are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District, in whole or from time to time in part, on August 15, 2027, or on any date thereafter, in integral multiples of \$5,000, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest from the most recent interest payment date to the date fixed for redemption. Additionally, the Bonds may be subject to mandatory redemption if the Initial Purchaser elects to aggregate two or more consecutive maturities as term Bonds.

*Notice of Redemption*... At least 30 calendar days prior to the date fixed for any optional redemption of Bonds or portions thereof prior to maturity a written notice of such redemption shall be sent by the Paying Agent by United States mail, first-class postage prepaid, at least 30 calendar days prior to the date fixed for redemption, to the registered owner of each Bond to be redeemed at its address as it appeared on the 45<sup>th</sup> calendar day prior to such redemption date and to major securities depositories and bond information services.

The Bonds of a denomination larger than \$5,000 may be redeemed in part (\$5,000 or any multiple thereof). Any Bond to be partially redeemed must be surrendered in exchange for one or more new Bonds of the same maturity for the unredeemed portion

of the principal of the Bonds so surrendered. In the event of redemption of less than all of the Bonds, the particular Bonds to be redeemed shall be selected by the District, if less than all of the Bonds of a particular maturity are to be redeemed; the Paying Agent is required to select the Bonds of such maturity to be redeemed by lot or other customary random method.

With respect to any optional redemption of the Bonds, unless certain prerequisites to such redemption required by the Bond Order have been met and money sufficient to pay the principal of and premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds to be redeemed will have been received by the Paying Agent prior to the giving of such notice of redemption, such notice will state that said redemption may, at the option of the District, be conditional upon the satisfaction of such prerequisites and receipt of such money by the Paying Agent on or prior to the date fixed for such redemption, or upon any prerequisite set forth in such notice of redemption. If a conditional notice of redemption is given and such prerequisites to the redemption are not fulfilled, such notice will be of no force and effect, the District will not redeem such Bonds, and the Paying Agent will give notice in the manner in which the notice of redemption was given, to the effect that the Bonds have not been redeemed.

If less than all of the Bonds are called for redemption, the particular Bonds, or portions thereof, to be redeemed shall be selected and designated by the District, and if less than all of a maturity, or sinking fund installment in the case of Term Bonds, is to be redeemed, the Paying Agent/Registrar shall determine by lot or other customary random method the Bonds, or portions thereof within such maturity to be redeemed (provided that a portion of a Bond may be redeemed only in integral multiples of \$5,000 principal amount); provided, that during any period in which ownership of the Bonds is determined only by a book entry at a securities depository for the Bonds, if fewer than all of the Bonds of the same maturity, or sinking fund installment in the case of Term Bonds, and bearing the same interest rate are to be redeemed, the particular Bonds of such maturity, such interest rate and such sinking fund installment in the case of Term Bonds shall be selected in accordance with the arrangement between the District and the securities depository.

**DTC REDEMPTION PROVISION**... The Paying Agent/Registrar and the District, so long as a book-entry-only system is used for the Bonds, will send any notice of redemption, notice of proposed amendment to the Bond Order or other notices with respect to the Bonds only to DTC. Any failure by DTC to advise any DTC Participant, as herein defined, or of any Direct Participant or Indirect Participant, as herein defined, to notify the beneficial owner, shall not affect the validity of the redemption of Bonds called for redemption or any other action premised on any such notice. Redemption of portions of the Bonds by the District will reduce the outstanding principal amount of such Bonds held by DTC.

In such event, DTC may implement, through its book-entry-only system, a redemption of such Bonds held for the account of DTC Participants in accordance with its rules or other agreements with DTC Participants and then Direct Participants and Indirect Participants may implement a redemption of such Bonds and such redemption will not be conducted by the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar. Neither the District nor the Paying Agent/Registrar will have any responsibility to the DTC Participants. Indirect Participants or the persons for whom DTC Participants act as nominees with respect to the payments on the Bonds or the providing of notice to Direct Participants, Indirect Participants, or beneficial owners of the selection of portions of the Bonds for redemption.

**TERMINATION OF BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM**... The District is initially utilizing the book-entry-only system of DTC ("Book-Entry-Only System"). See "BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM." In the event that the Book-Entry-Only System is discontinued by DTC or the District, the following provisions will be applicable to the Bonds.

*Payment* . . . Principal of the Bonds will be payable at maturity to the registered owners as shown by the registration books maintained by the Paying Agent upon presentation and surrender of the Bonds to the Paying Agent at the designated office for payment of the Paying Agent in Austin, Texas (the "Designated Payment/Transfer Office"). Interest on the Bonds will be payable by check or draft, dated as of the applicable interest payment date, sent by the Paying Agent by United States mail, first-class, postage prepaid, to the registered owners at their respective addresses shown on such records, or by such other method acceptable to the Paying Agent requested by registered owner at the risk and expense of the registered owner. If the date for the payment of the principal of or interest on the Bonds shall be a Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday, or day on which banking institutions in the city where the Designated Payment/Transfer Office of the Paying Agent is located are required or authorized by law or executive order to close, then the date for such payment shall be the next succeeding day which is not a Saturday, Sunday, legal holiday, or day on which banking institutions are required or authorized to close, and payment on such date shall for all purposes be deemed to have been made on the original date payment was due.

*Registration*... If the Book-Entry-Only System is discontinued, the Bonds may be transferred and re-registered on the registration books of the Paying Agent only upon presentation and surrender thereof to the Paying Agent at the Designated Payment/Transfer Office. A Bond also may be exchanged for a Bond or Bonds of like maturity and interest and having a like aggregate principal amount or maturity amount, as the case may, upon presentation and surrender at the Designated Payment/Transfer Office. All Bonds surrendered for transfer or exchange must be endorsed for assignment by the execution by the registered owner or his duly authorized agent of an assignment form on the Bonds or other instruction of transfer acceptable to the Paying Agent. Transfer and exchange of Bonds will be without expense or service charge to the registered owner, except for any tax or other governmental charges required to be paid with respect to such transfer or exchange. A new Bond or Bonds, in lieu of the Bond being transferred or exchanged, will be delivered by the Paying Agent to the registered owner, at the Designated Payment/Transfer Office of the Paying Agent or by United States mail, first-class, postage prepaid. To the extent possible, new Bonds issued in an exchange or transfer of Bonds will be delivered to the registered owner not more than three (3) business days after the receipt of the Bonds to be canceled in the exchange or transfer in the denominations of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof.

*Limitation on Transfer of Bonds*... Neither the District nor the Paying Agent shall be required to make any transfer, conversion or exchange to an assignee of the registered owner of the Bonds (i) during the period commencing on the close of business on the last (whether or not a business day) calendar day of the month preceding each interest payment date (the "Record Date") and ending with the opening of business on the next following principal or interest payment date or (ii) with respect to any Bond called for redemption, in whole or in part, within forty-five (45) days of the date fixed for redemption; provided, however, such limitation of transfer shall not be applicable to an exchange by the registered owner of the uncalled balance of a Bond.

*Replacement Bonds* . . . If a Bond is mutilated, the Paying Agent will provide a replacement Bond in exchange for the mutilated bond. If a Bond is destroyed, lost or stolen, the Paying Agent will provide a replacement Bond upon (i) the filing by the registered owner with the Paying Agent of evidence satisfactory to the Paying Agent of the destruction, loss or theft of the Bond and the authenticity of the registered owner's ownership and (ii) the furnishing to the Paying Agent of indemnification in an amount satisfactory to hold the District and the Paying Agent harmless. All expenses and charges associated with such indemnity and with the preparation, execution and delivery of a replacement Bond must be borne by the registered owner. The provisions of the Bond Order relating to the replacement Bonds are exclusive and to the extent lawful, preclude all other rights and remedies with respect to the replacement and payment of mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Bonds.

**AUTHORITY FOR ISSUANCE**... At an election held within the District on November 6, 2012, the voters within the District approved the issuance of \$22,065,000 in bonds for water, wastewater and drainage facilities, \$1,541,650 in bonds for parks and recreational facilities, and \$7,500,000 in road bonds. The Bonds constitute the second installment of bonds issued by the District. After the sale of the Bonds, the District will have \$16,600,000 remaining in authorized but unissued utility bonds. All parks and recreational and road bonds remain authorized but unissued. The Bonds are issued pursuant to the terms and provisions of the Bond Order; Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended, and Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution. The issuance of the Bonds has been approved by an order of the TCEQ. Additionally, the District anticipates obtaining approval by the City of Austin, Texas (the "City") on or about July 28, 2022.

**SOURCE OF AND SECURITY FOR PAYMENT**... The Bonds will be payable from and secured by a pledge of the proceeds of a continuing, direct, annual ad valorem tax without legal limitation as to rate or amount levied against all taxable property located within the District. The Board covenants in the Bond Order that, while any of the Bonds are outstanding and the District is in existence, it will levy an annual ad valorem tax and will undertake to collect such a tax against all taxable property within the District at a rate from year to year sufficient, full allowance being made for anticipated delinquencies, together with revenues and receipts from other sources which are legally available for such purposes, to pay interest on the Bonds as it becomes due, to provide a sinking fund for the payment of principal of the Bonds when due or the redemption price at any earlier required redemption date, to pay when due any other contractual obligations of the District payable in whole or in part from taxes, and to pay the expenses of assessing and collecting such tax. The net proceeds from taxes levied to pay debt service on the Bonds are required to be placed in a special account of the District designated its "Debt Service Fund" for the Bonds. The Bond Order provides for the termination of the pledge of taxes when and if the City of Austin (the "City") annexes and dissolves the District and assumes all debts and liabilities of the District.

The Bonds are obligations solely of the District and are not obligations of the City; Del Valle Independent School District; Travis County, Texas; the State of Texas; or any political subdivision or entity other than the District.

**PAYMENT RECORD**... The Bonds constitute the second installment of bonds issued by the District. The District has not previously defaulted on any outstanding debt. Approximately twenty-four months' capitalized interest is included in the proceeds of the Bonds.

**FLOW OF FUNDS**... The Bond Order creates or confirms the creation by the District of a Debt Service Fund and a Capital Projects Fund. Each fund shall be kept separate and apart from all other funds of the District. The Debt Service Fund shall constitute a trust fund which shall be held in trust for the benefit of the registered owner of the Bonds. Any cash balance in any fund must be continuously secured by a valid pledge to the District of securities eligible under the laws of Texas to secure the funds of municipal utility districts having an aggregate market value, exclusive of accrued interest, at all times equal to the cash balance in the fund to which such securities are pledged.

*Debt Service Fund*... The Bond Order establishes the Debt Service Fund to be used to pay principal and interest on and Paying Agent fees in respect to the Bonds. The Bond Order requires that the District deposit to the credit of the Debt Service Fund (i) from the delivery of the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser, the amount received from proceeds of the Bonds representing accrued interest, if any, and approximately twenty-four months' capitalized interest on the Bonds, (ii) District ad valorem taxes (and penalties and interest thereon) levied to pay debt service requirements on (or fees and expenses of the Paying Agent with respect of) the Bonds, and (iii) such other funds as the Board shall, at its option, deem advisable. The Bond Order requires that the Debt Service Fund be applied solely to provide for the payment of the principal or redemption price of and interest on the Bonds when due, and to pay fees to Paying Agent when due.

*Capital Projects Fund*... The Capital Projects Fund is the capital improvements fund of the District. The Bond Order requires the District to deposit to the credit of the Capital Projects Fund the balance of the proceeds of the Bonds remaining after the deposits to the Debt Service Fund provided in the Bond Order. The Capital Projects Fund may be applied solely to (i) pay the costs necessary or appropriate to accomplish the purposes for which the Bonds are issued, (ii) pay the costs of issuing the Bonds and (iii) to the extent the proceeds of the Bonds and investment income attributable thereto are in excess of the amounts required to acquire and

construct water, wastewater and drainage facilities as approved by TCEQ, then it is in the discretion of the Board of Directors of the District to transfer such unexpended proceeds or income to the Debt Service Fund or to utilize such funds as otherwise authorized by the TCEQ.

**PAYING AGENT/REGISTRAR**... Principal of and semiannual interest on the Bonds will be paid by BOKF, NA having an office for payment in Dallas, Texas, the Paying Agent. The Paying Agent must be either a bank, trust company, financial institution or other entity duly qualified and equally authorized to serve and perform the duties as paying agent and registrar for the Bonds.

Provision is made in the Bond Order for the District to replace the Paying Agent by a resolution of the District giving notice to the Paying Agent of the termination of the appointment, stating the effective date of the termination and appointing a successor Paying Agent. If the Paying Agent is replaced by the District, the new Paying Agent shall be required to accept the previous Paying Agent's records and act in the same capacity as the previous Paying Agent. Any successor paying agent/registrar selected by the District shall be subject to the same qualification requirements as the Paying Agent. The successor paying agent/registrar, if any, shall be determined by the Board of Directors and written notice thereof, specifying the name and address of such successor paying agent/registrar will be sent by the District or the successor paying agent/registrar to each registered owner by first-class mail, postage prepaid.

DEFEASANCE OF OUTSTANDING BONDS . . . General . . . The Bond Order provides for the defeasance of the Bonds and the termination of the pledge of taxes and all other general defeasance covenants in the Bond Order under certain circumstances. Any Bond and the interest thereon shall be deemed to be paid, retired, and no longer outstanding within the meaning of the Bond Order (a "Defeased Bond"), except to the extent provided below for the Paying Agent to continue payments, when the payment of all principal and interest payable with respect to such Bond to the due date or dates thereof (whether such due date or dates be by reason of maturity, upon redemption, or otherwise) either (i) shall have been made or caused to be made in accordance with the terms thereof (including the giving of any required notice of redemption) or (ii) shall have been provided for on or before such due date by irrevocably depositing with or making available to the Paying Agent or an eligible trust company or commercial bank for such payment (1) lawful money of the United States of America sufficient to make such payment, (2) Defeasance Securities (defined below) that mature as to principal and interest in such amounts and at such times as will ensure the availability, without reinvestment, of sufficient money to provide for such payment, or (3) any combination of (1) and (2) above, and when proper arrangements have been made by the District with the Paying Agent or an eligible trust company or commercial bank for the payment of its services until after all Defeased Bonds shall have become due and payable. At such time as a Bond shall be deemed to be a Defeased Bond, such Bond and the interest thereon shall no longer be secured by, payable from, or entitled to the benefits of, the ad valorem taxes levied and pledged, as provided in the Bond Order and such principal and interest shall be payable solely from such money or Defeasance Securities, and shall not be regarded as outstanding under the Bond Order.

Any money so deposited with or made available to the Paying Agent or an eligible trust company or commercial bank also may be invested at the written direction of the District in Defeasance Securities, maturing in the amounts and times as hereinbefore set forth, and all income from such Defeasance Securities received by the Paying Agent or an eligible trust company or commercial bank that is not required for the payment of the Bonds and interest thereon, with respect to which such money has been so deposited, shall be remitted to the District or deposited as directed in writing by the District.

Until all Defeased Bonds shall have become due and payable, the Paying Agent shall perform the services of Registrar for such Defeased Bonds the same as if they had not been defeased, and the District shall make proper arrangements to provide and pay for such services as required by the Bond Order.

For purposes of these provisions, "Defeasance Securities" means (i) direct non-callable obligations of the United States of America, including obligations that are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States of America, (ii) non-callable obligations of an agency or instrumentality of the United States of America, including obligations that are unconditionally guaranteed by the Board of Directors adopts or approves proceedings authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds or otherwise provide for the funding of an escrow to effect the defeasance of the Bonds, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than "AAA" or its equivalent, (iii) non-callable obligations of a state or an agency or a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of a state that have been refunded and that, on the date the Board of Directors adopts or a proves proceedings or otherwise provide for the funding firm not less than "AAA" or its equivalent, (iii) non-callable obligations of a state or an agency or a county, municipality, or other political subdivision of a state that have been refunded and that, on the date the Board of Directors adopts or approves proceedings authorizing the issuance of refunding bonds or otherwise provide for the funding of an escrow to effect the defeasance of the Bonds, are rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than "AAA" or its equivalent and (iv) any other then authorized securities or obligations under applicable State law that may be used to defease obligations such as the Bonds.

Any such obligations must be certified by an independent public accounting firm of national reputation to be of such maturities and interest payment dates and bear such interest as will, without further investment or reinvestment of either the principal amount thereof or the interest earnings therefrom, be sufficient to provide all debt service payments on the Bonds.

There is no assurance that the current law will not be changed in a manner which would permit investments other than those described above to be made without amounts deposited to defease the Bonds. Because the Bond Order does not contractually limit such investments, registered owners may be deemed to have consented to defeasance with such other investments, notwithstanding the fact that such investments may not be of the same investment quality as those currently permitted under State law. There is no assurance that the ratings for U.S. Treasury securities used as Defeasance Securities or those for any other Defeasance Securities will be maintained at any particular rating category.

*Retention of Rights*... To the extent that, upon the defeasance of any Defeased Bond to be paid at its maturity, the District retains the right under Texas law to later call the Defeased Bond for redemption in accordance with the provisions of the order authorizing its issuance, the District may call such Defeased Bond for redemption upon complying with the provisions of Texas law and upon satisfaction of the provisions set forth above regarding such Defeased Bond as though it was being defeased at the time of the exercise of the option to redeem the Defeased Bond and the effect of the redemption is taken into account in determining the sufficiency of the provisions made for the payment of the Defeased Bond.

*Investments*... Any escrow agreement or other instrument entered into between the District and the Paying Agent or an eligible trust company or commercial bank pursuant to which money and/or Defeasance Securities are held by the Paying Agent or an eligible trust company or commercial bank for the payment of Defeased Bonds may contain provisions permitting the investment or reinvestment of such moneys in Defeasance Securities or the substitution of other Defeasance Securities upon the satisfaction of certain requirements. All income from such Defeasance Securities received by the Paying Agent or an eligible trust company or commercial bank which is not required for the payment of the Bonds and interest thereon, with respect to which such money has been so deposited, will be remitted to the District or deposited as directed in writing by the District.

**RECORD DATE**... The Record Date for payment of the interest on Bonds on any regularly scheduled interest payment date is defined as the last calendar day of the month (whether or not a business day) preceding such interest payment date.

**ISSUANCE OF ADDITIONAL DEBT**... The District may issue bonds or other obligations necessary to provide those improvements and facilities for which the District was created, with the approval of the TCEQ, as applicable, and, in the case of bonds payable from taxes, the District's voters. On November 6, 2012, voters within the District authorized the issuance of unlimited tax bonds in the principal amounts of \$22,065,000 for the purpose of providing water, wastewater, and drainage facilities to meet the needs of the residents and customers of the District. Following the issuance of the Bonds, \$16,600,000 in unlimited tax bonds authorized by the District voters will remain authorized but unissued for water, wastewater and drainage facilities. See "FINANCIAL STATEMENT – Table 3 – Unlimited Tax Bonds Authorized But Unissued." The District's voters, at the election held within the District on November 6, 2012, also authorized the issuance of \$1,541,650 in bonds for parks and recreational facilities and \$7,500,000 for road bonds, all of which remain authorized but unissued. Neither Texas law nor the Bond Order imposes a limitation on the amount of additional bonds which may be issued by the District. Any additional bonds issued by the District may dilute the security of the Bonds. See "RISK FACTORS."

