#### NEIGHBORHOOD PLAN AMENDMENT REVIEW SHEET

**NEIGHORHOOD PLAN:** Southeast Austin Combined (McKinney)

**CASE#:** NPA-2022-0014.03 **DATE FILED**: August 03, 2022 (In-cycle)

**PROJECT NAME**: Chapman 71

**PC DATE:** March 28, 2023

February 28, 2023 February 14, 2023 January 10, 2023

**ADDRESS/ES:** 5010 Burleson Road; 3503, 3503 1/2, 3505, 3507, 3533 Chapman Lane,

4905, 5001, 5005, 5005 ½, 5109 E. Ben White Blvd SVRD EB

**COUNCIL DISTRICT**: 2

**SITE AREA:** 13.028 acres

**OWNERS/APPLICANTS:** PlaceMKR Chapman LLC

**AGENT:** Armbrust and Brown, PLLC (Michael J. Whellan)

CASE MANAGER: Jesse Gutierrez PHONE: (512) 974-1606

**STAFF EMAIL:** Jesse.Gutierrez@austintexas.gov

**TYPE OF AMENDMENT:** 

**Change in Future Land Use Designation** 

**From:** Industry

To: Commercial (On February 22, 2023 the request was amended to Commercial

land use. Original request was for Mixed Use land use.)

**Base District Zoning Change** 

**Related Zoning Case:** (not filed at time of this report and PC date)

From: LI-NP To: TBD

**NEIGHBORHOOD PLAN ADOPTION DATE:** October 10, 2002

CITY COUNCIL DATE: May 18, 2023 ACTION: TBD

## <u>PLANNING COMMISSION RECOMMENDATION:</u>

*March 28, 2023* - Motion by Commissioner Woods, seconded by Commissioner Thompson to grant Commercial land use for NPA-2022-0014.03 - Chapman 71 located at5010 Burleson Road; 3503, 3503 1/2, 3505, 3507, 3533 Chapman Lane, 4905, 5001, 5005, 5005 ½, 5109 E. Ben White Blvd SVRD EB, was approved on a vote of 11-2. Chair Shaw and Commissioner Cox voted nay.

*February 28, 2023* – Postponed to March 28, 2023 on the consent agenda at the request of the applicant. [R. Schneider –  $1^{st}$ ; P. Howard –  $2^{nd}$ ] Vote: 11-0 [Y. Flores absent. One vacancy on the dais].

*February 14, 2023* – Postponed to the February 28, 2023 on the consent agenda at the request of staff. [C. Hempel -1<sup>st</sup>; J. Thompson -2<sup>nd</sup>] Vote: 12-0 [One vacancy on the dais].

*January 10, 2023* – Postponed to February 14, 2023 on the consent agenda at the request of staff. [A. Azhar – 1<sup>st</sup>; J. Thompson -2<sup>nd</sup>] Vote: 11-0 [P. Howard absent. One vacancy on the dais].

**STAFF RECOMMENDATION:** Staff does NOT support the applicant's request to change the Future Land Use Map from Industry to Commercial land use.

**BASIS FOR STAFF'S RECOMMENDATION**: Staff DOES NOT support the applicant's request for the following reasons:

Allowing for commercial land use now in a primarily industrial job center of the city would create a precedent and cause a domino effect continuing the loss of industrial properties and land uses.

The subject properties are located within The McKinney Imagine Austin Job Center.

One of Imagine Austin's goals is to "continue to grow Austin's economy by investing in our workforce, education systems, entrepreneurs, and local businesses."

An ongoing and long-term action in the comprehensive plan that supports this goal is "actively recruit and retain businesses that create well-paying job opportunities for lower skilled and blue-collar jobs or that provide a path upwards from entry-level jobs." (Imagine Austin Comprehensive Plan. Chapter 5: Implementation and Measuring Success, page 193)

Industrial land uses in the city provide much needed space for small businesses, warehouse, manufacturing, and blue-collar work.

Changing the future land use to commercial will inevitably push employers who rely on industrial properties further out of the city, taking blue-collar jobs elsewhere.

Future Project Connect and Austin Strategic Mobility Plan transit investments should support access to employment centers.

Industrial businesses in the McKinney Job Center can rely on proximity to the Austin Bergstrom Airport and Ben White.

Job Centers - Job centers accommodate those businesses not well-suited for residential or environmentally- sensitive areas. These centers take advantage of existing transportation infrastructure such as arterial roadways, freeways, or the Austin-Bergstrom International airport. Job centers will mostly contain office parks, manufacturing, warehouses, logistics, and other businesses with similar demands and operating characteristics. They should nevertheless become more pedestrian and bicycle friendly, in part by better accommodating services for the people who work in those centers. While many of these centers are currently best served by car, the growth Concept map offers transportation choices such as light rail and bus rapid transit to increase commuter options. (Imagine Austin Comprehensive Plan. Chapter 4: Shaping Austin: Building the Complete Community, Page 107).

