

HISTORIC LANDMARK COMMISSION
DEMOLITION AND RELOCATION PERMITS
APRIL 5, 2023
PR-2023-138571; GF-2023-027666
2514 PEARL STREET

PROPOSAL

Replace historic-age wood windows with vinyl windows.

PROJECT SPECIFICATIONS

Remove existing screened wood windows at front of house and replace with vinyl windows of same size. Replace aluminum and wood windows at side elevations and additions with vinyl windows.

ARCHITECTURE

Two-story stucco house with Foursquare stylistic influences, converted to a duplex and then a fourplex during the historic period, then a 6-plex during the 1980s, then back to a fourplex.

RESEARCH

The building at 2514 Pearl Street was constructed around 1920 per the 2020 North Central Austin survey. Its first owners were Dr. C. W. Goddard, Texas State Health Officer, and his family. Goddard was Texas' leading official on infectious diseases, sanitation, public health education, and Health Department operations during his tenure as State Health Officer. The Texas State Historical Association's Handbook of Texas Online notes his accomplishments in this role: "Goddard moved to Austin around 1918, when he was appointed state health officer by Governor William P. Hobby. He held this post for two years, during which he established the Bureau of Child Hygiene and Communicable Diseases. He was also instrumental in organizing departments of health in sixty-five counties across Texas."¹ By 1923, Dr. Goddard had become director of the University of Texas Public Health Service; in 1925, he was elected president of the Texas Federation for Health Education. By 1926 he had returned to the post of Health Officer, this time for the City of Austin.

Throughout the course of his career, Goddard was praised for his civic-mindedness and his quick action to suppress several epidemics in Texas, including organizing quarantine facilities during the Spanish influenza outbreak and a later outbreak of the bubonic plague. Goddard's efforts in 1920 virtually eradicated the plague in Texas.²

However, in 1927, Goddard's legacy of progressive health reform and public health campaigning came to an end. After delivering a stack of papers to Acting City Manager Adam Johnson, Dr. Goddard shot and critically wounded Johnson in his office at City Hall. Though Johnson survived, Goddard took his own life while awaiting questioning. Though several news articles describe the shooting and suicide in lurid detail, only "differences of opinion" were mentioned as Goddard's motive, with vague references to disagreements over public health funding after Johnson received a substantial pay raise, purportedly leading to Johnson asking for Goddard's resignation.^{3,4} Shortly after Goddard's death, his widow and children sold the house at 2514 Pearl Street and moved to Waco.

During the 1930s, the house was briefly occupied by Brown & Root field engineer Willis Powell and his wife, Kathryn. The Powells sold the home to Terrill M. Trimble and his family. During his time in the home in the 1940s, Trimble worked as the assistant division superintendent of the Texas State Department of Education. Trimble was the first to hold this position in the state government.

The house was divided into a fourplex in the 1950s, and was rented mainly to students at the University of Texas after that. It briefly became a sixplex in the early '80s, but was converted back to four apartments.

DESIGN STANDARDS

The City of Austin's [Historic Design Standards](#) (March 2021) are based on the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for

¹ Joseph R. Sanchez, "Goddard, Charles Walter," Handbook of Texas Online, <https://www.tshaonline.org/handbook/entries/goddard-charles-walter>.

² Ibid.

³ "Health Supervision Of Schools And Students. Dr C W Goddard." *The Austin Statesman* (1921-1973); 15 July 1923: B1.

⁴ Sanchez, Joseph R.

Rehabilitation and are used to evaluate projects at potential historic landmarks. The following standards apply to the proposed project:

Repair and alterations

1. General standards

The proposed project removes intact historic-age wood windows.

5. Windows, doors, and screens

Vinyl replacement windows are not appropriate for historic-age buildings.

Summary

The project does not meet the applicable standards.

PROPERTY EVALUATION

The 2020 North Central Austin survey lists the property as not eligible for landmark designation.

