

ITEM FOR ENVIRONMENTAL COMMISSION AGENDA

COMMISSION MEETING

November 1, 2023

DATE:

NAME & NUMBER OF

Blueridge Multifamily at Wildhorse Ranch

PROJECT:

SP-2022-0426C.SH

NAME OF APPLICANT OR ORGANIZATION:

Allison Lehman, Kimley-Horn

LOCATION:

9825 Wildhorse Ranch Trail, Manor, TX 78653

COUNCIL DISTRICT:

District 1

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

EW Pamela Abee-Taulli, Environmental Program Coordinator

STAFF:

Development Services Department, 512.974.1849

Pamela.abee-taulli@austintexas.gov

WATERSHED:

Gilleland Creek Watershed, Suburban Classification, Desired

Development Zone

REQUEST:

Variance request is as follows. Request to vary from

• LDC 25-8-341to allow cut to 12 feet.

• LDC 25-8-342 to allow fill to 10 feet

STAFF

Staff recommends this variance, having determined the findings of fact to

have been met.

STAFF CONDITION:

RECOMMENDATION:

Staff recommends the following conditions:

• The water quality pond will be a biofiltration pond.

• Fill over 8 feet will be contained with engineered walls.

• Slopes created by cut over 8 feet will be revegetated with native seeding and planting (per Standard Specifications Manual 609S.5)



Development Services Department Staff Recommendations Concerning Required Findings

Project Name: Blueridge Multifamily at Wildhorse Ranch

Ordinance Standard: Watershed Protection Ordinance

Variance Request: Variance request is as follows. Request to vary from

LDC 25-8-341to allow cut to 12 feet,
LDC 25-8-342 to allow fill to 10 feet

A. Land Use Commission variance determinations from Chapter 25-8-41 of the City Code:

1. The requirement will deprive the applicant of a privilege or the safety of property given to owners of other similarly situated property with approximately contemporaneous development;

Yes The majority of the existing slopes on the site exceed 5-10%, this limits the flat, buildable areas and poses challenges with accessibility. The approved Preliminary plan C8-2021-0152 that includes the extents of this site and the adjacent public roadway, Wildhorse Ranch Trail, required an approved variance for cut and fill up to 15ft in depth. The variance was needed so that Wildhorse Ranch Trail could provide accessibility from Parmer Lane to Blue Bluff Road. The existing proposed topography of the site is similar to the topography of the public road right of way area and the same accessibility challenges exist on the proposed site. A similar variance was requested and approved on the Saddle Ridge at Wildhorse Ranch project on the east side of Blue Bluff Road (C8-2020-0033) due to the same topography challenges in order to meet the Transportation Criteria Manual design criteria and ADA requirements that were required for that subdivision.

2. The variance:

a. Is not based on a condition caused by the method chosen by the applicant to develop the property, unless the development method provides greater overall environmental protection than is achievable without the variance;

Yes Blue Ridge Multifamily is a Smart Housing multifamily residential development generally designed to follow the existing topography to preserve the natural character of the property. In addition, multiple water quality and detention basins have been placed in natural low areas to preserve the existing drainage patterns. The site has been designed to preserve the natural drainage basin characteristics of the land and will preserve existing wetland CEFs.

- b. Is the minimum change necessary to avoid the deprivation of a privilege given to other property owners and to allow a reasonable use of the property; and
 - Yes Blue Ridge Multifamily has been designed to minimally deviate from the code to allow for accessible routes and crossings in compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act and Fair Housing Act requirements. The percentage of the land area exceeding the 8-foot cut fill limit for this property is 1.7%.

Specifically, the design accounts for existing constraints such as the elevation of the adjacent public roads at City of Austin approved driveway locations, the minimum allowable sidewalk slopes to allow for ADA compliance, and to meet vehicular emergency access vehicle minimum requirements. The site layout and building placement has been designed to minimize the amount of cut and fill and preserve the existing topography were possible.

- c. Does not create a significant probability of harmful environmental consequences; and
 - Yes The proposed site layout and associated drainage system have been designed to protect the natural character and function of the Critical Environmental Features by ensuring that the contributing drainage basins are preserved, and they receive the necessary surface water runoff quantity and quality needed to promote wetland and floodplain health. In addition, the proposed design preserves the natural drainage patterns by detaining and treating stormwater in multiple basins throughout the property.
- 3. Development with the variance will result in water quality that is at least equal to the water quality achievable without the variance.
 - Yes The proposed design adheres to all water quality requirements outlined within the Land Development Code and Environmental Criteria Manual and as such, will result in water quality that is at least equal to water quality achievable without the variance. In addition, the proposed design preserves the natural drainage patterns by detaining and treating stormwater in multiple basins throughout the property.

The Land Use Commission may grant a variance from a requirement of Article 7, Division 1 (*Critical Water Quality Zone Restrictions*), after determining that:

- B. Additional Land Use Commission variance determinations for a requirement of Article 7, Division 1 (Critical Water Quality Zone Restrictions):
 - 1. The criteria for granting a variance in Subsection (A) are met;

NA

2. The requirement for which a variance is requested prevents a reasonable, economic use of the entire property;

NA

3. The variance is the minimum deviation from the code requirement necessary to allow a reasonable, economic use of the entire property.

NA

<u>Staff Determination:</u> Staff determines that the findings of fact have been met. Staff recommends the following conditions:

- The water quality pond will be a biofiltration pond.
- Fill over 8 feet will be contained with engineered walls.
- Slopes created by cut over 8 feet will be revegetated with native seeding and planting (per Standard Specifications Manual 609S.5)

Environmental Reviewer (DSD)	(Pamela Abee-Taulli)	Date 10/11/2023
Environmental Review Manager (DSD)	ML (Mike McDougal)	Date 10/12/2023
Deputy Environmental Officer (WPD)	(Liz Johnston)	Date 10/12/2023



October 6, 2023

City of Austin 505 Barton Springs Road, 12th Floor Austin, Texas 78704

RE: Environmental Commission Floodplain Modification Variance Request Blueridge Multifamily (SP-2022-0426C.SH)

To Whom It May Concern:

On behalf of our client, Elmington Capital Group, Kimley-Horn is requesting a variance to LDC 25-8-341 and 342. The request is to allow for greater than 8 ft of cut and 8 ft of fill on the project site.

Per the attached Environmental Commission Variance Application Form Findings of Fact, this variance is required to allow for development on a tract of land located off the Wildhorse Ranch Trail, located southeast of Highway 130 and Highway 290. The portion of roadway the proposed site takes access from is being permitted as the Wildhorse Ranch Trail Extension, SP-2022-0480D. This site area was included in a approved Preliminary Plan, C8-2021-0152, that includes the extents of this site and the adjacent public roadway, Wildhorse Ranch Trail. Due to the natural topography of the area the Preliminary Plan required an approved variance for cut and fill for the adjacent roadway up to 15ft in depth.

The existing grade elevations of the project site range from a low point of 530 ft to a high point of 640 ft, along with a natural drainage channel in the middle of the site that drops approximately 15 ft at a 20-30% grade. These site characteristics present a challenge, and in order to provide an accessible and driveable site plan layout the grades need to be leveled out. Major effort was made to minimize cut and fill across the site and to utilize the natural drainage and slopes of the existing site, however in two particular areas there are no feasible alternatives available while still allowing for economic and safe use of the site.

For this variance, there are two (2) primary locations where additional cut and fill is required as shown on the attached cut/fill exhibit. Cut of up to 12 ft is required to tie into the Wildhorse Ranch Trail Extension (SP-2022-0480D) and then additional cut is needed to maintain accessibility routes around building 9 and provide for the required parking. Secondly, a fill of up to 10 ft is required to build up the driveway that crosses the drainage channel and provides pedsitriain and vehicular connectivity through the proposed site. The amount of fill in this area was minimized by utilizing walls to contain the fill and allow more existing slopes to be preserved. In, addition to the tow primary locations, there is a minor area by building 6 that proposes fill up to 10 ft adjacent to the building.

Your favorable consideration of this request is appreciated. Should you have any questions or require additional information, please contact me at 512-271-6327 or Allison.Lehman@kimley-horn.com

Sincerely,

Allison Lehman, P.E.

allian of an

KIMLEY-HORN AND ASSOCIATES, INC. (TBPE Firm No. 928)



ENVIRONMENTAL COMMISSION VARIANCE APPLICATION FORM

PROJECT DESCRIPTION				
Applicant Contact Information				
Name of Applicant	Allison Lehman			
Street Address	5301 Southwest Parkway, Building 2, Suite 100			
City State ZIP Code	Austin, Texas 78735			
Work Phone	512-271-6327			
E-Mail Address	allison.lehman@kimley-horn.com			
Variance Case Informati				
Case Name	Blue Ridge Multifamily at Wildhorse Ranch			
Case Number	SP-2022-0426C.SH			
Address or Location	9825 Wildhorse Ranch Trail			
Environmental Reviewer Name	Pamela Abee-Taulli			
Environmental Resource Management Reviewer Name	Hank Marley			
Applicable Ordinance	25-8-341 & 25-8-342			
Watershed Name	Gilleland Creek			
Watershed Classification	☐ UrbanX Suburban☐ Water Supply Suburban☐ Barton Springs Zone			

notable or

property)

outstanding

characteristics of the

within the site.

Zone Zone	X Not in Edwards Aquifer Zones			
Edwards Aquifer Contributing Zone		☐ Yes X No		
Distance to Nearest Classified Waterway	Gilleland Creek runs approximately 1,800 feet east of the site			
Water and Waste Was service to be provided	,			
Request	The variance request is as follows: 25-8-341 Cut Requirements		vs: 25-8-341 Cut Requirements &	
Impervious cover	Existing Proposed		Proposed	
square footage:	0		364,882	
acreage:		0	8.38	
percentage:	0%31.4%			
Provide general description of the property (slope range, elevation range, summary of	The site is 26.67 acres. 47.9% of the property falls within the 0% to 15% slope category. The remainder property has slopes exceeding 15% slope. The property ranges in elevation from 641 to 531.			
vegetation / trees, summary of the geology, CWQZ, WQTZ, CEFs, floodplain, heritage	There is primarily an assortment of Cedar Elm and Cedar trees with a few Willow, Hackberry and Chinaberry trees within the site; only six of which exceed 24 caliper inches and all heritage trees within the site are proposed to remain. On-site soils are Type D Expansive Clays and is identified as Ferris-Heiden			
trees, any other	complex and Heiden clay by the USGS web soil survey.			

