



Austin Population Growth and Demographic Trends

City Council Work Session

December 12, 2023

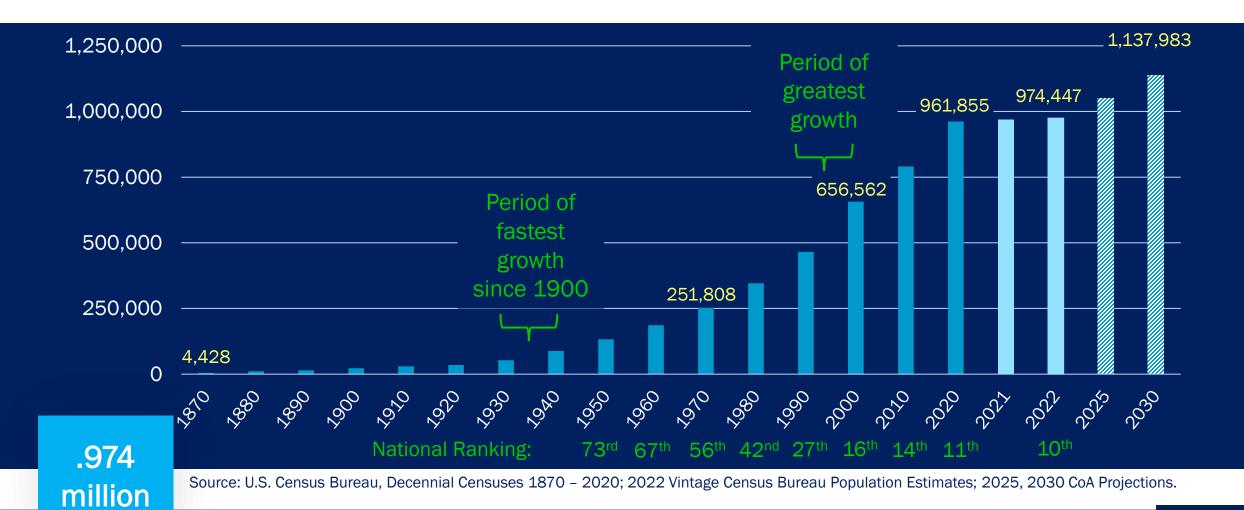
Content

- Austin's Population Growth
- The Austin Economy
- Austin Through Time
- Austin Concurrencies

Austin's Population Growth



Austin's population has been doubling every 20 to 25 years. Recent growth has been at a slower rate.





Austin breaks into list of top 10 largest U.S. cities.

U.S.	Coornanhia Avaa	Population I	Change, 2020 to 2022		
Ranking	Geographic Area	April 1, 2020	July 1, 2022	Number	Percent
1	New York, NY	8,804,194	8,335,897	-468,297	-5.3
2	Los Angeles, CA	3,898,767	3,822,238	-76,529	-2.0
3	Chicago, IL	2,746,352	2,665,039	-81,313	-3.0
4	Houston, TX	2,301,572	2,302,878	1,306	0.1
5	Phoenix, AZ	1,608,190	1,644,409	36,219	2.3
6	Philadelphia, PA	1,603,799	1,567,258	-36,541	-2.3
7	San Antonio, TX	1,434,367	1,472,909	38,542	2.7
8	San Diego, CA	1,386,960	1,381,162	-5,798	-0.4
9	Dallas, TX	1,304,317	1,299,544	-4,773	-0.4
10	Austin, TX	961,900	974,447	12,547	1.3



The Austin metro is the fastest-growing area in the country for the 12^{th} consecutive year.

	2022 Population	Numeric Change, 2020-2022	Percent Change, 2020-2022
Austin-Round Rock-Georgetown, TX	2,421,115	137,725	6.0
Raleigh-Cary, NC	1,484,338	70,376	5.0
Jacksonville, FL	1,675,668	69,813	4.3
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	7,943,685	306,324	4.0
San Antonio-New Braunfels, TX	2,655,342	97,224	3.8
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	3,290,730	115,442	3.6
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, NC-SC	2,756,069	95,704	3.6
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, FL	2,764,182	90,803	3.4
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, TX	7,340,118	217,912	3.1
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, TN	2,046,828	57,303	2.9

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 Vintage Population Estimates.

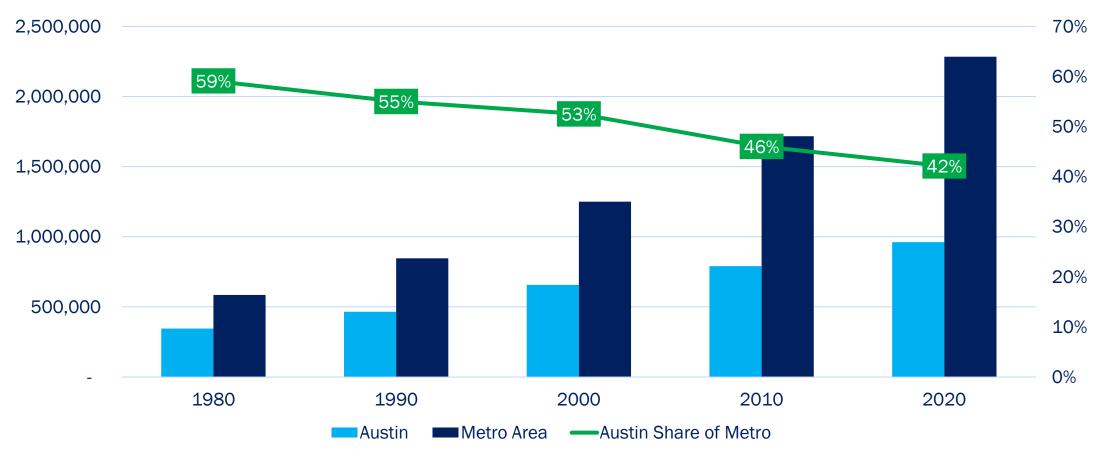


Austin suburbs top the list of the nation's fastest-growing cities.