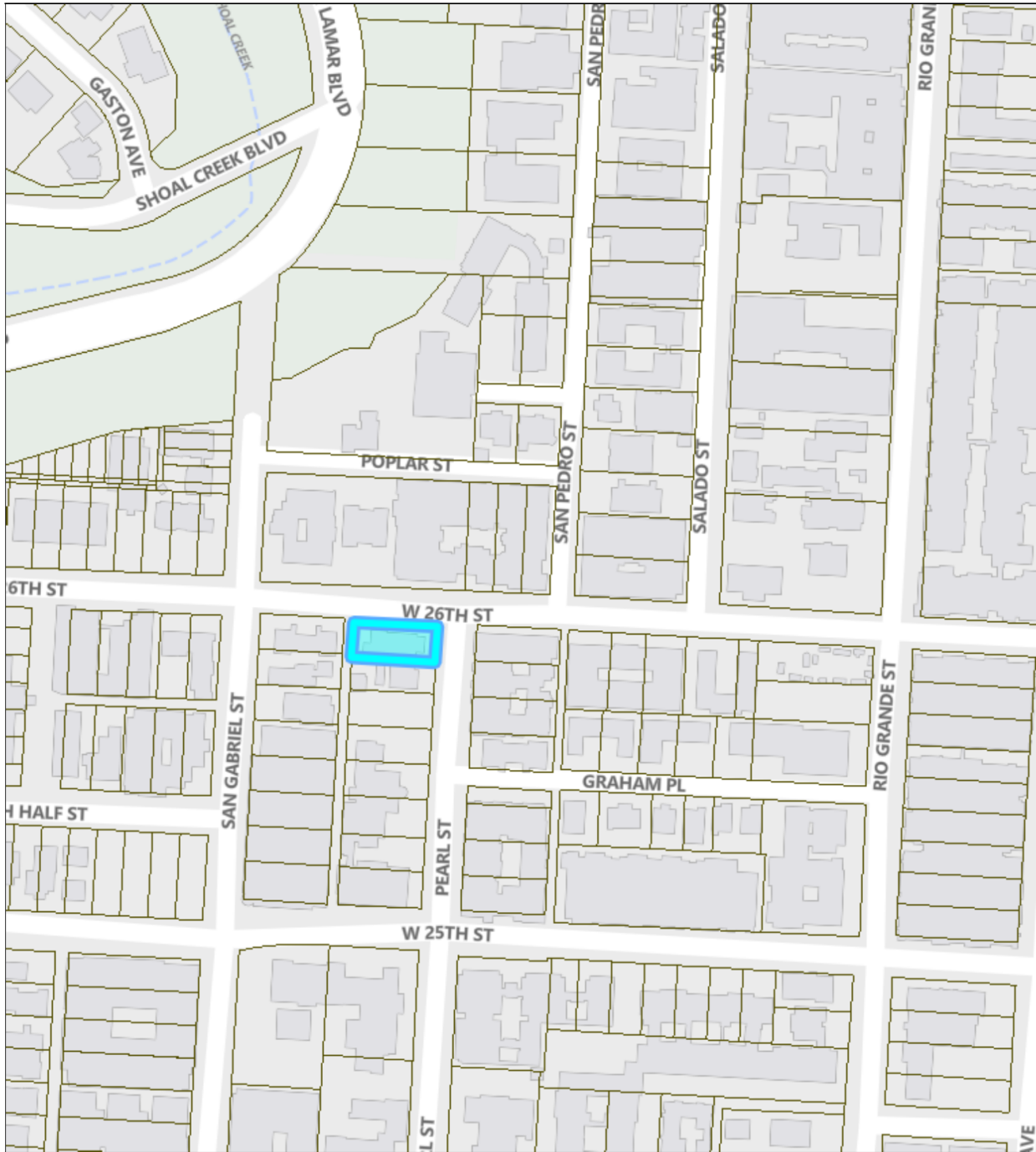
Designation Criteria—Historic Landmark

- 1) The building is more than 50 years old.
- 2) The building appears to retain moderate integrity. Central additions appear to have been constructed during the historic period, with rear additions constructed in 1983 per permits. Though the building's form remains distinct, fenestration appears to have been modified during the historic period.
- 3) Properties must meet two criteria for landmark designation (LDC §25-2-352). Staff has evaluated the property and determined that it may meet two criteria:
 - a. Architecture. The building appears to have been constructed with American Foursquare influences, rare in Austin; however, some modifications have been made over the building's lifespan.
 - b. Historical association. The property may have significant historical associations with Dr. C. W. Goddard, public health official, early epidemiologist, and attempted assassin. It is also associated with educator T. M. Trimble, Texas' first assistant division superintendent of the State Department of Education.
 - c. Archaeology. The property was not evaluated for its potential to yield significant data concerning the human history or prehistory of the region.
 - d. Community value. The property was not evaluated for its ability to convey a unique location, physical characteristic, or significant feature that contributes to the character, image, or cultural identity of the city, the neighborhood, or a particular demographic group.
 - e. Landscape feature. The property does not appear to be a significant natural or designed landscape with artistic, aesthetic, cultural, or historical value to the city.

STAFF RECOMMENDATION

Encourage the applicant to repair and retain historic-age wood windows at the original portion of the house; if replacement is required due to deterioration, encourage clad-wood replacement windows over vinyl at the original public-facing elevations; but release the partial demolition permit upon completion of a City of Austin Documentation Package.

LOCATION MAP



Lot Lines

Lot Line



1: 2400

GF 23-027666

2514 PEARL STREET



3/22/2023

This product is for informational purposes and may not have been prepared for or be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes. It does not represent an on-the-ground survey. This product has been produced by the City of Austin for the sole purpose of geographic reference. No warranty is made by the City of Austin regarding specific accuracy or completeness.

PROPERTY INFORMATION

Photos*Google Maps – 2023*



Google Maps – 2023



North Central Austin survey, 2020





<https://www.apartments.com/2514-pearl-st-austin-tx-unit-a/zx087fw/>

Occupancy History

City Directory Research, March 2023

- 1959 2514 – Vacant
 - 2514a – Wilmer L. Fiesenhahn
 - 2514b – Chas. S. Jones
 - 2514c – Vacant
 - 2514d – John H. Bedenbaugh

- 1957 2514 – Vacant
 - 2514a – Geo Luhn
 - 2514b – Robert & Beverly Holmes
 - 2514c – Vacant
 - 2514d – Joe Pinson

- 1955 2514 – Kenneth I. Clark
 - 2514a – Louis R. & Anne B. Lumbley – student
 - 2514b – Henry & Melba J. Foreman – Typist at Nelson Typesetting

- 1954 2514 – Kenneth I. & Kathryn L. Clark – USAF
 - 2514a – Donald L. & Lila Prager – Press photographer
 - 2514b – Frank C. & Mary J. Allen – student

- 1953 Glen H. & Maudie Ramey – UT student
- 1952 Vacant
- 1949 Terrill M. & Elizabeth Trimble – Assistant Division Superintendent, State Dept. of Education

1947 Terrill M. & Elizabeth Trimble – Assistant Division Superintendent, State Dept. of Education
 1944 Terrill M. & Elizabeth Trimble – Assistant Division Superintendent, State Dept. of Education
 1942 Vacant
 1941 Vacant
 1940 Willis M. & Kathryn Powell – General Field Support, Brown & Root
 1939 Willis M. & Kathryn Powell – General Field Support, Brown & Root
 1937 Address not listed

Permits

S. Winetroub

2514 Pearl Street

49

16

1

53

D

Convert residence into apartment house

49058 9-12-51

\$1000.00

Owner

?

9/4/74 - 144890 - Sam Winetroub - Repair exist apt. house
 and bring to min. stdrs.

Unless the Plumbing is done in strict accordance with City Ordinances, do not turn on the water.

PERMIT FOR WATER SERVICE

AUSTIN, TEXAS

Nº 6863

M. Job # C-38-628-E

Address 2514 Pearl St.

Plumber Sylvester

Size of Tap 1"

Date 3-1-38

Foreman's Report

Date of Connection 3-1-38

Size of Tap Made 1"

Size Service Made 1"

Size Main Tapped 6"

From Front Prop. Line to Curb Cock 12'

From E-Prop. Line to Curb Cock 65'

Location of Meter back of curb

Type of Box brick

Depth of Main in St. 8'

Depth of Service Line 7.5'

From Curb Cock to Tap on Main 7'

Checked by Engr. Dept. 3-17-38

No. Fittings	Size.
1 Curb Cock	1"
1 Elbow	1"
1 St. Elbow	1"
1 Bushing	1" x 3/4"
1 Reducer	3/4" x 1/2"
9' Pipe	1" copper
Lead Comp.	1"
2 Nipples	3/4" x 1/2"
1 Union	1" x 1/2"
1 Plug	1" copper
1 Tee	1"
1 Stop	1"
1 Box	1"
1 Lid	1"
1 Water	1"
1 Tile	1"
1 Cover	1"

