1	ORDINANCE NO. AXXXXXX
2 3 4 5 6	AN ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTER 25-2 OF THE CITY CODE TO CREATE AN OVERLAY DISTRICT ON PROPERTY THAT FRONT-FACES OF SIDE-FACES CERTAIN ROADWAYS; AMENDING SECTION 25-6-471 OF THE CITY CODE RELATING TO OFF-STREET PARKING FACILITIES; AND CREATING AN OFFENSE AND PENALTY.
7	BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF AUSTIN:
8	PART 1. Subsection (F) of City Code Section 25-2-32 (<i>Zoning Districts and Map Codes</i> is amended to add a new combining district to read as follows:
10	(F) Combining districts and map codes are as follows:
11	(21) corridor overlay COR
12	PART 2. Division 6 of Subchapter A, Article 2 of City Code Chapter 25-2 is amended to add a new Section 25-2-181 to read as follows:
14 15	§ 25-2-181 CORRIDOR OVERLAY (COR) DISTRICT PURPOSE AND BOUNDARIES.
16 17 18	(A) The purpose of the corridor overlay (COR) district is to increase housing capacity and support transit investments on certain roadways by relaxing compatibility regulations and reducing parking minimums.
19	 (B) The boundaries of the COR district are identified in Section 25-2-769.03 (Corridor Roadways).
21	PART 3. Article 3, Subchapter C of City Code Chapter 25-2 (<i>Zoning</i>) is amended to add a new Division 13 to read as follows:
23	Division 13. Corridor Overlay
24	§ 25-2-769.01 APPLICABILITY AND CONFLICT.
25 26 27	(A) This division applies to a site within the zoning jurisdiction that can be developed with at least one residential use and front-faces or side-faces a roadway that qualifies as light rail line, medium corridor, or larger corridor.

28 29	(B)	This division governs over a conflicting provision of this title or other ordinance unless the conflicting provision is less restrictive.			
30	§ 25-	2-769	.02 DEFINITIONS.		
31		In th	is division, the following definitions apply:		
32 33		(1)	CORRIDOR means a roadway that qualifies as a larger corridor, light rail line, or medium corridor.		
34		(2)	CORRIDOR SITE means a site that is front-facing or side-facing a corridor.		
35 36		(3)	LARGER CORRIDOR means a roadway described in Section 25-2-769.03(C).		
37		(4)	LIGHT RAIL LINE means a roadway described in Section 25-2-769.03(A).		
38 39		(5)	MEDIUM CORRIDOR means a roadway described in Section 25-2-769.03(B)		
40 41		(6)	TRIGGERING PROPERTY means a property zoned SF-5 or more restrictive and contains only residential uses.		
42	§ 25-	2-769	.03 CORRIDOR ROADWAYS.		
43 44	(A)	A site is located along a light rail line when the site front-faces or side-faces one of the streets set out in Exhibit A to Ordinance No. XXXXX.			
45 46	(B)		te is located along a medium corridor when the site front-faces or side-faces of the streets set out in Exhibit B to Ordinance No. XXXXX.		
47 48	(C)		te is located along a larger corridor when the site front-faces or side-faces one streets set out in Exhibit C to Ordinance No. XXXXX.		
49	§ 25	5-2-76	59.04 COMPATIBILITY AND SETBACK REQUIREMENTS.		
50 51 52	(A)	Setl	orridor site is not subject to Section 25-2-1062 (Height Limitations And backs For Small Sites) or Section 25-2-1063 (Height Limitations And Setbacks Large Sites) except as provided in this division.		
53 54	(B)		orridor site is subject to Section 25-2-1062 (Height Limitations And Setbacks Small Sites) when:		

55	(1) the site is 20,000 square feet or less; and
56	(2) the site includes a street frontage that is 100 feet or less; and
57	(3) a triggering property is on the same side of the corridor as the site; and
58 59	(4) a structure or a portion of a structure on <u>athe</u> site <u>on a light rail line or larger</u> <u>corridor</u> is constructed within 200 feet of a triggering property; and
60 61	(5) a structure or a portion of a structure on a site on a medium corridor is constructed within 300 feet of a triggering property; and
62	(6) one of the following applies:
63 64 65	 (a) the site includes a residential use developed in accordance with site development standards that apply to MF-1 or less restrictive zoning district;
66	(b) the site includes 12 or more residential units;
67	(c) the site includes non-residential uses; or
68 69 70	(d) athe site on a light rail line or larger corridor includes a structure or a portion of a structure that will exceed 35 feet in height within 200 feet of a triggering property: or
71 72 73	(e) a site on a medium corridor includes a structure or a portion of the structure that will exceed 35 feet in height within 300 feet of a triggering property.
74 75	(C) A corridor site is subject to Section 25-2-1063 (Height Limitations And Setbacks For Large Sites) when:
76	(1) one of the following applies:
77	(a) the site exceeds 20,000 square feet; or
78	(b) the site includes a street frontage that exceeds 100 feet; and
79	(2) a triggering property is on the same side of the corridor as the site; and
80 81	(3) a structure or a portion of a structure on athe site on a light rail line or larger corridor is constructed within 200 feet of a triggering property; and