Unspecified commercial uses are not a greater benefit than the loss of industrial uses for this job center.

Cities, and Austin specifically, are not adding any industrial areas to land use base which makes preserving this area as industry and warehouse a land use priority for long range planning needs.

#### The Southeast Austin Combined Neighborhood Plan

Land Use Goals and Action Items IH-35 and Ben White Corridors (Page 55)

Goal 3 - Encourage employment centers, commercial activities, and other non-residential development to locate along major thoroughfares.

Objective 3.1 - Maintain prevailing land use pattern of commercial, office and industrial development to ensure compatibility of existing and future land uses. (Implementer: NPZD)

Action Item 8 - Upzone DR & SF-zoned property along IH-35 and Ben White Boulevard to a zoning category that would allow for commercial and industrial uses. (Implementer: NPZD)

#### Industrial Zones (Page 55)

A distinctive element of the existing land use landscape within the Planning Areas is that there are defined districts with large amounts of existing industrial development, and numerous undeveloped properties with industrial zoning. The fact that this part of southeast

Austin is surrounded by major Southeast Combined Neighborhood Plan transportation corridors, has a large amount of undeveloped land, and is in close proximity to the airport makes it a very attractive location for industrial development.

The McKinney and Southeast NPAs host the majority of this type of construction, much of this in the form of large industrial office parks. Instead of rejecting industrial-type development around their homes, residents in the Franklin Park and McKinney NPAs have been successful at communicating and cooperating with nearby industrial property owners. Area residents have traditionally been amenable to those types of industrial uses that don't interfere with neighborhood activities or infringe upon their quality of life.

Goal 4 Ensure that existing residential and industrial zoned properties co-exist in a compatible manner. (Page 56)

Objective 4.1 Provide appropriate buffer zones between residential and industrial zoned properties.

Action Item 9 Where needed, create a conditional overlay for industrial property that abuts residentially-used land. (Implementer: NPZD)

Goal 5 Create land use and zoning recommendations that reflect the existing industrial nature of parts of the planning area. (Page 56)

Objective 5.1 Make non-industrial properties in areas with a dominant industrial character compatible with the prevailing land use scheme.

Action Item 10 Upzone DR & SF- zoned property in highly industrial areas to allow for industrial or commercial development. (Implementer: NPZD)

# **LAND USE DESCRIPTIONS**

EXISTING LAND USE ON THE PROPERTY

**Industry** - Areas reserved for manufacturing and related uses that provide employment but are generally not compatible with other areas with lower intensity use. Industry includes general warehousing, manufacturing, research and development, and storage of hazardous materials.

#### Purpose

1. To confine potentially hazardous or nuisance-creating activities to defined districts;

- 2. To preserve areas within the city to increase employment opportunities and increased tax base:
- 3. To protect the City's strategic advantage as a high-tech job center; and
- 4. To promote manufacturing and distribution activities in areas with access to major transportation systems.

# **Application**

- 1. Make non-industrial properties in areas with a <u>dominant industrial character</u> compatible with the prevailing land use scheme;
- 2. Where needed, require a buffer area for industrial property that abuts residentially used land;
- 3. Industry should be applied to areas that are not appropriate for residential or mixed use development, such as land within the Airport Overlay; 4. In general, mixed use and permanent residential activities are not appropriate in industrial areas. An exception may be the edge of an industrial area along the interface with an area in which residential activities are appropriate. Such exceptions should be considered case by case, with careful attention to both land use compatibility and design;
- 5. Industry should not be either adjacent to or across the road from single family residential or schools:
- 6. Use roadways and/or commercial or office uses as a buffer between residential and industry; and
- 7. Smaller scale "local manufacturing" districts may be appropriate in some locations to preserve employment opportunities and cottage industries of local artisans. In these areas, hazardous industrial uses (i.e. basic industry, recycling centers, and scrap yards) should be prohibited.

PROPOSED LAND USE ON THE PROPERTY

## Commercial

Lots or parcels containing retail sales, services, hotel/motels and all recreational services that are predominantly privately owned and operated for profit (for example, theaters and bowling alleys). Included are private institutional uses (convalescent homes and rest homes in which medical or surgical services are not a main function of the institution), but not hospitals.