Foreman's Signature

Brewster

INDEXED

Req. No. 222-13300-22287-22367

Water service permit, 1938

WATER SERVICE PERMIT

Austin, Texas

C No 9896⁴⁹

Received of SWINE TROUB. DN. SOUTH Date 10-9-51
 Address 2514 PEARL APT A
 Amount TWENTY AND NO 7/100 \$ 20.00
 Plumber BASEY CO Size of Tap 3/4"
 Date of Connection 10-15-51
 Size of Tap Made _____
 Size Service Made _____
 Size Main Tapped _____
 From Front Prop. Line to Curb Cock _____
 From Prop. Line to Curb Cock _____
 Location of Meter _____
 Type of Box _____
 Depth of Main in St. _____
 Depth of Service Line _____
 From Curb Cock to Tap on Main _____
 Checked by Engr. Dept. 11-15-51 RC

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WATER SERVICE PERMIT

Austin, Texas

C No 9897⁴⁹

Received of SWINE TROUB UP WEST Date 10-9-51
 Address 2514 PEARL APT B D
 Amount TWENTY AND NO 7/100 \$ 20.00
 Plumber BASEY CO Size of Tap 3/4"
 Date of Connection 10-15-51
 Size of Tap Made _____
 Size Service Made _____
 Size Main Tapped _____
 From Front Prop. Line to Curb Cock _____
 From Prop. Line to Curb Cock _____
 Location of Meter _____
 Type of Box _____
 Depth of Main in St. _____
 Depth of Service Line _____
 From Curb Cock to Tap on Main _____
 Checked by Engr. Dept. 11-15-51 RC

INDEXED

WATER SERVICE PERMIT

Austin, Texas

C No 9898⁴⁹

Received of SWINE TROUB UP EAST Date 10-9-51
 Address 2514 PEARL APT C
 Amount TWENTY AND NO 7/100 \$ 20.00
 Plumber BASEY CO Size of Tap 3/4"
 Date of Connection 10-15-51
 Size of Tap Made 1"
 Size Service Made 1"
 Size Main Tapped 6" C.I.
 From Front Prop. Line to Curb Cock 7.5'
 From Prop. Line to Curb Cock 10'
 Location of Meter CURB
 Type of Box LOCW
 Depth of Main in St. 3'
 Depth of Service Line 2'
 From Curb Cock to Tap on Main 10'
 Checked by Engr. Dept. 11-15-51 RC

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Water service permits for additional apartments, 1951

Pg. 6

TEXAS HEALTH BOARD PLANS NEW PROCEDURE

Will Do Work Formerly Done by War Depart- ment if Appropriation Is Made — Status of Affairs.

Plans for the taking over and carrying on of the health work inaugurated by the War Department in Texas during the war by the State Board of Health, were tentatively consummated as a result of the conference held in Washington by Dr. C. W. Goddard, State health officer, and Dr. H. C. Hall, head of the division of venereal diseases of the State Health Department, with Surgeon General Blue and Assistant Surgeon General Pierce. These Texas health officials have just returned from Washington.

Appropriation Must Be Adequate.

The ability of the State Board of Health to take over and carry on the work is contingent upon the appropriation allowed for the work by the Legislature at the coming special session to be held next June. Dr. Goddard said that an adequate appropriation will be recommended to the Legislature and in the event the appropriation is allowed it will then be possible to carry on this important work. It is also contemplated that the city authorities will assist and co-operate in every way possible with the State Board of Health.

Federal Quarantine Touched Upon.

It was also decided at this conference that the United States Public Health Service shall co-operate with the State authorities in all matters pertaining to the health conditions. Dr. Goddard also had a conference with the members of the social hygiene board on the subject. Taking over by the Federal authorities of the Texas quarantine system, Dr. Goddard said, was only discussed informally, as the bill providing for the transfer does not become effective until June 17, 1919.

Texas Officials' Work Endorsed.

Surgeon General Blue commended the Texas health officials for the efficient manner in which the campaign for the eradication of venereal diseases in Texas had been conducted, declaring that the work in Texas was 50 per cent better than in most other States.

The Leper Situation.

The question of the establishment of a National leper's colony was also discussed, and Dr. Goddard was advised that the government now has under consideration several sites for the establishment of the colony, but that it had been practically decided that the colony is to be established in the State of Louisiana. When this colony is under way, the plan is to transfer all lepers now in Texas to this colony. In the meantime the State is assisting in the maintaining of the lepers now scattered in different portions of Texas. Dr. Goddard expressed himself as being highly pleased with the result of the conference, as a thorough understanding was reached on all questions pertaining to health matters in Texas.

State Health Board Ordered Practical, Necessary Taken Up

An indexical health survey of the State of Texas has been launched by the State Health Department, announced Dr. C. W. Goddard, State health officer, the Thirty-sixth Legislature having made an adequate appropriation to carry on the work. This work is being done under the immediate direction of Dr. Largen of San Antonio and Dr. Howell of Brownwood, both experienced and skilled physicians together with two experienced sanitary engineers.

Conditions to be Probed.

This staff of workers has just left Austin for Wharton, where the first work is to be done. The survey will be made in several counties, Wharton being the first selected to represent South Texas. This campaign is to be conducted in a section of northern, eastern, middle and western portions of the State, so that when completed it will represent health conditions over the entire State.

the entire State.

New and Important Work.

Preliminary work is also under way for putting in operation the three new bureaus recently created in the State Health Department, on child hygiene, communicable diseases and public education in sanitation and preventive medicine. About three months ago the department began the accumulation of a mailing list for the benefit of the entire department, and as a result approximately 270,000 names and addresses of representative citizens of the State have been obtained.

Child Hygiene Literature.

"We will soon have compiled a list of names and addresses of the parents, taken from the birth certificates which the law requires shall be filed in this department. This list will date from January, 1918, up to the present, and approximately 120,000 names and addresses will be obtained through this medium. This system will continue from month to month, and will add to the list 8000 to 12,000 families monthly," said Dr. Goddard. The plan is to send literature on child hygiene to these parents throughout the State.

"State Health Board Ordered Practical, Necessary Taken Up." *The Statesman* (1916-1921); 02 May 1919: 3.