U.S. Ranking	Cities	2022 Population	Numeric Change, 2021-2022	Percent Change, 2021-2022
1	Georgetown, TX	86,507	10,887 (10 ^{th)}	14.4
2	Santa Cruz, CA	61,800	6,859	12.5
3	Kyle, TX	57,470	5,632 (30 th)	10.9
4	Leander, TX	74,375	7,282 (8 th)	10.9
5	Little Elm, TX	55,357	4,119	8.0
6	Westfield, IN	54,605	3,903	7.7
7	Queen Creek, AZ	70,734	4,416	6.7
8	North Port, FL	85,099	5,304	6.6
9	Cape Coral, FL	216,992	13,017	6.4
10	Port St. Lucie, FL	231,790	13,887	6.4



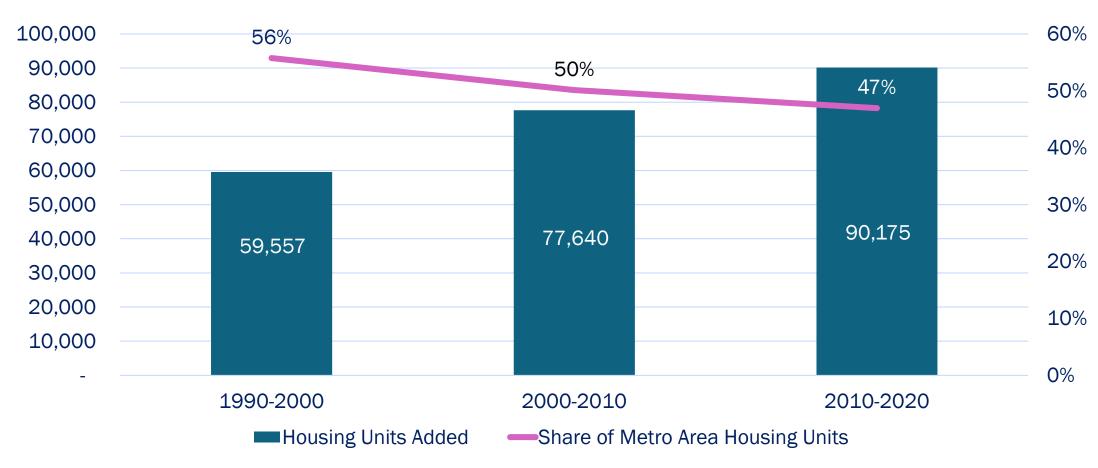
Even as it grows, Austin's share of the metro area total population has been diminishing.



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Decennial Censuses 2020



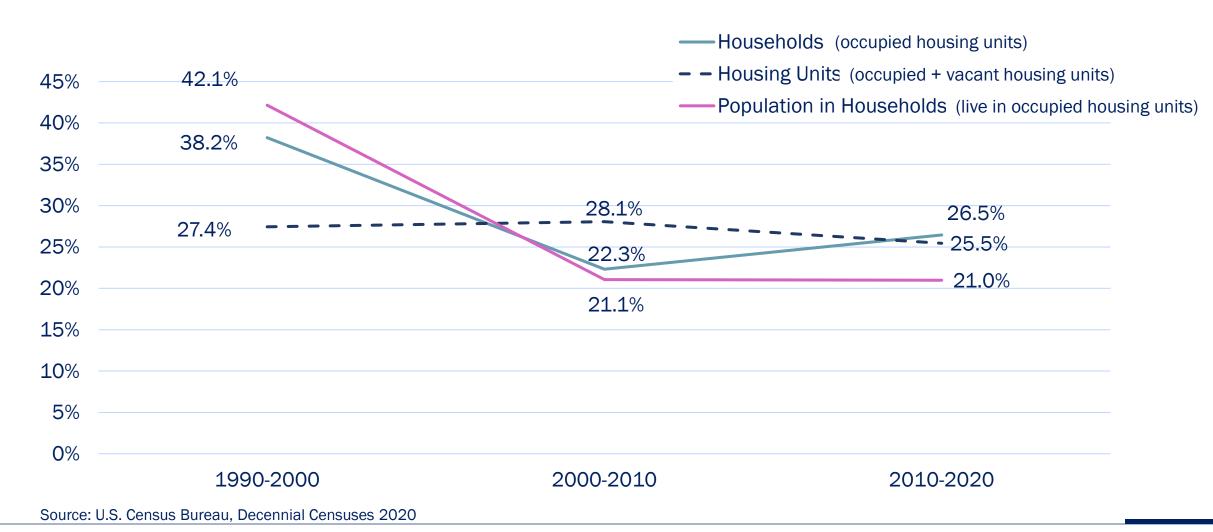
Even as Austin adds unprecedented number of units, the city's share of all metro housing declined.