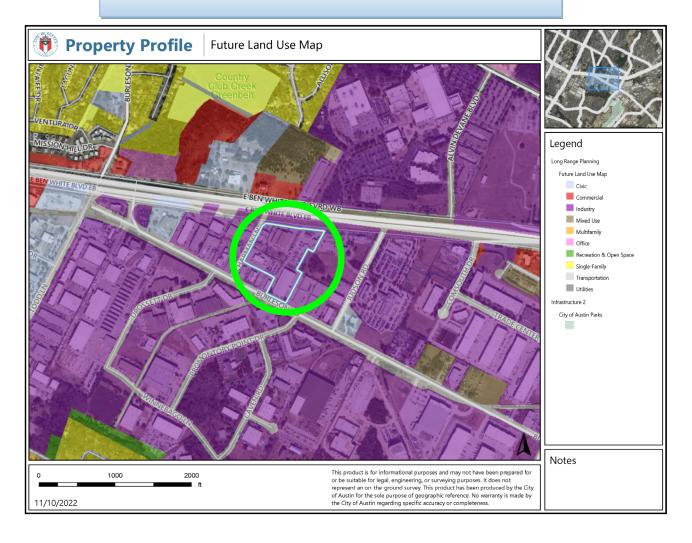
#### Purpose

- 1. Encourage employment centers, commercial activities, and other non- residential development to locate along major thoroughfares; and
- 2. Reserve limited areas for intense, auto-oriented commercial uses that are generally not compatible with residential or mixed use environments.

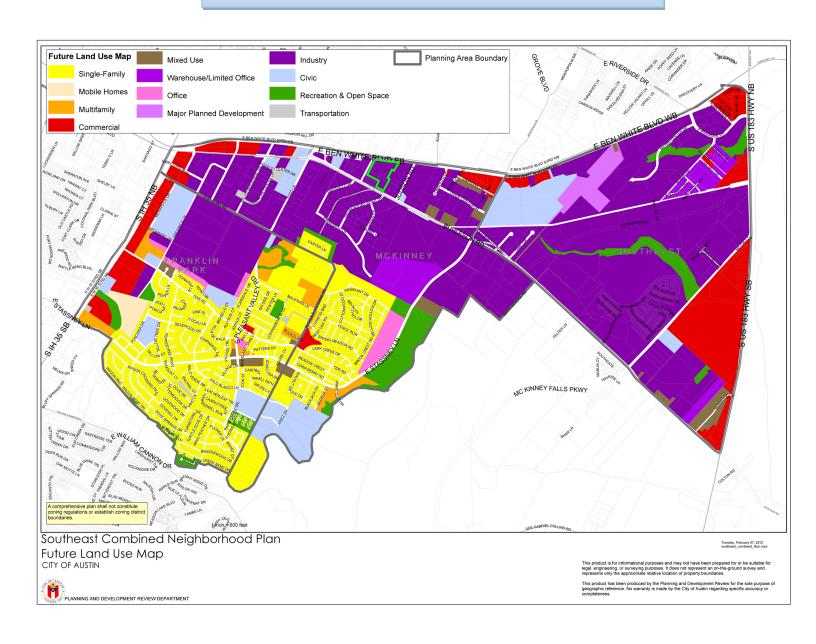
# **Application**

- 1. Focus the highest intensity commercial and industrial activities along freeways and major highways; and
- 2. Should be used in areas with good transportation access such as frontage roads and arterial roadways, which are generally not suitable for residential development.