82 83		(4) a structure or a portion of a structure on a site on a medium corridor is constructed within 300 feet of a triggering property; and
84		(5) one of the following applies:
01		(5) one of the following applies.
85		(a) the site includes a residential use developed in accordance with site
86		development standards that apply to MF-1 or less restrictive zoning
87		districts;
88		(b) the site includes 12 or more residential units;
89		(c) the site includes non-residential uses; or
90		(d) athe site on a light rail line or larger corridor includes a structure or a
91		portion of a structure that will exceed 35 feet in height within 200 feet
92		of a triggering property: or
93		(e) a site on a medium corridor includes a structure or a portion of the
94		structure that will exceed 35 feet in height within 300 feet of a
95		triggering property.
96		(f)
97	(D)	In this division, height limitations in Section 25-2-1062 (Height Limitations And
98		Setbacks For Small Sites) and Section 25-2-1063 (Height Limitations And Setbacks
99		For Large Sites) only apply to the portion of a structure that is located within 200
100		feet of the triggering property on a light rail line or larger corridor and 300 feet of
101	•	the triggering property on a medium corridor.
102	(E)	For a corridor site with at least one residential use and no short-term rental uses, a
103		setback required by Section 25-2-1062 (Height Limitations And Setbacks For
104		Small Sites) and Section 25-2-1063 (Height Limitations And Setbacks For Large
105		Sites) may include a structure if the structure complies with this section does not
106		exceed 35 feet in height and cannot be used as a dwelling or for refuse collection.
107		(1) The structure cannot exceed 35 feet in height.
108		(2) The structure cannot be used as a dwelling, multi-level parking facility or
109		for refuse collection.
110		(3) The structure cannot include enclosed walls or a roof except for screening
111		and walls that are part of stormwater or other critical infrastructure.
112		(4) The structure cannot include industrial or large commercial HVAC
113		systems.

114	(F)	the height limitation for a structure is:
l 16 l 17		(1) two stories and 35 feet, if the structure is 50 feet or less from a triggering property;
l 18 l 19		(2) three stories and 45 feet, if the structure is more than 50 feet and not more than 100 feet from a triggering property; or
120 121 122		(3) for a structure on a light rail line or a larger corridor more than 100 feet but not more than 200 feet from a triggering property, 45 feet plus one foot for each 10 feet of distance in excess of 100 feet from the triggering property; or
123 124 125		(4) for a structure on a medium corridor more than 100 feet but not more than 300 feet from a triggering property, 45 feet plus one foot for each 10 feet of distance in excess of 100 feet from the triggering property.
126	§ 25-	2-769.05 RESIDENTIAL USE.
127		In this division, residential use does not include short-term rental (STR) use.
128	§ 25-	2-769.06 AFFORDABLE HOUSING BONUSES.
129 130	(A)	A development is eligible for the bonuses in this section if the requirements in this section are satisfied.
131	(B)	In this section,
132		(1) DIRECTOR means the director of the Housing and Planning Department.
133 134 135 136		 (2) MARKET RATE UNIT means a rental or ownership dwelling unit that is not an affordable unit. (3) MFI means median family income for the Austin-Round Rock metropolitan statistical area.
l'37 l38	(C)	A proposed development that will require the applicant to redevelop or rebuild an existing multi-family structure is eligible for this program if:
139 140 141		(1) the existing multi-family structure requires extensive repairs for which costs will exceed 50 percent of the market value, as determined by the building official;