GODDARD DESIRES WELFARE MEASURE

In the event the Governor submits other measures besides the general appropriation bills for the consideration of the lawmakers at the session to be called on June 23, the State Health Department, through Dr. C. W. Goddard, State Health Officer, will make an effort to have the chief executive submit several measures affecting the health welfare of the people of Texas. These measures include an amendment to the Sanitary Code, which will give to the State Health Department police power to segregate lepers; also power, upon proper evidence of the existence of open tuberculosis, to expel pupils, teachers, or employes from school, also employes from hotels and other public places, conditioned that after a period

of nine months they may be readmitted, provided thorough and scientific examinations reveal the fact that they are no longer a health menace. He will also recommend a law to make the use of some recognized prophylactic in the eyes of the new born, compulsory upon the part of physicians and midwives; also a measure defining how local quarantine shall be established; a sanitary privy law, and also a measure providing adequate appropriations for the Health Department for the carrying out of the plans of the newly established bureaus of child-hygiene, communicable diseases and public health education. Dr. Goddard says these health measures will not only affect the child but the entire citizenship of the State, and should be earnestly supported by all thinking people.

"Goddard Desires Welfare Measure." *The Statesman* (1916-1921); 09 June 1919: 2.

STATE HEALTH OFFICERS BEFORE CITY COUNCIL

A city wide health campaign was inaugurated at the meeting of the city council this morning, when Dr. C. W. Goddard, State health officer, and V. M. Ehlers, State sanitary engineer, spoke before the council upon Austin's sanitary needs and made recommendations for correcting some of the existing evils.

The two State officers strongly recommended that the city sanitary system be centralized and placed under the sole management of one full time physician. At present the city employs a half time physician, paying a salary of \$125 a month. Dr. Goddard recommended that this salary be raised to \$250 a month and the city physician be required to give his full time to the sanitary needs of the city. The objection was raised by the councilmen that the city is now "broke," but Dr. Goddard suggested cutting down the present force in view of the fact that a full time physician would be employed, or of asking for private subscriptions until next year.

Sanitary Engineer Ehlers made a report upon conditions as he found them in a recent survey of Austin. He criticized conditions as he found them in some parts of the city, especially the lack of connections with the sewer system.

With a former practicing physician as mayor the question of sanitation is kept rather forcibly before the council. Mayor Yett and the council strongly indorsed the recommendations made by the State health officer, promising to take steps toward employing a full time city physician if the extra salary could be found.

In the meantime the clean-up campaign has been started through a renewed co-operation of the city departments. Commissioner Alford stated that he had instructed all policemen to aid the sanitary inspectors by reporting violations of the ordinances regulating food products stores and by keeping on watch for any condition which might menace the health of the city.

Commissioner Graham pointed to the fact that every city situated in a river valley is passing through a critical stage. During the long drouth of last year there was a great accumulation of filth and disease-bearing matter in the up-State towns. Though the drouth has been broken for several months, he stated, it will be a year before the procession of belated refuse has been swept down the valley into the gulf.

"STATE HEALTH OFFICERS BEFORE CITY COUNCIL" *The Statesman* (1916-1921); 20 June 1919: 10

TO TEACH SEX EDUCATION IN SCHOOLS PLAN

Proposal for Aggressive Campaign in
Favor of Instruction is
Made.

With a view of inaugurating an aggressive campaign for the teaching of "sex education in high schools" of Texas, two State conferences are to be held, one at Houston and the other at Austin, the dates of which are to be subsequently announced, declared Dr. C. W. Goddard, State Health Officer. This campaign is being carried on jointly by the State Board of Health and the United States public health service. In order that the best results may be obtained from this campaign, Dr. Goddard has appointed a collaborating staff consisting of instructors from the various leading educational institutions of the State. This is the personnel of this staff:

S. R. Warner, Sam Houston Normal, Huntsville; B. F. Brown, A and M. College, College Station; R. L. Marquis, North Texas State Normal, Denton; John T. Buckholtz, West Texas Normal, Canyon; Dr. Mark F. Boyd, medical department of University of Texas; Dr. A. Caswell Ellis, University of Texas; Dr. Jessie Louise Herrick, College of Industrial Arts, Denton.

"One of the important duties of this staff will be to, in co-operation with the members of the State Board of Health, the medical staff of the State Health Department and such other scientific physicians as may be called upon, give very careful consideration to the subject of sex education," said Dr. Goddard. The idea of such a campaign was conceived by State Health Officer Goddard some time ago and

has now been taken up by the United States public health service as shown by communications received by Dr. Goddard from Surgeon General Blum and Acting Surgeon General Perry. The work is under the direct supervision of the bureau of public health education of the State board of Health.

In this connection, Dr. Goddard has taken up the proposition with the commercial organizations of Houston and also is addressing communications to

the leading physicians of Houston, Austin and other portions of the State. Large attendances are desired at both of these conferences, which will be attended by the State Board of Health, the collaborating staff and representatives of the United States public health service. Dr. Goddard considers this campaign one of the most important movements which has been undertaken recently to promote health conditions in Texas.

"TO TEACH SEX EDUCATION IN SCHOOLS PLAN: Proposal for Aggressive Campaign in Favor of Instruction is Made." *The Statesman* (1916-1921); 28 Aug 1919: 5.

MAYOR YETT WILL DESIGNATE DATE FOR CLEAN-UP DAY

State Health Officer Asks Support of City Executive in Health Crusade.

In accordance with a request made by Dr. C. W. Goddard, State health physician, that the health boards of the cities of Texas institute a clean-up campaign to minimize the danger of any recurring epidemics during the winter months, Mayor W. D. Yett has announced that he will issue a proclamation setting aside one day during the coming week as clean-up day. It was asked by the State health officer that a date for this week be set, but the communication was received too late at the city hall for the mayor to comply. The exact date for the clean-up day has not yet been decided by Mayor Yett, but he says the time will be announced in his proclamation, which will be published within the next few weeks.

It is the purpose of the State Health Department to minimize all danger of repetition of the epidemic of influenza suffered last winter, the communication to the mayor says. Few cases have been reported to the department, it is announced, and all efforts are being made to insure against any pronounced growth of disease. In order to assure the greatest measure of safety it is the purpose of the health officials to enlist the support of city officials and city health boards in inaugurating clean-up campaigns among the citizens of the State.

Mayor Yett has promised his full support in this movement and says he will urge the people of Austin to get behind the work of cleaning up the city thoroughly.