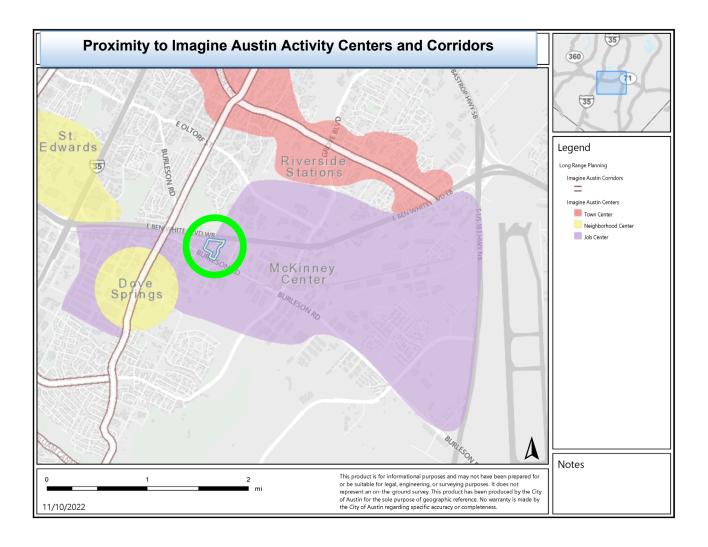
# **Future Land Use Map (site focus)**

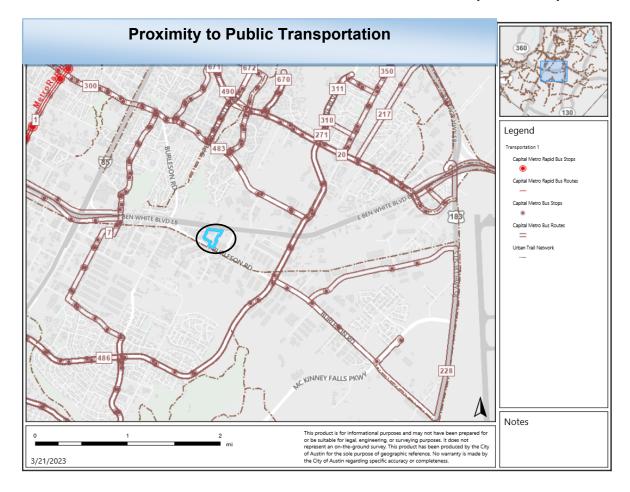


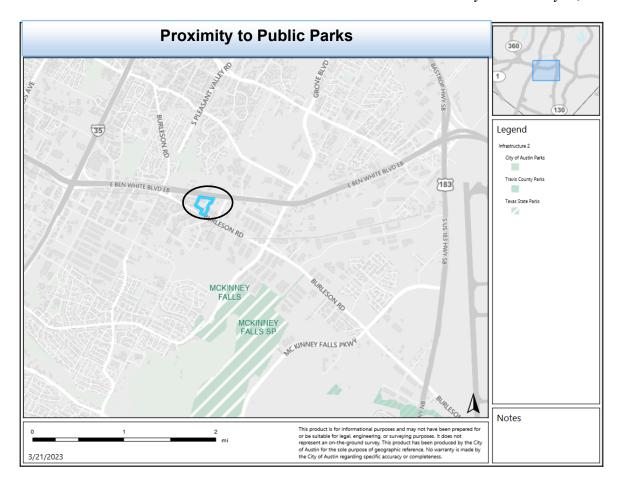
# **Future Land Use Map (Neighborhood Plan area)**



Yes	Imagine Austin Decision Guidelines					
	Complete Community Measures					
Yes	Imagine Austin Growth Concept Map: Located within or adjacent to an Imagine Austin Activity Center, Imagine Austin Activity Corridor, or Imagine Austin Job Center as identified the Growth Concept Map.  Name(s) of Activity Center/Activity Corridor/Job Center:  Inside the McKinney Job Center					
	Near Dove Springs Neighborhood Center					
No	Mobility and Public Transit: Located within 0.25 miles of public transit stop and/or light rail station.					
Yes	Mobility and Bike/Ped Access: Adjoins a public sidewalk, shared path, and/or bike lane.					
Yes	Connectivity, Good and Services, Employment: Provides or is located within 0.50 miles to goods and services, and/or employment center.					
No	Connectivity and Food Access: Provides or is located within 0.50 miles of a grocery store/farmers market.					
No	Connectivity and Education: Located within 0.50 miles from a public school or university.  •					
No	Connectivity and Healthy Living: Provides or is located within 0.50 miles from a recreation area, park or walking trail.					
No	Connectivity and Health: Provides or is located within 0.50 miles of health facility (ex: hospital, urgent care, doctor's office, drugstore clinic, and/or specialized outpatient care.)  • 1 mile from METSI Urgent Care, 1614 E. 6 <sup>th</sup> Street					
No	Housing Affordability: Provides a minimum of 10% of units for workforce housing (80% MFI or less) and/or fee in lieu for affordable housing.  • Proposes 10% units at 60% MFI, if built with VMU					
No	Housing Choice: Expands the number of units and housing choice that suits a variety of household sizes, incomes, and lifestyle needs of a diverse population (ex: apartments, triplex, granny flat, live/work units, cottage homes, and townhomes) in support of Imagine Austin and the Strategic Housing Blueprint.  Proposes 10% units at 60% MFI, if built with VMU					
No	Mixed use: Provides a mix of residential and non-industrial uses.					
No	<b>Culture and Creative Economy:</b> Provides or is located within 0.50 miles of a cultural resource (ex: library, theater, museum, cultural center).					
No	Culture and Historic Preservation: Preserves or enhances a historically and/or culturally significant site.					
No	<b>Creative Economy</b> : Expands Austin's creative economy (ex: live music venue, art studio, film, digital, theater.)					
No	Workforce Development, the Economy and Education: Expands the economic base by creating permanent jobs, especially in industries that are currently not represented in particular area or that promotes a new technology, and/or promotes educational opportunities and workforce development training.					
No	Industrial Land: Preserves or enhances industrial land.					
3	Number of "Yes's"					
	Imagine Austin Priority Program PUD Specific Bonus Features					
n/a	Public Space Features and Public Art: Incorporates public space features and/or public art into project (Ex:					
	plazas, streetscapes, gardens, and other people-friendly spaces where different ages can socially interact).					
n/a	<b>Integrates and/or Expands Green Infrastructure</b> : Preserves or expands Austin's green infrastructure (ex: parkland, community gardens, green streets, creeks, stormwater features that mimic natural hydrology) into the urban environment and transportation network.					
n/a	<b>Protects the Environment</b> : Reduces greenhouse gas emissions, water, energy usage, and/or increases waste diversion.					
n/a	<b>Protects Environmentally Sensitive Lands</b> : Protects Austin's natural resources and environmental systems by limiting land use and transportation development over or near environmentally sensitive areas, preserves open space, and protects natural resources more than ordinance requirements.					
n/a	Water/Wastewater Infrastructure: Sustainably manages Austin's water resources and stream corridors					
	through on-site use of storm water, effective landscaping, flood mitigation, and other low-impact development techniques more than ordinance requirements.					
n/a	Total Number of "Yes's"					