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Decennial Censuses 2020



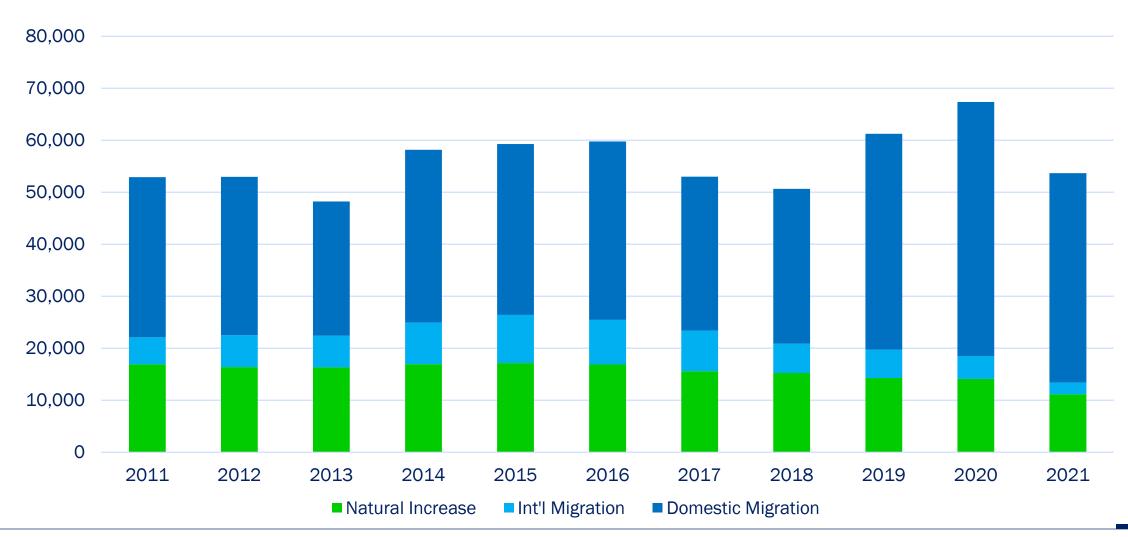
Growth in Austin households outpaced growth in housing units and population last decade.





Domestic migration drives growth in the Austin metro.

Components of Population Change, 2011 - 2021



Austin's Economy



What's driving the economy?

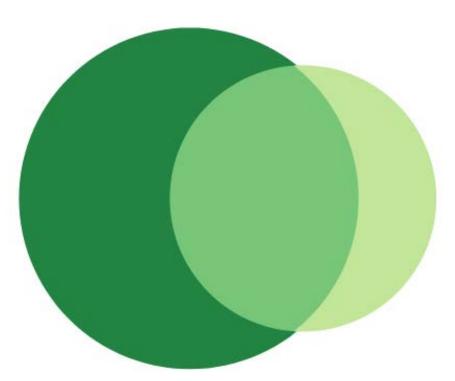
- The Austin metro had the highest job growth (49.9%) over the last 10 years among the nation's 51 largest metros.
- Austin has a robust, young labor force.
- At 52.1% of adults with a BA or higher, Austin ranks 4th in educational attainment among large metros.
- The technology and information sectors have been driving the Austin economy for over 40 years, but their late 1960s roots originated in the education sector.
- The government and education sectors help to stabilize the Austin economy during downturns.
- Austin's natural beauty and social, cultural scene make people stay.



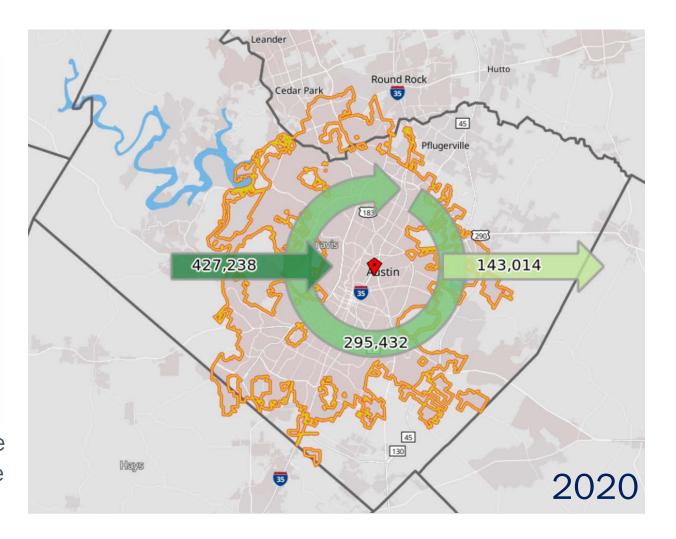


Austin remains the epicenter of the region's economy.

Austin Daytime or Commuter-Adjusted Population = 1,160,340

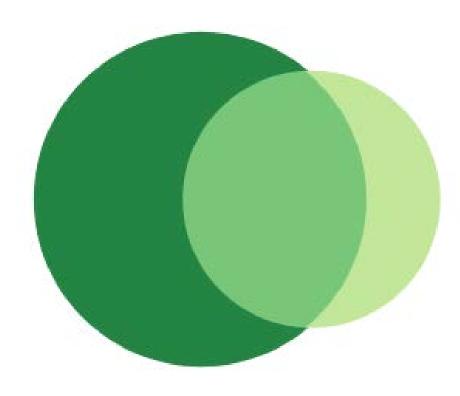


427,238 Employed in Austin, Live Outside 143,014 Live in Austin, Employed Outside 295,432 Employed and Live in Austin