One wetland CEF exists within the site along the western boundary. No Critical

Water Quality Zones or Fully developed 25-year and 100-year floodplains exist

Clearly indicate in what
way the proposed project
does not comply with
current Code (include
maps and exhibits)

Per the attached cut/fill exhibit, there are areas that require cut/fills greater than 8' and cut/fill greater than 4' in some locations that have slopes ranging from 15-25%

FINDINGS OF FACT

As required in LDC Section 25-8-41, in order to grant a variance the Land Use Commission must make the following findings of fact:

Include an explanation with each applicable finding of fact.

Project: Blue Ridge Multifamily at Wildhorse Ranch

Ordinance: 25-8-341 Cut Requirements & 25-8-342 Fill Requirements

- A. Land Use Commission variance determinations from Chapter 25-8-41 of the City Code:
 - 1. The requirement will deprive the applicant of a privilege available to owners of similarly situated property with approximately contemporaneous development subject to similar code requirements.

Yes

The majority of the existing slopes on the site exceed 5-10%, this limits the flat, buildable areas and poses challenges with accessibility.

The maximum proposed cut is 12 feet. The maximum proposed fill is 10 feet.

In addition, the approved Preliminary plan C8-2021-0152 that includes the extents of this site and the adjacent public roadway, Wildhorse Ranch Trail, required an approved variance for cut and fill up to 15ft in depth. The variance was needed so that Wildhorse Ranch Trail could provide accessibility from Parmer Lane to Blue Bluff Road. The existing proposed topography of the site is similar to the topography of the public road right of way area and the same accessibility challenges exist on the proposed site. A similar variance was requested and approved on the Saddle Ridge at Wildhorse Ranch project on the east side of Blue Bluff Road (C8-2020-0033) due to the same topography

challenges in order to meet the TCM design criteria and ADA requirements that were required for that subdivision.

2. The variance:

a) Is not necessitated by the scale, layout, construction method, or other design decision made by the applicant, unless the design decision provides greater overall environmental protection than is achievable without the variance;

Yes

Blue Ridge Multifamily is a Smart Housing multifamily residential development generally designed to follow the existing topography to preserve the natural character of the property. In addition, multiple water quality and detention basins have been placed in natural low areas to preserve the existing drainage patterns. The site has been designed to preserve the natural drainage basin characteristics of the land and will preserve existing wetland CEFs. This variance request is not driven by a design decision on our side. All design decisions have been with the code requirements of the ECM in mind.

b) Is the minimum deviation from the code requirement necessary to allow a reasonable use of the property;

Yes

Blue Ridge Multifamily has been designed to minimally deviate from the code to allow for accessible routes and crossings in compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act and Fair Housing Act requirements. The percentage of the land area exceeding the 8-foot cut fill limit for this property is 1.7%.

Specifically, the design accounts for existing constraints such as the elevation of the adjacent public roads at City of Austin approved driveway locations, the minimum allowable sidewalk slopes to allow for ADA compliance, and to meet vehicular emergency access vehicle minimum requirements.

The site layout and building placement has been designed to minimize the amount of cut and fill and preserve the existing topography were possible.

c) Does not create a significant probability of harmful environmental consequences.

Yes

The proposed site layout and associated drainage system have been designed to protect the natural character and function of the Critical Environmental Features by ensuring that the contributing drainage basins are preserved and they receive the necessary surface water runoff quantity and quality needed to promote wetland and floodplain health. In addition, the proposed design preserves the natural drainage patterns by detaining and treating stormwater in multiple basins throughout the property.

3. Development with the variance will result in water quality that is at least equal to the water quality achievable without the variance.

Yes

The proposed design adheres to all water quality requirements outlined within the Environmental Criteria Manual and as such, will result in water quality that is at least equal to water quality achievable without the variance. In addition, the proposed design preserves the natural drainage patterns by detaining and treating stormwater in multiple basins throughout the property.

- B. Additional Land Use Commission variance determinations for a requirement of Section 25-8-422 (Water Quality Transition Zone), Section 25-8-452 (Water Quality Transition Zone), Article 7, Division 1 (Critical Water Quality Zone Restrictions), or Section 25-8-368 (Restrictions on Development Impacting Lake Austin, Lady Bird Lake, and Lake Walter E. Long):
 - 1. The criteria for granting a variance in Subsection (A) are met;
 - **No** N/A to this variance request.
 - 2. The requirement for which a variance is requested prevents a reasonable, economic use of the entire property;
 - **No** N/A to this variance request.
 - 3. The variance is the minimum deviation from the code requirement necessary to allow a reasonable, economic use of the entire property.
 - **No** N/A to this variance request.

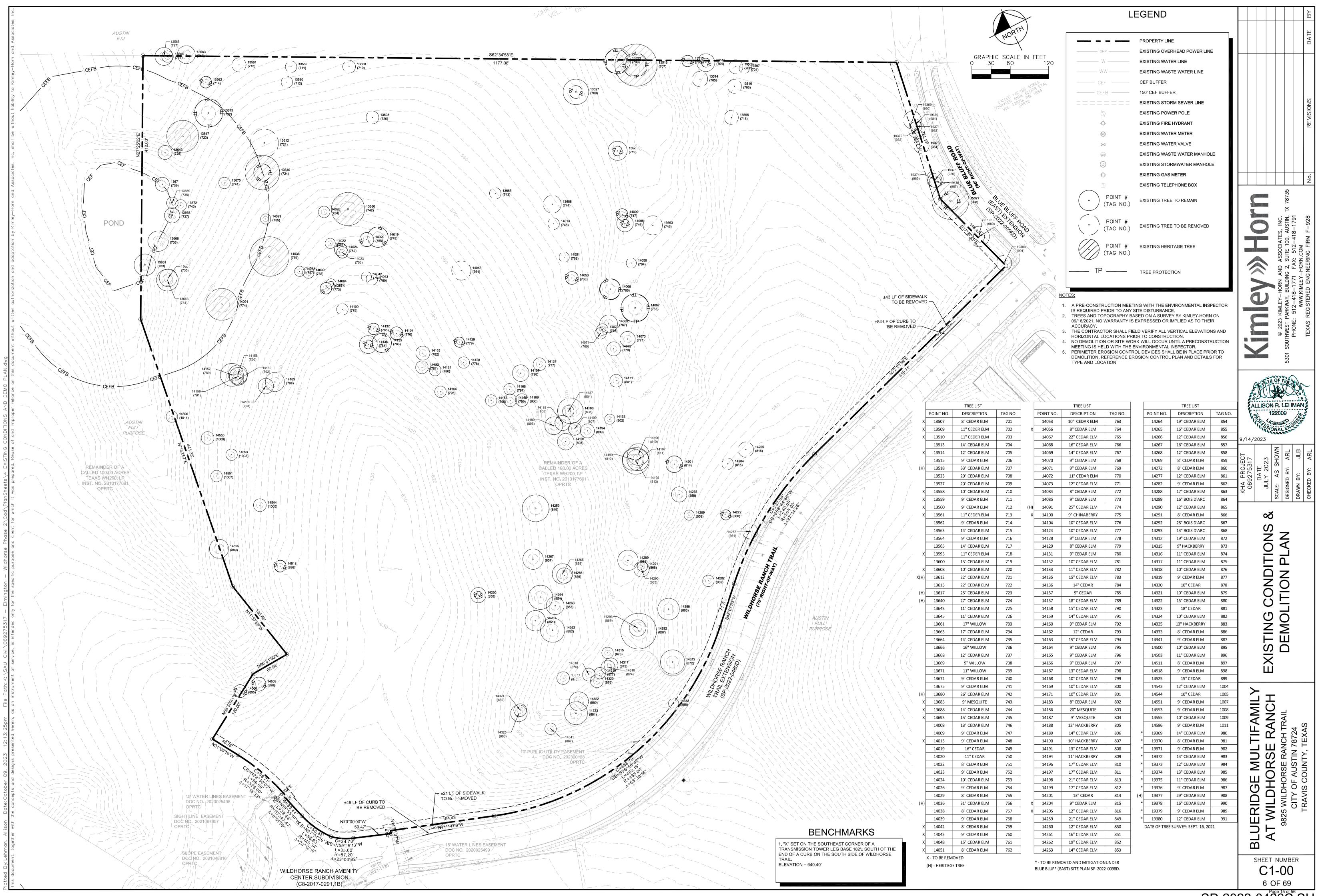
**Variance approval requires all above affirmative findings.