## IMAGINE AUSTIN GROWTH CONCEPT MAP (CENTERS AND CORRIDORS)

## **Definitions**

Neighborhood Centers - The smallest and least intense of the three mixed-use centers are neighborhood centers. As with the regional and town centers, neighborhood centers are walkable, bikeable, and supported by transit. The greatest density of people and activities in neighborhood centers will likely be concentrated on several blocks or around one or two intersections. However, depending on localized conditions, different neighborhood centers can be very different places. If a neighborhood center is designated on an existing commercial area, such as a shopping center or mall, it could represent redevelopment or the addition of housing. A new neighborhood center may be focused on a dense, mixed-use core surrounded by a mix of housing. In other instances, new or redevelopment may occur incrementally and concentrate people and activities along several blocks or around one or two intersections. Neighborhood centers will be more locally focused than either a regional or a town center. Businesses and services—grocery and department stores, doctors and dentists, shops, branch libraries, dry cleaners, hair salons, schools, restaurants, and other small and local businesses—will generally serve the center and surrounding neighborhoods.

**Town Centers -** Although less intense than regional centers, town centers are also where many people will live and work. Town centers will have large and small employers, although fewer than in regional centers. These employers will have regional customer and employee bases and provide goods and services for the center as well as the surrounding areas. The buildings found in a town center will range in size from one-to three-story houses, duplexes, townhouses, and rowhouses, to low-to midrise apartments, mixed use buildings, and office buildings. These centers will also be important hubs in the transit system.

**Regional Centers** - Regional centers are the most urban places in the region. These centers are and will become the retail, cultural, recreational, and entertainment destinations for Central Texas. These are the places where the greatest density of people and jobs and the tallest buildings in the region will be located. Housing in regional centers will mostly consist of low to high-rise apartments, mixed use buildings, row houses, and townhouses. However, other housing types, such as single-family units, may be included depending on the location and character of the center. The densities, buildings heights, and overall character of a center will depend on its location.

Activity Centers for Redevelopment in Sensitive Environmental Areas - Five centers are located over the recharge or contributing zones of the Barton Springs Zone of the Edwards Aquifer or within water-supply watersheds. These centers are located on already developed areas and, in some instances, provide opportunities to address long-standing water quality issues and provide walkable areas in and near existing neighborhoods. State-of-the-art development practices will be required of any redevelopment to improve stormwater retention and the water quality flowing into the aquifer or other drinking water sources. These centers should also be carefully evaluated to fit within their infrastructural and environmental context.

Job Centers - Job centers accommodate those businesses not well-suited for residential or environmentally- sensitive areas. These centers take advantage of existing transportation infrastructure such as arterial roadways, freeways, or the Austin-Bergstrom International airport. Job centers will mostly contain office parks, manufacturing, warehouses, logistics, and other businesses with similar demands and operating characteristics. They should nevertheless become more pedestrian and bicycle friendly, in part by better accommodating services for the people who work in those centers. While many of these centers are currently best served by car, the growth Concept map offers transportation choices such as light rail and bus rapid transit to increase commuter options.