According to the District's engineer, the \$16,600,000 in principal amount of bonds authorized but unissued should be sufficient to reimburse the Developer for the water, wastewater and drainage facilities required for development within the District. In addition, voters may authorize the issuance of additional bonds or other contractual obligations secured by ad valorem taxes. The District also has the right to issue refunding bonds, as well as revenue bonds and notes without voter approval. The District does not employ any formula with respect to assessed valuations, tax collections or otherwise to limit the amount of parity bonds which it may issue. The issuance of additional non-road bonds is subject to approval of the TCEQ pursuant to its rules regarding issuance and feasibility of bonds and the City. In addition, future changes in health or environmental regulations could require the construction and financing of additional improvements without any corresponding increases in taxable value in the District.

**LEGAL INVESTMENT AND ELIGIBILITY TO SECURE PUBLIC FUNDS IN TEXAS**... Pursuant to Section 49.186 of the Texas Water Code, bonds, notes or other obligations issued by a municipal utility district "shall be legal and authorized investments for all banks, trust companies, building and loan associations, savings and loan associations, insurance companies of all kinds and types, fiduciaries, and trustees, and for all interest and sinking funds and other public funds of the State, and all agencies, subdivisions, and instrumentalities of the State, including all counties, cities, towns, villages, school districts and all other kinds and types of districts, public agencies and bodies politic." Additionally, Section 49.186 of the Texas Water Code provides that bonds, notes or other obligations issued by a municipal utility district are eligible and lawful security for all deposits of public funds of the State and all agencies, subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State. For political subdivisions in Texas which have adopted investment policies and guidelines in accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act (Texas Government Code, Chapter 2256), the Bonds may have to be assigned a rating of not less than "A" or its equivalent as to investment quality by a national rating agency before such obligations are eligible investments for sinking funds and other public funds.

The District makes no representation that the Bonds will be acceptable to banks, savings and loan associations, or public entities for investment purposes or to secure deposits of public funds. The District has made no investigation of other laws, regulations or investment criteria which might apply to or otherwise limit the availability of the Bonds for investment or collateral purposes. Prospective purchasers are urged to carefully evaluate the investment quality of the Bonds and as to the acceptability of the Bonds for investment or collateral purposes.

**SPECIFIC TAX COVENANTS**... In the Bond Order the District has covenanted with respect to, among other matters, the use of the proceeds of the Bonds and the manner in which the proceeds of the Bonds are to be invested. The District may omit to comply with any such covenant if it has received a written opinion of a nationally recognized bond counsel to the effect that regulations or rulings hereafter promulgated modify or expand provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), so that such covenant is ineffective or inapplicable or noncompliance with such covenant will not adversely affect the exemption from federal income taxation of interest on the Bonds under Section 103 of the Code.

ADDITIONAL COVENANTS . . . The District has additionally covenanted in the Bond Order that it will keep accurate records and accounts and employ an independent certified public accountant to audit and report on its financial affairs at the close of each fiscal year, such audits to be in accordance with applicable law, rules and regulations and open to inspection in the office of the District.

REMEDIES IN EVENT OF DEFAULT . . . The Bond Order establishes specific events of default with respect to the Bonds. If the District defaults in the payment of the principal of or interest on the Bonds when due, or the District defaults in the observance or performance of any of the covenants, conditions, or obligations of the District, the failure to perform which materially, adversely affects the rights of the owners, including but not limited to, their prospect or ability to be repaid in accordance with the Bond Order, and the continuation thereof for a period of 60 days after notice of such default is given by any owner to the District, the Bond Order and Chapter 54 of the Texas Water Code provides that any registered owner is entitled to seek a writ of mandamus from a court of proper jurisdiction requiring the District to make such payment or observe and perform such covenants, obligations, or conditions. The issuance of a writ of mandamus may be sought if there is no other available remedy at law to compel performance of the Bonds or the Bond Order and the District's obligations are not uncertain or disputed. The remedy of mandamus is controlled by equitable principles, subject to the discretion of the court, but may not be arbitrarily refused. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of default and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. The Bond Order does not provide for the appointment of a trustee to represent the interest of the Bondholders upon any failure of the District to perform in accordance with the terms of the Bond Order, or upon any other condition and accordingly all legal actions to enforce such remedies would have to be undertaken at the initiative of, and be financed by, the registered owners. On April 1, 2016, the Texas Supreme Court ruled in Wasson Interests, Ltd. v. City of Jacksonville, 489 S.W.3d 427 (Tex. 2016) ("Wasson P), that governmental immunity does not imbue a city with derivative immunity when it performs a proprietary, as opposed to a governmental, function in respect to contracts executed by a city. On October 5, 2018, the Texas Supreme Court issued a second opinion to clarify Wasson I, Wasson Interest, Ltd. v. City of Jacksonville, 559 S.W.3d 142 (Tex. 2018) ("Wasson II," and together with Wasson I, "Wasson"), ruling that to determine whether governmental immunity applies to a breach of contract claim, the proper inquiry is whether the municipality was engaged in a governmental or proprietary function at the time it entered into the contract, not at the time of the alleged breach. In Wasson, the Court recognized that the distinction between governmental and proprietary functions is not clear. Therefore, in regard to municipal contract cases (as opposed to tort claim cases), it is incumbent on the courts to determine whether a function was governmental or proprietary based upon the statutory and common law guidance at the time of the contractual relationship. Texas jurisprudence has generally held that proprietary functions are those conducted by a city in its private capacity, for the benefit only of those within its corporate limits, and not as an arm of the government or under authority or for the benefit of the State; these are usually activities that can be, and often are, provided by private persons, and therefore are not done as a branch of the State, and do not implicate the state's immunity since they are performed under the authority, or for the benefit, of the State as sovereign. Issues related to the applicability of a governmental immunity as they relate to the issuance of municipal debt have not been adjudicated. Each situation will be evaluated on the facts and circumstances surrounding the contract in question. On June 30, 2006, the Texas Supreme Court ruled in Tooke v. City of Mexia, 49 Tex. Sup. Ct. J. 819 (Tex. 2006), that a waiver of sovereign immunity in a contractual dispute must be provided for by statute in "clear and unambiguous" language. Because it is unclear whether the Texas legislature has effectively waived the District's sovereign immunity from a suit for money damages, Bondholders may not be able to bring such a suit against the District for breach of the Bonds or Bond Order covenants. Even if a judgment against the District could be obtained, it could not be enforced by direct levy and execution against the District's property. Further, the registered owners cannot themselves foreclose on property within the District or sell property within the District to enforce the tax lien on taxable property to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. Furthermore, the District is eligible to seek relief from its creditors under Chapter 9 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code ("Chapter 9"). Although Chapter 9 provides for the recognition of a security interest represented by a specifically pledged source of revenues, the pledge of ad valorem taxes in support of a general obligation of a bankrupt entity is not specifically recognized as a security interest under Chapter 9. Chapter 9 also includes an automatic stay provision that would prohibit, without Bankruptcy Court approval, the prosecution of any other legal action by creditors or Bondholders of an entity which has sought protection under Chapter 9. Therefore, should the District avail itself of Chapter 9 protection from creditors, the ability to enforce would be subject to the approval of the Bankruptcy Court (which could require that the action be heard in Bankruptcy Court instead of other federal or state court); and the Bankruptcy Code provides for broad discretionary powers of a Bankruptcy Court in administering any proceeding brought before it. The opinion of Bond Counsel will note that all opinions relative to the enforceability of the Bonds are qualified with respect to the customary rights of debtors relative to their creditors.

**CONSOLIDATION**... A district (such as the District) has the legal authority to consolidate with other districts and, in connection therewith, to provide for the consolidation of its water system with the water system(s) of the district(s) with which it is consolidating. The revenues of the consolidated system may be pledged equally to all first lien bonds of the consolidating districts. No representation is made that the District will consolidate its water system with that of any other district.

ANNEXATION . . . The District lies entirely within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Austin, Texas (the "City"). Under prior Texas law, a municipality could annex and dissolve a municipality utility district located within its extraterritorial jurisdiction without the consent of the District or its residents. Under House Bill 347 approved during the 86th Regular Legislative Session ("HB 347"), (a) a municipality may annex a district with a population less than 200 residents only if: (i) the municipality obtains the consent to annex the area through a petition signed by more than 50% of the registered voters of the district, and (ii) if the registered voters in the area to be annexed do not own more than 50% of the land in the area, a petition has been signed by more than 50% of the landowners a district with a population of 200 residents or more only if: (i) such annexation has been approved by a majority of those voting in an election held for that purpose within the area to be annexed, and (ii) if the registered voters in the area to be annexed on the soft by a majority of those voting in an election held for that purpose within the area to be annexed, and (ii) if the registered voters in the area to be annexed, and (ii) if the registered voters in the area to be annexed, and (ii) if the registered voters in the area to be annexed, and (ii) if the registered voters in the area to be annexed, and (ii) if the registered voters in the area to be annexed, and (iii) if the registered voters in the area to be annexed do not own more than 50% of the landowners consenting to the annexation; and (b) a municipality of those voting in an election held for that purpose within the area to be annexed, and (ii) if the registered voters in the area to be annexed do not own more than 50% of the landowners consenting to the annexation. Notwithstanding the

foregoing, a municipality may annex an area if each owner of land in the area requests the annexation. As of August 1, 2020, the District had an estimated population of 417, thus triggering the voter approval and/or landowner consent requirements discussed above. The described election and petition process does not apply, however, during the term of a strategic partnership agreement between a municipality and a district specifying the procedures for annexation of all or a portion of the District.

If a municipal utility district is annexed, the municipality must assume the assets, functions, and obligations of the district, including outstanding bonds, and the pledge of taxes will terminate. No representation is made concerning the likelihood of annexation and dissolution or the ability of the City to make debt service payments on the Bonds should dissolution occur.

Annexation of territory by the City is a policy-making matter within the discretion of the Mayor and City Council of Austin and therefore, the District makes no representation that the City will ever annex the District and assume its debt. See "Strategic Partnership Agreement" below for a description of the terms of the Strategic Partnership Agreement between the City and the District.

**STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT** . . . In accordance with the Strategic Partnership Agreement between the City and the District dated June 4, 2012 (the "SPA"), the City may convert all of the remaining land in the District to full purpose annexation status at such time as it determines such conversion to be appropriate, subject to the terms of the Consent Agreement between the City, the District and the Developer dated April 13, 2012 (the "Consent Agreement") and the SPA, but, except as otherwise provided in the Consent Agreement, in no event sooner than December 31, 2023. Additionally, the District anticipates obtaining approval by the City of Austin, Texas (the "City") on or about July 28, 2022.

ALTERATION OF BOUNDARIES . . . In certain circumstances under Texas law, the District may alter its boundaries to: (i) upon satisfying certain conditions, annex additional territory; and (ii) exclude land subject to taxation within the District that does not need to utilize the service of District facilities if certain conditions are satisfied, including the District simultaneously annexing land of at least equal value that may be practicably served by District facilities. Such land substitution is subject to the approval of the TCEQ. No representation is made concerning the likelihood that the District will effect any change in its boundaries.

**APPROVAL OF THE BONDS**... The Attorney General of Texas must approve the legality of the Bonds prior to their delivery. The Attorney General of Texas does not pass upon or guarantee the quality of the Bonds as an investment, nor does he pass upon the adequacy or accuracy of the information contained in this Official Statement.

AMENDMENTS TO THE BOND ORDER . . . The District may, without the consent of or notice to any registered owners, amend the Bond Order in any manner not detrimental to the interest of the registered owners, including the curing of an ambiguity, inconsistency, or formal defect or omission therein. In addition, the District may, with the written consent of the owners of a majority in principal amount of the Bonds then outstanding affected thereby, amend, add to, or rescind any of the provisions of the Bond Order, except that, without the consent of the owners of all of the Bonds affected, no such amendment, addition, or rescission may (i) extend the time or times of payment of the principal of and interest on the Bonds, reduce the principal amount thereof or the rate of interest therein, change the place or places at, or the coin or currency in which, any Bond or the interest thereon is payable, or in any other way modify the terms of payment of the principal of or interest on the Bonds, (ii) give any preference to any Bond over any other Bond, or (iii) reduce the aggregate principal amount of Bonds required for consent to any such amendment, addition, or rescission. In addition, a state, consistent with federal law, may within the exercise of its police powers make such modifications in the terms and conditions of contractual covenants relating to the payment of indebtedness of its political subdivisions as are reasonable and necessary for attainment of an important public purpose.

# **BOOK-ENTRY-ONLY SYSTEM**

This section describes how ownership of the Bonds is to be transferred and how the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds are to be paid to and credited by the DTC while the Bonds are registered in its nominee's name. The information in this section concerning DTC and the Book-Entry-Only System has been provided by DTC for use in disclosure documents such as this Official Statement. The District believes the source of such information to be reliable but takes no responsibility for the accuracy or completeness thereof.

The District cannot and does not give any assurance that (i) DTC will distribute payments of debt service on the Bonds, or redemption or other notices, to DTC Participant, (ii) DTC Participants or others will distribute debt service payments paid to DTC or its nominee (as the registered owner of the Bonds), or redemption or other notices, to the Beneficial Owners, or that they will do so on a timely basis, or (iii) DTC will serve and act in the manner described in this Official Statement. The current rules applicable to DTC are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and the current procedures of DTC to be followed in dealing with DTC Participants are on file with DTC.

The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, New York, will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered Bonds registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered Bond certificate will be issued for each maturity of the Bonds, each in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC"). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of "AA+." The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers. Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Bond documents. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit has agreed to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within a maturity are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such maturity to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the District as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

All payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with Bonds held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Paying Agent/Registrar, or the District, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the District or the Paying Agent/Registrar. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, Bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The District may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the District believes to be reliable, but neither the District nor the Financial Advisor take any responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

#### USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS

The proceeds of the Bonds will be used to finance the District's share of: (i) Sun Chase Phase 1 water line extension; (ii) Sun Chase Phase 1 watewater line improvements; (iii) Sun Chase Phase 1 watewater access road; and (iv) engineering, inspection and permit expenses. The remaining Bond proceeds will be used to: (i) capitalize approximately twenty-four months' interest requirements on the Bonds; (ii) pay developer interest; and (iii) pay other costs associated with the issuance of the Bonds.

The estimated use and distribution of Bond proceeds is set forth below. Of the proceeds to be received from the sale of the Bonds, \$2,049,130 is estimated to be required for construction costs, and \$950,870 is estimated to be required for non-construction costs, including \$240,000 of capitalized interest (approximately twenty-four months' interest estimated at 4.00%).

I.	<u>CO</u>	INSTRUCTION COSTS	District's Share	
	A.	Developer Contribution Items - None		
	B.	District Items		
		1. Sun Chase Phase 1 Water Line Extension\$	241,434	
		2. Sun Chase Phase 1 Wastewater Improvements	1,343,682	
		3. Sun Chase Phase 1 Wastewater – Access Road	218,220	
		4. Engineering, Inspection and Permits	245,794	
		Total District Costs		
Total C	onstr	ruction Costs (68.3% of BIR)\$	2,049,130	
II.	NO	N-CONSTRUCTION COSTS		
	A.	General Counsel Fees (1.50%)\$	45,000	
	В.	Bond Counsel Fees (1.50%)	45,000	
	С.	Fiscal Agent Fees (2.00%)	52,500	
	D.	Interest:		
		1. Capitalized Interest (24 months at an estimated 4.00%)	240,000	
		2. Developer Interest	260,279	(a)
	E.	Bond Discount (3.00%)	90,000	
	F.	Bond Issuance Expenses	29,388	
	G.	Operation Advances	127,203	
	H.	Bond Application Report Costs	51,000	
	I.	Attorney General Fee (0.10%)	3,000	
	J.	TCEQ Fee (0.25%)	7,500	
Total N	on-C	onstruction Costs\$	950,870	
TOTAL	BO	ND ISSUE REQUIREMENT\$	3,000,000	

(a) Estimated at 4.00%. The amount of developer interest will be finalized in connection with the reimbursement report approved by the Board of Directors prior to disbursement of funds.

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#### **RISK FACTORS**

**GENERAL**... The Bonds, which are obligations of the District and are not obligations of the City of Austin; Del Valle Independent School District; Travis County, Texas; the State of Texas; or any other political subdivision, will be secured by a continuing direct annual ad valorem tax, without legal limitation as to rate or amount, on all taxable property located within the District. See "THE BONDS – Source of and Security for Payment."

The ultimate security for payment of principal of and interest on the Bonds depends on the ability of the District to collect from the property owners within the District all taxes levied against the property or, in the event of foreclosure, on the value of the taxable property with respect to taxes levied by the District and by other taxing authorities. The collection by the District of delinquent taxes owed to it and the enforcement by registered owners of the District's obligation to collect sufficient taxes may be a costly and lengthy process. Furthermore, the District cannot and does not make any representations that continued development of property within the District will occur or that the development in the District will maintain taxable values sufficient to justify continued payment by property owners or that there will be a market for the property. See "RISK FACTORS – Registered Owners' Remedies."

**INFECTIOUS DISEASE OUTBREAK-COVID-19**... The World Health Organization has declared a pandemic following the outbreak of COVID-19, a respiratory disease caused by a new strain of coronavirus (the "Pandemic") which is currently affecting many parts of the world, including the United States and Texas. On January 31, 2020, the Secretary of the United States Health and Human Services Department declared a public health emergency for the United States in connection with COVID-19. On March 13, 2020, the President of the United States declared the Pandemic a national emergency and the Texas Governor (the "Governor") declared COVID-19 an imminent threat of disaster for all counties in Texas (collectively, the "disaster declarations"). On March 25, 2020, in response to a request from the Governor, the President issued a Major Disaster Declaration for the State of Texas.

Pursuant to Chapter 418 of the Texas Government Code, the Governor has broad authority to respond to disasters, including suspending any regulatory statute prescribing the procedures for conducting state business or any order or rule of a state agency that would in any way prevent, hinder, or delay necessary action in coping with the disaster and issuing executive orders that have the force and effect of law. The Governor has issued a number of executive orders relating to COVID-19 preparedness and mitigation. Furthermore, the Governor has previously suspended various statutes of the Texas Open Meetings Act that require government officials and members of the public to be physically present at a specified meeting location which allowed for telephonic or videoconference meetings of governmental bodies that are accessible to the public in an effort to reduce in-person meetings that assemble large groups of people. The Governor retains the right to impose additional restrictions on activities if needed to mitigate the effects of COVID-19. Additional information regarding executive orders issued by the Governor is accessible on the website of the Governor at http://gov.texas.gov/. Neither the information on, nor accessed through, such website of the Governor is incorporated by reference into this Official Statement. Many of the federal, state, and local actions and policies under the aforementioned disaster declarations are focused on limiting instances where the public can congregate or interact with each other, which affect economic growth within Texas.