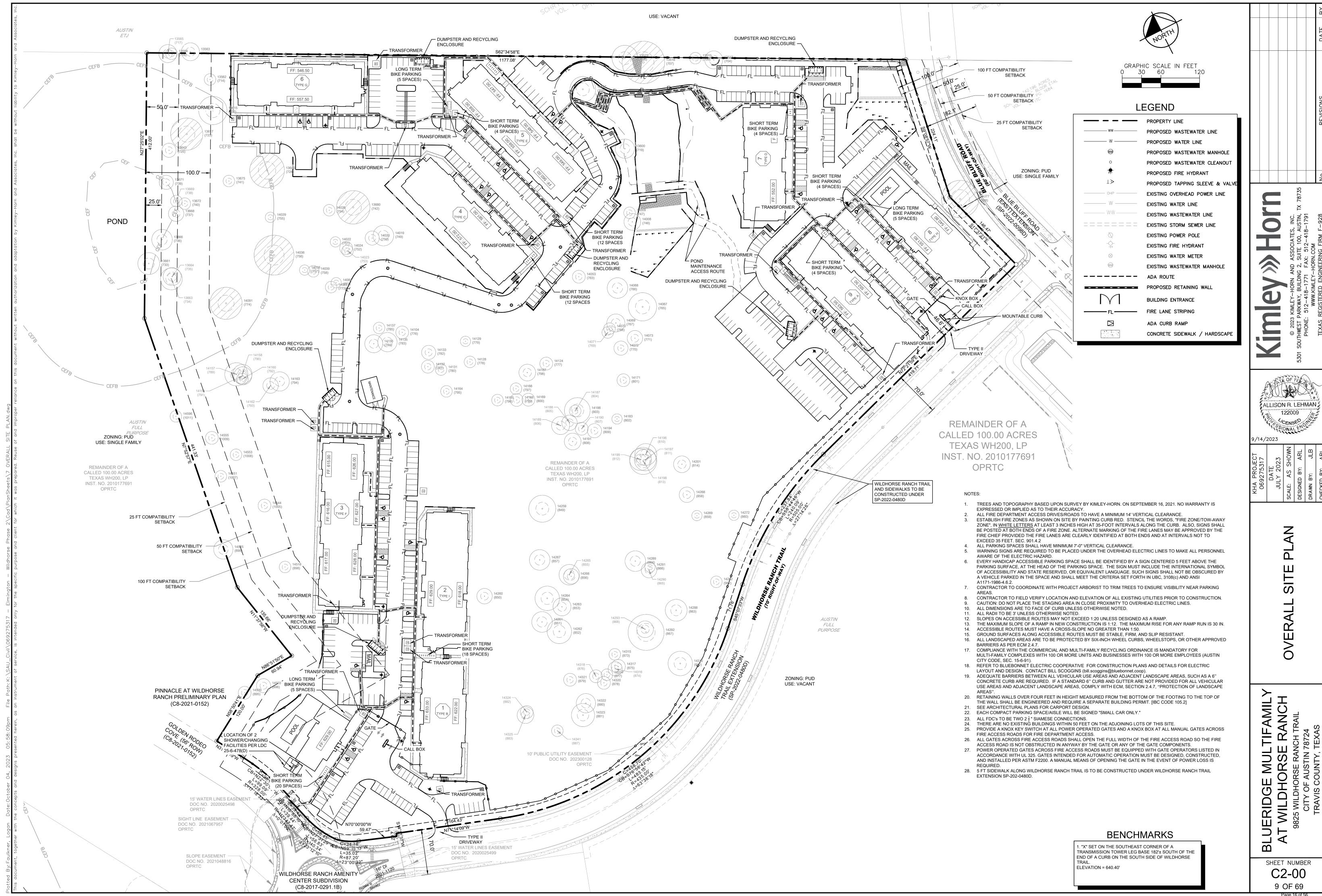
Exhibits for Commission Variance

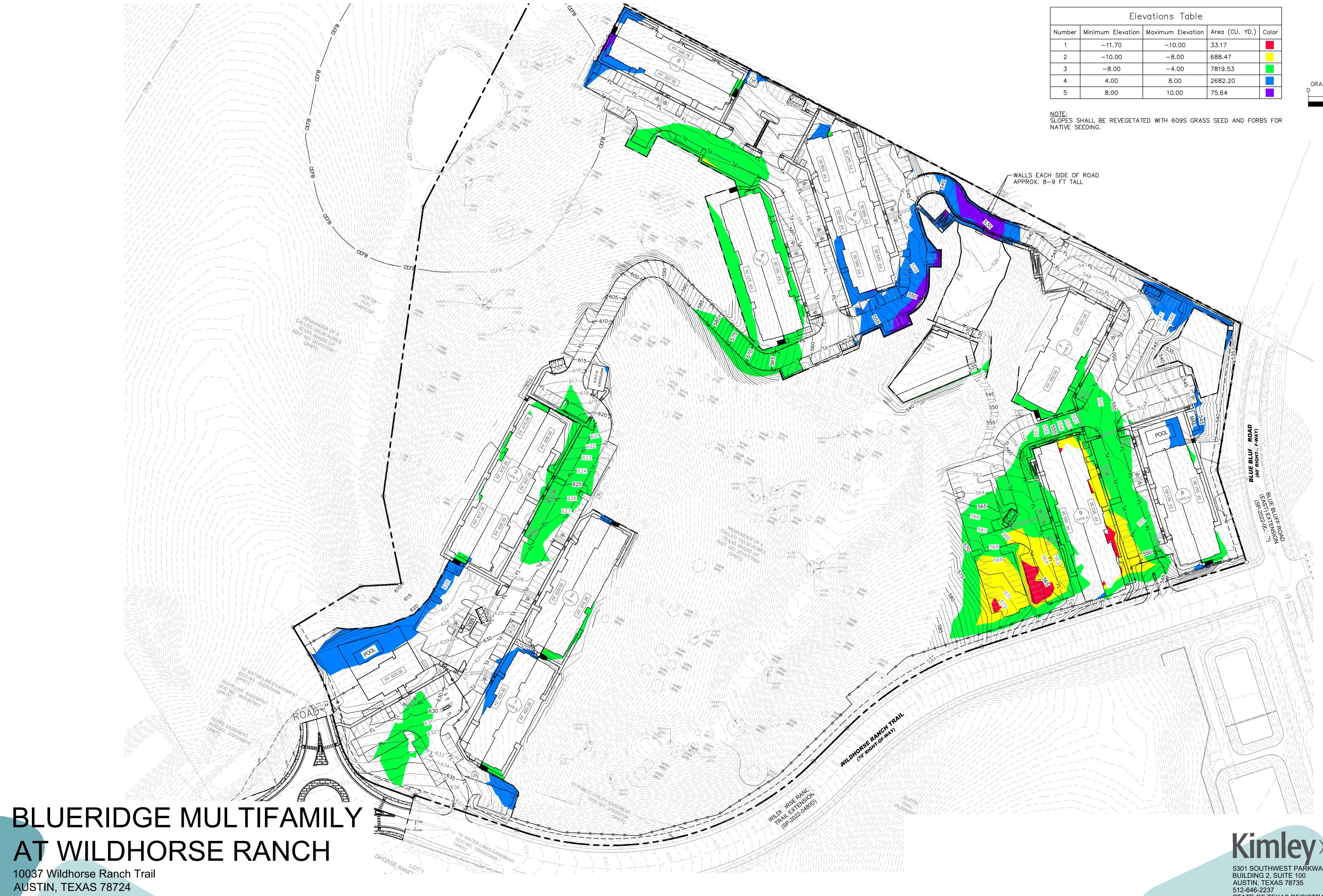
- Aerial photos of the site
- Site photos
- Aerial photos of the vicinity
- Context Map—A map illustrating the subject property in relation to developments in the vicinity to include nearby major streets and waterways
- Topographic Map A topographic map is recommended if a significant grade change on the subject site exists or if there is a significant difference in grade in relation to adjacent properties.
- For cut/fill variances, a plan sheet showing areas and depth of cut/fill with topographic elevations.
- Site plan showing existing conditions if development exists currently on the property
- Proposed Site Plan- full size electronic or at least legible 11x17 showing proposed development, include tree survey if required as part of site or subdivision plan
- Environmental Map A map that shows pertinent features including Floodplain, CWQZ,
 WQTZ, CEFs, Setbacks, Recharge Zone, etc.
- An Environmental Resource Inventory pursuant to ECM 1.3.0 (if required by 25-8-121)
- o Applicant's variance request letter

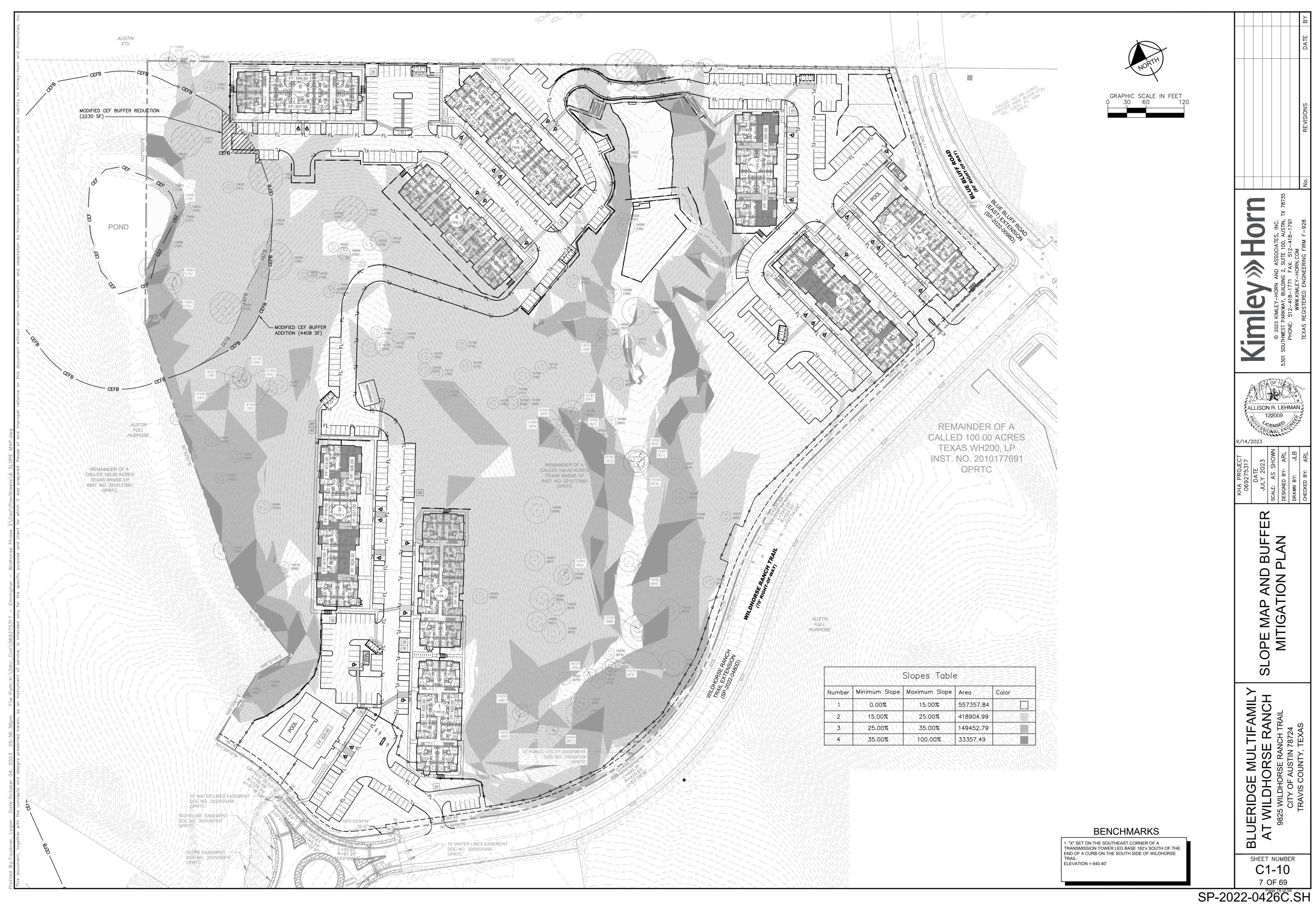












APPENDIX II PHOTO GALLERY



1. View northeast across the southern portion of the subject property



2. Mattress discarded at the southern portion of the subject property



3. View southeast along southwest property boundary



4. Southwest property boundary (Undeveloped land)



5. Southwest adjoining property (rural residential property and undeveloped land)



6. View of Wild Horse Ranch Trail along the southwestern property boundary



9. View northeast of the central portion of the subject property



10. View northeast along Blue Bluff Road



11. Southeast adjoining property (undeveloped land)



12. View southeast along Blue Bluff Road



13. View west of subject property from locked gate along Blue Bluff Road



14. Northeast adjoining property (undeveloped land)



15. Northwest adjoining property (undeveloped land)



CITY OF AUSTIN ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCE INVENTORY FOR THE WILDHORSE HILLTOP TRACT

Travis County, Texas

March 2021

Submitted to:

Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc. 10814 Jollyville Road Campus IV, Suite 200 Austin, TX 78759

Prepared by:

aci consulting 1001 Mopac Circle Austin, Texas 78746

aci Project No.: 35-21-018

Case No.:	
(City use only)	

Environmental Resource Inventory

For the City of Austin
Relating to the Land Development Code (LDC) Section 25-8, Title 30-5, ECM 1.3.0 & 1.10.0
Effective October 28, 2013

The ERI is required for projects that meet one or more of the criteria listed in (LDC) Section 25-8-121(A), Title 30-5-121(A). 1. SITE/PROJECT NAME: Wildhorse Hilltop 2. COUNTY APPRAISAL DISTRICT PROPERTY ID (#'s): 848837, 848836, and 848840 3. ADDRESS/LOCATION OF PROJECT: 9900 US HIGHWAY 290 E MANOR, TX 78653 Gilleland Creek 4. WATERSHED: 5. THIS SITE IS WITHIN THE (Check all that apply) Edwards Aquifer Contributing Zone*......□YES ☑No Edwards Aquifer 1500 ft Verification Zone* □YES ☑No Barton Spring Zone* □YES ☑No *(as defined by the City of Austin – LDC 25-8-2) Note: If the property is over the Edwards Aquifer Recharge zone, the Hydrogeologic Report and karst surveys must be completed and signed by a Professional Geoscientist Licensed in the State of Texas. 6. DOES THIS PROJECT PROPOSE FLOODPLAIN MODIFICATION?......□YES** ⊠NO If yes, then check all that apply: (1) The floodplain modifications proposed are necessary to protect the public health and safety: (2) The floodplain modifications proposed would provide a significant, demonstrable environmental benefit, as determined by a functional assessment of floodplain health as prescribed by the Environmental Criteria Manual, or (3) The floodplain modifications proposed are necessary for development allowed in the critical water quality zone under Section 25-8-261 or 25-8-262 of the LDC. (4) The floodplain modifications proposed are outside of the Critical Water Quality Zone in an area determined to be in poor or fair condition by a functional assessment of floodplain health. ** If yes, then a functional assessment must be completed and attached to the ERI (see Section 1.7 and Appendix X in the Environmental Criteria Manual for forms and guidance) unless conditions 1 or 3 above 7. IF THE SITE IS WITHIN AN URBAN OR SUBURBAN WATERSHED, DOES THIS PROJECT PROPOSE A UTILITY LINE PARALLEL TO AND WITHIN THE CRITICAL WATER QUALITY ZONE?□YES*** ⊠NO ***If yes, then riparian restoration is required by Section 25-8-261(E) of the LDC and a functional assessment must be completed and attached to the ERI (see Section 1.5 and Appendix X in the **Environmental Criteria Manual for forms and guidance).** 8. There is a total of ____ (#'s) Critical Environmental Feature(s)(CEFs) on or within150 feet of the project site. If CEF(s) are present, attach a detailed **DESCRIPTION** of the CEF(s), color PHOTOGRAPHS, the CEF WORKSHEET and provide DESCRIPTIONS of the proposed CEF buffer(s) and/or wetland mitigation. Provide the number of each type of CEFs on or within 150 feet of the site (Please provide the number of CEFs):

0	(#'s) Spring(s)/Seep(s)	⁰ (#'s) Point	Recharge Fe	ature	e(s)	(#'s) Bluff(s)
0	(#'s) Canyon Rimrock(s)	2 (#'s) Wetl	and(s)			
Ex adi red	cept for wetlands, if the standar ministrative variance from Section	rd buffer is <u>n</u> on 25-8-281(C ₎ nistrative vari	<u>ot provided,</u> y (1) and provid ances from i	ou m de wr	nust ritten	feet for point recharge features. provide a written request for an findings of fact to support your nts stated in LDC 25-8-281 are
9. Th	e following site maps are atta	ached at the	end of this r	eport	t (Ch	eck all that apply and provide):
	All ERI reports must Site Specific Historic Aer Site Soil Ma Critical Env Aerial Photo	Geologic I ial Photo of p ironmental	the Site Features a			raphy I Location Map on current
	(Only if site is Constitution (Only	uifer Recha over or within uifer Contri ty Transitio er Quality Z in Fully De	arge Zone w 1500 feet the ra buting Zone n Zone (WQ one (CWQZ veloped Flo	echaro e !TZ))	ge zo	500-ft Verification Zone one) s for all water courses with
	'DROGEOLOGIC REPORT ecific geology below (Attach ac		•	n of	site	e soils, topography, and site
	Surface Soils on the proje Hydrologic Soil Groups*. If soil unit on the site soils ma	there is mor				below and uses the SCS on the project site, show each
	Soil Series Unit Na Characteristics		on			*Soil Hydrologic Groups Definitions (Abbreviated)
	Soil Series Unit Name & Subgroup**	Group*	Thickness (feet)		A.	Soils having a <u>high infiltration</u> rate when thoroughly wetted.
	See Section 10-1		,		B.	Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
					C.	Soils having a <u>slow infiltration</u> rate when thoroughly wetted.
					D.	Soils having a <u>very slow</u> <u>infiltration</u> rate when thoroughly wetted.

WPD ERM ERI-2014-01 Page 2 of 6

**Subgroup Classification – See <u>Classification of Soil Series</u> Table in County Soil Survey.

Description of Site Topography	and Drainage (Attach additional sh	eets if needed):		
According to the Austin West U.S. Geologic Survey (USGS) 7.5-Minute Topographic Quadrangle and the City of Austin 2012 two-foot contours, the elevation within the subject area ranges from 508 feet above mean sea level (MSL) to 640feet above MSL. The subject area slopes from the southern portion toward the southern portion. (USGS 1987). (COA) City of Austin. 2012. Two-foot Topographic Lines. City of Austin: Austin, TX.				
List surface geologic units belo	ow:			
	Geologic Units Exposed at Surface			
Group	Formation	Member		
N/A	Alluvium (Qal)	N/A		
Taylor Group	Navarro and Taylor Group undivided	N/A		
Brief description of site geolog	y (Attach additional sheets if needed):			
The subject area is mapped as Navarro a	nd Taylor Groups undivided (Knt) and	Alluvium (Qal)		
Knt - "in areas where Pecan Gap Chalk is Marlbrook and Ozan Formations"	not present because of gradation of m	narl similar to that of the		
Qal - "Floodplain deposits, including indistinct low terrace deposite; clay, sand, and gravel; silt and clay, calcareous to surface, dark gray to dark brown; sand largely quartz; gravel, siliceous, mostly chert, quartzite, limestone, and petrified wood, along Colorado River much igneous and metamorphic rock, probably mostly reworked from terrace deposits; fluviatile morphology well preserved with point bars, oxbows, and abandoned channel segments"				
(USGS) U.S. Geologic Survey. 2021. Texas Geology Web Map. Last accessed: March 19, 2021. https://txpub.usgs.				
Wells – Identify all recorded and unplugged, capped and/or aband		oles, monitoring, water, oil,		
There are _0 (#) wells present or	n the project site and the location	ns are shown and labeled		
	ot in use and have been properl			
 : ·	ot in use and will be properly ab	•		
	n use and comply with 16 TAC C			

WPD ERM ERI-2014-01 Page 3 of 6

There are ____ (#'s) wells that are off-site and within 150 feet of this site.

11. **THE VEGETATION REPORT** – Provide the information requested below:

Brief description of site plant communities (Attach additional sheets if needed):

The vegetation is mixed deciduous and Ashe juniper woodland interspersed with cleared areas that maintained mature trees, but lacks an understory. The vegetation identified consisted of, but was not limited to, Ashe juniper (Juniperus ashei), Carolina ponysfoot (Dichondra carolinensis), redseed plantain (Plantago rhodosperma), common greenbrier (Smilax rotundifolia), sugarberry (Celtis laevigata), cedar elm (Ulr crane bill hali velt wee stris), bro gra).

yes, list the dominant species	below.	
Wo	odland species	
Common Name	Scientific Name	
Ashe Juniper	Juniperus ashei	
Cedar Elm	Ulmus crassifolia	
Honey Mesquite	Prosopis glandulosa	
Sugar Hackberry	Celtis laevigata	
yes, list the dominant species		
yes, list the dominant species		
yes, list the dominant species	below:	
yes, list the dominant species Grassland/	below: prairie/savanna species	
yes, list the dominant species Grassland/ Common Name	below: prairie/savanna species Scientific Name	
yes, list the dominant species Grassland/I Common Name Little Bluestem	below: prairie/savanna species Scientific Name Schizachyrium scoparium	
yes, list the dominant species Grassland/I Common Name Little Bluestem Southern Dewberry	below: Drairie/savanna species Scientific Name Schizachyrium scoparium Rubus trivialis	
yes, list the dominant species Grassland/I Common Name Little Bluestem Southern Dewberry	below: Drairie/savanna species Scientific Name Schizachyrium scoparium Rubus trivialis	
yes, list the dominant species Grassland/I Common Name Little Bluestem Southern Dewberry	below: Drairie/savanna species Scientific Name Schizachyrium scoparium Rubus trivialis	

WPD ERM ERI-2014-01 Page 4 of 6

Hydrophytic plant species				
Common Name Scientific Name Indicator Status				
Bushy Bluestem	Andropogon glomeratus	FACW		
Common Spike Rush	Eleocharis palustris	OBL		
Broadleaf Cattail	Typha latifolia	OBL		
Cursed Crowfoot	Ranunculus sceleratus	OBL		
Black Willow	Salix nigra	FACW		

r [A tree survey of all trees with a diameter of at least eight inches measured four and one-half feet above natural grade level has been completed on the site. XYES NO (Check one). STEWATER REPORT – Provide the information requested below.
١	Wastewater for the site will be treated by (Check of that Apply):
[☐ On-site system(s)
[☑ City of Austin Centralized sewage collection system
[Other Centralized collection system
<i>(</i>	Note: All sites that receive water or wastewater service from the Austin Water Utility must comply with Chapter 15-12 of Austin City Code and wells must be registered with the City of Austin
a	The site sewage collection system is designed and will be constructed to in accordance to all State, County and City standard specifications. \boxtimes YES \square NO <i>(Check one)</i> .
t	Calculations of the size of the drainfield or wastewater irrigation area(s) are attached at the end of this report or shown on the site plan. \square YES \square NO \boxtimes Not Applicable <i>(Check one)</i> .
	Wastewater lines are proposed within the Critical Water Quality Zone? □YES ☑ NO <i>(Check one)</i> . If yes, then provide justification below:

WPD ERM ERI-2014-01 Page 5 of 6 Page 32 of 56

Is the project site is over the E \boxtimes YES \square NO (Check one).	dwards Aquifer?
	ewater disposal systems proposed for the site, its treatment watercourses or the Edwards Aquifer.
provided.	electronic copy of the completed assessment have been march 18, 2021
Date(s) ERI Field Assessment was pe	Date(s)
My signature certifies that to the best reflect all information requested.	et of my knowledge, the responses on this form accurately
Stephen Meyer	(512) 852-3860
Print Name	Telephone
Diego they	smeyer@aci-group.net
Signature	Email Address
aci consulting	March 30, 2021
Name of Company	Date

For project sites within the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, my signature and seal also certifies that I am a licensed Professional Geoscientist in the State of Texas as defined by ECM 1.12.3(A).