**Corridors** - Activity corridors have a dual nature. They are the connections that link activity centers and other key destinations to one another and allow people to travel throughout the city and region by bicycle, transit, or automobile. Corridors are also characterized by a variety of activities and types of buildings located along the roadway — shopping, restaurants and cafés, parks, schools, single-family houses, apartments, public buildings, houses of worship, mixed-use buildings, and offices. Along many corridors, there will be both large and small redevelopment sites. These redevelopment opportunities may be continuous along stretches of the corridor. There may also be a series of small neighborhood centers, connected by the roadway. Other corridors may have fewer redevelopment opportunities, but already have a mixture of uses, and could provide critical transportation connections. As a corridor evolves, sites that do not redevelop may transition from one use to another, such as a service station becoming a restaurant, or a large retail space being divided into several storefronts. To improve mobility along an activity corridor, new and redevelopment should reduce per capita car use and increase walking, bicycling, and transit use. Intensity of land use should correspond to the availability of quality transit, public space, and walkable destinations. Site design should use building arrangement and open space to reduce walking distance to transit and destinations, achieve safety and comfort, and draw people outdoors.

**BACKGROUND:** The original application was filed on August 03, 2022, which is in-cycle for neighborhood planning areas located on the east side of IH-25. The application was amended on February 22, 2023 following discussions with the neighborhood plan contact team.

The applicant proposes to change the land use on the future land use map from INDUSTRY and COMMERCIAL. On February 22, 2023, the applicant amended their application to request a change from Industry to Commercial. Their original request was for a change from Industry to Mixed Use land use.

There is currently no associated zoning case.

Following the submission of this NPA application, the applicant intends to submit a rezoning application seeking zoning for commercial purposes on the Property.

The applicant envisions a project that would take advantage of the Property's location on the frontage offering "unique visibility and accessibility for businesses."

<u>PUBLIC MEETINGS:</u> The ordinance-required community meeting was virtually held on October 27, 2022. Approximately 234 community meeting notices were mailed to people who rent or own property within 500 feet of the subject tracts. Two city staff members attended the meeting, Maureen Meredith and Jesse Gutierrez from the Housing and Planning Department.

Two people representing the applicants attended, Michael Whellan and April Brown from Armbrust and Brown. One person from the neighborhood plan contact team attended virtually via Teams.

**Note:** The applicant's original request was to change the future land use map from Industry to Mixed Use. This is what was discussed at this community meeting. On February 22, 2023 the applicant amended their application to request a change from Industry to Commercial. No new community meeting was scheduled to discuss the amended request.

Michael Whellan from Armbrust and Brown made a presentation. Below are highlights. His presentation is included in this report:

- There are two kinds of land use applications. The one we are discussing tonight is an amendment to the future land use map, which sets expectations for the direction that a property will go in the future.
- The FLUM change does not change actual entitlements for development standards that define what can be done on that property.
- Rezoning applications change things like the uses and the floor area ratio and other standards. We are here solely to discuss the FLUM change.

- The property is on Burleson Road and Chapman Lane with frontage on east Ben White.
- The site is largely developed with surface parking lots with industrial and commercial uses.
- For this application we are requesting a FLUM change from Industry to Mixed Use.
- The site is less than ½ mile from Todd Lane which is an Imagine Austin Activity Corridor and a Transit Priority Network Roadway on the Austin Strategic Mobility Plan.
- Project would help implement Imagine Austin Complete Communities by providing a mix of housing types and expand number and variety of housing choices throughout Austin.
- ASMP and Project Connect call for higher transit supportive densities.
- Metro Rapid enhancement project on Todd Lane will ensure this project has transit access.
- Not changing sites entitlements at this time.
- Working on a multifamily residential proposal to submit for zoning change once details have been worked out.
- When we file the zoning application, it will come back to the community for further conversation and will go through a full review process.

# Q: Can you give this presentation to the neighborhood contact team?

A: Yes, can give the same presentation to the contact team. I want to emphasize - we are not seeking rezoning, this is simply to change the Future Land Use Map from Industry to Mixed Use so we can come back with a zoning case that would allow multi-family. That is the direction we are heading in.

# Q: Have you checked with the fire department to see if there are hazardous materials nearby that would prohibit housing?

A: No, not yet on this site.

# **Applicant Summary Letter from Application**

## ARMBRUST & BROWN, PLLC

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS

100 Congress Avenue, Suite 1300 Austin, Texas 78701-2744 512-435-2300

FACSIMILE 512-435-2360

MICHAEL J. WHELLAN (512) 435-2320 mwhellan@abaustin.com

February 22, 2023

Joi Harden, Chief Zoning Officer City of Austin Housing and Planning Department 1000 E. 11<sup>th</sup> St. Austin, TX 78702

Re: Neighborhood Plan Amendment application for TCAD Parcel Nos. 0314060304, 0314080203, 0314080204, 0314080205, 0314080206, 0314080207, 0316080104 (the "Property")

Dear Ms. Harden:

I am submitting the enclosed Neighborhood Plan Amendment ("NPA") application to change the Future Land Use Map ("FLUM") designation for the Property from Industry to Commercial. The Property is a 13.028-acre site located in the Southeast Austin Combined (McKinney) Neighborhood Planning Area currently zoned for LI-NP.