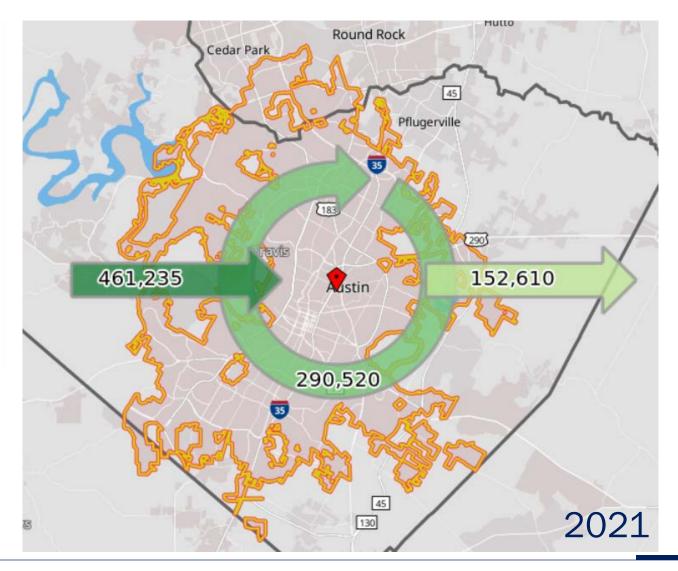




...but this could be changing.



461,235 Employed in Austin, Live Outside 152,610 Live in Austin, Employed Outside 290,520 Employed and Live in Austin



Austin Through Time



Austin, TX, 1990

	1990
Population	465,622
Population of Color	38%
Total Austin Metro Jobs	456,056
BA and above	34%
Median Household Income	\$25,414 (\$57,742)
Percent Renters	54%
Family Households	55%
Poverty Rate	17.9%

Note: Values shown in blue are adjusted for inflation, shown in 2022 dollars.



Austin, TX, 2000

	1990	2000
Population	465,622	656,562
Population of Color	38%	47%
Total Austin Metro Jobs	456,056	716,967
BA and above	34%	40%
Median Household Income	\$25,414 (\$57,742)	\$42,440 (\$72,766)
Percent Renters	54%	50%
Family Households	55%	53%
Poverty Rate	17.9%	14.4%

Note: Values shown in blue are adjusted for inflation, shown in 2022 dollars.





Austin, TX, 2010

	1990	2000	2010
Population	465,622	656,562	790,390
Population of Color	38%	47%	51%*
Total Austin Metro Jobs	454,056	716,967	866,291
BA and above	34%	40%	44%
Median Household Income	\$25,414 (\$57,742)	\$42,440 (\$72,766)	\$47,434 (\$64,463)
Percent Renters	54%	50%	51%
Family Households	55%	53%	52%
Poverty Rate	17.9%	14.4%	18.4%

Note: Values shown in blue are adjusted for inflation, shown in 2022 dollars. *First time number and share of Black population declines.





	1990	2000	2010	2020
Population	465,622	656,562	790,390	961,900^
Population of Color	38%	47%	51%*	53%
Total Austin Metro Jobs	456,056	716,967	866,291	1,166,084
BA and above	34%	40%	44%	60%
Median Household Income	\$25,414 (\$57,742)	\$42,440 (\$72,766)	\$47,434 (\$64,463)	\$77,478 [†] (\$88,594)
Percent Renters	54%	50%	51%	58%
Family Households	55%	53%	52%	47%
Poverty Rate	17.9%	14.4%	18.4%	11.1%

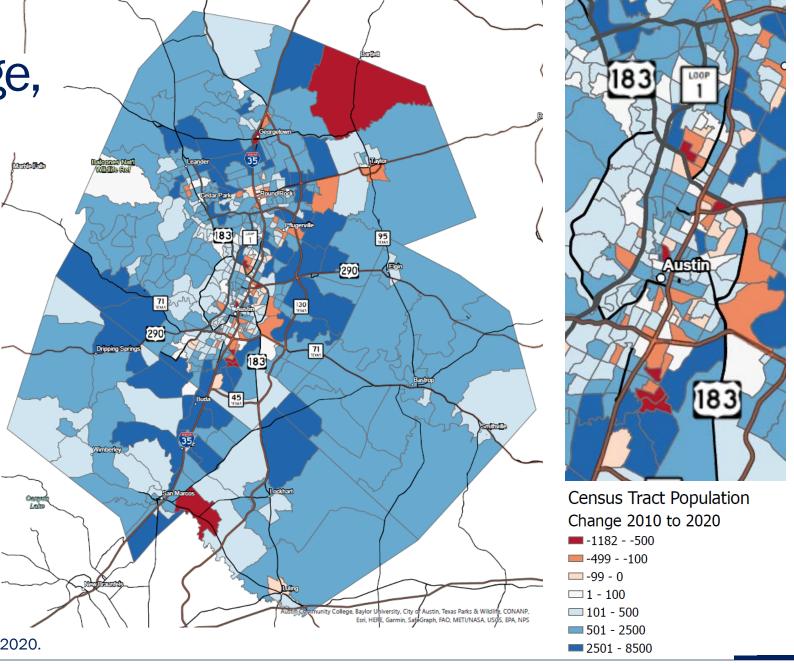
Note: Values shown in blue are adjusted for inflation, shown in 2022 dollars. *First time number and share of Black population declines. ^Population adjusted for CQR appeal outcome. †2020 income estimated due to unavailability of ACS data.