The Pandemic has negatively affected travel, commerce, and financial markets globally, and may continue to negatively affect economic growth and financial markets worldwide and within Texas. While any potential impact of COVID-19 on the District cannot be quantified at this time, the continued outbreak of COVID-19 could have an adverse effect on the District's operations and financial condition or rating by impacting property tax values and the collection of ad valorem taxes. See "RISK FACTORS – Factors Affecting Taxable Values and Tax Payments."

**FACTORS AFFECTING TAXABLE VALUES AND TAX PAYMENTS** . . . *Economic Factors, Interest Rates, Credit Availability and Residential Foreclosures:* A substantial percentage of the taxable value of the District results from the current market value of single-family residences and developed lots. The market value of such homes and lots is related to general economic conditions affecting the demand for and taxable value of residences. Demand for lots and residential dwellings can be significantly affected by factors such as interest rates, credit availability, construction costs, energy availability and the economic prosperity and demographic characteristics of the urban centers toward which the marketing of lots is directed. Decreased levels of construction activity would tend to restrict the growth of property values in the District or could adversely impact existing values.

Interest rates and the availability of credit, including mortgage and development funding, have a direct impact on the construction activity, particularly short-term interest rates at which the Developer and homebuilders are able to obtain financing for development and construction costs. As a result of increasing foreclosure activity, potential adverse impact on assessed valuations and a general tightening of credit that has resulted, lenders have increased lending requirements for both single family mortgage lending and real estate development lending. Additionally, lenders have been selective in recent years in making real estate development loans in the Austin area because of the negative impact to their real estate portfolios. Interest rate levels and the general availability of credit may affect the ability of a landowner with undeveloped property to undertake and complete development activities within the District and the ability of potential homeowners to purchase homes. Because of the numerous and changing factors affecting the availability of funds, the District is unable to assess the future availability of such funds for continued development and construction within the District. In addition, the success of development within the District and growth of District taxable property values are, to a great extent, a function of the Austin metropolitan and regional economics.

*National Economy:* Nationally, there have been periods of significant downturn in new housing construction due to the lack of liquidity and other factors, resulting in a decline in housing market values. The ability of individuals to qualify for a

mortgage as well as the general reduction in mortgage availability has also decreased housing sales periodically. The Austin area, including the District, has also periodically experienced reduced levels of home construction and home sales activity. The District cannot predict what impact, if any, a downturn in the national housing and financial markets may have on the Central Texas market and the District.

*Competition:* The demand for single-family homes in the District could be affected by competition from other residential developments, including other residential developments located in other utility districts located near the District. In addition to competition for new home sales from other developments, there are numerous previously-owned homes in more established neighborhoods closer to downtown Austin that are for sale. Such homes could represent additional competition for homes proposed to be sold within the District.

The competitive position of the Developer in the sale of developed lots and of prospective homebuilders in the construction of single-family residential houses within the District is affected by most of the factors discussed in this section. Such a competitive position is directly related to the growth and maintenance of taxable values in the District and tax revenues to be received by the District. The District can give no assurance that building and marketing programs in the District by the Developer will be implemented or, if implemented, will be successful.

**Dependence Upon Developer and Homebuilders:** The Developer is the principal taxpayer in the District. The growth of the tax base is dependent upon additional construction of homes within the District. The Developer is under no obligation to continue to market for improvement of developed tracts of land. Thus, the furnishing of information related to the proposed development by the Developer should not be interpreted as such a commitment by the Developer. The District makes no representation about the probability of development continuing in a timely manner or about the ability of the Developer, the homebuilders within the District or other entities to whom such parties may sell all or a portion of their holdings within the District can make no prediction as to the effects that current or future economic or governmental circumstances may have on any plans of the Developer. Failure to construct taxable improvements on developed lots and tracts or failure of the Developer to develop its land would restrict the rate of growth of taxable value in the District. See "THE DISTRICT – Current Status of Development," and "THE DEVELOPER."

**Developer under No Obligation to the District:** There is no commitment from, or obligation of, any developer to proceed at any particular rate or according to any specified plan with the development of land or the construction of homes in the District, and there is no restriction on any landowner's right to sell its land. Failure to construct taxable improvements on developed lots and tracts and failure of landowners to develop their land would restrict the rate of growth of taxable value in the District. The District is also dependent upon developer and the other principal taxpayers for the timely payment of ad valorem taxes, and the District cannot predict what the future financial condition of either will be or what effect, if any, such financial conditions may have on their ability to pay taxes. See "THE DEVELOPER" and "SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION – Principal Taxpayers."

*Impact on District Tax Rates:* Assuming no further development, the value of the land and improvements currently within the District will be the major determinant of the ability or willingness of the District property owners to pay their taxes. The 2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation is \$38,789,678 (see "FINANCIAL STATEMENT"). After issuance of the Bonds, the Projected Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement will be \$392,248 (2045) and the Projected Average Annual Debt Service Requirement will be \$392,248 (2045) and the Projected Average Annual Debt Service Requirement will be \$349,247 (2022-2047, inclusive). Based on the 2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation of \$38,789,678, a tax rate of \$1.0645/\$100 assessed valuation, at a 95% collection rate, would be necessary to pay the Projected Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirement, and a tax rate of \$0.9478/\$100 assessed valuation at a 95% collection rate would be necessary to pay the Projected Average Annual Debt Service Requirement. See "PRO-FORMA DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS" and "TAX DATA – Tax Adequacy for Debt Service."

HOUSING MARKET - VOLATILITY AND RECENT FORECLOSURES . . . During the past eight (8) years, volatile economic conditions and disruptions in the housing market have led to a significant number of foreclosures on single family homes nationally and has added to the fluctuation and volatility to which the homebuilding industry has historically been subject. In the District, there were 0 foreclosures posted for sale by the Travis County Clerk's Office on single family homes located in the District as of May 15, 2022. No assurance can be given whether the number of foreclosures will increase or that market conditions will improve.

TAX COLLECTIONS AND FORECLOSURE REMEDIES . . . The District has a right to seek judicial foreclosure on a tax lien, but such remedy may prove to be costly and time consuming and, since the future market or resale market, if any, of the taxable real property within the District is uncertain, there can be no assurance that such property could be sold and delinquent taxes paid. Additionally, the District's tax lien is on a parity with the liens of all other State and local taxing authorities on the property against which the taxes are levied. Registered owners of the Bonds are entitled under Texas law to a writ of mandamus to compel the District to perform its obligations. Such remedy would have to be exercised upon each separate default and may prove costly, time consuming and difficult to enforce. Furthermore, there is no trust indenture or trustee, and all legal actions would have to be taken on the initiative of, and be financed by, registered owners to enforce such remedies. The rights and remedies of the registered owners and the enforceability of the Bonds may also be limited by bankruptcy, reorganization and other similar laws affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally.

**REGISTERED OWNERS' REMEDIES**... In the event of default in the payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds, the registered owners have the right to seek a writ of mandamus, requiring the District to levy adequate taxes each year to make such payments. Except for mandamus, the Bond Order does not specifically provide for remedies to protect and enforce the interest of the registered

owners. There is no acceleration of maturity of the Bonds in the event of default and, consequently, the remedy of mandamus may have to be relied upon from year to year. Although the registered owners could obtain a judgment against the District, such a judgment could not be enforced by direct levy and execution against the District's property. Further, the registered owners cannot themselves foreclose on property within the District or sell property within the District in order to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds. The enforceability of the rights and remedies of the registered owners may further be limited by laws relating to bankruptcy, reorganization or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights of creditors of political subdivisions such as the District.

BANKRUPTCY LIMITATION TO REGISTERED OWNERS' RIGHTS . . . District Bankruptcy: The enforceability of the rights and remedies of registered owners may be limited by laws relating to bankruptcy, reorganization or other similar laws of general application affecting the rights of creditors of political subdivisions such as the District. Subject to the requirements of State law discussed below, a political subdivision such as the District may voluntarily file a petition for relief from creditors under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code, 11 USC sections 901-946. The filing of such petition would automatically stay the enforcement of registered owners' remedies, including mandamus and the foreclosure of tax liens upon property within the District discussed above. The automatic stay would remain in effect until the federal bankruptcy judge hearing the case dismissed the petition, enters an order granting relief from the stay or otherwise allows creditors to proceed against the petitioning political subdivision. A political subdivision, such as the District, may qualify as a debtor eligible to proceed in a Chapter 9 case only if it (i) is specifically authorized to file for federal bankruptcy protection by applicable state law, (ii) is insolvent or unable to meet its debts as they mature, (iii) desires to effect a plan to adjust such debts, and (iv) has either obtained the agreement of or negotiated in good faith with its creditors or is unable to negotiate with its creditors because negotiations are impracticable. Under State law a municipal utility district, such as the District, must obtain the approval of the TCEQ as a condition to seeking relief under the Federal Bankruptcy Code. The TCEQ is required to investigate the financial condition of a financially troubled district and authorize such district to proceed under Federal bankruptcy law only if such district has fully exercised its rights and powers under State law and remains unable to meet its debts and other obligations as they mature.

Notwithstanding noncompliance by a district with State law requirements, a district could file a voluntary bankruptcy petition under Chapter 9, thereby involving the protection of the automatic stay until the bankruptcy court, after a hearing, dismisses the petition. A Federal bankruptcy court is a court of equity and Federal bankruptcy judges have considerable discretion in the conduct of bankruptcy proceedings and in making the decision of whether to grant the petitioning district relief from its creditors. While such a decision might be applicable, the concomitant delay and loss of remedies to the registered owners could potentially and adversely impair the value of the registered owner's claim.

If a petitioning district were allowed to proceed voluntarily under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code, it could file a plan for an adjustment of its debts. If such a plan were confirmed by the bankruptcy court, it could, among other things, affect a registered owner by reducing or eliminating the amount of indebtedness, deferring or rearranging the debt service schedule, reducing or eliminating the interest rate, modifying or abrogating collateral or security arrangements, substituting (in whole or in part) other securities, and otherwise compromising and modifying the rights and remedies of the registered owner's claim against a district.

**Developer Bankruptcy:** In the event of bankruptcy of the Developer within the District, it is possible the District could experience volatility in the ad valorem tax rate established by the District as well as a disruption in the timing of receipt of ad valorem taxes from any such bankrupt entities.

THE EFFECT OF THE FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS ACT OF 1989 ON TAX COLLECTIONS OF THE DISTRICT . . . The "Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery and Enforcement Act of 1989" ("FIRREA"), enacted on August 9, 1989, contains certain provisions which affect the time for protesting property valuations, the fixing of tax liens, and the collection of penalties and interest on delinquent taxes on real property owned by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") when the FDIC is acting as the conservator or receiver of an insolvent financial institution.

Under FIRREA real property held by the FDIC is still subject to ad valorem taxation, but such act states (i) that no real property of the FDIC shall be subject to foreclosure or sale without the consent of the FDIC and no involuntary liens shall attach to such property, (ii) the FDIC shall not be liable for any penalties or fines, including those arising from the failure to pay any real or personal property tax when due and (iii) notwithstanding failure of a person to challenge an appraisal in accordance with state law, such value shall be determined as of the period for which such tax is imposed.

There has been little judicial determination of the validity of the provisions of FIRREA or how they are to be construed and reconciled with respect to conflicting state laws. However, certain recent federal court decisions have held that the FDIC is not liable for statutory penalties and interest authorized by State property tax law, and that although a lien for taxes may exist against real property, such lien may not be foreclosed without the consent of the FDIC, and no liens for penalties, fines, interest, attorneys fees, costs of abstract and research fees exist against the real property for the failure of the FDIC or a prior property owner to pay ad valorem taxes when due. It is also not known whether the FDIC will attempt to claim the FIRREA exemptions as to the time for contesting valuations and tax assessments made prior to and after the enactment of FIRREA. Accordingly, to the extent that the FIRREA provisions are valid and applicable to any property in the District, and to the extent that the FDIC attempts to enforce the same, these provisions may affect the timeliness of collection of taxes on property, if any, owned by the FDIC in the District, and may prevent the collection of penalties and interest on such taxes.

*Atlas 14 Study*. The National Weather Service recently completed a rainfall study known as Atlas 14 which shows that severe rainfall events are now occurring more frequently. Within Texas, the Atlas 14 study showed an increased number of rainfall events in a band extending from the upper Gulf Coast in the east and running west generally along the I-10 corridor to Central Texas. Based on this study, various governmental entities, including Travis County, are contemplating amendments to their regulations that will potentially increase the size of the 100 year floodplain and potentially increase the size of detention ponds and drainage facilities required for future construction in all areas (not just in the floodplain). See "THE SYSTEM – 100-Year Flood Plain."

**MARKETABILITY**... The District has no understanding with the Initial Purchaser regarding the reoffering yields or prices of the Bonds and has no control over trading of the Bonds in the secondary market. Moreover, there is no assurance that a secondary market will be made in the Bonds. If there is a secondary market, the difference between the bid and asked price for the Bonds may be greater than the difference between the bid and asked price of bonds of comparable maturity and quality issued by more traditional issuers as such bonds are more generally bought, sold or traded in the secondary market. Additionally, there are no assurances that if a secondary market for the Bonds were to develop, that it will not be disrupted by events including, but not limited to, the current pandemic associated with the COVID-19 virus. Consequently, investors may not be able to resell the Bonds purchased should they need or wish to do so for emergency or other purposes.

**CONTINUING COMPLIANCE WITH CERTAIN COVENANTS**... Failure of the District to comply with certain covenants contained in the Bond Order on a continuing basis prior to the maturity of the Bonds could result in interest on the Bonds becoming taxable retroactively to the date of original issuance. See "TAX MATTERS."

**FUTURE DEBT**... As of April 30, 2022, approximately 153.53 net developable acres of land within the District have been developed with utility facilities by the Developer. According to information obtained by Carlson, Brigance & Doering, Inc., (the "District's Engineer"), following the issuance of the Bonds, the District will owe the Developer approximately \$12,750,000 for eligible facilities constructed to date, which is expected to be financed with future bond issues. A total of \$31,106,650 principal amount of unlimited tax bonds have been authorized by the District's voters pursuant to the November 6, 2012 election held within the District and, after the issuance of the Bonds, \$28,641,650 of unlimited tax bonds will remain authorized but unissued for purchasing and constructing water, wastewater and drainage facilities, streets, parks, and recreational facilities. It is anticipated that such bonds will be issued to reimburse the Developer for eligible facilities constructed to date and to finance facilities which have not yet been constructed.

Therefore, the Developer will be owed additional funds with reimbursements expected to be made from the proceeds of future installments of bonds over the next several years. Each future issue of bonds is intended to be sold at the earliest practicable date consistent with the maintenance of a reasonable tax rate in the District (assuming projected increases in the value of taxable property made at the time of issuance of the bonds are accurate) see "THE DEVELOPER – Utility Development Agreement." The District does not employ any formula with respect to assessed valuations, tax collections or otherwise to limit the amount of parity bonds which it may issue. The issuance of additional non-road bonds is subject to approval by the TCEQ pursuant to its rules regarding issuance and feasibility of bonds and the City. In addition, future changes in health or environmental regulations could require the construction and financing of additional improvements without any corresponding increases in taxable value in the District. See "THE BONDS – Issuance of Additional Debt."

The District may issue bonds or other obligations necessary to provide those improvements and facilities for which the District was created, with the approval of the TCEQ, as applicable, and, in the case of bonds payable from taxes, the District's voters. On November 6, 2012, voters within the District authorized the issuance of unlimited tax bonds in the principal amounts of \$22,065,000 for the purpose of providing water, wastewater, and drainage facilities to meet the needs of the residents and customers of the District. The Bonds constitute the second installment of bonds issued by the District. Following the issuance of the Bonds, \$16,600,000 in unlimited tax bonds authorized by the District voters will remain authorized but unissued for water, wastewater and drainage facilities. See "FINANCIAL STATEMENT – Table 3 – Unlimited Tax Bonds Authorized But Unissued."

The District has reserved in the Bond Order the right to issue the remaining \$16,600,000 in authorized but unissued water, wastewater and drainage facilities bonds and such additional bonds as may hereafter be approved by both the Board of Directors and voters of the District. All of the remaining \$16,600,000 water, wastewater and drainage facilities bonds may be issued by the District from time to time for qualified purposes, as determined by the Board of Directors of the District, subject to the approval of the City, the Attorney General of the State of Texas and the TCEQ. In the opinion of the District's engineer, the remaining authorization should be sufficient to reimburse the Developer for the water, wastewater and drainage facilities required to serve development within the District. See "THE SYSTEM."

**GOVERNMENTAL APPROVAL**... As required by law, engineering plans, specifications and estimates of construction costs for the facilities and services to be purchased or constructed by the District with the proceeds of the Bonds have been approved, subject to certain conditions, by the TCEQ. See "USE AND DISTRIBUTION OF BOND PROCEEDS." The TCEQ approved the issuance of the Bonds by an order signed on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, 2022 (the "TCEQ Order"). In addition, the Attorney General of Texas must also approve the legality of the Bonds prior to their delivery. Additionally, the District anticipates obtaining approval by the City of Austin, Texas (the "City") on or about July 28, 2022.

Neither the TCEQ nor the Attorney General of Texas passes upon or guarantees the security of the Bonds as an investment, nor have the foregoing authorities passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of the information contained in this Official Statement.

As provided in the Consent Agreement, the Bonds are subject to the City approval, which will not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned, or delayed. The City approved the Bonds by resolution signed October 15, 2020.

**FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**... The statements contained in this Official Statement, and in any other information provided by the District, that are not purely historical, are forward-looking statements, including statements regarding the District's expectations, hopes, intentions, or strategies regarding the future. Readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements included in this Official Statement are based on information available to the District on the date hereof, and the District assumes no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements.

The forward-looking statements herein are necessarily based on various assumptions and estimates and are inherently subject to various risks and uncertainties, including risks and uncertainties relating to the possible invalidity of the underlying assumptions and estimates and possible changes or developments in social, economic, business, industry, market, legal and regulatory circumstances and conditions and actions taken or omitted to be taken by third parties, including customers, suppliers, business partners and competitors, and legislative, judicial and other governmental authorities and officials. Assumptions related to the foregoing involve judgments with respect to, among other things, future economic competitive, and market conditions and future business decisions, all of which are difficult or impossible to predict accurately and, therefore, there can be no assurance that the forward-looking statements included in this Official Statement would prove to be accurate.

**ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION** . . . Wastewater treatment and water supply facilities are subject to stringent and complex environmental laws and regulations. Facilities must comply with environmental laws at the federal, state, and local levels. These laws and regulations can restrict or prohibit certain activities that affect the environment in many ways such as:

- Requiring permits for construction and operation of water supply wells and wastewater treatment facilities;
- Restricting the manner in which wastes are released into the air, water, or soils;
- Restricting or regulating the use of wetlands or other property;
- · Requiring remedial action to prevent or mitigate pollution; and
- Imposing substantial liabilities for pollution resulting from facility operations.