Following the submission of this NPA application, we intend to submit an application seeking to rezone the Property for commercial uses. Commercial designation would bring the Property into alignment with other parcels fronting E. Ben White Boulevard to the east and west, and the Property's location on the frontage offers unique visibility and accessibility for businesses. We have met with the Southeast Combined Neighborhood Plan Contact Team several times, and they have indicated initial support for this request.

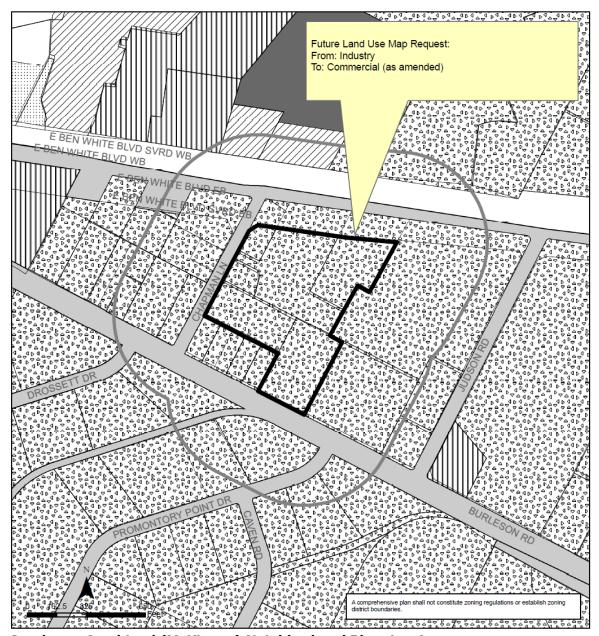
I appreciate your consideration and am available to answer your questions and provide further details.

Very truly yours,

Michael J. Whellan

# Letter of Recommendation from the Neighborhood Plan Contact Team (NPCT)

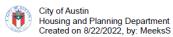
(No letter received as of March 21, 2023)



# Southeast Combined (McKinney) Neighborhood Planning Area NPA-2022-0014.03

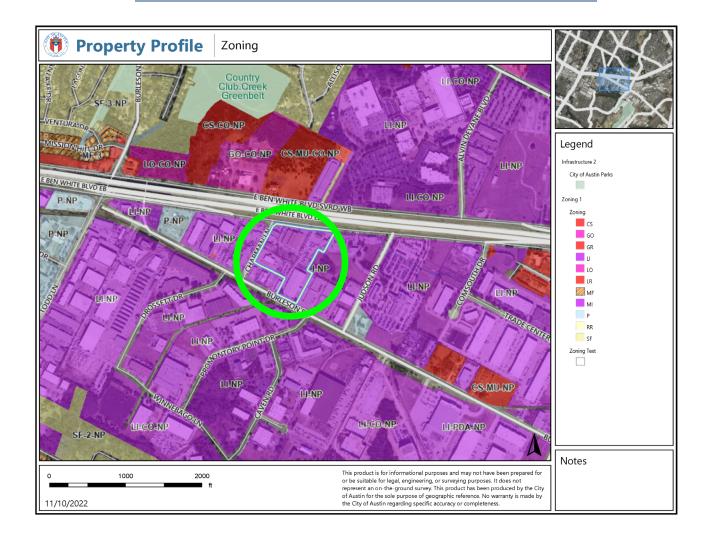
This product is for informational purposes and may not have been prepared for or be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes. It does not represent an on-the-ground survey and represents only the approximate relative location of property boundaries.

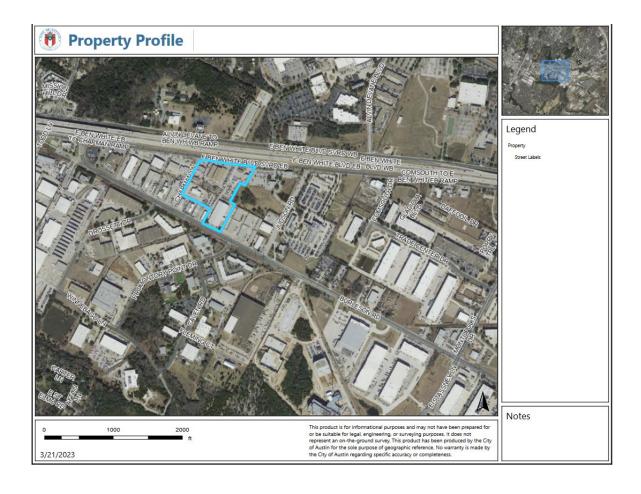
This product has been produced by the Housing and Planning Department for the sole purpose of geographic reference. No warranty is made by the City of Austin regarding specific accuracy or completeness.