DR. GODDARD ASKS CO-OPERATION IN FIGHT AGAINST MOSQUITOES

Warning that malaria is present in Austin at the present time, Dr. C. W. Goddard, chief of the University medical staff, has appealed to all persons in charge of University boarding and rooming houses, fraternities and sororities, cafes and swimming pools to help make Austin and especially the University community, the cleanest and most healthful spot in Texas in which to live. In this connection Dr. Goddard sent the following circular letter to all boarding and rooming house owners asking for their co-operation:

"The season of the year has arrived when it is necessary for us to again open our fight against mosquitoes, flies, etc. Following the recent rains you will no doubt find standing water in open wells, cisterns, barrels, cans, buckets and excavations of various kinds on your premises in which mosquitoes are now breeding. No doubt you notice of the presence of full grown mosquitoes, and this should be sufficient warning to prompt you to carefully search for the remove from your premises all possible mosquito breeding places. You are aware of the fact that malaria exists in Austin, and unless the mosquitoes are eradicated or controlled this disease is sure to spread.

"You know that the common house fly is a common carrier of typhoid fever, dysentery and the many gastrointestinal diseases so common among children during the summer months. Flies breed in trash, straw and barnyard accumulations. It is needless to say that these nuisances should be removed.

"If you will take time to think and seriously consider, you will fully realize the danger that you, your household and guests are subjected to by these pests. Therefore, permit us to insist that all windows be screened from top to bottom, that cisterns, wells, etc., be screened. Oil or drain all standing water and remove all water containers. In other words, if you do not permit the breeding of mosquitoes and flies on your premises you will not only prevent disease but add a great deal of comfort to your home. Remember that it is easier to prevent disease than to cure it, and you may by your own efforts save much suffering and expense. Therefore, we insist that you begin now a fight for health protection and home comfort during the hot summer months."

"Mayor Yett Will Designate Date For Clean-Up Day: State Health Officer Asks Support Of City Executive In Health Crusade." *The Statesman* (1916-1921); 19 Sep 1919: 5.

"Dr. Goddard Asks Co-Operation In Fight Against Mosquitoes." *The Austin Statesman* (1921-1973); 03 May 1922: 10.

HEALTH SUPERVISION OF SCHOOLS AND STUDENTS

BY DR. C. W. GODDARD.

Chief of Medical Staff University of
Texas.

During the past few years about sixty of the leading universities of this country have each fully realized that the health of their students is a very important part of an educational system. These universities have organized and are maintaining health services as a part of their activities. They have realized that to keep the students physically fit and to reduce to a minimum the large number annual academic and economic loss due to indisposition and illness of students is one of their most valuable assets. These health services function in the interest of sound economy by keeping the maximum number of students in the class rooms. They take care of the physical man while he is undergoing the strenuous ordeal of mental work necessary in obtaining of hygiene, sanitation and prevention of disease. They supervise in so far as possible everything pertaining to the public health of the University community with the ultimate end in view that the University graduate will be physically as well as mentally strong.

The higher institutions of learning having proved that health supervision

if of value, why should not all schools have a system of health supervision developed along lines best suited for each individual school. We are pleased to say that this idea is developing in our educational system, and we hope to see it grow by leaps and bounds. We believe it would prove to be sound economy if all schools would have made by a competent physician a careful physical examination of each pupil at least once a year, and make careful record of each examination. All physical defects found which in any way impair the health of the child or interferes with his normal progress in his school work should have attention. Communicable diseases should be carefully guarded against, etc. Following the examination by physicians a supervising school nurse under the directions of physician can safeguard the public health of the school and report all suspicious diseases to the physician.

The children can be taught practical methods of hygiene, sanitation and prevention of certain diseases by the school nurse as well as by the physicians. Such practical methods will not only be carried out by the children while in school, but will be carried out into the homes and a real system of health education will be developed. This kind of a system applied in our own Capital City would be a splendid thing to do. If we can interest the children of today in public health the men and women of tomorrow will be found active in its promotion.

CITY COUNCIL WILL DISCUSS TYPHOID FEVER SITUATION

Will Meet at 3 o'Clock This
Afternoon and Consider
Physician's Report.

Because of the prevalency of typhoid fever cases in the city and county, Dr. Z. T. Martin, city health officer, Dr. M. F. Kreisle, county health officer, Dr. C. W. Goddard, director of the University public health service, and one of the physicians of the state board of health, have drawn up a set of recommendations for the combating of the epidemic. These recommendations will be considered by the city council at a meeting this afternoon to start at 3 o'clock. Mayor W. D. Yatt said this morning that, while he believed the city had taken every possible precautionary measure, that careful attention would be given to the report of the doctors in order to do all possible to check the disease.

Most of the cases of typhoid in the city have been practically traced to a certain Austin dairy, and the physicians' report recommends that the suspected carrier of the typhoid be forced to suspend his work; and that all milk coming from the dairy in question be pasteurized. Such steps on the part of the council are regarded as certain outcomes of the meeting this afternoon.

HEALTH SOCIETY

Goddard To Head New Federation.

Meeting in a joint conference on health problems in education, representatives of 39 organizations and educational institutions formed the Texas Federation for Health Education during the State Teachers Convention in Dallas. Officers elected were Dr. C. W. Goddard, chief of the University of Texas Health Service, president; Dr. J. M. Frazier, college physician and professor of hygiene in Baylor college for Women, first vice president; Miss Conelal McKinney, second vice president; Mrs. L. E. Ledbetter of the state board of health, secretary-treasurer.

Executive Committee.

Membership of the executive committee of the organization is made up of the president of the organization, Doctor Goddard; the two vice-presidents, Doctor Frazier and Miss McKinney; the state health officer, Dr. H. O. Sappington; the state superintendent of education, S. M. N. Marrs; and five elective members as follows; Dr. W. A. Bulce, professor of public health of Baylor university; Dr. G. F. Winfield, president of Lon Morris college; Mrs. John D. Finnegan, chairman of the hygiene committee of the Federation of Women's clubs.

"City Council Will Discuss Typhoid Fever Situation: Will Meet at 3 o'Clock This Afternoon and Consider Physician's Report." *The Austin Statesman* (1921-1973); 29 Aug 1923: 5.

"HEALTH SOCIETY: Goddard To Head New Federation." *The Austin Statesman* (1921-1973).

WORK PRAISED

Splawn Reviews Record Of Goddard.

Eight years of public service by Dr. C. W. Goddard, newly-elected city health officer of Austin, are reviewed in a statement issued recently by President W. M. W. Splawn of the university. Dr. Splawn's statement announced that Dr. Goddard has been granted a leave of absence from the university by the board of regents for the purpose of reorganizing the health department of the city.