Compliance with environmental laws and regulations can increase the cost of planning, designing, constructing and operating water production and wastewater treatment facilities. Sanctions against a municipal utility district or other type of district for failure to comply with environmental laws and regulations may include a variety of civil and criminal enforcement measures, including assessment of monetary penalties, imposition of remedial requirements, and issuance of injunctions as to future compliance of and the ability to operate the District's water supply, wastewater treatment, and drainage facilities. Environmental laws and regulations can also impact an area's ability to grow and develop. The following is a discussion of certain environmental concerns that relate to the District. It should be noted that changes in environmental laws and regulations occur frequently, and any changes that result in more stringent and costly requirements could materially impact the District.

*Air Quality Issues.* The Federal Clean Air Act ("CAA") requires the United States Environmental Protection Agency (the "EPA") to adopt and periodically revise national ambient air quality standards ("NAAQS") for each air pollutant that may reasonably be anticipated to endanger public health or welfare. Areas that exceed the NAAQS for a given pollutant can be designated as nonattainment by the EPA. A nonattainment designation then triggers a process by which the affected state must develop and implement a plan to improve air quality and "attain" compliance with the appropriate standard. This so called State Implementation Plan ("SIP") entails enforceable control measures and time frames.

In 1997, the EPA adopted the "8-hour" ozone standard of 80 parts per billion ("ppb") (the "1997 Ozone Standard") to protect public health and welfare. In 2008, the EPA lowered the ozone standard to 75 ppb (the "2008 Ozone Standard"). The Austin area, consisting of Travis, Williamson, Travis, Bastrop and Caldwell Counties (the "Austin Area") was not designated "nonattainment" under the 2008 Ozone Standard.

On October 1, 2015, the EPA lowered the ozone standard to 70 ppb (the "2015 Ozone Standard"). On May 1, 2018, the EPA designated the Austin Area as "attainment" under the 2015 Ozone Standards, which became effective on August 3, 2018.

Should the Austin Area fail to achieve EPA NAAQS, or should the Austin Area fail to satisfy a then effective SIP (for nonattainment or otherwise), or for any other reason should a lapse in conformity with the CAA occur, the Austin Area may be subjected to sanctions pursuant to the CAA. Under such circumstances, the TCEQ would be required under the CAA to submit to the EPA a new SIP under the CAA for the Austin Area. Due to the complexity of nonattainment/conformity analysis, the status of EPA's implementation of any future EPA NAAQS and the incomplete information surrounding any SIP requirements for areas designated nonattainment under any future EPA NAAQS, the exact nature of sanctions or any potential SIP that may be applicable to the Austin Area in the near future is uncertain. The CAA provides for mandatory sanctions, including the suspension of federal highway funding, should the State fail to submit a proper SIP, or associated submissions, or fail to revise or implement a SIP, or fail to comply with an existing SIP. Subject to certain exceptions, if the Austin Area falls out of conformity and the mandatory highway funding suspension sanction is implemented, the United States Secretary of Transportation may be prohibited from approving or awarding transportation projects or grants within the area.

It is possible that nonattainment, a lapse in conformity under the CAA, litigation involving injunctive or other relief, or other environmental issues may impact new industrial, commercial and residential development in the Austin Area.

*Water Supply & Discharge Issues.* Water supply and discharge regulations that the District may be required to comply with involve: (1) public water supply systems, (2) wastewater discharges from treatment facilities, (3) storm water discharges and (4) wetlands dredge and fill activities. Each of these is addressed below:

Pursuant to the federal Safe Drinking Water Act ("SDWA") and Environmental Protection Agency's National Primary Drinking Water Regulations ("NPDWRs"), which are implemented by the TCEQ's Water Supply Division, a municipal utility district's provision of water for human consumption is subject to extensive regulation as a public water system.

Municipal utility districts must generally provide treated water that meets the primary and secondary drinking water quality standards adopted by the TCEQ, the applicable disinfectant residual and inactivation standards, and the other regulatory action levels established under the agency's rules. The EPA has established NPDWRs for more than ninety (90) contaminants and has identified and listed other contaminants which may require national drinking water regulation in the future.

Texas Pollutant Discharge Elimination System ("TPDES") permits set limits on the type and quantity of discharge, in accordance with state and federal laws and regulations. The TCEQ reissued the TPDES Construction General Permit (TXR150000), with an effective date of March 5, 2018, which is a general permit authorizing the discharge of stormwater runoff associated with small and large construction sites and certain nonstormwater discharges into surface water in the state. It has a 5-year permit term, and is then subject to renewal. Moreover, the Clean Water Act ("CWA") and Texas Water Code require municipal wastewater treatment plants to meet secondary treatment effluent limitations and more stringent water quality-based limitations and requirements to comply with the Texas water quality standards. Any water quality-based limitations and requirements with which a municipal utility district must comply may have an impact on the municipal utility district's ability to obtain and maintain compliance with TPDES permits.

In 2015, the EPA and the United States Army Corps of Engineers ("USACE") promulgated a rule known as the Clean Water Rule ("CWR") aimed at redefining "waters of the United States" over which the EPA and USACE have jurisdiction under the CWA. The CWR significantly expands the scope of the federal government's CWA jurisdiction over intrastate water bodies and wetlands. The CWR could have an adverse impact on municipal utility districts, including the District, particularly with respect to jurisdictional wetland determinations, and could increase the size and scope of activities requiring USACE permits. The CWR has been challenged in various jurisdictions, including the Southern District of Texas, and the litigation challenging the CWR is still pending.

On February 28, 2017, the President signed an executive order ordering the EPA and USACE to modify or rescind the CWR. In response, the EPA and the USACE subsequently released a proposed rule rescinding the CWR, reinstating the regulatory text that existed prior to the adoption of the CWR and proposing the development of a revised definition of "waters of the United States." In June 2018, the EPA and USACE issued a supplemental notice of proposed rulemaking to the 2017 proposed action to repeal the 2015 definition of "waters of the United States" to clarify that the agencies are proposing to permanently repeal the CWR in its entirety and reinstate language in place before the adoption of the CWR while developing a revised definition of "waters of the United States." Meanwhile, in January 2018, the EPA and the USACE finalized a rule extending the effective date of the CWR until 2020 while the agencies finalize actions to repeal and replace the CWR. This rule delaying the effective date of the CWR was challenged in court and, on August 16, 2018, the U.S. District Court for the District of South Carolina issued a nationwide injunction rendering the rule extending the effective date of the CWR void, thereby reinstating the CWR in 26 states, including Texas. However, on September 1, 2018, the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Texas temporarily enjoined the implementation of the CWR in Texas, Louisiana and Mississippi until the case filed by the States of Texas, Louisiana and Mississippi in 2015 is finally resolved. Subsequently, on May 28, 2019, the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Texas found that the CWR violated the notice-and-comment requirements of the Administrative Procedures Act, remanded the CWR to the EPA and USACE, and ordered that the preliminary injunction issued September 1, 2018, remain in place pending the proceedings on remand.

This rule delaying the effective date of the CWR was challenged in court and, on August 16, 2018, the U.S. District Court for the District of South Carolina issued a nation-wide injunction rendering the rule extending the effective date of the CWR void, thereby reinstating the CWR in 26 states, including Texas. However, on September 1, 2018, the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Texas temporarily enjoined the implementation of the CWR in Texas, Louisiana and Mississippi until the case filed by the States of Texas, Louisiana and Mississippi in 2015 is finally resolved. Subsequently, on May 28, 2019, the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Texas found that the CWR violated the notice-and-comment requirements of the Administrative Procedures Act, remanded the CWR to the EPA and USACE, and ordered that the preliminary injunction issued September 1, 2018, remain in place pending the proceedings on remand.

On December 11, 2018, the EPA and USACE released the proposed replacement definition of "waters of the United States." The proposed definition outlines six categories of waters that would be considered "waters of the United States," including traditional navigable waters, tributaries to those waters, certain ditches, certain lakes and ponds, impoundments of jurisdictional waters, and wetlands adjacent to jurisdictional waters. The proposed rule also details what are not "waters of the United States," such as features that only contain water during or in response to rainfall (e.g., ephemeral features); groundwater; many ditches, including most roadside or farm ditches; prior converted cropland; stormwater control features; and waste treatment systems. The agencies will take comment on the proposal for 60 days after publication in the Federal Register, which occurred on February 14, 2019. If finalized, the proposed rule would apply nationwide, replacing the patchwork framework for Clean Water Act jurisdiction that has resulted from litigation challenging the CWR.

Due to the pending rulemaking activity and rule challenge litigation, there is significant uncertainty regarding the ultimate scope of "waters of the United States" and the extent of EPA and USACE jurisdiction. Depending on the final outcome of such proceedings, operations of municipal utility districts, including the District, could potentially be subject to additional restrictions and requirements, including permitting requirements.

Operations of the District are also potentially subject to stormwater discharge permitting requirements as set forth under the Clean Water Act and regulations implementing the Clean Water Act. The TCEQ adopted by reference the vast majority of the EPA regulations relating to stormwater discharges and currently has issued a general permit for stormwater discharges associated with industrial activities and has issued two general permits for stormwater discharges associated with construction activities and municipal separate stormwater systems. The District may also be required to develop and implement stormwater pollution prevention plans and stormwater management plans. The District could incur substantial costs to develop and implement such plans as well as to install or implement best management practices to minimize or eliminate unauthorized pollutants that may otherwise be found in stormwater runoff. Failure to comply with these requirements may result in the imposition of administrative, civil, and criminal penalties as well as injunctive relief under the Clean Water Act or the Texas Water Code.

**FUTURE AND PROPOSED LEGISLATION**... Tax legislation, administrative actions taken by tax authorities, or court decisions, whether at the Federal or state level, may adversely affect the tax-exempt status of interest on the Bonds under Federal or state law and could affect the market price or marketability of the Bonds. Any such proposal could limit the value of certain deductions and exclusions, including the exclusion for tax-exempt interest. The likelihood of any such proposal being enacted cannot be predicted. Prospective purchasers of the Bonds should consult their own tax advisors regarding the foregoing matters.

**DROUGHT CONDITIONS**... Central Texas, like other areas of the State, has experienced drought conditions within the last few years. The District has not implemented any water restrictions. The City is the retail water provider so any restrictions or conservation measures would be handled by the City. The City of Austin provides water to the District in amounts sufficient to service the residents of the District, however, as drought conditions emerge water usage and rates could be impacted.

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#### THE DISTRICT

GENERAL ... The District, a political subdivision of the State of Texas, was created under the laws of the State of Texas by Senate Bill No. 1913, Acts of the 82nd Texas Legislature, Regular Session (2011), Chapter 1114, now codified as Chapter 8382, Subtitle F, Title 6 of the Texas Special District Local Laws Code (the "Enabling Legislation"), and operates pursuant to Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution and Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code, as amended. The Enabling Legislation became effective May 25, 2011, subject to the consent of the City to the creation, which was granted by the City on April 13, 2012. Creation of the District was confirmed at an election held on November 6, 2012. The District is subject to the continuing supervision of the TCEQ. The District was created for the purposes of providing, operating, and maintaining facilities to control storm water, distribute potable water, and collect and treat wastewater. The District is empowered, among other things, to purchase, construct, operate and maintain all works, improvements, facilities and plants necessary for the supply and distribution of water; the collection, transportation, and treatment of wastewater; the control and diversion of storm water and the operation of park and recreational facilities. The District also has road powers under Article III, Section 52 of the Texas Constitution pursuant to the Enabling Legislation. Pursuant to Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution and Chapter 49 of the Texas Water Code, certain districts, such as the District, may issue bonds, subject to approval by the voters in the District, the City and the TCEQ, payable from ad valorem taxes to pay for the development and maintenance of water, wastewater, drainage, park and recreational facilities. The District may also establish, operate and maintain a fire department, independently or with one or more other conservation and reclamation districts, if approved by the voters of the District and the TCEQ.

**MANAGEMENT**... *Board of Directors.* The District is governed by a Board of Directors (the "Board"), consisting of five directors, which has control over and management supervision of all affairs of the District. As required by the Enabling Legislation and the Consent Agreement, four of the Directors are elected for four-year staggered terms with elections held within the District on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in each even numbered year, and one Director is appointed by the governing body of the City. Except for the Director appointed by the governing body of the City, all of the directors reside or own property in the District.

Name	Title	Term Expires
Hank B. Smith	President	2024
Joel Bock	Vice President	2022
Robert Thompson	Secretary	2024
Jed Crump	Asst. Secretary	2024
George E. Robinson III	Asst. Secretary	2022

**CONSULTANTS**... *Tax Assessor/Collector*. Land and improvements in the District are being appraised by the Travis Central Appraisal District ("TCAD"). The Tax Assessor/Collector is appointed by the Board of Directors of the District. The Travis County Tax Assessor/Collector, Mr. Bruce Elfant, currently serves the District in this capacity under contract.

*Bookkeeper.* Bott & Douthitt, P.L.L.C ("B&D") is charged with the responsibility of providing bookkeeping services for the District. B&D serves in a similar capacity for 65 other special districts.

Engineer. The District's consulting engineer is Carlson, Brigance & Doering, Inc. (the "Engineer").

*Financial Advisor*. Specialized Public Finance Inc. serves as the District's financial advisor (the "Financial Advisor"). The fee for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds is based on a percentage of the Bonds actually issued, sold and delivered and, therefore, such fee is contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

*Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel.* The District has engaged McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Austin, Texas as Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel in connection with the issuance of the District's Bonds. The fees of Bond Counsel and Disclosure Counsel are contingent upon the sale of and delivery of the Bonds.

*General Counsel.* The District has engaged Armbrust & Brown, PLLC ("A&B") as general counsel. Fees paid to A&B for work related to the issuance of the Bonds are contingent upon the sale of the Bonds.

**LOCATION**... The District is located approximately 12 miles southeast of the central business district of the City of Austin in southeastern Travis County, Texas. The District lies generally southeast of State Highways 130 and 71. Austin-Bergstrom International Airport is located approximately 5 miles northwest of the District. Major access to the District is provided by State Highway 130 to Pearce Lane (east) leading to Sun Chase Parkway at the District's northern boundary. The District is located wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Austin. See "LOCATION MAP."

CURRENT STATUS OF DEVELOPMENT ... At the time of creation, the District contained 187.72 acres of land.

As of May 15, 2022, the development in the District consisted of: 378 developed single family lots, which consists of 378 completed homes, of which 133 were occupied homes, 11 homes under construction, 234 vacant single family lots and an amenity center.

The chart below reflects the status of development as of May 15, 2022:

				Single Family	
			Completed	Homes Under	Vacant
	Net Acreage	Lots	Homes	Construction	Lots
A. Sections Developed or being Developed with Utility Facilities					
Developed: Sun Chase Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 9	118.11	378	133	11	234
Being Developed: Sun Chase South Section 8	15.41	90	0	0	0
Total Developed or Under Construction	133.52	468 (1)	133	11	234
				·	
B. Remaining Developable Acreage	0.00				
C. Undevelopable Acreage (open space, detention pond and floodplain)	54.2				
Total	187.72				

(1) Of the 468 total lots, 67 are duplex lots. Numbers shown above are counted as lots and not residential units.

**FUTURE DEVELOPMENT**... There is no remaining undeveloped but developable acres in the District. The initiation of any new development beyond that described in this Official Statement will be dependent on several factors including, to a great extent, the general and other economic conditions which would affect any party's ability to sell lots and/or other property and of any homebuilder to sell completed homes as described in this Official Statement under the caption "RISK FACTORS." If the undeveloped portion of the District is eventually developed, additions to the District's water, wastewater, and drainage systems required to service such undeveloped acreage may be financed by future issues, if any, of the District's bonds and developer contributions, if any, as required by the TCEQ. The District's Engineer estimates that the \$16,600,000 remaining principal amount of voted water, wastewater, and drainage bonds which are authorized to be issued should be sufficient to reimburse the Developer for the existing utility facilities and provide utility service to remaining undeveloped but potentially developable acres within the District. See "THE BONDS – Issuance of Additional Debt." The Developer is under no obligation to complete any development, if begun, and may modify or discontinue development plans in its sole discretion. Accordingly, the District makes no representation that future development will occur.

**ANNEXATION OF THE DISTRICT**... The District lies entirely within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Austin. See "THE BONDS – Annexation" for a discussion of the ability of the City to annex the District.

AGREEMENTS WITH THE CITY OF AUSTIN... The District, the Developer, and the City have entered into a Consent Agreement dated April 13, 2012 (as amended, the "Consent Agreement"), which, among other things, outlines the development of the land within the District and specific facilities to be built that will serve the District and Southeast Travis County Municipal Utility Districts No. 2, 3, and 4 (the "Other Southeast Travis County Districts") as well as a larger geographic area as outlined in the Consent Agreement. The District, the Developer, and the City have entered into a Strategic Partnership Agreement dated June 4, 2012 (the "SPA") which sets for the terms and conditions of the City's annexation of land within the District and on which the District will continue to exist as a limited district in accordance with Section 43.0751, Texas Local Government Code, and the Enabling Legislation following the City's full purpose annexation of the land within the District. In accordance with the Consent Agreement, the District and the City entered into an Interlocal Agreement for Solid Waste Service dated effective July 2, 2018, which sets forth the terms and conditions of the City's provision of residential solid waste services within the District.

In accordance with the Consent Agreement, the Developer submitted an application for, and on June 16, 2016 the City adopted an ordinance creating, a Planned Unit Development ("PUD") establishing the planning and zoning for the land within the District as well the reminder of the Sun Chase development.

#### THE DEVELOPER

**GENERAL**... In general, the activities of a developer within a utility district, such as the District, include purchasing land within the future district, petitioning for creation of the district, designing the development, defining a marketing program, planning building schedules, securing necessary governmental approvals and permits for development, arranging for the construction of roads and the installation of utilities (including, in some cases, water, sewer, and drainage facilities) pursuant to the rules of the TCEQ, and selling improved lots or commercial reserves to builders, other developers or third parties. Ordinarily, the developer pays one hundred percent (100%) of the costs of paving and amenity design and construction while the utility district finances the costs of the water supply and distribution, wastewater collection and treatment and drainage facilities. While a landowner or developer is required by the TCEQ to pave streets and pay for its allocable portion of the costs of utilities to be financed by the district through any specific bond issue, a developer is generally under no obligation to a district to undertake development activities with respect to other property it owns within a district. Furthermore, there is no restriction on a developer's right to sell any or all of the land which it owns within a district. In addition, the developer is ordinarily the major taxpayer within the district during the early stages of development. The relative success or failure of the developer to perform such activities in development of the property within the utility district may have a profound effect on the security for the bonds issued by a district. **DESCRIPTION OF DEVELOPER**... The developer currently active within the District is Qualico CR, L.P., a Texas limited partnership (the "Developer"). See "THE DISTRICT – Current Status of Development."

**DEVELOPMENT FINANCING**... On June 28, 2017, the Developer obtained financing from Flagstar Bank, FSB for the purpose of developing the undeveloped property in the District.

The Developer obtained a development loan in the amount of \$30,000,000 from Flagstar Bank, FSB for the purpose of developing the project. As of April 30, 2022, the outstanding balance on the loan was \$11,495. The loan is scheduled to mature on December 28, 2022, and the Developer reports being in full compliance with all loan terms.