Future Land Use					
	Subject Tract		Mixed Use		
	500 ft. notif. boundary		Office		
	Civic		Single-Family		
	Commercial		Transportation		
	Industry				

# Zoning (LI-NP)





City Council: May 18, 2023



# **Correspondence Received**

**From:** David Bosada **To:** Gutierrez, Jesse

Subject: Case NPA 2022 0014 03 zone amendment plan

Date: Saturday, October 15, 2022 3:13:52 PM

## Mr. GUTIERREZ

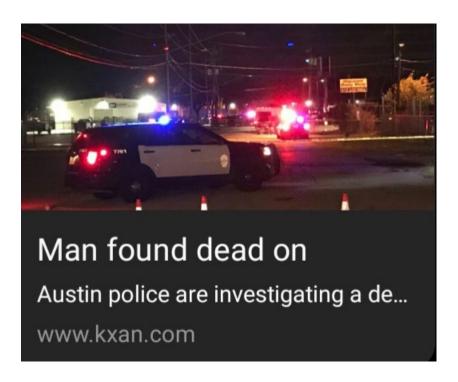
I have been operating my business for over 10 years here. Seen two murders, one in my premises just recently. Countless trespasses by homeless people. Shootings. This area is a risk if you plan to allow housing development here. Bad idea.



I hope these systematic incidents which are now more common, are taken into consideration.

Respectfully

David Bosada
Discount Body Shop
3600 Chapman Ln
Austin TX 78744



These are 2 separate events. I have video footage of an ok corral shooting too. Under investigation by APD.





# **Public Hearing Comment Form**

# Objection – "This City needs affordable light industrial"

#### PUBLIC HEARING INFORMATION

The proposed amendment will be reviewed and acted upon at two public hearings: first, before the Planning Commission and then before the City Council. Although applicants and/or their agent(s) are expected to attend a public hearing, you are not required to attend. However, if you do attend, you have the opportunity to speak FOR or AGAINST the proposed amendment. You may also contact a registered neighborhood or environmental organization that that has expressed an interest in an application affecting your neighborhood.

During a public hearing, the board or commission may postpone or continue an application's hearing to a later date or may evaluate the City staff's recommendation and public input forwarding its own recommendation to the City Council. If the board or commission announces a specific date and time for a postponement or continuation that is not later than 60 days from the announcement, no further notice is required.

During its public hearing, the City Council may grant or deny a plan amendment request or approve an alternative to the amendment requested.

If you have any questions concerning this notice, please contact the City of Austin Housing and Planning Department at the number shown on the first page. If you would like to express your support or opposition to this request, you may do so in several ways:

- by attending the Public Hearing and conveying your concerns at that meeting
- by submitting the Public Hearing Comment Form
- by writing to the city contact listed on the previous page.

Written comments must be submitted to the board or commission (or the contact person listed on the notice) before the public hearing. Your comments should include the board or commission's name, the scheduled date of the public hearing, and the Case Number and the contact person listed on the notice. Correspondence and information submitted to the City of Austin are subject to the Texas Public Information Act (Chapter 552) and may be published online.

Comentarios escritos deberán ser sometidos a la comisión (o a la persona designada en la noticia oficial) antes de la audiencia pública. Sus comentarios deben incluir el nombre de la comisión, la fecha de la audiencia pública, y el número de caso de la persona designada en la noticia oficial. La correspondencia y la información enviada a la Ciudad de Austin están sujetas a la Ley de Información Pública de Texas (Capítulo 552) y pueden ser publicadas en línea.

#### PUBLIC HEARING COMMENT FORM

If you use this form to comment, it may be submitted to:

City of Austin

Housing and Planning Department

Jesse Gutierrez

P. O. Box 1088

Austin, TX 78767-8810

If you do not use this form to submit your comments, you must include the name of the body conducting the public hearing, its scheduled date, the Case Number and the contact person listed on the notice in your submission.

Case Number: NPA-2022-0014.03

Contact: Jesse Gutierrez, 512-974-1606 or

Jesse.Gutierrez@austintexas.gov

Public Hearing: Jan 10, 2023 - Planning Commission

□ I am in favor ☑ I object

Your Name (please print)

3505 CHAPMAN LAN

Your address(es) affected by this application

M Sygnature H

Comments: THIC CITY NEEDS DEFENDABLE

\_ [MSHT INDUSTRIAL