"Dr. Goddard has been with the health service as its director for six years," Dr. Splawn's statement says. "He has not only been a loyal and painstaking official in directing the medical service, but through his efforts in co-operation with the dean of students and other officials of the university many improvements have been made in the living conditions of students and in public health generally as it applies to the university."

"During the past two years he has been very active in promoting interest in public health work, and has set up a state-wide organization for this purpose."

"The university is especially interested in the health conditions of the city, of which it is a part, and is glad to co-operate with the city officials to the extent of releasing Dr. Goddard so that he may render this important service. We believe that he will make every effort possible to promote the health and welfare of Austin."

This statement was delivered to Commissioner Victor H. Pannell by the president's office immediately following Dr. Goddard's election as city health officer pro tem.

AUSTIN HEALTH

Goddard Reviews Work of City.

A system of public health based on preventative medicine was the basis of an address by Dr. C. W. Goddard, city health officer, at the weekly meeting of the Rotary club in the Driskill hotel Tuesday noon.

Dr. Goddard referred to the recent health survey of the city and told of preventative measures which are being worked out and will be placed in the city ordinances within a few days. A milk inspection ordinance was declared to be the most important of these, along with proper sewerage connections and other means of combating communicable diseases. Austin's water supply was declared to be one of the best in the country.

"Work Praised: Splawn Reviews Record Of Goddard." *The Austin Statesman* (1921-1973); 06 July 1926: 10.

"AUSTIN HEALTH: Goddard Reviews Work of City." *The Austin Statesman* (1921-1973); 19 Oct 1926: 1.

Health Officer Dies In Cell After Wounding Johnson At His Desk

Dr. C. W. Goddard, city health officer, took his own life in a cell of city jail at 2:15 today, three hours after he had shot and critically wounded City Manager Adam R. Johnson. Mr. Johnson will recover, physicians said.

Dr. Goddard slashed his throat with a small knife. A coroner's verdict of death by self-inflicted wounds was returned by Justice Frank R. Tannehill.

Dr. Goddard is survived by his widow and two married sons, one an interne in a New York hospital, the other an engineer here.

Dr. Goddard was formerly state health officer and later chief university physician.

Dr. Goddard was arrested and placed in jail a few moments after he walked into Johnson's office and fired four or five shots into Johnson's body shortly before noon Monday. . . .

No cause for the shooting has been learned. Reports that Mr. Johnson had asked for Dr. Goddard's resignation were emphatically denied by members of the city council. "I know no reason why he should have done it," Mr. Johnson said at the hospital.

Moody At Bedside.

Mr. Johnson was rushed to Seton Infirmary, where it was found three bullets had penetrated his body, and he was also wounded in the shoulder and the hand. Governor Dan Moody hastened to the hospital and was at his bedside. Dr. J. F. Gullette, who reached him at the city and hall, and Dr. Joe Gilbert, attended him at the hospital. It will be tonight before the climax of his condition will be reached, physicians said. Miss Lenna Johnson, his daughter, collapsed, when she learned of the shooting, and was taken to the hospital for attention.

Mr. Johnson, in a statement made at the hospital, said he was seated at his desk, when Dr. Goddard walked in, smiling. Dr. Goddard handed him some papers, after which he turned back to his desk, Johnson said. The next thing he knew, the firing started, he said.

Mr. Johnson toppled from his chair to the floor.

City Engineer O. E. Metcalf, who rushed in from the adjoining office where he was dictating to Miss Helen Kelleher, when the shots were heard, seized Dr. Goddard, according to Marshal Littlepage, and held him. Dr. Goddard was apparently calm, and made no resistance when Marshal Littlepage took him in custody and led him to the city's new jail, only a few feet from Dr. Goddard's own office.

Dr. Goddard seated himself on a steel bunk and read a copy of the Austin Statesman, as a reporter of The Statesman staff, accompanied by Detective J. E. McClain walked into his cell.

"I have no statement to make for the present," Dr. Goddard replied to a question. "I appreciate your coming up, just the same."

"I'll see you later," was his parting word to the reporter. According to Marshal Littlepage, Mr. Johnson's last words to Dr. Goddard before the shooting started were "I'll have to refer you to Mr. Palmer, head of the sewer department."

Despite reports to the contrary, it is learned by The Statesman that Dr. Goddard had been asked by the mayor to resign as health officer. Mr. Johnson had not recommended the resignation of Dr. Goddard, it was said in official city hall circles, but that the council had agreed among themselves that Dr. McFadden, the mayor, request the health official to quit his post some time within the near future.

There had been some grievance between Mr. Johnson and Dr. Goddard when the two took office simultaneously several months ago, but the general understanding is that these differences, which did not seem to be serious even at that time, had been ironed out and that the two were working together harmoniously. City commissioners could give no definite reason for the tragedy which rocked the city today.

Dr. Goddard, after a conference with County Attorney Roy C. Archer, asked for a glass of water. This was refused. Shortly afterward Goddard's body was seen lying on the floor, and attendants rushed in, finding that his throat had been slashed and that he was dead from loss of blood.

A small pocketknife was found in the cell.

The body was found by City Marshal Littlepage. Goddard's throat and one of his wrists had been slashed with a small pocketknife.

The body is being held by Charles B. Cook, undertaker.

City Manager Adam R. Johnson, critically wounded when his body was pierced in five places by bullets as he sat at his desk in the city hall shortly before noon today, was making an uphill fight this afternoon for recovery.

Dr. Goddard seated himself on a steel bunk and read a copy of the Austin Statesman, as a reporter of The Statesman staff, accompanied by Detective J. E. McClain walked into his cell.

"I have no statement to make for the present," Dr. Goddard replied to a question. "I appreciate your coming up, just the same."

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Miss Helen Kelleher, secretary to Mr. Johnson, who was taking dictation from City Engineer Metcalf, said Dr. Goddard walked into the office and handed Johnson a paper. Mr. Johnson's only words, after he glanced at the paper were, she said, referring the city physician to Mr. Palmer. Mr. Metcalf rushed in and seized Dr. Goddard from the back. Metcalf was thrown across the long table at the west end of Mr. Johnson's office, and Chief Littlepage, who was in the hall at the time the shots were fired, rushed in and grabbed Dr. Goddard. Mr. Metcalf received a blow across the shoulder, apparently when Dr. Goddard's sturdy body swung him around against the table.

County Attorney Roy C. Archer went to Dr. Goddard's cell shortly after the arrest, and with Marshal Littlepage, discussed the case.