**HOMEBUILDERS WITHIN THE DISTRICT** . . . According to the Developer, there are currently two homebuilders within the District: The original homebuilder, Lennar Homes of Texas Land and Construction, Ltd., and the newest homebuilder, Gehan Homes, Ltd. Both homebuilders are building single family and duplex homes on three lot sizes (40', 50' and 60'). Lennar's homes range in price from \$331,000 to \$377,000 with square footage ranging from 1,256 to 1,950 for the single-family homes and \$314,000 to \$330,000 with a square footage ranging from 1,292 to 1,592 square feet for the duplex product. Gehan's single-family detached products range is from \$420,000 to \$485,000, the duplex product starts at \$370,000.

AGRICULTURAL WAIVER... Much of the undeveloped acreage within the District is subject to an agricultural exemption, however, the Developer has executed an agreement, which is recorded in the real property records of Travis County, and are covenants running with the land, waiving the right to have the land located within the District classified as agricultural, open-space or timberland for purposes of District taxes. In addition, the Developer has waived the right to have the lots and houses (if any) in the District classified as business inventory for purposes of District taxes. The agreement may not be modified without the approval of the TCEQ and are binding on purchasers of such land from the Developer, including the land previously sold to Lennar Homes and Gehan Homes. See "TAXING PROCEDURES – Property Subject to Taxation by the District."

**UTILITY CONSTRUCTION AGREEMENTS** . . . The Developer and the District entered into a Utility and Park Facility Construction Agreement (the "Construction Agreement") in 2014. The Construction Agreement governs the development of water, wastewater, drainage and recreational facilities in the District and the reimbursement of certain costs of such development through the District's issuance of bonds. The Developer and the District have also entered into a Road Improvements Construction and Reimbursement Agreement dated April 21, 2014 (the "Road Improvements Agreement"). The Road Improvements Agreement of such costs of such Road Improvements through the District's issuance of bonds.

## THE SYSTEM

**REGULATION**... The water, wastewater and storm drainage facilities (the "System"), the purchase, acquisition and construction of which will be permanently financed by the District with the proceeds of the Bonds, have been designed in accordance with accepted engineering practices and the recommendation of certain governmental agencies having regulatory or supervisory jurisdiction over construction and operation of such facilities, including, among others, the TCEQ, Travis County and the City. According to Carlson, Brigance & Doering, Inc. (the "Engineer"), the design of all such facilities has been approved by all governmental agencies which have authority over the District.

Operation of the City's waterworks and wastewater facilities providing service to the District is subject to regulation by, among others, the EPA and the TCEQ.

**WATER SUPPLY**... Pursuant to the Consent Agreement, the City will be the sole retail provider of water service, and provide continuous and adequate water service in quantities sufficient to meet the full build-out needs of the District. The City will charge District residents water rates and fees as in-city service. Water supply for the City's three water treatment plants is surface water sourced from Lake Austin and Lake Travis. Per the terms of the Consent Agreement, the City will initially deliver up to 800 LUEs of water service to Sun Chase via an offsite 16-inch shared water transmission main (the "Sun Chase Phase One Water Extension") located along Pearce Lane and constructed by the Developer, on behalf of the District and Southeast Travis County Municipal Utility District No. 2 ("SETCMUD 2"). The District and SETCMUD 2 are parties to a "Joint Facilities Agreement [Sun Chase Phase One Water Extension and WW Improvements]" dated effective August 7, 2019, which, among other things, allocates the initial 800 LUEs of water service to the districts. The District's allocated share of such initial water service is 640 LUEs. Upon completion of a future parallel 36-inch water main transmission line, additional City water capacity will be provided to meet the full demands of the Sun Chase development.

The City waived a total of \$1,499,400 of water Impact Fees for development within Southeast Travis County Municipal Utility District No's. 1 - 4 (the "Districts"). The Developer will receive a water Impact Fee credit in the original amount of \$1,499,400, which will be applied and managed as provided in the Consent Agreement. The City will manage the accounting for the credit's balance. The Developer will manage the transfer of portions of the credit as development occurs through credit transfers. This water Impact Fee credit may be applied by the Developer beginning with the first water tap purchased for development within the Districts.

The Developer will complete a water Impact Fee credit transfer and provide it to each developer or builder who is to receive a water Impact Fee credit. The completed form will be presented to the City at the time of tap purchase in order to authorize the City to apply a portion of the Developer's water Impact Fee credit to the water Impact Fees which would otherwise be payable for the development within the Districts.

The City will deduct the amount of each water Impact Fee to which a credit is applied from the Developer's water Impact Fee credit's balance. Upon the depletion of the credit, the City's standard water Impact Fees will be payable in full for any future development within the Districts.

Upon completion of construction and City acceptance of District water facilities (both internal and offsite), the facilities are conveyed to the City for ownership, operation and maintenance.

The City is the sole provider of water service. The District does not have an interconnect with any entity other than the City.

The District's current water supply is capable of serving 640 equivalent single-family connections ("ESFCs"), which is sufficient to serve the existing 125 ESFCs (as of September 1, 2020) necessary to support the feasibility of this proposed bond issue.

**WASTEWATER COLLECTION AND TREATMENT**... Pursuant to the Consent Agreement, the City will be the sole retail provider of wastewater service, and provide continuous and adequate wastewater service in quantities sufficient to meet the full build-out needs of the District. The City will charge District residents wastewater rates and fees as in-city service. The City owns and operates the Pearce Lane Wastewater Treatment Plant which has a current capacity of 0.400 million gallon per day (MGD) and operates under TCEQ Permit No. WQ0010543015. Future expansions will provide an ultimate capacity of 2.25 MGD. Wastewater from the District is collected internally and conveyed from the District's boundary to the Pearce Lane Wastewater Treatment Plant via offsite gravity lines.

The terms of the Consent Agreement required the District's developer to construct the 0.400 MGD plant and convey it to the City for ownership, operation and maintenance. The City has agreed to provide a retail wastewater treatment service commitment of 1,632 LUEs to the Sun Chase development. In return for constructing the 0.400 MGD first phase of the wastewater treatment plant, the District is waived of the requirement to pay City wastewater impact fees. Attachment 26 is a letter from the City attesting to sufficient wastewater treatment capacity to serve the District.

The City's wastewater service commitment of 1,632 LUEs provides wastewater capacity to the Sun Chase development. Considering the District's existing 125 LUEs are the only existing wastewater connections in the Sun Chase development, sufficient wastewater capacity is available.

The District's wastewater capacity is capable of serving 1,632 ESFCs, which is sufficient to serve the existing 125 ESFCs (as of September 1, 2020) necessary to support the feasibility of this proposed bond issue

**STORM WATER DRAINAGE**... Natural drainage patterns generally slope through the District from a southeasterly direction to the District's north/northwestern boundary, and lead toward Dry Creek East. Storm-water runoff is collected by curb and gutter streets which tie into a system of underground storm sewer lines leading to detention/water quality ponds which outfall into Dry Creek East Tributaries and eventually leading to Dry Creek East. No storm-water drainage facilities are being funded in this bond issue. The District has constructed storm water quality ponds that serve the District either individually or as a shared drainage project with SETCMUD 2. The District's share of water quality pond land costs is being funded in the subject bond issue.

**100-YEAR FLOOD PLAIN**... "Flood Insurance Rate Map" or "FIRM" means an official map of a community on which the Federal Emergency Management Agency ("FEMA") has delineated the appropriate areas of flood hazards. The 1% chance of probable inundation, also known as the 100-year flood plain, is depicted on these maps. The "100-year flood plain" (or 1% chance of probable inundation) as shown on the FIRM is the estimated geographical area that would be flooded by a rain storm of such intensity to statistically have a one percent chance of occurring in any given year. Generally speaking, homes must be built above the 100-year flood plain in order to meet local regulatory requirements and to be eligible for federal flood insurance. A portion of the District is located within the 100-year floodplain, as defined by FEMA/FIRM Panel 48453C0640J, dated January 6, 2016. The areas of floodplain are contained entirely within the drainage easements as dedicated on the recorded final plat. See "THE DISTRICT – Land Use" and "INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS – Environmental Regulations – Atlas 14 Study."

The National Weather Service recently completed a rainfall study known as Atlas 14 which shows that severe rainfall events are now occurring more frequently. Within Texas, the Atlas 14 study showed an increased number of rainfall events in a band extending from the upper Gulf Coast in the east and running west generally along the I-10 corridor to Central Texas. In particular the study shows that Central Texas is more likely to experience larger storms than previously thought. Based on this study, various governmental entities, including Travis County, are contemplating amendments to their regulations that will potentially increase the size of the 100 year floodplain which interim floodplain is based on the current 500-year floodplain, resulting in the interim floodplain regulations applying to a larger number of properties, and potentially increasing the size of detention ponds and drainage facilities required for future construction in all areas (not just in the floodplain). Floodplain boundaries within the District may be redrawn based on the Atlas 14 study based on the higher statistical rainfall amount, and could result in less developable property within the District, higher insurance rates, increased development fees, and stricter building codes for any property located within the expanded boundaries of the floodplain.

## DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Year							Total	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Ended	(	Outstanding Deb	t				Debt Service	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	9/30	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest <sup>(a)</sup>	Total	Requirements	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	2022	\$ -	\$ 68,640	\$ 68,640	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 68,640	
2025         75,000         66,190         141,190         70,000         157,500         227,500         368,690           2026         75,000         64,690         139,690         75,000         153,825         228,825         368,515           2027         80,000         63,115         143,115         80,000         149,888         229,888         373,003           2028         80,000         61,355         141,355         80,000         145,688         225,688         367,043           2029         85,000         59,515         144,515         85,000         137,025         227,025         374,500           2030         90,000         57,475         147,475         90,000         127,313         227,300         372,525           2032         95,000         52,885         147,885         100,000         127,313         227,063         377,383           2033         100,000         50,320         152,520         110,000         116,550         226,550         379,070           2035         110,000         44,370         154,370         120,000         110,775         230,775         385,145           2036         110,000         44,070         151,070         125,0	2023	70,000	68,640	138,640	-	153,125	153,125	291,765	
2026         75,000         64,690         139,690         75,000         153,825         228,825         368,515           2027         80,000         63,115         143,115         80,000         149,888         229,888         373,003           2028         80,000         61,355         141,355         80,000         145,688         225,688         367,043           2029         85,000         59,515         144,515         85,000         141,488         226,488         371,003           2030         90,000         57,475         147,475         90,000         137,025         227,025         374,500           2031         90,000         55,225         145,225         95,000         132,300         227,300         372,525           2032         95,000         50,320         150,320         105,000         122,063         227,063         377,383           2034         105,000         47,520         152,520         110,000         110,775         230,775         385,145           2036         110,000         44,370         154,370         120,000         110,775         230,775         385,145           2037         115,000         37,770         152,770         130,0	2024	70,000	67,450	137,450	-	157,500	157,500	294,950	
2027         80,000         63,115         143,115         80,000         149,888         229,888         373,003           2028         80,000         61,355         141,355         80,000         145,688         225,688         367,043           2029         85,000         59,515         144,515         85,000         141,488         226,488         371,003           2030         90,000         57,475         147,475         90,000         137,025         227,025         374,500           2031         90,000         55,225         145,225         95,000         132,300         227,300         372,525           2033         100,000         50,320         150,320         105,000         122,063         227,063         377,383           2034         105,000         47,520         152,520         110,000         116,550         226,550         379,070           2035         110,000         44,370         154,370         120,000         110,775         230,775         385,145           2036         110,000         41,070         151,070         125,000         104,475         229,475         380,683           2038         120,000         34,320         154,320         13	2025	75,000	66,190	141,190	70,000	157,500	227,500	368,690	
2028         80,000         61,355         141,355         80,000         145,688         225,688         367,043           2029         85,000         59,515         144,515         85,000         141,488         226,488         371,003           2030         90,000         57,475         147,475         90,000         137,025         227,025         374,500           2031         90,000         55,225         145,225         95,000         132,300         227,300         372,525           2032         95,000         52,885         147,885         100,000         127,313         227,313         375,198           2033         100,000         50,320         150,320         105,000         122,063         227,063         377,383           2034         105,000         47,520         152,520         110,000         116,550         226,550         379,070           2035         110,000         41,070         151,070         122,000         144,475         229,475         380,545           2037         115,000         37,770         152,770         130,000         97,913         227,913         380,683           2038         120,000         34,320         154,320         13	2026	75,000	64,690	139,690	75,000	153,825	228,825	368,515	
2029         85,000         59,515         144,515         85,000         141,488         226,488         371,003           2030         90,000         57,475         147,475         90,000         137,025         227,025         374,500           2031         90,000         55,225         145,225         95,000         132,300         227,300         372,525           2032         95,000         52,885         147,885         100,000         127,313         227,313         375,198           2033         100,000         50,320         150,320         105,000         122,063         227,063         377,383           2034         105,000         47,520         152,520         110,000         116,550         226,550         379,070           2035         110,000         44,370         154,370         120,000         110,775         230,775         385,145           2036         110,000         41,070         151,070         125,000         104,475         229,475         380,683           2038         120,000         34,320         154,320         135,000         91,088         226,088         380,408           2039         125,000         30,720         155,720	2027	80,000	63,115	143,115	80,000	149,888	229,888	373,003	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	2028	80,000	61,355	141,355	80,000	145,688	225,688	367,043	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	2029	85,000	59,515	144,515	85,000	141,488	226,488	371,003	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	2030	90,000	57,475	147,475	90,000	137,025	227,025	374,500	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2031	90,000	55,225	145,225	95,000	132,300	227,300	372,525	
2034105,00047,520152,520110,000116,550226,550379,0702035110,00044,370154,370120,000110,775230,775385,1452036110,00041,070151,070125,000104,475229,475380,5452037115,00037,770152,770130,00097,913227,913380,6832038120,00034,320154,320135,00091,088226,088380,4082039125,00030,720155,720145,00084,000229,000384,7202040130,00026,970156,970150,00076,388226,388383,3582041135,00022,940157,940160,00068,513228,513386,4532042140,00018,755158,755170,00060,113230,113388,8682043150,00014,415164,415175,00051,188226,188390,6032044155,0009,765164,765185,00042,000227,000391,7652045160,0004,960195,00032,288227,288392,2482046205,00022,050227,050227,0502047215,00011,288226,288226,288226,288	2032	95,000	52,885	147,885	100,000	127,313	227,313	375,198	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2033	100,000	50,320	150,320	105,000	122,063	227,063	377,383	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2034	105,000	47,520	152,520	110,000	116,550	226,550	379,070	
2037115,00037,770152,770130,00097,913227,913380,6832038120,00034,320154,320135,00091,088226,088380,4082039125,00030,720155,720145,00084,000229,000384,7202040130,00026,970156,970150,00076,388226,388383,3582041135,00022,940157,940160,00068,513228,513386,4532042140,00018,755158,755170,00060,113230,113388,8682043150,00014,415164,415175,00051,188226,188390,6032044155,0009,765164,765185,00042,000227,000391,7652045160,0004,960164,960195,00032,288227,288392,2482046205,00022,050227,050227,0502047215,00011,288226,288226,288	2035	110,000	44,370	154,370	120,000	110,775	230,775	385,145	
2038120,00034,320154,320135,00091,088226,088380,4082039125,00030,720155,720145,00084,000229,000384,7202040130,00026,970156,970150,00076,388226,388383,3582041135,00022,940157,940160,00068,513228,513386,4532042140,00018,755158,755170,00060,113230,113388,8682043150,00014,415164,415175,00051,188226,188390,6032044155,0009,765164,765185,00042,000227,000391,7652045160,0004,960164,960195,00032,288227,288392,2482046205,00022,050227,050227,0502047215,00011,288226,288226,288	2036	110,000	41,070	151,070	125,000	104,475	229,475	380,545	
2039125,00030,720155,720145,00084,000229,000384,7202040130,00026,970156,970150,00076,388226,388383,3582041135,00022,940157,940160,00068,513228,513386,4532042140,00018,755158,755170,00060,113230,113388,8682043150,00014,415164,415175,00051,188226,188390,6032044155,0009,765164,765185,00042,000227,000391,7652045160,0004,960164,960195,00032,288227,288392,2482046205,00022,050227,050227,0502047215,00011,288226,288226,288	2037	115,000	37,770	152,770	130,000	97,913	227,913	380,683	
2040130,00026,970156,970150,00076,388226,388383,3582041135,00022,940157,940160,00068,513228,513386,4532042140,00018,755158,755170,00060,113230,113388,8682043150,00014,415164,415175,00051,188226,188390,6032044155,0009,765164,765185,00042,000227,000391,7652045160,0004,960164,960195,00032,288227,288392,2482046205,00022,050227,050227,0502047215,00011,288226,288226,288	2038	120,000	34,320	154,320	135,000	91,088	226,088	380,408	
2041135,00022,940157,940160,00068,513228,513386,4532042140,00018,755158,755170,00060,113230,113388,8682043150,00014,415164,415175,00051,188226,188390,6032044155,0009,765164,765185,00042,000227,000391,7652045160,0004,960164,960195,00032,288227,288392,2482046205,00022,050227,050227,0502047215,00011,288226,288226,288	2039	125,000	30,720	155,720	145,000	84,000	229,000	384,720	
2042140,00018,755158,755170,00060,113230,113388,8682043150,00014,415164,415175,00051,188226,188390,6032044155,0009,765164,765185,00042,000227,000391,7652045160,0004,960164,960195,00032,288227,288392,2482046205,00022,050227,050227,0502047215,00011,288226,288226,288	2040	130,000	26,970	156,970	150,000	76,388	226,388	383,358	
2043       150,000       14,415       164,415       175,000       51,188       226,188       390,603         2044       155,000       9,765       164,765       185,000       42,000       227,000       391,765         2045       160,000       4,960       164,960       195,000       32,288       227,288       392,248         2046       -       -       205,000       22,050       227,050       227,050         2047       -       -       215,000       11,288       226,288       226,288	2041	135,000	22,940	157,940	160,000	68,513	228,513	386,453	
2044155,0009,765164,765185,00042,000227,000391,7652045160,0004,960164,960195,00032,288227,288392,2482046205,00022,050227,050227,0502047215,00011,288226,288226,288	2042	140,000	18,755	158,755	170,000	60,113	230,113	388,868	
2045       160,000       4,960       164,960       195,000       32,288       227,288       392,248         2046       -       -       205,000       22,050       227,050       227,050         2047       -       -       215,000       11,288       226,288       226,288	2043	150,000	14,415	164,415	175,000	51,188	226,188	390,603	
2046       -       -       205,000       22,050       227,050       227,050         2047       -       -       215,000       11,288       226,288       226,288	2044	155,000	9,765	164,765	185,000	42,000	227,000	391,765	
2047 215,000 11,288 226,288 226,288	2045	160,000	4,960	164,960	195,000	32,288	227,288	392,248	
	2046	-	-	-	205,000	22,050	227,050	227,050	
\$ 2 465 000 <b>\$ 1</b> 069 075 <b>\$ 3 534 075 \$ 3 000 000 \$ 2 546 338 \$ 5 546 338 \$ 9 080 413</b>	2047		-	<u> </u>	215,000	11,288	226,288	226,288	
		\$ 2,465,000	\$ 1,069,075	\$ 3,534,075	\$ 3,000,000	\$2,546,338	\$ 5,546,338	\$ 9,080,413	

## TABLE 1 – PRO-FORMA DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

Fiscal

(a) Interest calculated at an assumed rate for purposes of illustration. Preliminary, subject to change.