142 143 144		(2)	the proposed development will replace all existing units that were affordable to a household earning 80 percent MFI or below in the previous 12 months and have at least as many bedrooms as those units;
145		(3)	the applicant provides current tenants with:
146 147			(a) notice and information about the proposed development on a form approved by the director; and
148 149 150			(b) relocation benefits that are consistent with Federal Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, 42 U.S.C. 4601, et seq.; and
l51 l52		(4)	the applicant grants current tenants the option to lease a unit of comparable affordability and size following completion of redevelopment.
153	(D)	Mini	mum Affordability Requirements.
154 155 156		(1)	For a development with rental dwelling units, at least 10 percent of the rental dwelling units must serve households whose incomes are 60 percent MFI or below.
157 158 159		(2)	For a development with owner-occupied dwelling units, at least 10 percent of the owner-occupied dwelling units must serve households whose incomes are 80 percent MFI or below.
160 161		(3)	If the number of units required in this section includes less than a whole unit, the unit number is rounded up to the nearest whole unit.
l 62 l 63		(4)	The minimum affordability period for rental dwelling units is 40 years following the last certificate of occupancy required for the development.
164 165 166		(5)	The minimum affordability period for owner-occupied dwelling units is 99 years following the issuance of a certificate of occupancy for the owner-occupied dwelling unit.
167 168 169		(6)	In a multi-phased development, the director may begin the minimum affordability period upon the issuance of the last certificate of occupancy for each phase.
l 70 l 71		(7)	Unless otherwise approved by the director, the bedroom count for affordable units shall be comparable to the bedroom count for market rate units. At the

172 173			discretion of the director, two-bedroom or three-bedroom affordable units may count as two or three, one-bedroom (efficiency) affordable units.
174		(8)	Simultaneous Availability of Affordable Units.
175 176			(a) In a single-phase housing development, affordable units must be available for occupancy concurrently with the market rate units.
177 178 179 180			(b) For a multi-phase housing development, an applicant must submit a development phasing plan that demonstrates how the market rate units and the affordable units will be made available concurrently. This plan must be included as an attachment to the agreement described in Subsection (E).
182 183 184		(9)	Affordable rental units may be rotated within the structure, provided that the total number of required affordable units remains in compliance with the affordability requirements for the affordability period.
185 186 187 188		(10)	An applicant shall prepare and follow an affirmative marketing and outreach plan for the duration the affordable period, in a form consistent with the U.S Department of Housing and Urban Development regulations and approved by the director.
189 190	3	(11)	Short-term rental use is a prohibited use on a corridor site that is certified under Subsection (E).
191	(E)	Certi	fication.
192		(1)	The director is responsible for certifying whether a proposed development satisfies the exemption and bonus requirements.
194 195		(2)	The applicant shall submit an application to the director demonstrating the proposed development satisfies the requirements of this section.
196 197 198		(3)	If the director certifies that a proposed development satisfies the requirements of this section, the accountable official is authorized to process a development application consistent with this section.
199 200		(4)	Before the director may certify the proposed development, the applicant shall execute:
201			(a) an agreement to preserve the requirements in this section; and

202	*	(b)	a document for recording in the real property records providing notice
203			of or preserves the requirements in this section.
204 205	(5)		form of the agreement and document described in Subsection (E)(4) be approved by the city attorney.
206 207	(6)		applicant shall pay all fees, provide documentation, and fulfill any prepancy requirements prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy.
208	(7)	The a	agreement required in Subsection (E)(4) must, at a minimum:
209 210		(a)	prohibit discrimination on the basis of an individual's source of income as defined in Section 5-1-13 (<i>Definitions</i>);
211		(b)	require dispersion of affordable units throughout the residential units;
212		(c)	require equal access and use of on-site amenities and common areas;
213 214		(d)	require equal access to parking facilities if rent and parking facilities are bundled;
215		(e)	require shared access routes for affordable units and market-rate units
216 217		(f)	require that affordable units include interior components that are functionally equivalent to market-rate units;
218 219 220 221		(g)	require the applicant to incorporate lease provisions that are consistent with a tenant's right to organize under 24 C.F.R. 245.100, the lease addendum required as a condition to receive City of Austin Housing Finance Corporation funds, or City Code requirement; and
222 223		(g)	address obligations related to redeveloping an existing multi-family structure.
224 (F)	Affor	rdabilit	ty Post-Construction Compliance and Penalty.
225 226 227 228	(a)	direct the at	levelopment with rental dwelling units, the owner shall provide the tor with information that allows the director to verify compliance with ffordability requirements. The information shall be provided on an all basis and on a form approved by the director.