GODDARD DEAD

Health Officer Slashes Throat.

(Continued From Page One.)

A pool of blood near the southeast corner of the office and a cigar with the tip ragged where City Manager Johnson had been chewing it while reading the paper gave mute evidence of the affair.

The paper which was given Mr. Johnson by Dr. Goddard was in the possession of J. Bouldin Rector, city attorney.

"There is no reason known at all why all this happened," Chief Littlepage stated.

After Chief Littlepage had taken the gun he rushed to the side of Mr. Johnson who was lying where he had fallen as his chair tipped over.

Miss Kelleher was in a state of near collapse following the shooting. She was placed on a cot in City Manager Johnson's office where she fought for self-control. She was able to answer questions and helped locate the key for Mr. Johnson's desk before she was taken to her home by her brother.

Miss Kelleher sobbed when she told of City Manager Johnson calling her "Miss Helen, Miss Helen, I'm shot."

A. C. Baldwin, City Commission-

Not Discharged.

Shortly after the shooting, two city commissioners appeared at the city hall in a crowd of business men that swarmed the lower floor of the city hall. Commissioners Victor H. Pannell and Ed L. Steck immediately took charge of the city manager's office after City Attorney J. Bouldin Rector had taken possession of the note which is said to have been presented to the city manager just before the shooting occurred.

Commissioner Pannell, answering newspaper men, said Dr. Goddard had not been discharged and that Mr. Johnson had not even made a recommendation. A newspaper man asked the question to ascertain a motive for the shooting.

"Mr. Johnson could not have discharged Dr. Goddard because he is a council employe," Mr. Pannell said. "Mr. Johnson has not recommended any discharge."

It is said that Mr. Johnson and Dr. Goddard had different ideas of operating the health department and that their opinions differed over the appropriations given the health department.

Ex-State Officials

Both Mr. Johnson and Dr. Goddard by coincidence are former state officials, Mr. Johnson having served on the board of control under Governor Hobby and Neff while Dr. Goddard was formerly state health officer.

Mr. Johnson resigned from the state board of control to become manager of an Austin store. He was named temporary city manager at a salary of \$8400 a year. He was raised to \$10,000 for this year.

"Dr. Goddard Kills Self After Shooting City Manager Johnson: Health Officer Dies In Cell After Wounding Johnson At His Desk." *The Austin Statesman* (1921-1973); 14 Mar 1927: 1.

GODDARD FUNERAL

Doctor's Body Sent to Bell County for Burial.

Funeral services for Dr. C. W. Goddard, former city health officer, were held at the family home, 2514 Pearl street, at 10:30 o'clock Tuesday morning, attended by many friends of the former city, state and university health official. The body was taken to Holland, Bell county, former home of Dr. Goddard, for burial this afternoon.

Dr. J. W. Kerns and Dr. H. C. Garrison were in charge of the funeral services here.

Dr. Goddard is survived by his widow and by three sons, Raymond B. Goddard of Waco, Dr. Walter C. Goddard of New York and Erwin S. Goddard of Austin.

For the services in Austin, the following were active pallbearers: Dr. W. L. Crosthwait, Dr. James McLaughlin, Dr. Will Watt, Dr. H. B. Granberry, Dr. A. F. Beverly, Dr. R. H. Griffith, F. E. Pryor and George W. Todd.

Active pallbearers at Holland are: W. B. Cox, Sam Barton, L. B. Mewhinney, Dr. V. E. H. Reed, Logan Mewhinney, T. B. Lewis, Chas. B. Starke and Sheridan Cavitt.

Sen. H. L. Lewis from 1300 San Antonio to Navasota, Texas.
Mrs. C. W. Goddard from 2514 Pearl to Waco, Texas.
W. T. Henrichson from 909 West 26th to 2402 Rio Grande.

"GODDARD FUNERAL: Doctor's Body Sent to Bell County for Burial." *The Austin Statesman* (1921-1973); 15 Mar 1927: 10.

Other 12 -- No Title. *The Austin Statesman* (1921-1973); 20 June 1927: 8.

WOODS SELECTS FORT WORTHIAN

T. M. Trimble of Fort Worth, connected with the city schooy system there for the past 18 years, has been appointed first assistant state superintendent of public instruction. L. A. Woods, state superintendent, announced Thursday.

A graduate of North Texas State Teachers college and the University of Colorado, Trimble was principal of the Arlington Heights elementary school when he resigned to accept the position here. He holds the master's degree and has done additional graduate work in Columbia university.

Family to Come This Week

Trimble succeeds Sam McAllister of North Texas state Teachers college who had been on a leave of absence to fill the position in the state department. Trimble's study has dealt with elementary education in administrative work, and he has been active in the curriculum revision movement.

Mr. Trimble's family will arrive here this week, and they will make their home at 1708 Enfield road.

Supt. Woods also announced the appointment of two new deputy superintendents. J. H. Bankston, superintendent of schools at Crane, has resigned to become deputy of the Victoria district, replacing E. H. Patton who goes to Crane.

T.M. Trimble Receives MD

Terrill Marshall Trimble Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Trimble of 2514 Pearl, received his doctor of medicine degree June 12 at the Baylor Medical School in Houston.

Dr. Trimble is a graduate of Austin High School and did his pre-medical work at the University of Texas.

During World War II, he served with the US Navy.

FIREMAN'S FACE: RED

BENNINGTON, Vt., June 15—(UP)—Volunteer Fireman John Proud said Thursday he wasn't very proud when he responded to a false alarm pulled by his six-year-old son



DR. T. M. TRIMBLE

"Woods Selects Fort Worthian." *The Austin Statesman* (1921-1973); 25 Aug 1938: 14.

"T.M. Trimble Receives MD." *The Austin Statesman* (1921-1973); 15 June 1950: 21.

Ted Trimble Takes Vows In Houston

Miss Julia Marie Lindenmayer, daughter of Mrs. T. C. Lindenmayer of Houston, and Ted M. Trimble, son of Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Trimble, 2514 Pearl, were married June 11 in a late afternoon ceremony.

The Rev. John E. Pickering officiated at the double-ring service in the Woodland Christian Church of Houston.

The bride was graduated from Kirbyville High School and is now a senior student in the College of Nursing at Jefferson Davis Hospital and the University of Houston.

A graduate of Austin High School the bridegroom took his premedical training at the University of Texas and received a doctor of medicine degree this month from Baylor University Medical College in Houston. Beginning July 1, he will intern at the City-County Hospital in Fort Worth. During the war, he served with the US Navy Hospital Corps.