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#### TABLE 2 – TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE

2018 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation\$	1,996,121	
2019 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation\$	13,718,620	(a)
2020 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation\$	26,719,153	(a)
2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation	38,789,678	
Gross Direct Debt Outstanding (after issuance of the Bonds)\$	5,465,000	(b)
2021 Tax Rates:		
Debt Service\$	0.4400	
Maintenance\$	0.5400	
Total\$	0.9800	
General Fund Balance (as of April 6, 2022)\$	576,261	
Debt Service Fund Balance (as of April 6, 2022)\$	395,821	(c)
Capital Project Fund Balance (as of April 6, 2022)\$	108,611	
Ratio of Net Direct Debt to 2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation	14.09%	
Estimated Population as of May 15, 2022, 466 <sup>(d)</sup>		

Estimated Population as of May 15, 2022: 466<sup>(d)</sup>

(a) The Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation as provided by TCAD. See "TAXING PROCEDURES."

(b) Includes the Bonds.

(c) Unaudited as of April 6, 2022. Does not include approximately twenty-four months of capitalized interest (\$240,000) which is projected to be deposited into the Debt Service Fund at closing from the proceeds of the Bonds. Neither Texas law nor the Bond Order requires the District to maintain any particular sum in the Debt Service Fund.

(d) Based upon 3.5 residents per completed and occupied single family home.

#### TABLE 3 – UNLIMITED TAX BONDS AUTHORIZED BUT UNISSUED

			Amount	Amount	
	Date	Amount	Previously	Being	Unissued
Purpose	Authorized	Authorized	Issued	Issued	Balance
Water, Sewer, Drainage	11/6/2012	\$ 22,065,000	\$ 2,465,000	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 16,600,000
Parks and Recreational	11/6/2012	1,541,650	-	-	1,541,650
Road Bonds	11/6/2012	7,500,000	-	-	7,500,000
Total		\$ 31,106,650	\$ 2,465,000	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 25,641,650

INVESTMENT AUTHORITY AND INVESTMENT PRACTICES OF THE DISTRICT ... Under Texas law, the District is authorized to invest in (1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, including letters of credit; (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities; (3) collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States; (4) other obligations, the principal and interest of which is guaranteed or insured by or backed by the full faith and credit of, the State of Texas or the United States or their respective agencies and instrumentalities including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the "FDIC") or by explicit full faith and credit of the United States; (5) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than A or its equivalent; (6) bonds issued, assumed or guaranteed by the State of Israel; (7) interest-bearing banking deposits that are guaranteed or insured by the FDIC or the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund or their respective successors; (8) certificates of deposit and share certificates meeting the requirements of the Texas Public Funds Investment Act (Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code, as amended) (the "PFIA") (i) that are issued by or through an institution that has its main office or a branch office in Texas and are guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund, or are secured as to principal by obligations described in clauses (1) through (6) or in any other manner and amount provided by law for District deposits; or (ii) that are invested by the District through a depository institution that has its main office or a branch office in the State of Texas and otherwise meets the requirements of the PFIA; (9) fully collateralized repurchase agreements that have a defined termination date, are fully secured by obligations described in clause (1), and are placed through a primary government securities dealer or a financial institution doing business in the State of Texas; (10) certain bankers' acceptances with the remaining term of 270 days or less, if the short-term obligations of the accepting bank or its parent are rated at least "A-1" or "P-1" or the equivalent by at least one nationally recognized credit rating agency; (11) commercial paper with a stated maturity of 270 days or less that is rated at least "A-1" or "P-1" or the equivalent by either (a) two nationally recognized credit rating agencies or (b) one nationally recognized credit rating agency if the paper is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a U.S. or state bank; (12) no-load money market mutual funds registered with and regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission that complies with Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 2a-7; (13) no-load mutual funds registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission that have an average weighted maturity of less than two years, and either has a duration of one year or more and is invested exclusively in obligations described in the this paragraph, or has a duration of less than one year and the investment portfolio is limited to investment grade securities, excluding asset-backed securities; (14) local government investment pools organized in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act (Chapter 791, Texas Government Code) as amended, whose assets consist exclusively of the obligations that are described above. A public funds investment pool must be continuously ranked no lower than "AAA," "AAA-m" or at an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service. In addition, bond proceeds may be invested in guaranteed investment contracts that have a defined termination date and are secured by obligations, including letters of credit, of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities in an amount at least equal to the amount of bond proceeds invested under such contract, other than the prohibited obligations described below.

A political subdivision such as the District may enter into securities lending programs if (i) the securities loaned under the program are 100% collateralized, a loan made under the program allows for termination at any time and a loan made under the program is either secured by (a) obligations that are described in clauses (1) through (6) above, (b) irrevocable letters of credit issued by a state or national bank that is continuously rated by a nationally recognized investment rating firm at not less than A or its equivalent or (c) cash invested in obligations described in clauses (1) through (6) above, clauses (11) through (13) above, or an authorized investment pool; (ii) securities held as collateral under a loan are pledged to the District, held in the District's name and deposited at the time the investment is made with the District or a third party designated by the District; (iii) a loan made under the program is placed through either a primary government securities dealer or a financial institution doing business in the State of Texas; and (iv) the agreement to lend securities has a term of one year or less.

The District may invest in such obligations directly or through government investment pools that invest solely in such obligations provided that the pools are rated no lower than "AAA" or "AAAm" or an equivalent by at least one nationally recognized rating service. The District may also contract with an investment management firm registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. Section 80b-1 et seq.) or with the State Securities Board to provide for the investment and management of its public funds or other funds under its control for a term up to two years, but the District retains ultimate responsibility as fiduciary of its assets. In order to renew or extend such a contract, the District must do so by order, ordinance, or resolution.

The District is specifically prohibited from investing in: (1) obligations whose payment represents the coupon payments on the outstanding principal balance of the underlying mortgage-backed security collateral and pays no principal; (2) obligations whose payment represents the principal stream of cash flow from the underlying mortgage-backed security and bears no interest; (3) collateralized mortgage obligations that have a stated final maturity of greater than 10 years; and (4) collateralized mortgage obligations the interest rate of which is determined by an index that adjusts opposite to the changes in a market index.

Under Texas law, the District is required to invest its funds under written investment policies that primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity; that address investment diversification, yield, maturity, and the quality and capability of investment management; and that include a list of authorized investments for District funds, the maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment, the maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed for pooled fund, groups methods to monitor the market price of investments acquired with public funds, a requirement for settlement of all transactions, except investment pool funds and mutual funds, on a delivery versus payment basis, and procedures to monitor rating changes in investments acquired with public funds and the liquidation of such investments consistent with the PFIA. All District funds must be invested consistent with a formally adopted "Investment Strategy Statement" that specifically addresses each fund's investment. Each Investment Strategy Statement will describe its objectives concerning: (1) suitability of investment type, (2) preservation and safety of principal, (3) liquidity, (4) marketability of each investment, (5) diversification of the portfolio, and (6) yield.

Under Texas law, the District's investments must be made "with judgment and care, under prevailing circumstances, that a person of prudence, discretion, and intelligence would exercise in the management of the person's own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment considering the probable safety of capital and the probable income to be derived." At least quarterly the District's investment officers must submit an investment report to the Board of Directors detailing: (1) the investment position of the District, (2) that all investment officers jointly prepared and signed the report, (3) the beginning market value, and any additions and changes to market value and the ending value of each pooled fund group, (4) the book value and market value of each separately listed asset at the beginning and end of the reporting period, (5) the maturity date of each separately invested asset, (6) the account or fund or pooled fund group for which each individual investment was acquired, and (7) the compliance of the investment portfolio as it relates to: (a) adopted investment strategies and (b) Texas law. No person may invest District funds without express written authority from the Board of Directors.

Under Texas law, the District is additionally required to: (1) annually review its adopted policies and strategies, (2) require any investment officers with personal business relationships or family relationships with firms seeking to sell securities to the District to disclose the relationship and file a statement with the Texas Ethics Commission and the District, (3) require the registered principal of firms seeking to sell securities to the District to: (a) receive and review the District's investment policy, (b) acknowledge that reasonable controls and procedures have been implemented to preclude imprudent investment activities, and (c) deliver a written statement attesting to these requirements; (4) in conjunction with its annual financial audit, perform a compliance audit of the management controls on investments and adherence to the District's investment policy, (5) restrict reverse repurchase agreements to not more than 90 days and restrict the investment of reverse repurchase agreement funds to no greater than the term of the reverse repurchase agreement, (6) restrict the investment in non-money market mutual funds in the aggregate to no more

than 15% of the District's monthly average fund balance, excluding bond proceeds and reserves and other funds held for debt service and (7) require local government investment pools to conform to the new disclosure, rating, net asset value, yield calculation, and advisory board requirements.

**ESTIMATED OVERLAPPING DEBT STATEMENT**... Other governmental entities whose boundaries overlap the District have outstanding bonds payable from ad valorem taxes. The following statement of direct and estimated overlapping ad valorem tax debt was developed from several sources, including information contained in "Texas Municipal Reports," published by the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas. Except for the amount relating to the District, the District has not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of such information, and no person is entitled to rely upon information as being accurate or complete. Furthermore, certain of the entities listed below may have issued additional bonds since the dates stated in this table, and such entities may have programs requiring the issuance of substantial amounts of additional bonds, the amount of which cannot be determined. Political subdivision overlapping the District are authorized by Texas law to levy and collect ad valorem taxes for operation, maintenance and/or general revenue purposes in addition to taxes of debt service and the tax burden for operation, maintenance and/or general purposes is not included in these figures.

	Total			Overlapping		
	Т	ax Supported	Estimated %	Tax	Supported	
Taxing Jurisdiction	_	Debt	Applicable	Debt a	as of 4/30/2022	
Austin Community College	\$	436,260,000	0.01%	\$	43,626	
Del Valle ISD		420,929,999	0.27%		1,136,511	
Travis County		967,930,000	0.01%		96,793	
Travis County Healthcare District		78,140,000	0.01%		7,814	
Travis County ESD #11			0.54%		-	
Travis County ESD #15		-	0.54%		-	
The District		5,465,000	100.00%		5,465,000 <sup>(a)</sup>	
Total Direct and Overlapping Tax Supported Debt				\$	6,749,744	
Ratio of Direct and Overlapping Tax Supported Debt	to 2	021 TAV			17.40%	

(a) Includes the Bonds.

## TAX DATA

## TABLE 4 – TAX RATE AND COLLECTIONS

The following statement of tax collections sets forth in condensed form the historical tax collection experience of the District. Such summary has been prepared by the Financial Advisor for inclusion herein based upon information from District audits and records of the District's Tax Assessor/Collector. Reference is made to such audits and records for further and more complete information.

Fiscal								
Year				Т	axable			
Ended	Tax	General	Debt	As	ssessed			% Total
9/30	Rate	Fund	Service	Val	uation <sup>(a)</sup>	Та	ax Levy	Collections
2018	\$ 0.9800	\$ 0.9800	\$ -	\$	23,500	\$	3,619	100.00%
2019	0.9800	0.9800	-		1,996,121		19,562	100.00%
2020	0.9800	0.9800	-	1	3,718,620		134,956	100.00%
2021	0.9800	0.5300	0.4500	2	6,225,367		258,663	98.70%
2022	0.9800	0.5400	0.4400	3	8,789,678		391,795	N/A

(a) Assessed Valuation reflects the certified value as reported by the Travis Central Appraisal District.

TAX RATE LIMITATION . . . The District's tax rate for debt service on the Bonds is legally unlimited as to rate and amount.

**MAINTENANCE TAX**... The Board of Directors of the District has the statutory authority to levy and collect an annual ad valorem tax for planning, maintaining, repairing and operating the District's improvements, if such maintenance tax is authorized by a vote of the District's electors. Such tax is in addition to taxes that the District is authorized to levy for paying principal of and interest on the Bonds, and any tax bonds that may be issued in the future. At an election held on November 6, 2012, voters within the District authorized a maintenance tax not to exceed 1.50/100 assessed valuation. As shown above under "Table 2 – Taxable

Assessed Value," the District levied a 2021 maintenance and operation tax of \$0.5400/\$100 assessed valuation. See "THE DISTRICT – General."

## TABLE 5 – PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS

The following list of principal taxpayers was provided by the Travis Central Appraisal District based on the 2021 tax roll of the District, which reflect ownership as of January 1 of 2021.

	Taxable	% of 2021
	Assessed	Taxable
Taxpayer	Value	Assessed Valuation
Qualico CR LP <sup>(a)</sup>	\$ 1,303,080	3.36%
Lennar Homes of Texas <sup>(b)</sup>	875,682	2.26%
Gehan Homes Ltd. <sup>(b)</sup>	825,000	2.13%
Del Valle Properties LLC	800,473	2.06%
Lennar Homes of Texas <sup>(b)</sup>	678,114	1.75%
Lennar Homes of Texas <sup>(b)</sup>	615,000	1.59%
Levine, Matthew	467,094	1.20%
Lennar Homes of Texas <sup>(b)</sup>	422,008	1.09%
Lennar Homes of Texas <sup>(b)</sup>	371,895	0.96%
Falke, Tiffany Ann	326,397	0.84%
	\$ 6,684,743	17.23%

(a) The Developer. See "THE DEVELOPER – Description of the Developer" and "RISK FACTORS – Dependence upon Developer and Homebuilders" and "– Housing Market-Volatility and Recent Foreclosures."

(b) The designated taxpayers are concentrated in the homebuilding industry. See "THE DEVELOPER – Homebuilders" and "RISK FACTORS – Dependence upon Developer and Homebuilders" and "– Housing Market – Volatility and Recent Foreclosures."

#### TAX ADEQUACY FOR DEBT SERVICE

The calculations shown below assume, solely for purposes of illustration, no increase or decrease in assessed valuation from the 2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation and utilize tax rates adequate to service the District's total projected debt service requirements, including the Bonds (at an assumed rate). No available debt service funds are reflected in these computations. See "RISK FACTORS – Impact on District Tax Rates."

Projected Average Annual Debt Service Requirements on the Bonds (2022-2047)\$	349,247 <sup>(a)</sup>
\$0.9478 Tax Rate on 2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation of \$38,789,678 @ 95% collections\$	349,266
	,
Projected Maximum Annual Debt Service Requirements on the Bonds (2045)\$	392.248 <sup>(a)</sup>
\$1.0645 Tax Rate on 2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation of \$38,789,678 @ 95% collections\$	392,270
\$1.0645 Tax Rate on 2021 Certified Taxable Assessed Valuation of \$38, 789,678 (a) 95% collections\$	392,270

<sup>(</sup>a) Preliminary, subject to change.

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#### **TAXING PROCEDURES**

AUTHORITY TO LEVY TAXES . . . The Board is authorized to levy an annual ad valorem tax on all taxable property within the District in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Bonds and any additional bonds payable from taxes which the District may hereafter issue (see "RISK FACTORS – Future Debt") and to pay the expenses of assessing and collecting such taxes. The District agrees in the Bond Order to levy such a tax from year-to-year as described more fully herein under "THE BONDS – Source of and Security for Payment." Under Texas law, the Board is also authorized to levy and collect an ad valorem tax for the operation and maintenance of the District and its water and wastewater system and for the payment of certain contractual obligations, if authorized by its voters. See "TAX DATA – Tax Rate Limitation."

**PROPERTY TAX CODE AND COUNTY WIDE APPRAISAL DISTRICT**... The Texas Property Tax Code (the "Property Tax Code") specifies the taxing procedures of all political subdivisions of the State of Texas, including the District. Provisions of the Property Tax Code are complex and are not fully summarized here. The Property Tax Code requires, among other matters, county-wide appraisal and equalization of taxable property values and establishes in each county of the State of Texas an appraisal district with the responsibility for recording and appraising property for all taxing units within a county and an appraisal review board with responsibility for reviewing and equalizing the values established by the appraisal district. The Travis Central Appraisal District has the responsibility for appraising property for all taxing units within Travis County, including the District. Such appraisal values are subject to review and change by the Travis Central Appraisal Review Board (the "Appraisal Review Board").

**PROPERTY SUBJECT TO TAXATION BY THE DISTRICT...** General: Except for certain exemptions provided by State law, all real property, tangible personal property held or used for the production of income, mobile homes, and certain categories of intangible personal property with a tax situs in the District are subject to taxation by the District; however, no effort is expected to be made by the Appraisal District to include on a tax roll tangible or intangible personal property not devoted to commercial or industrial use. Principal categories of exempt property include but are not limited to: property owned by the State of Texas or its political subdivisions if the property is used for public purposes; property exempt from ad valorem taxation by federal law; income producing tangible personal property or mineral interest with a taxable value of less than \$500; certain property used for the control of air, water or land pollution; solar and wind powered energy devices; certain non-profit cemeteries, farm products owned by the producer; and certain property owned by qualified charitable, religious, veterans, youth, or fraternal organizations, designated historical sites, travel trailers, and most individually owned automobiles. Goods, wares, ores and merchandise (other than oil, gas, or petroleum products) that are acquired in or imported into the state and forwarded out of state within 175 days thereafter are also exempt. Article VIII, Section 1-a of the Texas Constitution grants a \$3,000 homestead exemption for all homesteads taxed by counties for farm-to-market roads and flood control purposes. Property owned by a disabled veteran or by the spouse of certain children of a deceased disabled veteran or a veteran who died while on active duty is partially exempt to between \$5,000 and \$12,000 of assessed value depending upon the disability rating of the veteran. A veteran who receives a disability rating of 100% is entitled to an exemption for the full value of the veteran's residence homestead. Additionally, subject to certain conditions, the surviving spouse of a disabled veteran who is entitled to an exemption for the full value of the veteran's residence homestead is also entitled to an exemption from taxation on the same or subsequently qualified homestead of the total appraised value of the same property to which the disabled veteran's exemption applied. The surviving spouse of a member of the armed services who was killed in action or fatally injured in the line of duty is entitled to an exemption from taxation of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead where certain conditions are met and, subject to certain conditions, an exemption up to the same amount may be transferred to a subsequent residence homestead of the surviving spouse. The surviving spouse of a first responder who was killed or fatally injured in the line of duty is, subject to certain conditions, entitled to an exemption of the total appraised value of the surviving spouse's residence homestead, and, subject to certain conditions, an exemption up to the same amount may be transferred to a subsequent residence homestead of the surviving spouse. Also, partially exempt are residence homesteads of certain persons who are disabled or at least 65 years old, not less than \$3,000 of appraised value or such higher amount as the Board or the District's voters may approve.

The District's tax assessor/collector is authorized by statute to disregard such exemptions for the elderly and disabled if granting the exemptions would impair the District's obligation to pay tax supported debt incurred prior to adoption of the exemptions by the District.