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Population Change, 2010 to 2020

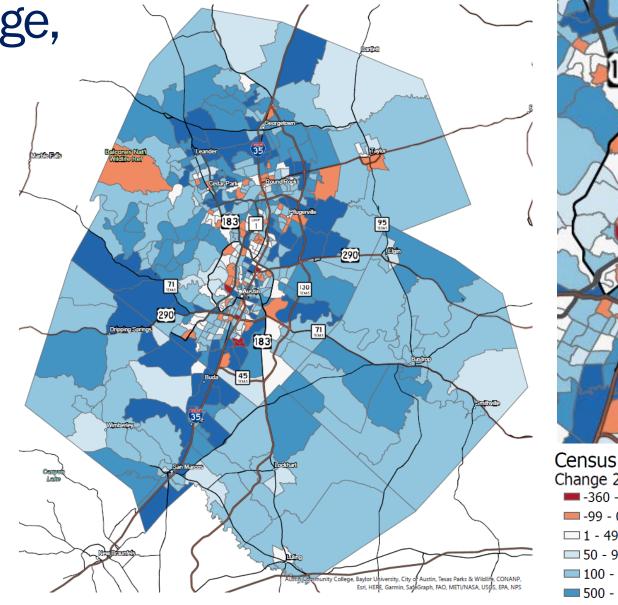
 Areas with greatest population growth mostly in suburban areas.

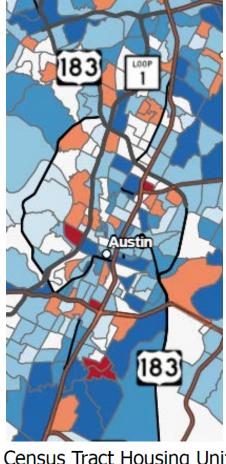
 Similar growth also evident in areas within the City where dense growth was encouraged, such as downtown, the Domain, and the Mueller development.



Housing Unit Change, 2010 to 2020

- Strong association between population and housing unit growth.
- Areas of high development along the edges of the city (NW: Lakeline; NE: Tech Ridge; SE: Onion Creek & north ABIA; SW: Circle C) were also areas of greater racial/ethnic diversity.
- Fast-developing areas closer to the city core (Riverside, Holly, Mueller, Downtown) were areas where White population drove growth.
- The Domain & West Campus saw fast-growth and increased diversity.