229 230 231		(b)	If, for any reason, the director is unable to confirm that the affordability requirements were met during any 12-month period, the preceding 12 months may not be used to satisfy the affordability period.
232 233 234		(c)	For an ownership affordable unit, each homebuyer at the time of purchase shall execute a resale restriction agreement in a form approved by the city attorney for recording in the real property records.
235 236 237 238 239		(d)	A person commits an offense if the person fails to comply with the requirement in Subsection (F)(1). A culpable mental state is not required and need not be proved. A person commits a separate offense for each day the person fails to provide the documentation. Each offense is punishable be a fine not to exceed \$500.
240	(G)	Bor	nuses.
241		(1)	This subsection governs over a conflicting provision of this division.
242 243 244		(2)	For a site located on a light rail line <u>or a larger corridor</u> , the requirements in Section 25-2-769.04 (<i>Compatibility and Setback Requirements</i>) apply only to a structure located within 100 feet of a triggering property.
245 246		(3)	For a site located on a medium corridor, the maximum height for a structure is:
247 248			(a) 65 feet if the structure is located at least 100150 feet from a triggering property; or
249 250 251			(b) 85 feet if the structure is located at least 150 feet from a triggering property. 90 feet if the structure is located at least 250 feet from a triggering property.
252	(H)	Fee	e-In-Lieu.
253		(1)	An applicant may pay a fee-in-lieu of on-site affordable units if:
254 255			(a) the fee-in-lieu of on-site affordable units is sufficient to construct the number of dwelling units that would have been required on-site;
256			(b) the director authorizes the applicant to pay a fee-in-lieu; and

257 258		(c) the applicant demonstrates that the fee-in-lieu funds can be used within one-quarter of a mile of a corridor.
259 260	**	(2) The director may authorize an applicant to pay a fee-in-lieu after the fee-in-lieu per dwelling unit is set by separate ordinance.
261 262		(3) The director may adopt administrative rules in accordance with Chapter 1-2 (<i>Administrative Rules</i>) to implement this subsection.
263	(I)	Other Density Bonus Programs.
264 265 266 267 268 269 270	و	(1) If a Corridor Overlay (COR) District development is also eligible to utilize a separate density bonus program that grants density bonuses for the provision of on-site affordable dwelling units or for the payment of a fee-in-lieu for affordable housing, then the Corridor Overlay (COR) District development may comply with the least restrictive site development requirements, provided it meets the higher affordability requirement from among the two programs.
271 272 273	to an	T 4. City Code Section 25-6-471 (<i>Off-Street Parking Facility Required</i>) is amended nend Subsection (I) to add a new definition for "Corridor Development"; and to add Subsections (K) and (L) to read as follows:
274	(I)	In this section,
275 276 277		(1) ACCESSIBLE SPACE means a parking space for an individual with a disability that complies with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and Fair Housing Act Amendments (FHAA), as appropriate;
278 279 280		(2) CORRIDOR DEVELOPMENT means a development subject to Division 13 (Corridor Overlay) of Chapter 25-2, Subchapter C that does not include short-term rental uses; and
281 282 283		(3) [(2)] QUALIFYING DEVELOPMENT means a development certified under Section 25-1-724 (<i>Certification</i>) and participating in the Affordability Unlocked Bonus Program.
284 285 286	(K)	This subsection applies to a corridor development that includes at least one residential use and is located more than 300 feet from a private or public primary or secondary educational facility.

287 288		<u>(1)</u>	A term defined by Section 25-2-769.02 (<i>Definitions</i>) has the same meaning in this subsection.
289 290		<u>(2)</u>	A corridor development must provide accessible spaces as set forth in Subsection (J).
291 292 293		(3)	The required off-street parking for a corridor development that is located on a larger corridor is 25 percent of the parking required for the use under Appendix A (<i>Tables of Off-Street Parking and Loading Requirements</i>).
294 295 296		(4)	The required off-street parking for a corridor development that is located on a medium corridor is 50 percent of the parking required for the use under Appendix A (<i>Tables of Off-Street Parking and Loading Requirements</i>).
297 298 299 300 301		(5)	The required off-street parking for a corridor development that includes residential and non-residential uses and is located on a light rail line is 25 percent of the parking required for the use under Appendix A (<i>Tables of Off-Street Parking and Loading Requirements</i>), except as provided in Subsection (L).
302 303 304	(L)		subsection applies to a corridor development that is located on a light rail line onsists only of a development where at least 75 percent of uses are residential
305 306		<u>(1)</u> •	A term defined by Section 25-2-769.02 (<i>Definitions</i>) has the same meaning in this subsection.
307 308		<u>(2)</u>	A corridor development subject to this subsection must provide accessible spaces as set forth in Subsection (J).
309 310		(3)	A corridor development subject to this subsection is not required to provide required off-street parking.
311	PAR'	T 5. Tł	nis ordinance takes effect on, 2022.

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