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l	ORDINANCE NO.
2 3 4 5	AN ORDINANCE AMENDING TITLE 25 OF THE CITY CODE TO CREATE AN AFFORDABLE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT INCENTIVE PROGRAM THAT ALLOWS RESIDENTIAL USES IN CERTAIN COMMERCIAL ZONING DISTRICTS; CREATING AN OFFENSE; AND ESTABLISHING A PENALTY.
6	BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF AUSTIN:
7 8	PART 1. Article 15 (<i>Housing</i>) of City Code Chapter 25-1, is amended to add a new Division 5 to read as follows:
9	Division 5. Residential Uses in Commercial Districts Incentive Program
10 11	§ 25-1-751 PURPOSE, APPLICABILITY, SHORT TITLE, AUTHORITY AND CONFLICT.
12 13	(A) The purpose of this division is to establish a voluntary incentive program that allows residential uses in commercial districts.
14	(B) This division applies within the zoning jurisdiction.
15 16	(C) This division may be cited as "Residential in Commercial Development Program".
17	(D) The director may adopt, implement, and enforce:
18	(1) program guidelines; and
19 20	(2) administrative rules in accordance with Chapter 1-2 (<i>Administrative Rules</i>).
21 22	(E) A provision of this title that is specifically applicable to a residential- commercial development governs over a conflicting provision of this title.
23	§ 25-1-752 DEFINITIONS.
24	(A) In this division,
25	(1) CREATIVE SPACES means a use described in Subsection (B).
26 27	(2) CREATIVE SPACE OPERATOR means a person who owns or manages a creative space.

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28 29	(3) MARKET RATE UNIT means a rental or ownership dwelling unit that is not an affordable unit.
30 31	(4) MFI means median family income for the Austin-Round Rock metropolitan statistical area.
32 33	(B) A creative space includes a use described in Chapter 25-2 (<i>Zoning</i>) that allows one or more of the following occupancies:
34	(1) library, museum, or art gallery;
35	(2) performance venue/theater;
36	(3) art, dance, martial arts, or studios for performing art, music, or visual art;
37	(4) art workshop;
38	(5) live music venue; or
39	(6) artist live/work space.
40	§ 25-1-753 ELIGIBILITY.
41 42	 (A) A proposed development is eligible for this program if the development meets the requirements in this division; and
43	(1) is new construction;
44 45	(2) redevelops the site without existing creative spaces or multi-family structures; or
46	(3) complies with the requirements in Subsection (C).
47 48	 (4) <u>has no more than 25 percent of the proposed development's gross floor</u> area dedicated towards commercial uses.
49	(B) A creative space is existing if the space has operated for at least 10 years.
50	(C) Redevelopment of a Site with Existing Spaces and Structures.
51 52	 A proposed development that will require the applicant to redevelop existing creative spaces is eligible for this program if:
53	(a) the proposed development:
54	(i) meets the standards imposed in this subsection;

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55	 (ii) replaces all existing creative spaces that were operating the
56	previous 12 months with creative spaces of comparable size;
57	and
58	(b) the applicant provides current creative space operators with:
59	(i) notice and information about the proposed development on a
60	form approved by the director; and
61	 (ii) relocation benefits that are consistent with the Federal Uniform
62	Relocation Assistance and Real Acquisition Policies Act of
63	1970, 42 U.S.C. 4601, et seq.; and
64	 (c) the applicant grants a creative space operator the option to lease a
65	creative space of comparable size and affordability following the
66	completion of redevelopment.
67 68	(2) A proposed development that will require the applicant to redevelop or rebuild an existing multi-family structure is eligible for this program if:
69	 (a) the existing multi-family structure requires extensive repairs for
70	which costs will exceed 50 percent of the market value, as
71	determined by the building official;
72 73 74 75	 (b) the proposed development will replace all existing units that were affordable to a household earning 80 percent MFI or below in the previous 12 months and have at least as many bedrooms as those units;
76	(c) the applicant provides current tenants with:
77 78	(i) notice and information about the proposed development on a form approved by the director; and
79	 (ii) relocation benefits that are consistent with Federal Uniform
80	Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies
81	Act of 1970, 42 U.S.C. 4601, <i>et seq.</i> ; and
82	 (d) the applicant grants current tenants the option to lease a unit of
83	comparable affordability and size following completion of
84	redevelopment.
85	§ 25-1-754 AFFORDABILITY REQUIREMENTS.