**Residential Homestead Exemptions:** The Property Tax Code authorizes the governing body of each political subdivision in the State to exempt up to twenty percent (20%) of the appraised value of residential homesteads from ad valorem taxation if the exemption is adopted by the governing body of the political subdivision before July 1. Where ad valorem taxes have previously been pledged for the payment of debt, the governing body of a political subdivision may continue to levy and collect taxes against the exempt value of the homesteads until the debt is discharged, if the cessation of the levy would impair the obligations of the contract by which the debt was created. The District has never adopted a general homestead exemption.

**Tax Abatement:** Travis County and the District may enter into tax abatement agreements with owners of real property within such zone. The tax abatement agreements may exempt from ad valorem taxation by the applicable taxing jurisdiction for a period of up to ten years, all or any part of the increase in the assessed valuation of property covered by the agreement over its assessed valuation in the year in which the agreement is executed, on the condition that the property owner make specified improvements or repairs to the property in conformity with a comprehensive plan. To date, the District has not executed any abatement agreements.

Freeport Goods and Goods-in-Transit Exemption: Article VIII, Section 1-j of the Texas Constitution provides for an exemption from ad valorem taxation for "freeport property," which is defined as goods detained in the state for 175 days or less for the purpose

of assembly, storage, manufacturing, processing or fabrication. Taxing units that took action prior to April 1, 1990 may continue to tax freeport property and decisions to continue to tax freeport property may be reversed in the future. However, decisions to exempt freeport property are not subject to reversal. In addition, effective for tax years 2008 and thereafter, Article VIII, Section 1-n of the Texas Constitution provides for an exemption from taxation for "goods-in-transit," which are defined as personal property acquired or imported into the state and transported to another location inside or outside the state within 175 days of the date the property was acquired or imported into the state. The exemption excludes oil, natural gas, petroleum products, aircraft and special inventory, including motor vehicle, vessel and outboard motor, heavy equipment and manufactured housing inventory. After holding a public hearing, a taxing unit may take action by January 1 of the year preceding a tax year to tax goods-in-transit during the following tax year. A taxpayer may obtain only a freeport exemption or a goods-in-transit exemption for items of personal property. Freeport goods and goods-in-transit are not exempt from taxation by the District.

**TEMPORARY EXEMPTION FOR QUALIFIED PROPERTY DAMAGED BY A DISASTER**... The Property Tax Code provides for temporary exemption from ad valorem taxation of a portion of the appraised value of certain property that is at least 15% damaged by a disaster and located within an area declared to be a disaster area by the governor of the State of Texas. This temporary exemption is automatic if the disaster is declared prior to a taxing unit, such as the District, adopting its tax rate for the tax year. A taxing unit, such as the District, may authorize the exemption at its discretion if the disaster is declared after the taxing unit has adopted its tax rate for the tax year. The amount of the exemption is based on the percentage of damage and is prorated based on the date of the disaster. Upon receipt of an application submitted within the eligible timeframe by a person who qualifies for a temporary exemption under the Property Tax Code, the Appraisal District is required to complete a damage assessment and assign a damage assessment rating to determine the amount of the exemption. The temporary exemption amounts established in the Property Tax Code range from 15% for property less than 30% damaged to 100% for property that is a total loss. Any such temporary exemption granted for disaster-damaged property expires on January 1 of the first year in which the property is reappraised.

**VALUATION OF PROPERTY FOR TAXATION**... Generally, property in the District must be appraised by the TCAD at market value as of January 1 of each year. Once an appraisal roll is prepared and formally approved by the Appraisal Review Board, it is used by the District in establishing its tax rolls and tax rate. Assessments under the Property Tax Code are to be based on one hundred percent (100%) of market value, as such is defined in the Property Tax Code.

The Property Tax Code permits land designated for agricultural use, open space or timberland to be appraised at its value based on the land's capacity to produce agricultural or timber products rather than at its fair market value. The Property Tax Code permits under certain circumstances that residential real property inventory held by a person in the trade or business be valued at the price that such property would bring if sold as a unit to a purchaser who would continue the business. Landowners wishing to avail themselves of the agricultural use, open space or timberland designation or residential real property inventory designation must apply for the designation and the appraiser is required by the Property Tax Code to act on each claimant's right to the designation individually. A claimant may waive the special valuation as to taxation by some political subdivisions while claiming it as to another. If a claimant receives the agricultural use designation and later loses it by changing the use of the property or selling it to an unqualified owner, the District can collect taxes based on the new use, including taxes for the previous three years for agricultural use and taxes for the previous five years for open space land and timberland.

The Property Tax Code requires the TCAD to implement a plan for periodic reappraisal of property. The plan must provide for appraisal of all real property in the TCAD at least once every three (3) years. It is not known what frequency of reappraisal will be utilized by the TCAD or whether reappraisals will be conducted on a zone or county-wide basis. The District, however, at its expense has the right to obtain from the Appraisal District a current estimate of appraised values within the District or an estimate of any new property or improvements within the District. While such current estimate of appraised values may serve to indicate the rate and extent of growth of taxable values within the District, it cannot be used for establishing a tax rate within the District until such time as the TCAD chooses formally to include such values on its appraisal roll.

**DISTRICT AND TAXPAYER REMEDIES**... Under certain circumstances taxpayers and taxing units (such as the District), may appeal the orders of the Appraisal Review Board by filing a timely petition for review in State district court. In such event, the value of the property in question will be determined by the court or by a jury, if requested by any party. Additionally, taxing units may bring suit against the TCAD to compel compliance with the Property Tax Code.

The Property Tax Code sets forth notice and hearing procedures for certain tax rate increases by the District and provides for taxpayer referenda which could result in the repeal of certain tax increases. The Property Tax Code also establishes a procedure for notice to property owners of reappraisals reflecting increased property values, appraisals which are higher than renditions, and appraisals of property not previously on an appraisal roll.

**LEVY AND COLLECTION OF TAXES**... The District is responsible for the levy and collection of its taxes unless it elects to transfer the collection functions to another governmental entity. By September 1 of each year, or as soon thereafter as practicable, the rate of taxation is set by the Board based upon the valuation of property within the District as of the preceding January 1. Taxes are due October 1, or when billed, whichever comes later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year. A delinquent tax incurs a penalty of six percent (6%) of the amount of the tax for the first calendar month it is delinquent, plus one percent (1%) for each additional month or portion of a month the tax remains unpaid prior to July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent. If the tax is not paid by July 1 of the year in which it becomes delinquent and incurs an additional penalty of up to fifteen percent (15%) if imposed by the District. The delinquent tax also accrues interest at a rate of one percent (1%) for each month or portion of a month

it remains unpaid. The Property Tax Code also makes provision for the split payment of taxes, discounts for early payment and the postponement of the delinquency date of taxes under certain circumstances.

The District's tax collector is required to enter into an installment payment agreement with any person who is delinquent on the payment of tax on a residence homestead for payment of tax, penalties and interest, if the person requests an installment agreement and has not entered into an installment agreement with the collector in the preceding 24 months. The installment agreement must provide for payments to be made in monthly installments and must extend for a period of at least 12 months and no more than 36 months. Additionally, the owner of a residential homestead property who is (i) sixty-five (65) years of age or older, (ii) disabled, or (iii) a disabled veteran, is entitled by law to pay current taxes on a residential homestead in installments without penalty or to defer the payment of taxes during the time of ownership. In the instance of tax deferral, a tax lien remains on the property and interest continue to accrue during the period of deferral.

**ROLLBACK OF OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE TAX RATE**... During the 86th Regular Legislative Session, Senate Bill 2 ("SB 2") was passed and signed by the Governor, with an effective date of January 1, 2020, which divides water districts into three separate categories and creates new rollback tax rate and election procedures for each category. Under SB 2, an election that could result in a reduction of the water district's operation and maintenance component of the total tax rate will either be required or the voters will have the right to petition for the election if the adopted total tax rate exceeds the threshold established for the applicable category (collectively, the debt service tax rate, maintenance and operations tax rate and contract tax rate are the "total tax rate"). See "SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION" for a description of the District's current total tax rate. Thus, under SB 2, debt service and contract tax rates cannot be reduced by a rollback election held within any of the districts described below.

SB 2 classifies districts differently based on the current operation and maintenance tax rate or on the percentage of build-out that the district has completed. Districts that have adopted an operation and maintenance tax rate for the current year that is 2.5 cents or less per \$100 of taxable value are classified as "Low Tax Rate Districts." Districts that have financed, completed, and issued bonds to pay for all improvements and facilities necessary to serve at least 95% of the projected build-out of the district are classified as "Developed Districts." Districts that do not meet either of the classifications previously discussed are classified herein as "Other Districts." The impact each classification has on the ability of a district to increase its maintenance and operations tax rate pursuant to SB 2 is described for each classification below.

#### Low Tax Rate Districts

Low Tax Rate Districts that adopt a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.08 times the amount of the total tax imposed by such district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, subject to certain homestead exemptions, are required to hold a rollback election within the district to determine whether to approve the adopted total tax rate. If the adopted total tax rate is not approved at the election, the total tax rate for a Low Tax Rate District is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus the operation and maintenance tax rate that would impose 1.08 times the amount of operation and maintenance tax imposed by the district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead in the district in that year, subject to certain homestead exemptions.

#### **Developed** Districts

Developed Districts that adopt a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.035 times the amount of the total tax imposed by the district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, subject to certain homestead exemptions for the preceding tax year, plus any unused increment rates, as calculated and described in Section 26.013 of the Tax Code, are required to hold a rollback election within the district to determine whether to approve the adopted total tax rate. If the adopted total tax rate is not approved at the election, the total tax rate for a Developed District is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus the operation and maintenance tax rate that would impose 1.035 times the amount of operation and maintenance tax imposed by the district in the preceding year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead in the district in that year, subject to certain homestead exemptions, plus any unused increment rates. In addition, if any part of a Developed District lies within an area declared for disaster by the Governor of Texas or President of the United States, alternative procedures and rate limitations may apply for a temporary period. If a district qualifies as both a Low Tax Rate District and a Developed District, the district will be subject to the operation and maintenance tax threshold applicable to Low Tax Rate Districts.

#### Other Districts

The qualified voters of Other Districts will have the right to petition for an election to reduce the operation and maintenance tax rate only if the Other District adopts a total tax rate that would impose more than 1.08 times the amount of the total tax rate imposed by such district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead, subject to certain homestead exemptions. If an election is called and passes, the total tax rate is the current year's debt service and contract tax rate plus the operation and maintenance tax rate that would impose 1.08 times the amount of operation and maintenance tax imposed by the district in the preceding tax year on a residence homestead appraised at the average appraised value of a residence homestead in the district in that year, subject to certain homestead exemptions.

#### The District

The District has been classified as a Developing District for the 2022 tax year. A determination as to a District's status after the 2022 tax year will be made by the Board of Directors of the District on an annual basis. The District cannot give any assurances as to what its classification will be at any point in time or whether the District's future tax rates will result in a total tax rate that will reclassify the District into a new classification and result in different rollback tax rate and election procedures.

DISTRICT'S RIGHTS IN THE EVENT OF TAX DELINQUENCIES ... Taxes levied by the District are a personal obligation of the owner of the property on January 1 of the year for which the tax is imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all state and local taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. The lien exists in favor of the State of Texas and each local taxing unit, including the District, having power to tax the property. The District's tax lien is on a parity with tax liens of such other taxing units. See "FINANCIAL STATEMENT - Estimated Overlapping Debt Statement." A tax lien on real property takes priority over the claim of most creditors and other holders of liens on the property encumbered by the tax lien, whether or not the debt or lien existed before the attachment of the tax lien; however, whether a lien of the United States is on a parity with or takes priority over a tax lien of the District is determined by applicable federal law. Personal property under certain circumstances is subject to seizure and sale for the payment of delinquent taxes, penalty, and interest. At any time after taxes on property become delinquent, the District may file suit to foreclose the lien securing payment of the tax, to enforce personal liability for the tax, or both. In filing a suit to foreclose a tax lien on real property, the District must join other taxing units that have claims for delinquent taxes against all or part of the same property. Collection of delinquent taxes may be adversely affected by the amount of taxes owed to other taxing units, by the effects of market conditions on the foreclosure sale price, by taxpayer redemption rights (a taxpayer may redeem property within two years after the purchaser's deed issued at the foreclosure sale is filed in the county records) or by bankruptcy proceedings which restrict the collection of taxpayer debts. See "RISK FACTORS - General - Tax Collections and Foreclosure Remedies."

**EFFECT OF FIRREA ON TAX COLLECTIONS**... The "Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery and Enforcement Act of 1989" ("FIRREA") contains provisions which affect the time for protesting property valuations, the fixing of tax liens and the collection of penalties and interest on delinquent taxes on real property owned by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") when the FDIC is acting as the conservator or receiver of an insolvent financial institution.

Under FIRREA, real property held by the FDIC is still subject to ad valorem taxation, but such act states (i) that no real property of the FDIC shall be subject to foreclosure or sale without the consent of the FDIC and no involuntary lien shall attach to such property, (ii) the FDIC shall not be liable for any penalties or fines, including those arising from the failure to pay any real property taxes when due and (iii) notwithstanding the failure of a person to challenge an appraisal in accordance with state law, such value shall be determined as of the period for which such tax is imposed.

To the extent that the FIRREA provisions are valid and applicable to any property in the District, and to the extent that the FDIC attempts to enforce the same, these provisions may affect the timeliness of collection of taxes on property owned by the FDIC in the District, and may prevent the collection of penalties and interest on such taxes.

#### LEGAL MATTERS

**LEGAL OPINIONS**... Issuance of the Bonds is subject to the approving legal opinion of the Attorney General of Texas to the effect that the Bonds are valid and binding obligations of the District payable from the proceeds of an annual ad valorem tax levied, without legal limit as to rate or amount, upon all taxable property within the District. Issuance of the Bonds is also subject to the legal opinion of McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P. ("Bond Counsel"), based upon examination of a transcript of the proceedings incident to authorization and issuance of the Bonds, to the effect that the Bonds are valid and binding obligations of the District payable from the sources and enforceable in accordance with the terms and conditions described therein, except to the extent that the enforceability thereof may be affected by governmental immunity, bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, or other similar laws affecting creditors' rights or the exercise of judicial discretion in accordance with general principles of equity. Bond Counsel's legal opinion will also address the matters described below under "TAX MATTERS." Such opinions will express no opinion with respect to the sufficiency of the security for or the marketability of the Bonds. In connection with the issuance of the Bonds, Bond Counsel has been engaged by, and only represents, the District.

The legal fees to be paid Bond Counsel for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Bonds are based upon a percentage of Bonds actually issued, sold and delivered, and therefore, such fees are contingent upon the sale and delivery of the Bonds.

The various legal opinions to be delivered concurrently with the delivery of the Bonds express the professional judgment of the attorneys rendering the opinions as to the legal issues explicitly addressed therein. In rendering a legal opinion, the attorney does not become an insurer or guarantor of the expression of professional judgment, of the transaction opined upon, or of the future performance of the parties to the transaction, nor does the rendering of an opinion guarantee the outcome of any legal dispute that may arise out of the transaction.

**NO-LITIGATION CERTIFICATE** . . . The District will furnish to the Initial Purchaser a certificate, dated as of the Date of Initial Delivery of the Bonds, executed by both the President and Secretary of the Board, to the effect that no litigation of any nature has

been filed or is then pending or threatened, either in state or federal courts, contesting or attacking the Bonds; restraining or enjoining the issuance, execution or delivery of the Bonds; affecting the provisions made for the payment of or security for the Bonds; in any manner questioning the authority or proceedings for the issuance, execution, or delivery of the Bonds; or affecting the validity of the Bonds.

NO MATERIAL ADVERSE CHANGE . . . The obligations of the Initial Purchaser to take and pay for the Bonds, and of the District to deliver the Bonds, are subject to the condition that, up to the time of delivery of and receipt of payment for the Bonds, there shall have been no material adverse change in the condition (financial or otherwise) of the District from that set forth or contemplated in the Official Statement.

#### TAX MATTERS

**OPINION**... On the date of initial delivery of the Bonds, McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P., Austin, Texas, Bond Counsel to the District, will render its opinion that, in accordance with statutes, regulations, published rulings and court decisions existing on the date thereof ("Existing Law") for federal income tax purposes interest on the Bonds (i) will be excludable from the "gross income" of the holders thereof and (ii) the Bonds will not be treated as "specified private activity bonds" the interest on which would be included as an alternative minimum tax preference item under section 57(a)(5) of the Internal Revenue code of 1986 (the "Code"). Except as stated above, Bond Counsel will express no opinion as to any other federal, state or local tax consequences of the purchase, ownership or disposition of the Bonds. See "APPENDIX B – Form of Bond Counsel's Opinion."

In rendering its opinion, Bond Counsel will rely upon (a) certain information and representations of the District, including information and representations contained in the District's federal tax certificate, and (b) covenants of the District contained in the Bond documents relating to certain matters, including arbitrage and the use of the proceeds of the Bonds and the property financed or refinanced therewith. Failure by the District to observe the aforementioned representations or covenants could cause the interest on the Bonds to become taxable retroactively to the date of issuance.

The Code and the regulations promulgated thereunder contain a number of requirements that must be satisfied subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds in order for the interest on the Bonds to be, and to remain, excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Failure to comply with such requirements may cause interest on the Bonds to be included to gross income retroactively to the date of issuance of the Bonds. The opinion of Bond Counsel is conditioned on compliance by the District with such requirements, and Bond Counsel has not been retained to monitor compliance with these requirements subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds.

Bond Counsel's opinion represents its legal judgment based upon its review of Existing Law and the reliance on the aforementioned information, representations and covenants. Bond Counsel's opinion is not a guarantee of a result. Existing Law is subject to change by the Congress and to subsequent judicial and administrative interpretation by the courts and the Department of the Treasury. There can be no assurance that such Existing Law or the interpretation thereof will not be changed in a manner which would adversely affect the tax treatment of the purchase, ownership or disposition of the Bonds.

A ruling was not sought from the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") by the District with respect to the Bonds or the property financed or refinanced with the proceeds of the Bonds. No assurances can be given as to whether the IRS will commence an audit of the Bonds, or as to whether the IRS would agree with the opinion of Bond Counsel. If an IRS audit is commenced, under current procedures the Internal Revenue Service is likely to treat the District as the taxpayer and the Bondholders may have no right to participate in such procedure. No additional interest will be paid upon any determination of taxability.

**FEDERAL INCOME TAX ACCOUNTING TREATMENT OF ORIGINAL ISSUE DISCOUNT**... The initial public offering price to be paid for one or more maturities of the Bonds may be less than the principal amount thereof or one or more periods for the payment of interest on the Bonds may not be equal to the accrual period or be in excess of one year (the "Original Issue Discount Bonds"). In such event, the difference between (i) the "stated redemption price at maturity" of each Original Issue Discount Bond, and (ii) the initial offering price to the public of such Original Issue Discount Bond would constitute original issue discount. The "stated redemption price at maturity" means the sum of all payments to be made on the Bonds less the amount of all periodic interest payments. Periodic interest payments are payments which are made during equal accrual periods (or during any unequal period if it is the initial or final period) and which are made during accrual periods which do not exceed one year.