P.G. Seal

Print Form



LIST OF ATTACHMENTS FOR THE ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCE INVENTORY FORM

Question 8:

Q8-1: Critical Environmental Features

Q8-2. CEF Worksheet

Question 9:

Q9-1: Site Specific Geologic Map with 2-ft Contours

Q9-2: 1996 Historic Aerial

Q9-3: Soils

Q9-4: CEFs with Wells and 2-ft Contours

Q9-5: Edwards Aquifer Contributing Zone

Question 10:

Q10-1: Surface Soils

Q10-2: Surface Geology



QUESTION 8 ATTACHMENTS



Q8-1: Critical Environmental Features

Section 25-8-1 of the City of Austin (COA) LDC defines CEFs as "features that are of critical importance to the protection of environmental resources, and include bluffs, canyon rimrocks, caves, faults and fractures, seeps, sinkholes, springs, and wetlands."

Aerial photographs and topographic maps were utilized to orient surveyors in the field. If potential CEFs were identified in the field, they were carefully examined and recorded, and each potential feature was described, photographed and its location recorded using a handheld Garmin GPS unit.

According to Section 30-5-1 of the COA LDC, wetlands are defined as "a transitional land between terrestrial and aquatic systems where the water table is usually at or near the surface or the land is covered by shallow water and conforms to the Army Corps of Engineers' definition." The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers defines wetlands as areas having hydrophytic vegetation, wetland hydrology, and hydric soils. Additionally, according to the COA Environmental Criteria Manual, wetlands should be identified based on criteria outlined in Part IV Section D. Routine Determinations of the Corps of Engineers 1987 Wetlands Delineation Manual. This section identifies steps to identify whether or not an area is a wetland, but assumes an area has hydric soils if it has wetland hydrology and hydrophytic vegetation with an abrupt boundary between the hydrophytic vegetation and the upland area. Additionally, to assume that hydric soils are present at the site, the dominant hydrophytic vegetation must not have a dominant Facultative (FAC) species, at least one community type must be dominated by an Obligate (OBL) species, the boundary between wetlands and non-wetlands is distinct, and the area is not known or suspected of having significantly altered hydrology (footer Page 54).

Field reconnaissance and a wetland delineation was conducted within the subject area on March 18, 2021, according to Part IV Section D Subsection 2 – Onsite Inspection Necessary of the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual.

However, COA Watershed Protection Department Staff generally base their wetland determinations on Section 1.10.3 of the ECM, which states (emphasis added): The identification of wetlands should be completed by someone familiar with the Army Corps of Engineers three-parameter technical criteria as outlined in the Corps of



Engineers 1987 Wetlands Delineation Manual (Section D. Routine Determinations). The three parameters for wetland determination include prevalence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soil formation, and the presence of adequate hydrology. The recommended routine method assumes adequate hydrology and hydric soils if the area under examination is dominated (over 50% vegetative cover) by Facultative-wet and/or Obligate plant species (as listed in the National List of Plant Species That Occur in Wetlands, South Plains, Region 6, U.S. Department of the Interior, Washington D.C.) and an abrupt boundary is evident between these Facultative-wet and/or Obligate plant community and the Upland plant communities. If the area is dominated by Facultative plant species, the hydric soil and hydrology parameters cannot be assumed and must be examined to determine if an area is a wetland.

If an area is classified as a wetland CEF, the standard setback for a wetland meeting the City of Austin CEF definition is 150 feet. This setback may be administratively modified so that the same square footage as the standard setback is applied while maintaining a minimum buffer width of 50 feet from the centerline of the CEF. The standard buffer may be administratively modified or reduced on a case-by-case-basis if 1:1 mitigation in the form of in-kind and on-site wetland enhancement or replacement is provided.

The current hydrologic condition compared to a typical year can be determined using the Antecedent Precipitation Tool (APT), a desktop tool designed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) to simplify rainfall analysis specifically for WOUS delineation. The tool uses a scoring system and weighted calculation to determine a final precipitation score. An index score of 9 or lower indicates conditions are drier than normal; an index score of 10 to 14 indicates conditions are normal; and a score of 15 or higher indicates conditions are wetter than normal. A typical year is defined by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) as "typical hydrologic flows or surface water connections that occur under normal conditions" and is based on a rolling thirty-year period (EPA).

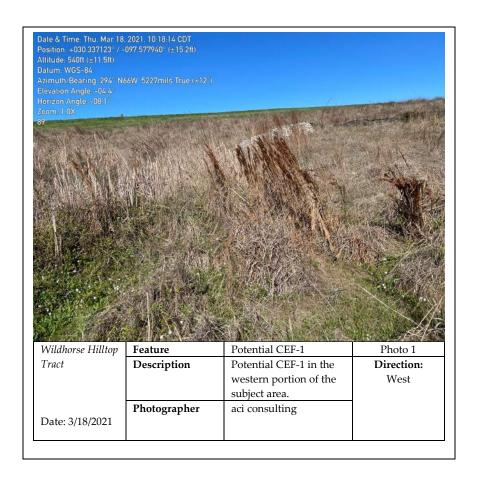
The APT was utilized for the date of **aci consulting's** original site visit on March 18, 2021, to assess the local current conditions. The subject area scored a 10, which indicated normal conditions.

Field reconnaissance was conducted on March 18, 2021, and two wetland CEF'S, CEF-1 and CEF-2 were identified within the subject area.



CEF-1

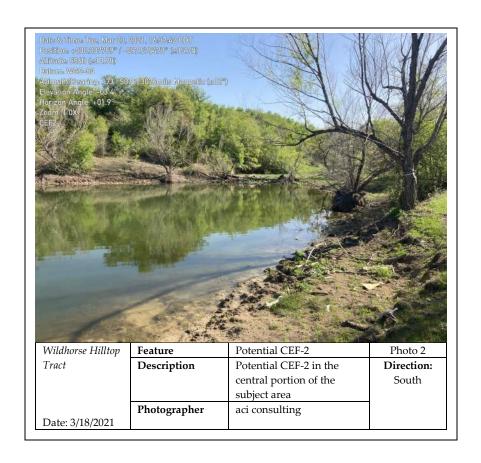
CEF-1 is an emergent riverine wetland located in the western portion of the subject area around a pond. CEF-1 was saturated at the time of the field visit. CEF-1 had wetland hydrology, hydric soils, and is dominated by hydrophytic vegetation such as common spike rush, bushy bluestem, and broadleaf cattails. The boundary between CEF-1 and the adjacent non-wetland was identified based on changes in hydrology, dominant plant composition, and soils. No FEMA Flood Hazard Zones extend onto the subject area at CEF-1. The total area of CEF-1 is approximately 30,582 square feet (0.702 acre) within the subject area (Photo 1).





CEF-2

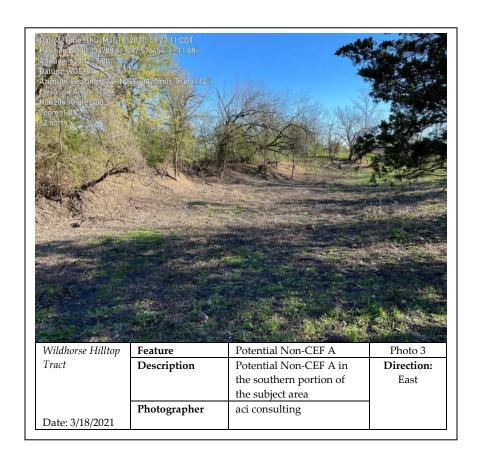
CEF-2 is a wetland fringe located in the central portion of the subject area. CEF-2 was saturated at the time of the field visit. CEF-2 had wetland hydrology, hydric soils, and is dominated by hydrophytic vegetation such as common spike rush and broadleaf cattails. The boundary between CEF-2 and the adjacent non-wetland was identified based on changes in hydrology, dominant plant composition, and soils. No FEMA Flood Hazard Zones extend onto the subject area at CEF-2. The total area of CEF-2 is approximately 3,793 square feet (0.087 acre) within the subject area (Photo 2).





Non-CEF A

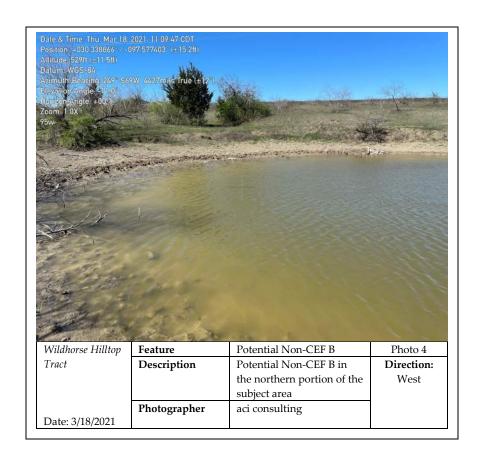
Non-CEF A is a stock pond located in the southeastern portion of the subject area. Non-CEF A was not inundated or saturated at the time of the field visit. No FEMA Flood Hazard Zones extend onto the subject area at Non-CEF A. Non-CEF A lacks emergent vegetation and hydric soils and is therefore a non-wetland. The total area of Non-CEF A is approximately 3,489 square feet, or approximately 0.08 acre within the subject area (Photo 3).