Census Tract Housing Units Change 2010 to 2020

-360 - -100

-99 - 0

1 - 49

50 - 99

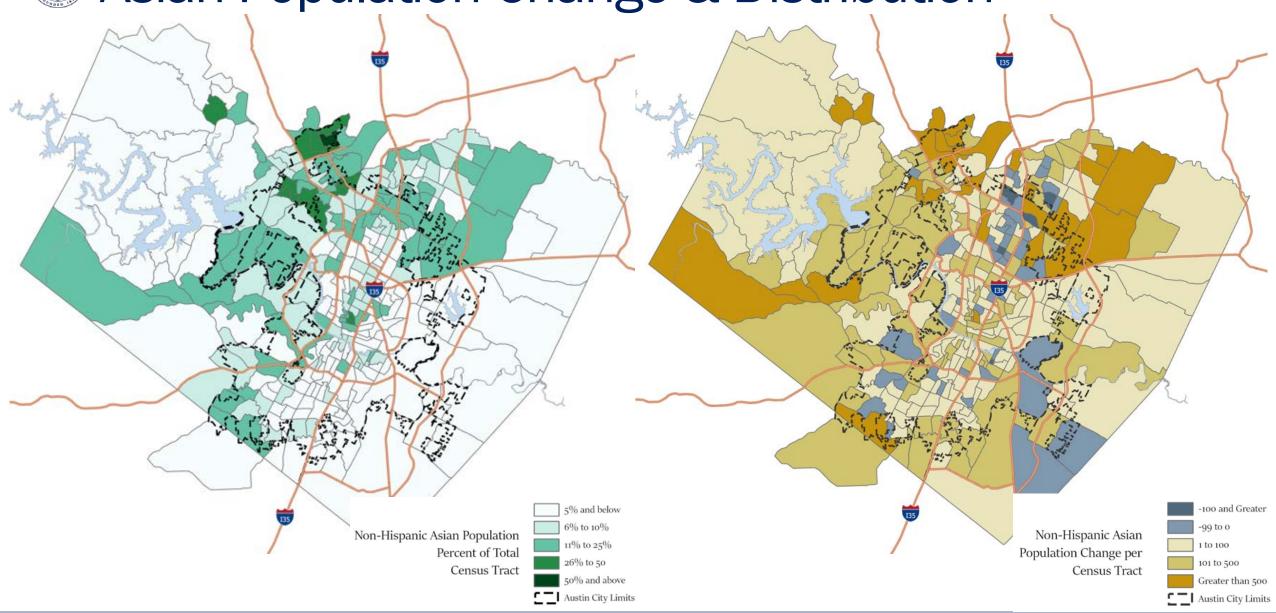
100 - 499

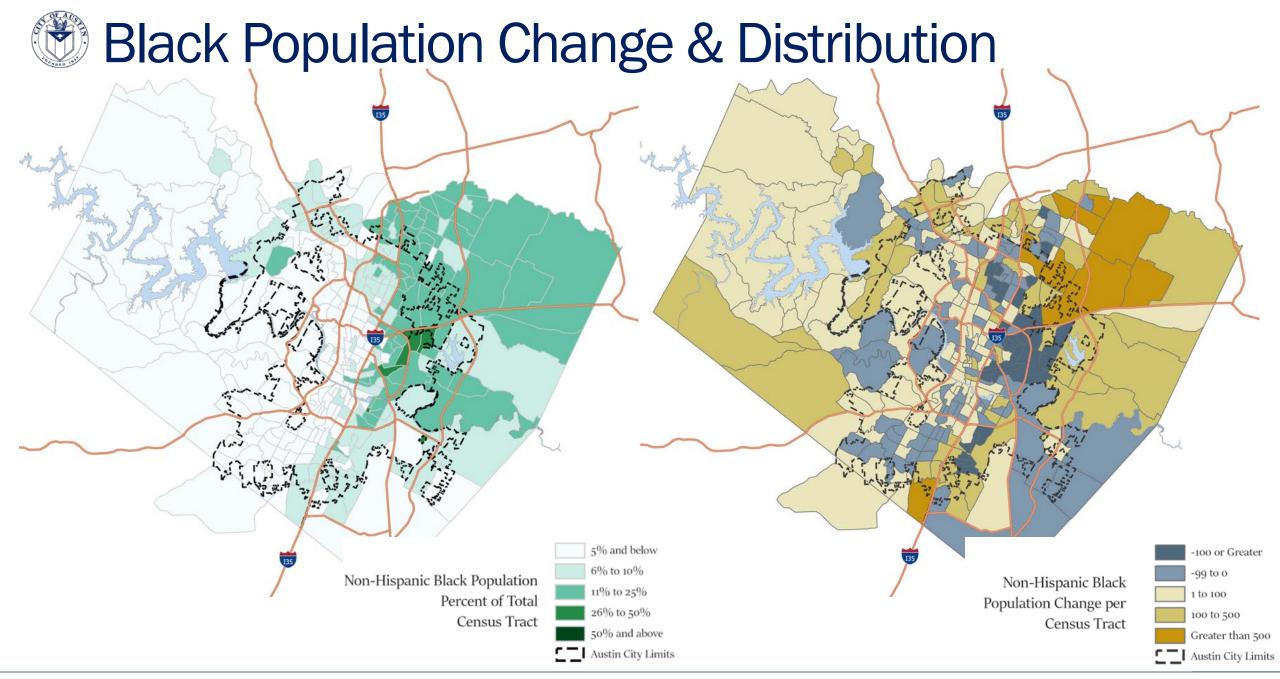
500 - 999

1000 - 3654



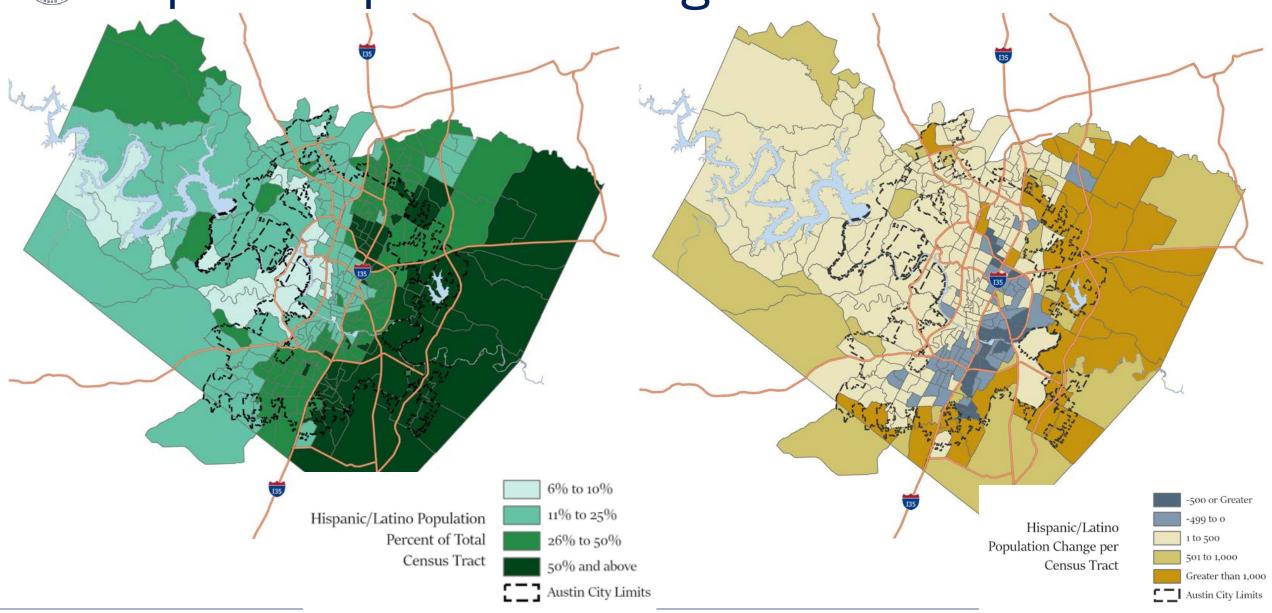
Asian Population Change & Distribution

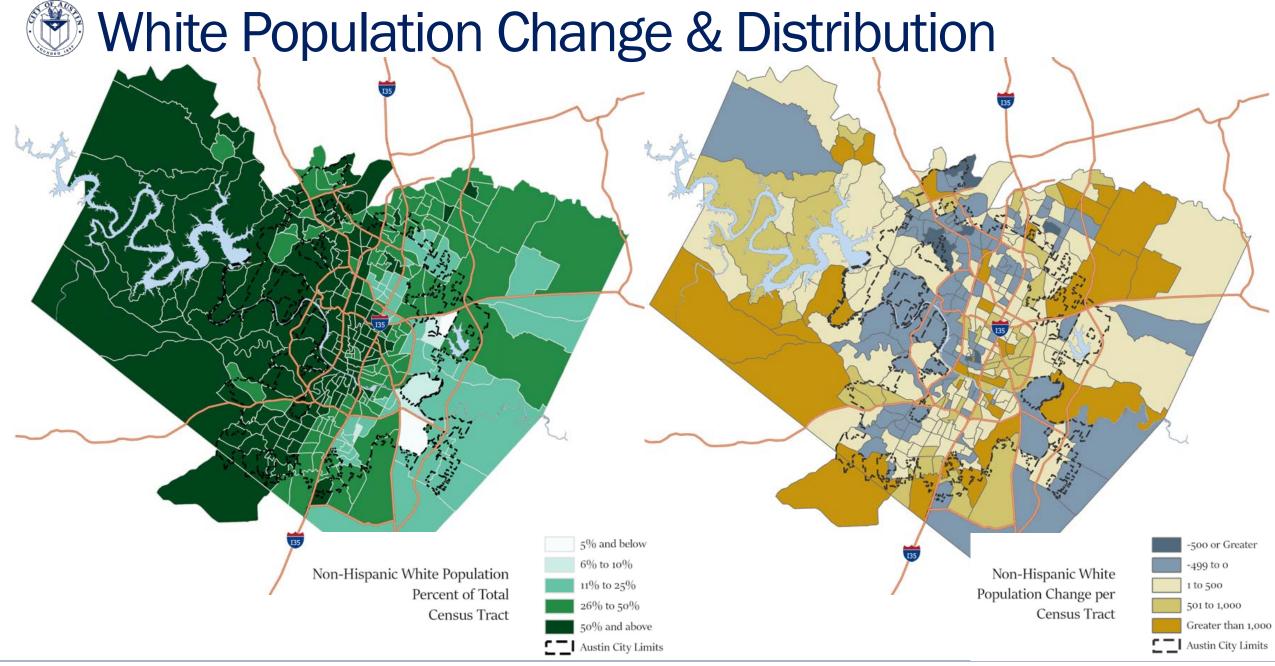






Hispanic Population Change & Distribution

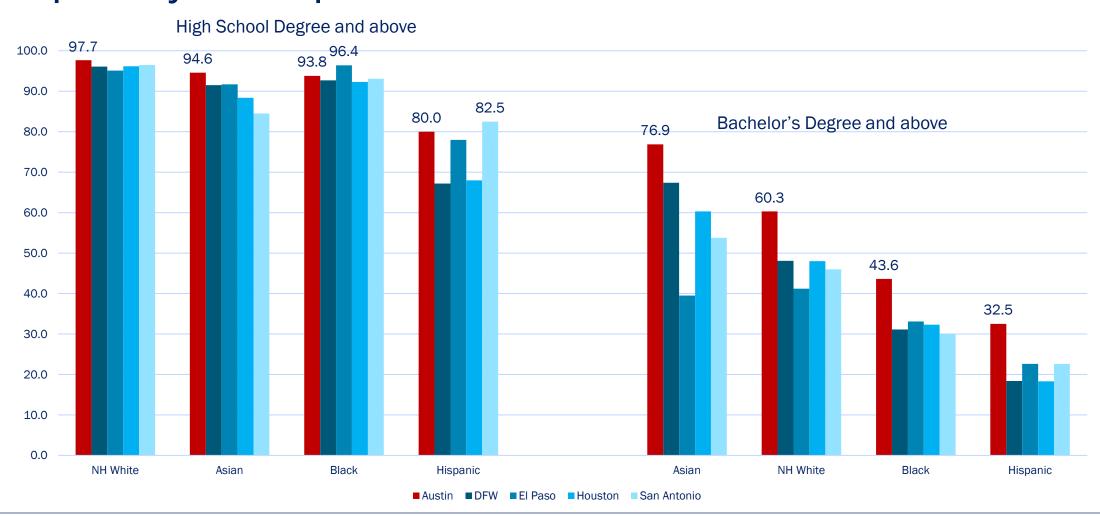




Austin's Concurrencies