86 (A) For a development with rental dwelling units, at least 10 percent of the rental 87 dwelling units must serve households whose incomes are 60 percent MFI or 88 below. (B) For a development with owner-occupied dwelling units, at least 10 percent of 89 the owner-occupied dwelling units must serve households whose incomes are : 90 91 80 percent MFI or below. 92 (C) If the number of units required in this section includes less than a whole unit, the unit number is rounded up to the nearest whole unit. 93 94 (D) The minimum affordability period for rental dwelling units is 40 years following the last certificate of occupancy required for the development. 95 96 (E) The minimum affordability period for owner-occupied dwelling units is 99 97 years following the issuance of a certificate of occupancy for the owner-98 occupied dwelling unit. 99 (F) In a multi-phased development, the director may begin the minimum affordability period upon the issuance of the last certificate of occupancy for 100101 each phase. (G) Unless otherwise approved by the director, the bedroom count for affordable 102 units shall be comparable to the bedroom count for market rate units. At the 103 104 discretion of the director, two-bedroom or three-bedroom affordable units may count as two or three, one-bedroom (efficiency) affordable units. 105 106 (H) Simultaneous Availability of Affordable Units. 107 (1) In a single-phase housing development, affordable units must be available for occupancy concurrently with the market-rate units. 108 109 (2) For a multi-phase housing development, an applicant must submit a 110 development phasing plan that demonstrates how the market rate units and the affordable units will be made available concurrently. This plan 111 112 must be included as an attachment to the agreement described in Section 113 25-1-755 (Certification). 114 (I) Affordable rental units may be rotated within the structure, provided that the 115 total number of required affordable units remains in compliance with the affordability requirements for the affordability period. 116 117 (J) An applicant shall prepare and follow an affirmative marketing and outreach plan for the duration of the affordable period, in a form consistent with the 118 Page 4 of 11

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development regulations and 119 approved by the director 120 121 § 25-1-755 CERTIFICATION. (A) The director is responsible for certifying whether a proposed development 122 123 satisfies the exemption and bonus requirements. 124 (B) The applicant shall submit an application to the director demonstrating the 125 proposed development satisfies the requirements in this division. (C) If the director certifies that a proposed development meets the requirements of 126 this division, the accountable official is authorized to process a development 127 128 application consistent with provisions applicable to a commercial-residential development. 129 (D) Before the director may certify that a proposed development meets the 130 requirements of this division, the applicant shall execute: 131 132 (1) an agreement to preserve the minimum affordability period and related requirements imposed by this division; and 133 (2) a document for recording in the real property records that provides notice 134 of or preserves the minimum affordability requirements imposed by this 135 division. 136 137 (E) The form of the agreement and document described in Subsection (D) must be approved by the city attorney. 138 (F) The applicant shall pay all fees, provide documentation, and fulfill any pre-139 occupancy requirements prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy. 140 (G) The agreement required in Subsection (D) must, at a minimum: 141 (1) prohibit discrimination on the basis of an individual's source of income 142 as defined in Section 5-1-13 (Definitions); 143 (2) require dispersion of affordable units throughout the residential units; 144 145 (3) require equal access and use of on-site amenities, common areas, and parking facilities; 146 (4) require shared access routes for affordable units and market-rate units; 147