Under Existing Law, any owner who has purchased such Original Issue Discount Bond in the initial public offering is entitled to exclude from gross income (defined in section 61 of the Code) an amount of income with respect to such Original Issue Discount Bond equal to that portion of the amount of such original issue discount allocable to the accrual period. For a discussion of certain collateral federal tax consequences, see discussion set forth below.

In the event of the redemption, sale or other taxable disposition of such Original Issue Discount Bond prior to stated maturity, however, the amount realized by such owner in excess of the basis of such Original Issue Discount Bond in the hands of such owner (adjusted upward by the portion of the original issue discount allocable to the period for which such Original Issue Discount Bond was held by such initial owner) is includable in gross income.

Under Existing Law, the original issue discount on each Original Issue Discount Bond is accrued daily to the stated maturity thereof (in amounts calculated as described below for each six-month period ending on the date before the semiannual anniversary dates of the date of the Bonds and ratably within each such six-month period) and the accrued amount is added to an initial owner's basis for such Original Issue Discount Bond for purposes of determining the amount of gain or loss recognized by such owner upon the redemption, sale or other disposition thereof. The amount to be added to basis for each accrual period is equal to (a) the sum of the issue price and the amount of original issue discount accrued in prior periods multiplied by the yield to stated maturity (determined on the basis of compounding at the close of each accrual period and properly adjusted for the length of the accrual period) less (b) the amounts payable as current interest during such accrual period on such Original Issue Discount Bond.

The federal income tax consequences of the purchase, ownership, redemption, sale or other disposition of Original Issue Discount Bonds which are not purchased in the initial offering at the initial offering price may be determined according to rules which differ from those described above. All owners of Original Issue Discount Bonds should consult their own tax advisors with respect to the determination for federal, state and local income tax purposes of the treatment of interest accrued upon redemption, sale or other disposition of such Original Issue Discount Bonds and with respect to the federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of the purchase, ownership, redemption, sale or other disposition of such Original Issue Discount Bonds.

**COLLATERAL FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES**... The following discussion is a summary of certain collateral federal income tax consequences resulting from the purchase, ownership or disposition of the Bonds. This discussion is based on existing statutes, regulations, published rulings and court decisions accumulated, all of which are subject to change or modification, retroactively.

The following discussion is applicable to investors, other than those who are subject to special provisions of the Code, such as financial institutions, property and casualty insurance companies, life insurance companies, individual recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, individuals allowed an earned income credit, certain S corporations with accumulated earnings and profits and excess passive investment income, foreign corporations subject to the branch profits tax, taxpayers qualifying for the health insurance premium assistance credit and taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase tax-exempt obligations.

THE DISCUSSION CONTAINED HEREIN MAY NOT BE EXHAUSTIVE. INVESTORS, INCLUDING THOSE WHO ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIAL PROVISIONS OF THE CODE, SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN TAX ADVISORS AS TO THE TAX TREATMENT WHICH MAY BE ANTICIPATED TO RESULT FROM THE PURCHASE, OWNERSHIP AND DISPOSITION OF TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS BEFORE DETERMINING WHETHER TO PURCHASE THE BONDS.

Under section 6012 of the Code, holders of tax-exempt obligations, such as the Bonds, may be required to disclose interest received or accrued during each taxable year on their returns of federal income taxation.

Section 1276 of the Code provides for ordinary income tax treatment of gain recognized upon the disposition of a tax-exempt obligation, such as the Bonds, if such obligation was acquired at a "market discount" and if the fixed maturity of such obligation is equal to, or exceeds, one year from the date of issue. Such treatment applies to "market discount bonds" to the extent such gain does not exceed the accrued market discount of such bonds; although for this purpose, a de minimis amount of market discount is ignored. A "market discount bond" is one which is acquired by the holder at a purchase price which is less than the stated redemption price at maturity or, in the case of a bond issued at an original issue discount, the "revised issue price" (i.e., the issue price plus accrued original issue discount). The "accrued market discount" is the amount which bears the same ratio to the market discount as the number of days during which the holder holds the obligation bears to the number of days between the acquisition date and the final maturity date.

**STATE, LOCAL AND FOREIGN TAXES**... Investors should consult their own tax advisors concerning the tax implications of the purchase, ownership or disposition of the Bonds under applicable state or local laws. Foreign investors should also consult their own tax advisors regarding the tax consequences unique to investors who are not United States persons.

**INFORMATION REPORTING AND BACKUP WITHHOLDING**... Subject to certain exceptions, information reports describing interest income, including original issue discount, with respect to the Bonds will be sent to each registered holder and to the IRS. Payments of interest and principal may be subject to backup withholding under section 3406 of the Code if a recipient of the payments fails to furnish to the payor such owner's social security number or other taxpayer identification number ("TIN"), furnishes an incorrect TIN, or otherwise fails to establish an exemption from the backup withholding tax. Any amounts so withheld would be allowed as a credit against the recipient's federal income tax. Special rules apply to partnerships, estates and trusts, and in certain circumstances, and in respect of Non-U.S. Holders, certifications as to foreign status and other matters may be required to be provided by partners and beneficiaries thereof.

**QUALIFIED TAX-EXEMPT OBLIGATIONS FOR FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS** . . . Section 265(a) of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that interest paid or incurred by a taxpayer, including a "financial institution," on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry tax-exempt obligations is not deductible in determining the taxpayer's taxable income. Section 265(b) of the Code provides an exception to the disallowance of such deduction for any interest expense paid or incurred on indebtedness of a taxpayer that is a "financial institution" allocable to tax-exempt obligations." A "qualified small issuer" is any governmental issuer (together with any "onbehalf of" and "subordinate" issuers) who issues no more than \$10,000,000 of tax-exempt obligations during the calendar year.

Section 265(b)(5) of the Code defines the term "financial institution" as any "bank" described in Section 585(a)(2) of the Code, or any person accepting deposits from the public in the ordinary course of such person's trade or business that is subject to federal or state supervision as a financial institution. Notwithstanding the exception to the disallowance of the deduction of interest on indebtedness related to "qualified tax-exempt obligations" provided by Section 265(b) of the Code, Section 291 of the Code provides that the allowable deduction to a "bank," as defined in Section 585(a)(2) of the Code, for interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase "qualified tax-exempt obligations" shall be reduced by twenty-percent (20%) as a "financial institution preference item."

The District expects to designate the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations" within the meaning of section 265(b) of the Code. In furtherance of that designation, the District will covenant to take such action that would assure, or to refrain from such action that would adversely affect, the treatment of the Bonds as "qualified tax-exempt obligations." Potential purchasers should be aware that if the issue price to the public exceeds \$10,000,000, there is a reasonable basis to conclude that the payment of a de minimis amount of premium in excess of \$10,000,000 is disregarded; however, the Internal Revenue Service could take a contrary view. If the Internal Revenue Service takes the position that the amount of such premium is not disregarded, then such obligations might fail to satisfy the \$10,000,000 limitation and the Bonds would not be "qualified tax-exempt obligations."

#### CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION

The offering of the Bonds qualifies for the Rule 15c2-12(d)(2) exemption from Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) of the SEC regarding the District's continuing disclosure obligations because the District does not have more than \$10,000,000 in aggregate amount of bonds outstanding and no person is committed by contract or other arrangement with respect to payment of the Bonds. As required by the exemption, in the Bond Order, the District has made the following agreement for the benefit of the holders and beneficial owners of the Bonds. The District is required to observe the agreement for so long as it remains obligated to advance funds to pay the Bonds. Under the agreement, the District will be obligated to provide certain updated financial information and operating data annually, and timely notice of specified events, to the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (the "MSRB"), or any successor, through its Electronic Municipal Market Access System ("EMMA").

ANNUAL REPORTS . . . The District will provide certain updated financial information and operating data annually to the MSRB, or any successor, through EMMA. The financial information and operating data which will be provided with respect to the District will be the District's audited financial statements and supplemental schedules as found in "APPENDIX A – Audited Financial Statements." The District will update and provide this information within six months after the end of each of its fiscal years ending in or after 2022, if such audited financial statements are then available. If audited financial statements are not available within twelve months after such fiscal year end, then the District will file unaudited financial statements for the applicable fiscal year with the MSRB within such twelve month period, and audited financial statements when the audit report becomes available. Any information concerning the District may be required to employ from time to time pursuant to state law or regulation, and audited if the audit report is completed within the period during which it must be provided. If the audit report of the District is not complete within such period, then the District shall provide unaudited financial statements for the applicable entity and fiscal year to the MSRB within such twelve month period, and audited financial statements of the audit report of the District is not complete within such period, then the District shall provide unaudited financial statements for the applicable entity and fiscal year to the MSRB within such twelve month period, and audited financial statements for the applicable entity and fiscal year to the MSRB within such twelve month period, and audited financial statements for the applicable entity and fiscal year to the MSRB within such twelve month period, and audited financial statements when the audit report becomes available.

The District's current fiscal year end is September 30. Accordingly, it must provide updated information by March 31 in each year, unless the District changes its fiscal year. If the District changes its fiscal year, it will notify the MSRB of the change.

NOTICE OF CERTAIN EVENTS ... The District will provide timely notices of certain events to the MSRB, but in no event will such notices be provided to the MSRB in excess of ten (10) business days after the occurrence of an event. The District will provide notice of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds: (1) principal and interest payment delinquencies; (2) non-payment related defaults, if material; (3) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties; (4) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties; (5) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform; (6) adverse tax opinions, the issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determinations of taxability, Notices of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701-TEB) or other material notices or determinations with respect to the tax status of the Bonds, or other material events affecting the tax status of the Bonds; (7) modifications to the rights of Beneficial Owners of the Bonds, if material; (8) bond calls, if material, and tender offers; (9) defeasances; (10) release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds, if material; (11) rating changes; (12) bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the District or other obligated person within the meaning of CFR §240.15c2-12 (the "Rule"); (13) consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving the District or other obligated person within the meaning of the Rule or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the District or other obligated person within the meaning of the Rule, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms, if material; (14) appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee, if material; (15) incurrence of financial obligations of the obligated person, if material, or agreement to covenants, events of default, remedies, priority rights, or other similar terms of a financial obligation of the obligated person, any of which affect security holders, if material; and (16) default, event of acceleration, termination event, modification of terms, or other similar event under the terms of a financial obligation of the obliged person, any of which reflect financial difficulties. The terms "financial obligation" and "material" when used in this paragraph shall have the meaning ascribed to them under federal securities laws.

**AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION FROM THE MSRB**... The District has agreed to provide the foregoing information only to the MSRB. All documents provided by the District to the MSRB described above under "Annual Reports" and "Notice of Certain Events" will be in an electronic format and accompanied by identifying information as prescribed by the MSRB and will be available to the public free of charge at www.emma.msrb.org.

The address of the MSRB is 1900 Duke Street, Suite 600, Alexandria, VA 22314, and its telephone number is (703) 797-6600.

**LIMITATIONS AND AMENDMENTS**... The District has agreed to update information and to provide notices of certain specified events only as described above. The District has not agreed to provide other information that may be relevant or material to a complete presentation of its financial results of operations, condition, or prospects or agreed to update any information that is provided, except as described above. The District makes no representation or warranty concerning such information or concerning its usefulness to a decision to invest in or sell Bonds at any future date. The District disclaims any contractual or tort liability for damages resulting in whole or in part from any breach of its continuing disclosure agreement or from any statement made pursuant to its agreement, although Registered Owners may seek a writ of mandamus to compel the District to comply with its agreement.

This continuing disclosure agreement may be amended by the District from time to time to adapt to changed circumstances that arise from a change in legal requirements, a change in law, or a change in the identity, nature, status, or type of operations of the District, but only if (1) the provisions, as so amended, would have permitted an underwriter to purchase or sell Bonds in the primary offering of the Bonds in compliance with the Rule, taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule since such offering as well as such changed circumstances and (2) either (a) the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount (or any greater amount required by any other provision of the Bond Order that authorizes such an amendment) of the outstanding Bonds consent to such amendment or (b) a person that is unaffiliated with the District (such as nationally recognized bond counsel) determined that such amendment will not materially impair the interest of the Holders and beneficial owners of the Bonds. The District may also amend or repeal the provisions of this continuing disclosure agreement if the SEC amends or repeals the applicable provision of the Rule or a court of final jurisdiction enters judgment that such provisions of the Rule are invalid, but only if and to the extent that the provisions of this sentence would not prevent an underwriter from lawfully purchasing or selling Bonds in the primary offering of the Bonds.

## FINANCIAL ADVISOR

The Official Statement was compiled and edited under the supervision of Specialized Public Finance Inc. (the "Financial Advisor"), which firm was employed in 2014 as Financial Advisor to the District. The fees paid to the Financial Advisor for services rendered in connection with the issuance and sale of the Bonds are based on a percentage of the Bonds actually issued, sold and delivered, and therefore such fees are contingent on the sale and delivery of the Bonds. The Financial Advisor has reviewed the information in this Official Statement in accordance with, and as a part of, its responsibilities to the issuer and, as applicable, to investors under the federal securities laws as applied to the facts and circumstances of this transaction, but the Financial Advisor does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness of such information.

## **OFFICIAL STATEMENT**

**PREPARATION**... The District has no employees but engages various professionals and consultants to assist the District in the dayto-day activities of the District. See "THE DISTRICT." The Board of Directors in its official capacity has relied upon the below mentioned experts and sources in preparation of this Official Statement. The information in this Official Statement was compiled and edited by the Financial Advisor. In addition to compiling and editing such information, the Financial Advisor has obtained the information set forth herein under the captions indicated from the following sources:

"THE DISTRICT" – Engineer, "THE DEVELOPER" – Qualico CR, L.P.; "THE SYSTEM" – Engineer; "UNLIMITED TAX BONDS AUTHORIZED BUT UNISSUED" – Records of the District ("Records"), "FINANCIAL STATEMENT" – Travis Central Appraisal District; "ESTIMATED OVERLAPPING DEBT STATEMENT" – Municipal Advisory Council of Texas and Financial Advisor; "TAX DATA" and "OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES STATEMENT" – Audits, Records and Tax Assessor/Collector; "MANAGEMENT" – District Directors; "DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS" – Financial Advisor; "THE BONDS," "LEGAL MATTERS," "TAXING PROCEDURES," "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION" and "TAX MATTERS" – McCall, Parkhurst & Horton L.L.P.

**CONSULTANTS**... In approving this Official Statement, the District has relied upon the following consultants in addition to the Financial Advisor.

*The Engineer*: The information contained in the Official Statement relating to engineering matters and to the description of the System and, in particular, that information included in the sections entitled "THE DISTRICT" and "THE SYSTEM," has been provided by the Engineer, and has been included in reliance upon the authority of said firm in the field of civil engineering.

**UPDATING THE OFFICIAL STATEMENT DURING UNDERWRITING PERIOD**... If, subsequent to the date of the Official Statement to and including the date the Initial Purchaser is no longer required to provide and Official Statement to potential customers who request the same pursuant to the Rule (the earlier of (i) 90 days from the "end of the underwriting period" (as defined in the Rule)

and (ii) the time when the Official Statement is available to any person from a nationally recognized repository but in no case less than 25 days after the "end of the underwriting period"), the District learns or is notified by the Initial Purchaser of any adverse event which causes any of the key representations in the Official Statement to be materially misleading, the District will promptly prepare and supply to the Initial Purchaser a supplement to the Official Statement which corrects such representation to the reasonable satisfaction of the Initial Purchaser, unless the Initial Purchaser elects to terminate its obligation to purchase the Bonds as described in the Notice of Sale under the heading "DELIVERY OF THE BONDS AND ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTS – Delivery." The obligation of the District to update or change the Official Statement will terminate when the District delivers the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser (the "end of the underwriting period" within the meaning of the Rule), unless the Initial Purchaser provides written notice to the District that less than all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers on or before such date, in which case the obligation to update or change the Official Statement will extend for an additional period of time of 25 days after all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers. In the event the Initial Purchaser provides written notice to the District that less than all of the Bonds have been sold to ultimate customers, the Initial Purchaser agrees to notify the District in writing following the occurrence of the "end of the underwriting period" as defined in the Rule.

**CERTIFICATION AS TO OFFICIAL STATEMENT**... The District, acting by and through its Board of Directors in its official capacity in reliance upon the experts listed above, hereby certifies, as of the date hereof, that to the best of its knowledge and belief, the information, statements and descriptions pertaining to the District and its affairs herein contain no untrue statements of a material fact and do not omit to state any material fact necessary to make the statements herein, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. The information, description and statements concerning entities other than the District, including particularly other governmental entities, have been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but the District has made no independent investigation or verification of such matters and makes no representation as to the accuracy or completeness thereof. Except as set forth in "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION" herein, the District has no obligation to disclose any changes in the affairs of the District and other matters described in this Official Statement subsequent to the "end of the underwriting period" which shall end when the District delivers the Bonds to the Initial Purchaser at closing, unless extended by the Initial Purchaser. All information with respect to the resale of the Bonds subsequent to the "end of the underwriting period" is the responsibility of the Initial Purchaser.

**OFFICIAL STATEMENT "DEEMED FINAL"**... For purposes of compliance with the Rule, this document, as the same may be supplemented or corrected by the District from time-to-time, may be treated as an Official Statement with respect to the Bonds described herein "deemed final" by the District as of the date hereof (or of any such supplement or correction) except for the omission of certain information referred to in the succeeding paragraph.

The Official Statement, when further supplemented by adding information specifying the interest rates and certain other information relating to the Bonds, shall constitute a "FINAL OFFICIAL STATEMENT" of the District with respect to the Bonds, as that term is defined in the Rule.

ANNUAL AUDITS . . . Under Texas Law, the District must keep its fiscal records in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. It must also have its financial accounts and records audited by a certified or permitted public accountant within 120 days after the close of each fiscal year of the District, and must file each audit report with the TCEQ within 135 days after the close of the fiscal year so long as the District has bond outstanding. Copies of each audit report must also be filed in the office of the District. The District's fiscal records and audit reports are available for public inspection during regular business hours, and the District is required by law to provide a copy of the District's audit reports to any Registered Owner or other member of the public within a reasonable time on request, upon payment of prescribed charges.

This Official Statement was approved by the Board of Directors of Southeast Travis County Municipal Utility District No. 1, as of the date shown on the first page hereof.

President, Board of Directors Southeast Travis County Municipal Utility District No. 1

Secretary, Board of Directors Southeast Travis County Municipal Utility District No. 1 LOCATION MAP

## APPENDIX A

#### **Excerpts from the Annual Financial Report**

The information contained in this APPENDIX has been excerpted from the audited financial statements of Southeast Travis County Municipal Utility District No. 1 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Certain information not considered to be relevant to this financing has been omitted; however, complete audited reports are available upon request.

# APPENDIX B

Form of Bond Counsel's Opinion