Musical selections for the wedding included "Because," sung by Mrs. Lucie Mae Binges of Houston. She was accompanied by Mrs. Betty Beckner of Houston, organist, who also played "Liebestraum."

The bride was given in marriage by her uncle, Whitney Dawson of Houston. She was attired in a white linen suit with a white lace picture hat and matching accessories. She wore a strand of pearls, and carried an orchid on a white prayer book.

Death Claims T. M. Trimble In Fort Worth

Terrill M. Trimble, 31, former first assistant superintendent of Texas public schools, died Tuesday morning in Fort Worth after undergoing surgery in a hospital there.

Trimble, who lived here at 2512 Pearl, served with the old Texas Department of Education from 1938 until 1949, when the Texas Education Agency was established under the Gilmer-Aikin Law. After he left the state school system, he was supervisor of Bastrop schools for a year. He had been retired nearly two years.

Funeral services will be held Thursday at 10 a. m. in Fort Worth. Dr. John Barclay, minister of the Central Christian Church here, will officiate. Burial will be in Mount Olivet Cemetery in Fort Worth.

Survivors include his widow; a son, Dr. T. M. Trimble Jr. of Fort Worth; and a daughter, Mrs. William Kohler of Austin.

"Ted Trimble Takes Vows In Houston." *The Austin Statesman* (1921-1973); 21 June 1950: 8.

"Death Claims T.M. Trimble In Fort Worth." *The Austin Statesman* (1921-1973); 22 Apr 1952: 1.

Goddard, Charles Walter (1869–1927)

★ [tshaonline.org/handbook/entries/goddard-charles-walter](https://www.tshaonline.org/handbook/entries/goddard-charles-walter)

GODDARD, CHARLES WALTER (1869–1927). Charles Walter Goddard, physician and public-health official, was born in Fayetteville, Arkansas, on March 14, 1869. He attended the University of Arkansas and the University of Louisville Medical School, where he completed his M.D. degree in 1894. He did postgraduate study in Chicago, New York, and New Orleans. He married Mary Earnest Boyd of Paynesville, Alabama, in 1892, and they had three children. Goddard moved his family to De Soto, Texas, in 1895 and began practicing medicine. He later moved to Holland, Texas, where he practiced medicine for the next eighteen years and, with other doctors representing different medical fields, organized a community clinic. This operation was one of the first attempts at organized group medicine in Texas.

During World War I Goddard was refused a commission because of his age but served on the Southern District Exemption Board. At the end of the war he organized the Benevolent War Risk Society, a group that began the movement to establish the American Legion Sanitarium at Kerrville (now the Veterans Affairs Medical Center). Goddard moved to Austin around 1918, when he was appointed state health officer by Governor William P. Hobby. He held this post for two years, during which he established the Bureau of Child Hygiene and Communicable Diseases. He was also instrumental in organizing departments of health in sixty-five counties across Texas. In 1920 he oversaw the extermination of hordes of rats that carried bubonic plague in Galveston, Houston, Beaumont, and Port Arthur. This effort virtually eradicated plague in Texas. The same year Goddard accepted a position as director of the University of Texas Health Service, a position he held for six years; he was responsible for many improvements in the health care and living conditions of the students. His efficient organization of the UT Health Service was commended by university health directors nationwide.

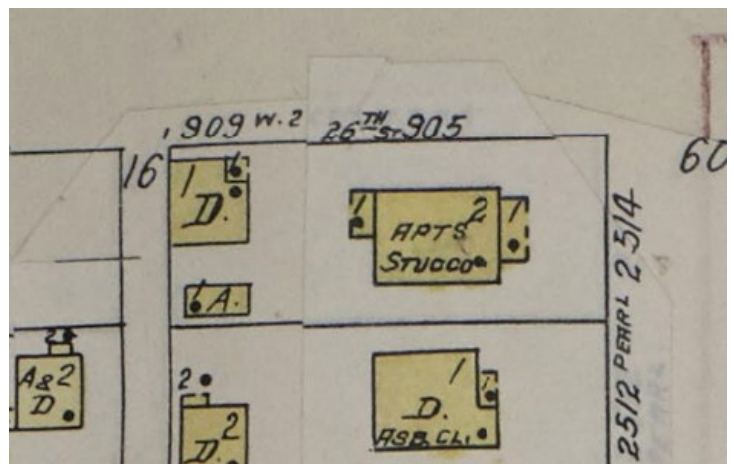
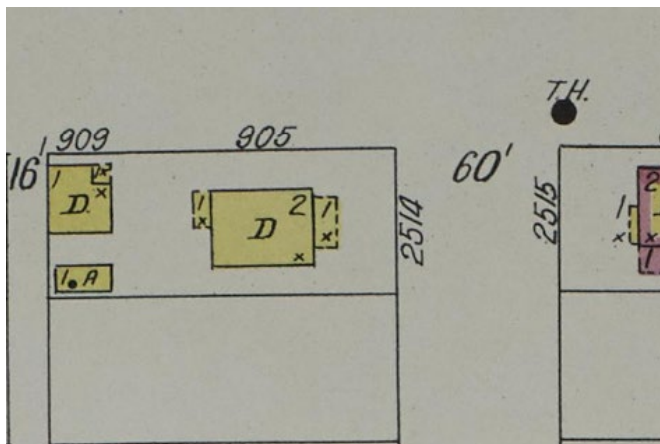
Goddard was a member of the American Students Health Association and served as its vice president in 1925. He was active in organized-medicine activities at the local, state, and national levels. He helped found the Texas Federation for Health Education and served as its first president. He was a deacon and an elder in the Christian Church and a Mason. In 1926 he was given a leave of absence from the university so he could reorganize the Austin City Health Department. His goal was to make Austin a model for city health-care programs statewide. On March 14, 1927, shortly after being asked to resign from the Austin health Department, Goddard shot and seriously wounded the Austin city manager. He was arrested and shortly thereafter committed suicide in his jail cell with a small knife that had been missed in a hurried search after the shooting.

Joseph R. Sanchez, "Goddard, Charles Walter," *Handbook of Texas Online*, accessed March 20, 2023, <https://www.tshaonline.org/handbook/entries/goddard-charles-walter>.

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Maps



1935 and 1962 Sanborn Fire Insurance Maps, <https://www.loc.gov/collections/sanborn-maps/>