148	(5) require that affordable units include interior components that are
149	functionally equivalent to market-rate units;
150	(6) require the applicant to incorporate lease provisions that are consistent
151	with a tenant's right to organize under 24 C.F.R. 245.100, the lease
152	addendum required as a condition to receive City of Austin Housing
153	Finance Corporation funds, or City Code requirement; and
154	(7) address obligations related to redeveloping a site with existing spaces and
155	structures.
156	§ 25-1-756 POST-CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS AND PENALTY.
157	(A) For a development with rental dwelling units, the property owner or the
158	property owner's agent shall provide the director with information that allows
159	the director to verify compliance with the affordability requirements. The
160	information shall be provided on an annual basis and on a form approved by
161	the director.
162	(B) If, for any reason, the director is unable to confirm that the affordability
163	requirements were met during any 12-month period, the preceding 12 months
164	may not be used to satisfy the minimum affordability requirements in Section
165	25-1-754 (<i>Affordability Requirements</i>).
166	(C) For an ownership affordable unit, each homebuyer at the time of purchase
167	shall execute a resale restriction agreement in a form approved by the city
168	attorney for recording in the real property records.
169	(D) A person commits an offense if the person fails to comply with the
170	requirement in Subsection (A). A culpable mental state is not required and
171	need not be proved. A person commits a separate offense for each day the
172	person fails to provide the documentation. Each offense is punishable by a fine
173	not to exceed \$500.
174 175	PART 2. Division 2, Article 2, Subchapter C of City Code Chapter 25-2 (<i>Zoning</i>) is amended to add a new Section 25-2-519 to read as follows:
176	§ 25-2-519 COMMERCIAL-RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT.
177	(A) In this section,
178 179 180	 (1) COMMERCIAL-RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT means a development certified under Section 25-1-755 (<i>Certification</i>) and participating in the Residential in Commercial Development Program. Page 6 of 11

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181 182 183	(2) LIGHT RAIL LINE means a street that is described in 4.3.2.E. (Where Allowed) of Subchapter E (<i>Design Standards and Mixed Use</i>) as a site located along a light rail line.
184 185 186	(3) <u>TRANSIT CORRIDOR means a roadway that is defined in Article 5</u> (<i>Definitions</i>) of Subchapter E (<i>Design Standards and Mixed Use</i>) as a core transit corridor or a core transit corridor, future.
187 188 189	(B) Except as provided in Subsection (C), a commercial-residential development is a permitted use under Section 25-2-491 (<i>Permitted, Conditional, and</i> <i>Prohibited Uses</i>) in the following commercial base districts:
190	(1) Commercial Liquor Sales (CS-1);
191	(2) General Commercial Services (CS);
192	(3) Community Commercial (GR);
193	(4) Neighborhood Commercial (LR);
194	(5) General Office (GO); and
195	(6) Limited Office (LO).
196	(C) A commercial-residential development is prohibited when the property is:
197	(1) zoned "V"; or
198 199	(2) subject to a regulating plan that does not allow residential uses on the property.
200	(D) Standards.
201 202 203	(1) <u>A commercial-residential development is not subject to certain</u> <u>dimensional standards applicable in the base zoning district. These</u> <u>standards include:</u>
204	(a) minimum site area requirements (if applicable);
205	(b) maximum floor area ratio;
206	(c) maximum building coverage;
207	(d) minimum street side yard setback and interior yard setback; and

208 209 210 211	(e) except when the right-of-way is less than 60 feet in width, the minimum front yard setback for a building with three or more stories in height shall be 30 feet from the centerline of the street to ensure adequate Fire Department access.
212 213 214 215 216 217	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (D)(3), the minimum off-street parking requirement for a commercial-residential development is 60 percent of that prescribed by Appendix A (<i>Tables of Off-Street Parking and</i> <i>Loading Requirements</i>). This reduction may not be used in combination with any other parking reduction, except for provisions in the Corridor Overlay (COR) District.
218 219 220 221	(3) <u>The minimum off-street parking requirement for a commercial-residential development is 25 percent of that prescribed by Appendix A (<i>Tables of Off-Street Parking and Loading Requirements</i>) if the commercial-residential development is located along a light rail line.</u>
222 223 224	(4) <u>A building that is constructed on the edge of the commercial-residential</u> <u>development and that edge faces a transit corridor shall include a ground</u> <u>floor commercial use.</u>
225 226 227	(5) <u>A building that is adjacent to an urban family residence (SF-5) or more</u> restrictive zoning district must comply with Table A (<i>Commercial</i> - <i>Residential Developments - Neighborhood Design Standards</i>).