Non-CEF B

Non-CEF B is a stock pond located in the northern portion of the subject area. Non-CEF B was inundated at the time of the field visit. No FEMA Flood Hazard Zones extend onto the subject area at Non-CEF B. Non-CEF B lacks emergent vegetation and hydric soils and is therefore a non-wetland. The total area of Non-CEF B is approximately 8,603 square feet, or approximately 0.19 acre within the subject area (Photo 4).





Non-CEF C

Non-CEF C is an ephemeral stream that flows west to east across the northern portion of the subject area. NJD-2 has a bed, bank, and OHWM for approximately 443 feet and is approximately 3 feet wide, for a total area of approximately 2,553 square feet (0.05 acre) in the subject area. Water was not present within Non-CEF C at the time of field investigations. The 1% Annual Chance and 0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard Zones extend onto the subject area at Non-CEF C. Non-CEF C lacks emergent vegetation, wetland hydrology, and hydric soils and is therefore a non-wetland. Vegetation observed along Non-CEF C includes, but is not limited to, broomweed, lemon beebalm, and (Photo 5).



City of Austin Environmental Resource Inventory - Critical Environmental Feature Worksheet

1	Project Name:	Wildhorse Hilltop Tract
2	Project Address:	9900 US HIGHWAY 290 E MANOR , TX 78653
3	Site Visit Date:	3/18/2021
4	Environmental Resource Inventory Date:	3/22/2021

5	Primary Contact Name:	Stephen Meyer
6	Phone Number:	(512) 347-3860
7	Prepared By:	Stephen Meyer
8	Email Address:	smeyer@aci-group.net

	FEATURE TYPE FEATURE ID		LEATINE ID				FEATURE LATITUDE WETLAND			RIMROCK/BLUFF			ECHA	Springs Est.	
9	{Wetland,Rimrock, Bluffs,Recharge	(eg S-1)	(WGS 1984 in Mete		(WGS 1984 in Meters)		DIMENSIONS (ft)		DIMENSIONS (ft)		DIMENSIONS				Discharge
	Feature,Spring}		coordinate	notation	coordinate	notation	Х	Υ	Length	Avg Height	Х	Υ	Z	Trend	cfs
	Wetland	CEF-1	-97.577626	DD	30.336217	DD	174.87	174.87							
	Wetland	CEF-2	-97.830745	DD	30.337568	DD	61.58	61.58							

City of Austin Use Only CASE NUMBER:

For rimrock, locate the midpoint of the segment that describes the feature.

For wetlands, locate the approximate centroid of the feature and the estimated area.



For a spring or seep, locate the source of groundwater that feeds a pool or stream.



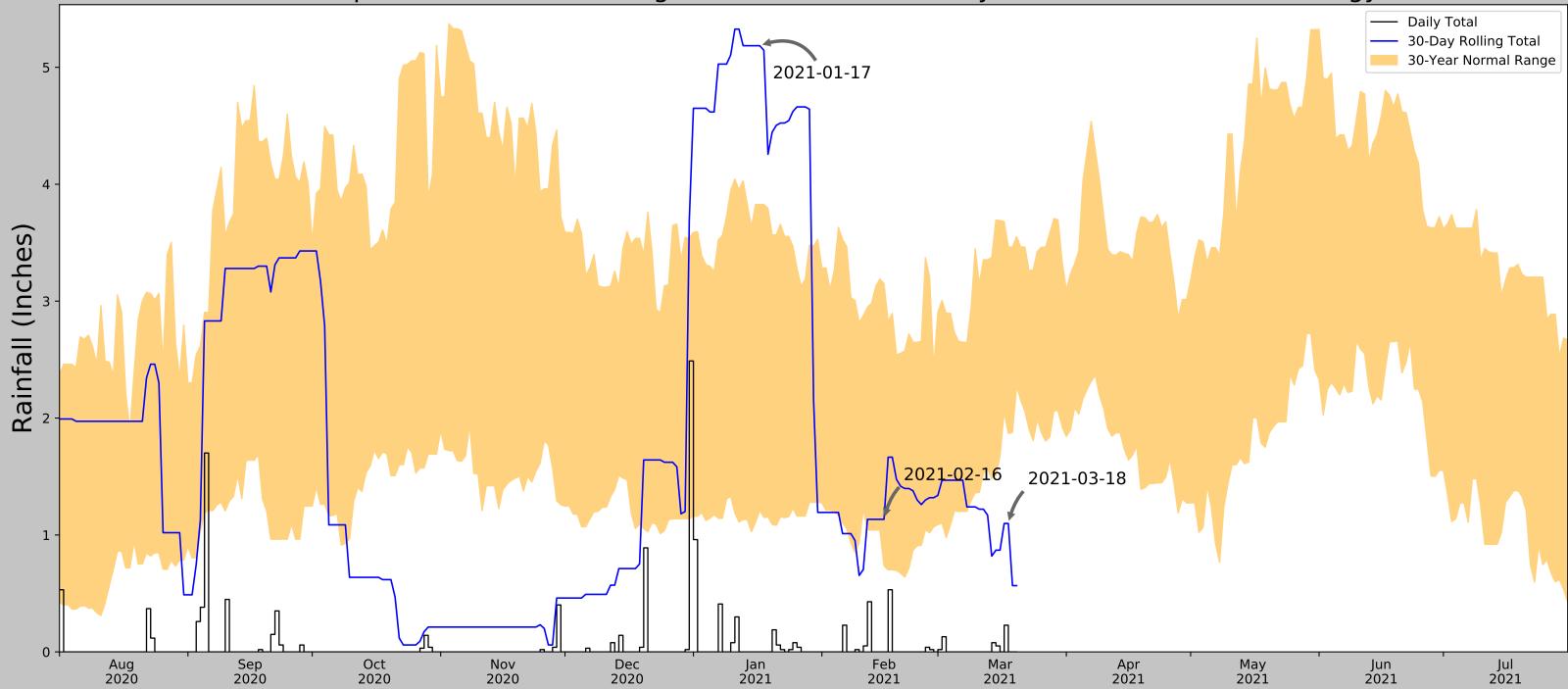
Please state the method of coordinate data collection and the approximate precision and accuracy of the points and the unit of measurement.

MethodAccuracyGPSXsub-meterSurveyedmeter

Other >1 meter X

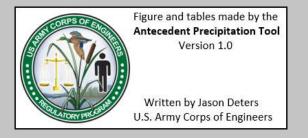
Professional Geologists apply seal below

Antecedent Precipitation vs Normal Range based on NOAA's Daily Global Historical Climatology Network



Coordinates	30.336217, -97.577626
Observation Date	2021-03-18
Elevation (ft)	549.28
Drought Index (PDSI)	Severe drought (2021-02)
WebWIMP H ₂ O Balance	Wet Season

30 Days Ending	30 th %ile (in)	70 th %ile (in)	Observed (in)	Wetness Condition	Condition Value	Month Weight	Product
2021-03-18	1.868504	3.462992	1.098425	Dry	1	3	3
2021-02-16	0.73622	3.149606	1.133858	Normal	2	2	4
2021-01-17	1.209055	3.826378	5.18504	Wet	3	1	3
Result							Normal Conditions - 10



Weather Station Name	Coordinates	Elevation (ft)	Distance (mi)	Elevation Δ	Weighted Δ	Days (Normal)	Days (Antecedent)
TAYLOR 1NW	30.5844, -97.4156	570.866	19.677	21.586	9.279	7335	90
AUSTIN WTP	30.2806, -97.6536	500.0	5.942	49.28	2.967	299	0
WELLS BRANCH 4.2 S	30.3852, -97.6788	691.929	6.916	142.649	4.099	1	0
ELGIN 1 N	30.3642, -97.37	594.16	12.53	44.88	6.201	3717	0 age 44 of 56
ROUND ROCK 3 NE	30.5414, -97.635	721.129	14.583	171.849	9.068	1	0

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Great Plains Region

Project/Site: Wildhorse Hilltop	Ci	ity/County:	Austin/Tra	ıvis	Sampling Date: 3/18/2021	
Applicant/Owner: Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc.				State: TX		
Investigator(s): Gabriel Nejad and Mason Finley	S	ection, Tov	wnship, Raı	nge:		
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):	L	ocal relief	(concave, o	convex, none): Concave	Slope (%):	
Subregion (LRR): North Great Plains	_ Lat: 30.33	6217		Long: <u>-97.577626</u>	Datum:	
Soil Map Unit Name:				NWI classific	eation:	
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this			No	(If no, explain in R	emarks.)	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologys					present? Yes V No	
Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology , n	aturally probl	lematic?		eded, explain any answe		
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map	showing s	samplin	g point le	ocations, transects	, important features, etc.	
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes Veg No.	。					
			e Sampled in a Wetlan		r No	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes V	o <u> </u>	Withi	n a vveuar	id? Yes <u>L-</u>	<u></u>	
Remarks:						
Waypoint 89, CEF-1						
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plan	ts.					
-	Absolute			Dominance Test work	sheet:	
Tree Stratum (Plot size:)	% Cover			Number of Dominant S		
1				That Are OBL, FACW, (excluding FAC-):	or FAC 1 (A)	
2				Total Number of Domin		
4			-	Species Across All Stra	4	
	=		er	Percent of Dominant Sp	necies	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size:)				That Are OBL, FACW,	or FAC: 100% (A/B)	
1				Prevalence Index wor	ksheet:	
2				Total % Cover of:		
3				OBL species 90	x 1 = 90	
5				FACW species 15	x 2 = <u>30</u>	
		Total Cov	er	FAC species -		
Herb Stratum (Plot size:)	45				x 4 = 100	
1. bushy blustem 2. boardleaf cattails	15 10		FACW OBL	UPL species 1 131	$x = \frac{5}{225}$	
3 southern dewberry	25		FACU	Column Totals: 131	(A) <u>225</u> (B)	
d common spike rush	80	√	OBL	Prevalence Index	= B/A = 1.7	
5. Engelman daisy	1		UPL	Hydrophytic Vegetation		
6				l =	Hydrophytic Vegetation	
7				2 - Dominance Tes		
8					ex is ≤3.0 Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting	
9				data in Remarks	s or on a separate sheet)	
10				Problematic Hydro	phytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:)	=	Total Cov	er	¹ Indicators of hydric soi	l and wetland hydrology must	
1				be present, unless distu		
2.				Hydrophytic		
0/ Data Crawad in Hart Ottatura	=	Total Cov	er	Vegetation Present? Ye	s No	
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum				10		
					Page 45 of 56	