Austin area leads in educational attainment, but racial disparities persist, especially in higher education and especially for Hispanics.





Median household incomes saw an increase of 89% since 2010, 39% in real dollars.

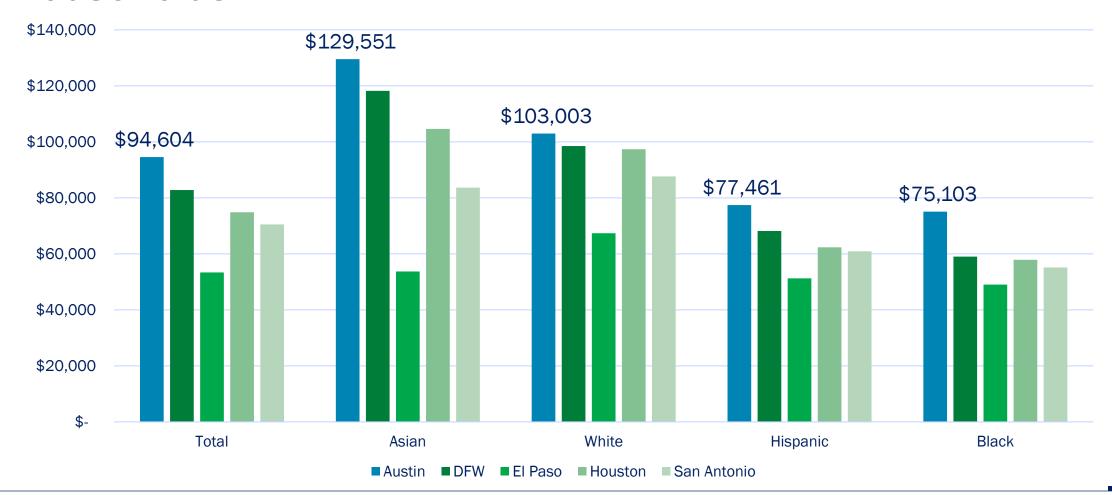


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2020 estimate not available due to pandemic. Values in blue are adjusted for inflation and shown in 2022 dollars.