TABLE A: COMMERCIAL-RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENTS – NEIGHBORHOOD DESIGN STANDARDS

Required Elements for the Facade	Description
Design and place windows to maintain privacy for both adjoining property owners and residents of the project.	Window location, size and placement should take into account views into and from neighboring single-family properties so as to provide privacy.
Windows facing single family shall have visual transmittance (VT) of 0.6 or higher to minimize reflectivity.	
Provide visual screening for decks, patios, and public spaces.	

Ear a narling structure: Concer subjets lights	
For a parking structure: Screen vehicle lights	
from view of adjacent triggering zoning or use.	
No amplified music in outdoor commercial or	Applies only to side of property
retail areas on the side of property adjacent to SF-	adjacent to SF-5 or more restrictive
5 or more restrictive zoning or use.	zoning or use.
Prohibit trash pickup and commercial deliveries	Prohibition must be noted on the site
between 10 p.m. and 7 a.m.	plan.
A commercial residential development must also a	amply with at least one of the
<u>A commercial-residential development must also c</u> following neighborhood design standards:	omply with at least one of the
Tonowing neighborhood design standards.	
<u>Menu of Options</u>	Description
Ensure that the facade of a parking structure	Director shall require elevation
facing SF-5 or more restrictive zoning or use,	identifying materials as part of the
breaks down the horizontal plane of the parking	Site Plan process.
structure through the use of either:	
1) Screening with materials sympathetic to those	
used on one or more buildings within a	
commercial-residential development, or	
2) Creating openings on each floor that generally	
conform to the size and proportion of the	
windows on one or more buildings within a	
commercial-residential development and the use	
of materials sympathetic to those used on one or	
more buildings within a commercial-residential	
development.	
Enclose dumpsters within building or parking	
structure.	
Enclose mechanical equipment within building or	
parking structure.	
Mitigate traffic impact on streets through	Improvements must be approved by
measures such as signage, traffic calming, or	the Director of Public Works or
signalization.	Transportation, as applicable.
Reserve and design five percent of parking	

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	spaces for large vehicles.
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229	(6) Except as provided in Subsection (D)(7), a commercial-residential
230	development must comply with the height restrictions applicable to the
231	base zoning district.
232	(7) <u>A commercial-residential development that includes commercial uses on</u>
233	the ground floor may exceed the height restrictions applicable to the base
234	zoning district by fiveten feet provided the ground floor uses are not part
235	of a live/work unit.
236	(8) <u>A commercial-residential development may exceed the base zoning</u>
237	<u>district's floor area ratio (FAR) as follows:</u>
238	(a) <u>The maximum FAR for a corridor site zoned CS, CS-1, GR, or GO</u>
239	is the base zoning district FAR multiplied by two.
240	(b) <u>The maximum FAR for a corridor site zoned LR or LO is the base</u>
241	<u>zoning district FAR multiplied by 1.5.</u>
242	 (9) <u>A commercial-residential development that is not zoned LR or LO may</u>
243	exceed maximum building coverage.
244 245	(E) <u>Short-term rental (STR) use is prohibited within a commercial-residential</u> <u>development.</u>
246	(F) Other Density Bonus Programs.
247 248 249 250 251 252	(1) If a commercial-residential development is also eligible to utilize a separate density bonus program that grants density bonuses for the provision of on-site affordable dwelling units or for the payment of a fee- in-lieu for affordable housing, then the commercial-residential development may comply with the least restrictive site development requirements if all affordable dwelling units are provided on-site.
253	(2) The total number of affordable dwelling units provided on-site must
254	equal or exceed the number of on-site affordable dwelling units required
255	by the Residential in Commercial Development Program plus the number
256	of on-site units required by the other density bonus program, except as
257	provided in § 25-2-519 (F) (3) for the Corridor Overlay (COR) district.

- 258(3) If a commercial-residential development is also eligible to utilize the
Corridor Overlay (COR) District, then the total number of affordable
dwelling units provided on-site must equal or exceed the number of on-
site affordable dwelling units required by the Residential in Commercial
Development Program alone.
- 263 **PART 3.** This ordinance takes effect on _____, 2022.

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