US Army Corps of Engineers Page 45 of 56
Great Plains – Version 2.0

Profile Desc	cription: (Describe	to the depth	needed to docur	nent the i	ndicator	or confirn	n the absence	of indicators.)
Depth	Matrix			x Feature	s			
(inches)	Color (moist)	<u>%</u>	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-8	10YR 4/2	99%					Clay	Hydric soils
	10YR 3/6	1%					Clay	Iron reduction
9-12+	10YR6/2	100%					Clay	Hydric soils
				-				
l ———				· ———				
17						-1.01.0-	21 -	and an Ol. Dans Linian M. Madain
	oncentration, D=De Indicators: (Appli					d Sand Gi		cation: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
		cable to all Er	_					•
Histosol	oipedon (A2)			Gleyed Ma Redox (S5	, ,			Muck (A9) (LRR I, J) Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR F, G, H)
	stic (A3)			d Matrix (S				Surface (S7) (LRR G)
	en Sulfide (A4)		= ''	Mucky Mir	,		_	Plains Depressions (F16)
	d Layers (A5) (LRR	F)		Gleyed Ma				RR H outside of MLRA 72 & 73)
	ıck (A9) (LRR F, G ,			d Matrix (, ,			ced Vertic (F18)
Depleted	d Below Dark Surfa	ce (A11)		Dark Surfa	` '		□ Red P	arent Material (TF2)
	ark Surface (A12)				ırface (F7)			Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
	Mucky Mineral (S1)			Depressio	` '			(Explain in Remarks)
	Mucky Peat or Peat				essions (F	,		of hydrophytic vegetation and
5 cm Mu	icky Peat or Peat (S	63) (LRR F)	(ML	RA 72 & 1	73 of LRR	H)		d hydrology must be present,
Postriotivo I	Layer (if present):						uniess	s disturbed or problematic.
Type:								
	ches):		-				Hydric Soil	Present? Yes Vo No No
Remarks:								
HYDROLO	CV							
_	drology Indicators							
	cators (minimum of	one required; o						ary Indicators (minimum of two required)
	Water (A1)		H Sait Crust					face Soil Cracks (B6)
1 	ater Table (A2)		Aquatic In					arsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
Saturation			Hydrogen		, ,		=	inage Patterns (B10)
	larks (B1)		☐ Dry-Seaso		, ,			dized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)
	nt Deposits (B2)		Oxidized F			ing Roots		vhere tilled)
I —	posits (B3)			not tilled)				yfish Burrows (C8)
	at or Crust (B4)		Presence		,	·)	_	uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
	oosits (B5)		Thin Muck	,	,		_	omorphic Position (D2)
	on Visible on Aerial	• • • •		olain in Re	emarks)			C-Neutral Test (D5)
	tained Leaves (B9)						<u>⊔</u> Fro	st-Heave Hummocks (D7) (LRR F)
Field Obser	vations:							
Surface Wat		Yes <u>U</u> No						
Water Table	Present?	Yes <u> </u>	Depth (in	ches):				
Saturation P		Yes <u> </u>	Depth (in	ches):		Wetl	and Hydrolog	y Present? Yes V No No
(includes cap		n gauga mani	toring well periol	ohotoo pr	ovious ins	nootiona	if available:	
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:								
Derried								
Remarks:								

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Great Plains Region

Project/Site: Wildhorse Hilltop		City/Count	y: Austin/Tra	avis	Sampling Date: 3/18/2021
Applicant/Owner: Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc.					Sampling Point: 110-132
Investigator(s): Gabriel Nejad and Mason Finley	nge:				
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.):		Local relie	ef (concave,	convex, none): concave	Slope (%):
Subregion (LRR): North Great Plains					Datum:
Soil Map Unit Name:					ation:
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for thi		_		(If no, explain in R	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrologys					present? Yes V No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology r	_			eeded, explain any answe	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map					
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes N	lo 🗆				
	lo 🔲		he Sampled	./	7 🗀
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes V		Witi	hin a Wetlar	nd? Yes <u>▼</u>	No
Remarks:		•			
Waypoints 110-132, pond with ~8ft we	tland frir	nge, CE	F-2		
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plan	ıts				
Telephone de coloniale names el plan	Absolute	Dominan	t Indicator	Dominance Test work	sheet:
Tree Stratum (Plot size:)	% Cover			Number of Dominant Sp	
1. black willow	_ 20	<u>√</u>	FACW	That Are OBL, FACW,	or FAC
2. cedar elm		✓	FAC	(excluding FAC-):	(A)
3			-	Total Number of Domin Species Across All Stra	4
4	0.5			·	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size:)		= Total Co	over	Percent of Dominant Sp That Are OBL, FACW, of	
1					
2				Prevalence Index work	
3				Total % Cover of: OBL species 37	Multiply by: x 1 = 37
4					x 2 = 40
5		T-4-1 O-		7	x 3 = 21
Herb Stratum (Plot size:)		= Total Co	over		x 4 = 20
1. common spike rush	25	✓	OBL	UPL species -	x 5 =
2. cursed crowfoot	2		OBL	Column Totals: 69	(A) <u>118</u> (B)
3. broadleaf cattail		<u>✓</u>	OBL	Prevalence Index	= B/A = 1.7
4. red seed plantain 5 hairyfruit chervil	- 5		FACU FAC	Hydrophytic Vegetation	
					Hydrophytic Vegetation
6				2 - Dominance Tes	t is >50%
7 8				3 - Prevalence Inde	
9				4 - Morphological A	Adaptations ¹ (Provide supporting s or on a separate sheet)
10					phytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
	44	= Total Co	over	I .	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:) 1				be present, unless distu	l and wetland hydrology must urbed or problematic.
2				Hydrophytic	
% Para Ground in Harb Stratum		= Total Co	over	Vegetation Present? Yes	s 🚺 No
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum					
					Page 47 of 56

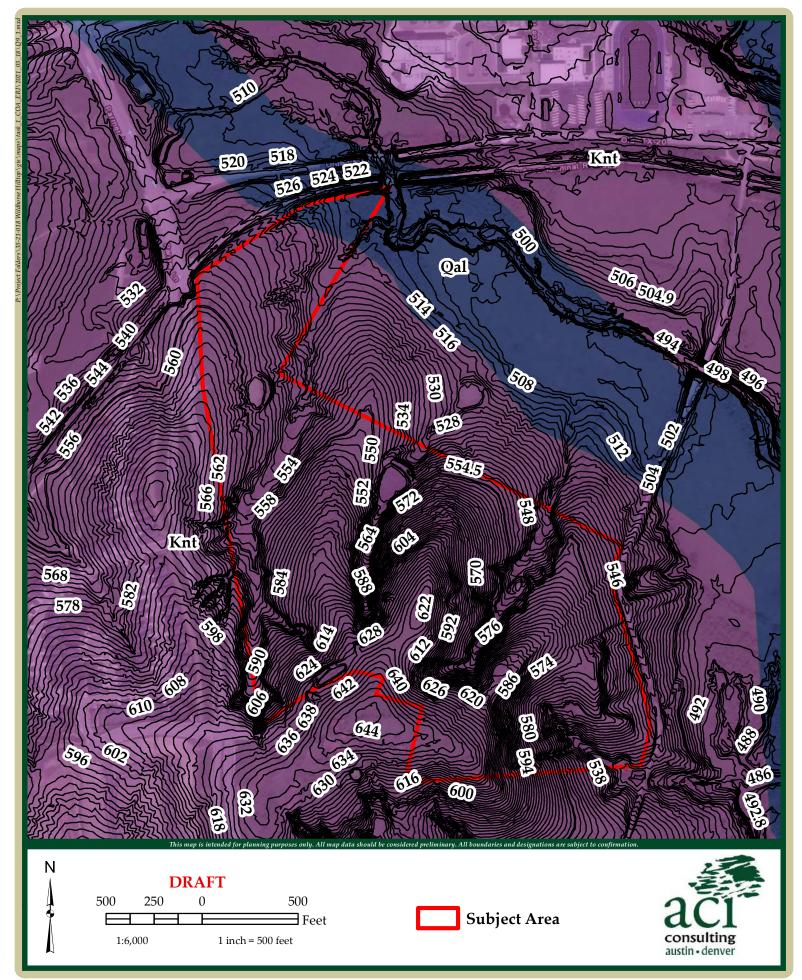
US Army Corps of Engineers Page 47 of 56
Great Plains – Version 2.0

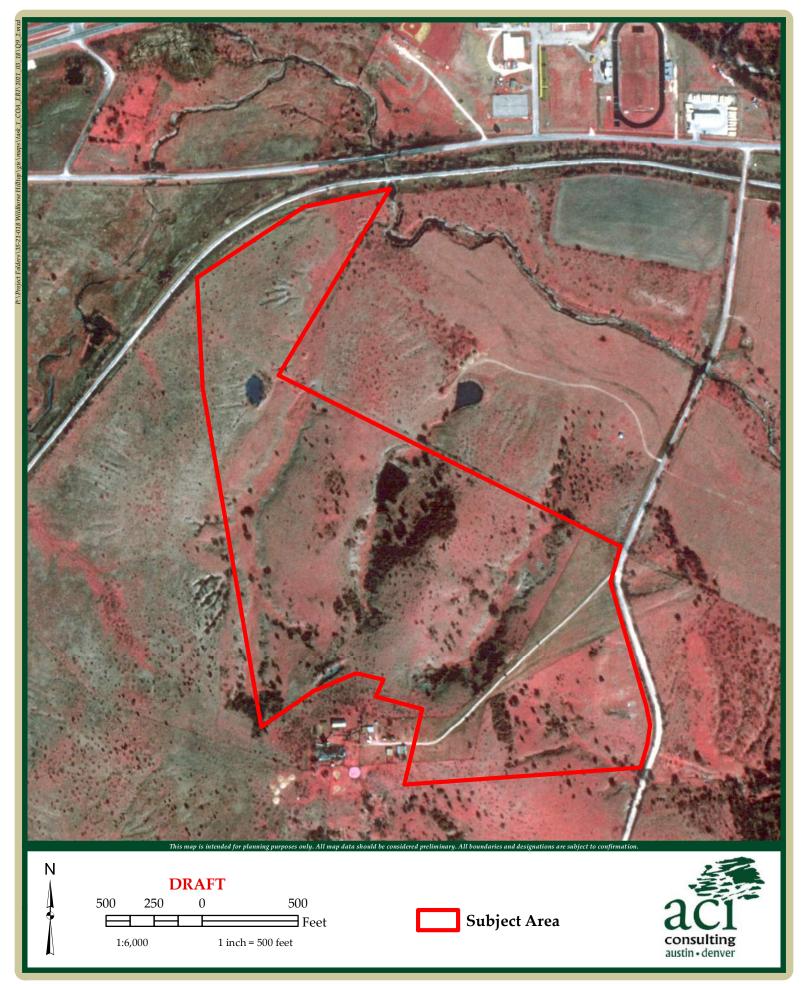
SOIL Sampling Point: 110-132

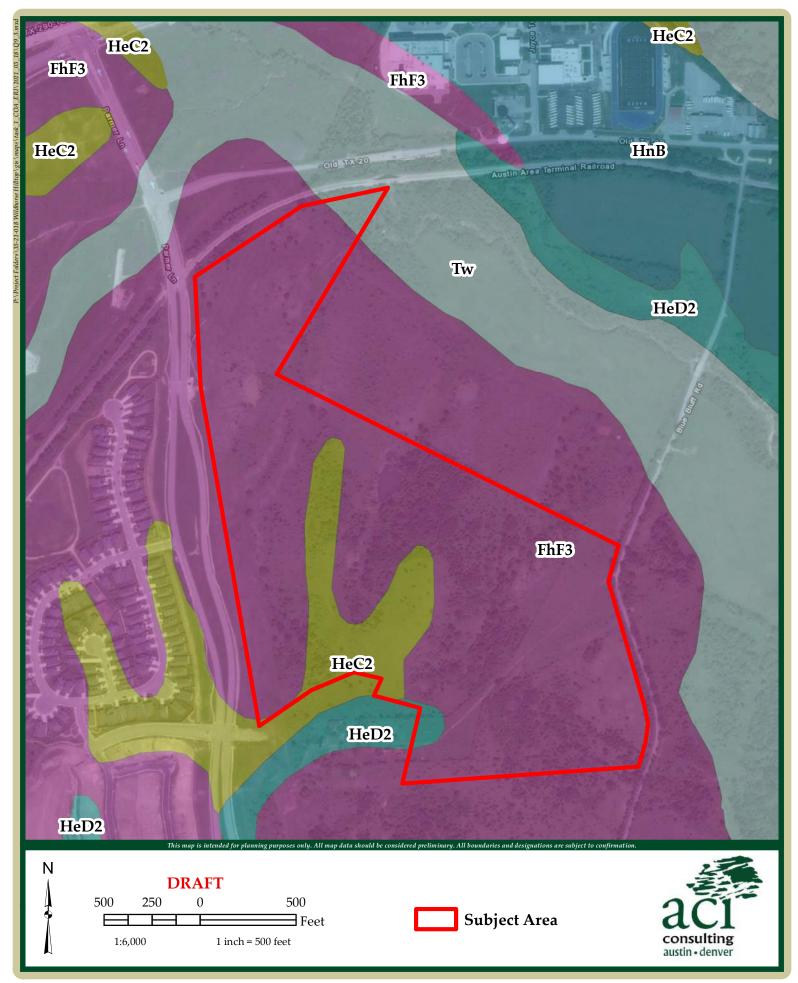
Profile Desc	cription: (Describe	to the depth r	needed to docum	ent the i	ndicator	or confirm	the absence	of indicators.)
Depth	Matrix			Features	S			
(inches)	Color (moist)		Color (moist)	<u></u> %	Type ¹	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
0-12	10YR 5/1	100					clay	hydric soil with out redox concentrations
	oncentration, D=Dep					d Sand Gr		cation: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Hydric Soil	Indicators: (Applic	able to all LRI	_					for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
Histosol	• •			leyed Ma				Muck (A9) (LRR I, J)
	oipedon (A2)			edox (S5	•			Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR F, G, H)
	stic (A3)			Matrix (S				Surface (S7) (LRR G)
	en Sulfide (A4) d Layers (A5) (LRR l	E \		лиску міг Bleyed Ma	neral (F1)		_	Plains Depressions (F16) RR H outside of MLRA 72 & 73)
	uck (A9) (LRR F, G ,	,		d Matrix (F			_ `	red Vertic (F18)
	d Below Dark Surfac		_	ark Surfa				arent Material (TF2)
Thick Da	ark Surface (A12)				rface (F7)		☐ Very S	Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
	Mucky Mineral (S1)		=	epression	` '			(Explain in Remarks)
	Mucky Peat or Peat (. ,	. —		essions (F	,		of hydrophytic vegetation and
<u>□</u> 5 cm Mi	ıcky Peat or Peat (S	3) (LRR F)	(MLI	RA /2 & /	73 of LRR	H)		d hydrology must be present, disturbed or problematic.
Restrictive	Layer (if present):						unicss	disturbed of problematic.
Type:								
ı —	ches):						Hydric Soil	Present? Yes No
Remarks:								
HYDROLO	GY							
	drology Indicators:							
_	cators (minimum of c		neck all that annly	()			Seconda	ary Indicators (minimum of two required)
	Water (A1)	nie required, ci	Salt Crust					face Soil Cracks (B6)
=	ater Table (A2)		Aquatic Inv		e (R13)		= ~~	rsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
Saturation	, ,		Hydrogen S		, ,			inage Patterns (B10)
	larks (B1)		Dry-Season		` ,		_	dized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)
	nt Deposits (B2)		Oxidized R		. ,	ina Roots	·	where tilled)
	posits (B3)		(where n			9	`	yfish Burrows (C8)
Algal Ma	at or Crust (B4)		Presence of	of Reduce	d Iron (C4	·)		uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
	oosits (B5)		□ Thin Muck	Surface (C7)		☑ Geo	omorphic Position (D2)
Inundati	on Visible on Aerial	Imagery (B7)	Other (Exp	lain in Re	marks)		<u>□</u> FAC	C-Neutral Test (D5)
□ Water-S	tained Leaves (B9)						☐ Fros	st-Heave Hummocks (D7) (LRR F)
Field Obser								
Surface Wat	er Present?	′es <u>Ľ</u> No	Depth (inc	:hes):		_		
Water Table	Present?	′es 🔽 No	Depth (inc	:hes):				
Saturation P		′es 🔽 No	Depth (inc	:hes):		Wetla	and Hydrolog	y Present? Yes 🚩 No 📖
(includes cap	oillary fringe) corded Data (stream	n dauge monito	oring well aerial r	hotos pre	evious ins	nections)	if available:	
2000100110	Jordon Data (Stream	. gaago, monit	g, acrial p	, pr		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	a ranable.	
Remarks:								

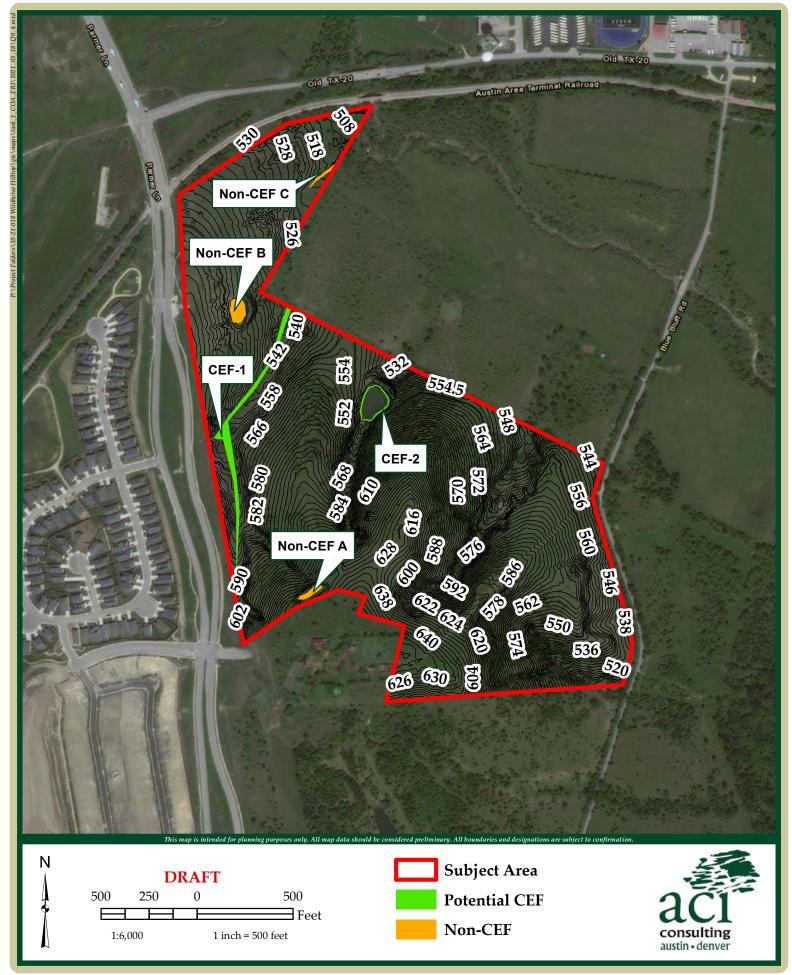


Q9-1: Site Specific Geology Map with 2-ft Topography











Q10-1: Surface Soils

Soil Series Unit Names, Infiltration Characteristics, & Thickness							
Soil Series Unit Name & Subgroup	Group	Thickness (feet)					
Ferris-Heiden complex, 8 to 20 percent slopes,	D	3-5 ft					
severely eroded (FhF3)							
Heiden clay, 3 to 5 percent slopes, eroded	D	3.33 – 5.41 ft					
(HeC2)							
Heiden clay, 5 to 8 percent slopes, eroded	D	> 6.67 ft					
(HeD2)							
Tinn clay, 0 to 1 percent slopes, frequently	С	> 6.67 ft					
(Tw)							



Q10-2: Surface Geology

- Alluvium (Qal). "Floodplain deposits, including indistinct low terrace deposits; clay, sand, and gravel; silt and clay, calcareous to surface, dark gray to dark brown; sand largely quartz; gravel, siliceous, mostly chert, quartzite, limestone, and petrified wood, along Colorado River much igneous and metamorphic rock, probably mostly reworked from terrace deposits; fluviatile morphology well preserved with point bars, oxbows, and abandoned channel segments"
- Navarro and Taylor Groups undivided (Knt). "in areas where Pecan Gap Chalk is not present because of gradation to marl similar to that of the Marlbrook and Formations"



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