33

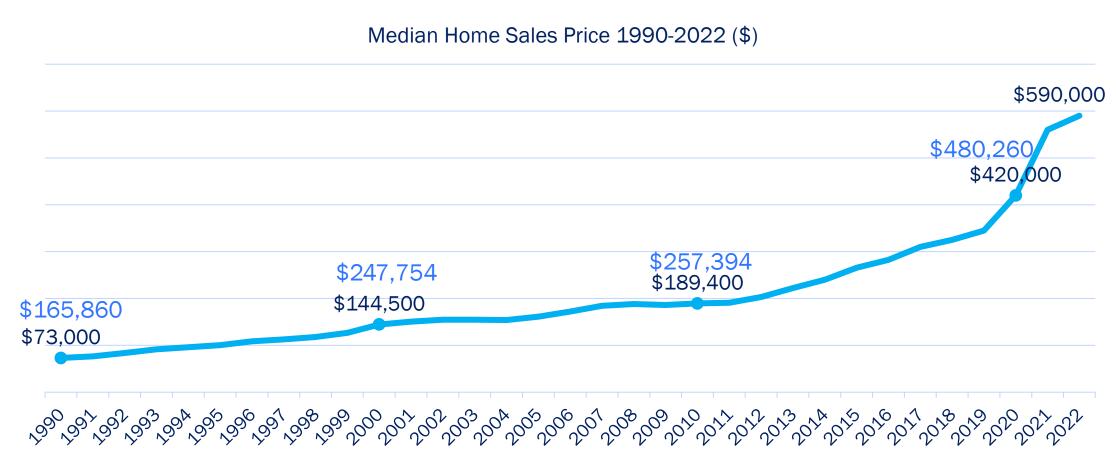


Austin metro leads large TX metros in household incomes, but racial disparities persist, especially for Latinx and Black households.





Home prices in Austin are 3.6 times greater than they were in 1990 and have more than doubled in the last 10 years alone.



Source: Austin Board of Realtors. Prices in blue are adjusted for inflation and shown in 2022 dollars.



Increases in housing prices have impacted rental prices, increasing by 89% since 2010, 39% in real dollars.



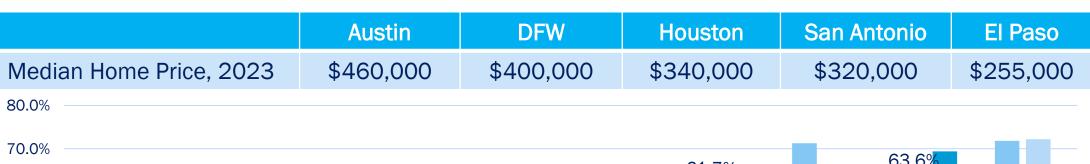
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Decennial Census 2000; American Community Survey 2007-2018; HousingWorks, 2019-2022. Prices in blue are adjusted for

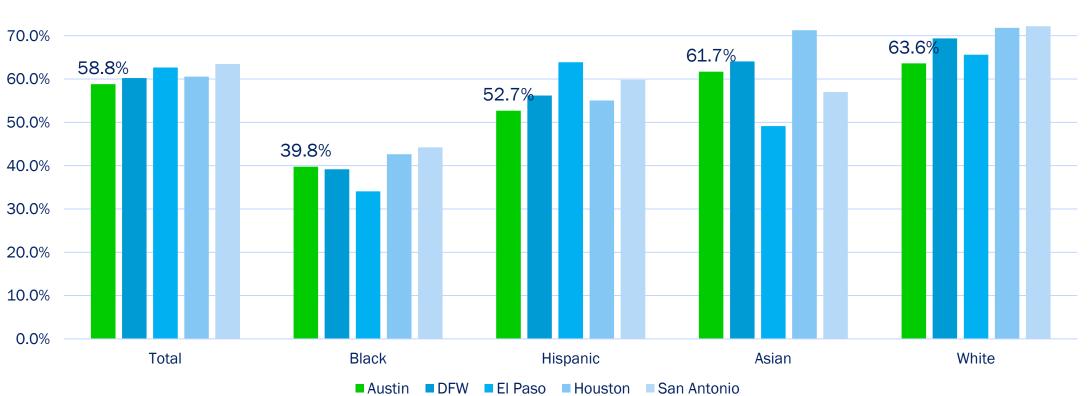
inflation and shown in 2022 dollars.

36



Austin metro lags in homeownership relative to other TX metros, disproportionately impacting Hispanics and Blacks.







Growth Gains

The Austin metro remains the fastest growing region in the country.

Most cities larger than Austin lost population last year while Austin continues to grow.

Growth among all communities is yielding increased diversity.

Austin area leads in many socioeconomic indicators, especially educational attainment.

11th best performing metro in job growth, up 2.8%

Lowest unemployment rate in the state at 3.4%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2022 Population Estimates; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics; TX Workforce Commission Nov 2023





Growing Pains

Austin remains geographically racially segregated.

There is an eastward movement of the population, with increasing shares of populations of color farther in the fringes.

Austin's unique demographic shift includes a loss of Hispanic and Black children.

Austin leads in socioeconomic indicators, but racial disparities remain.

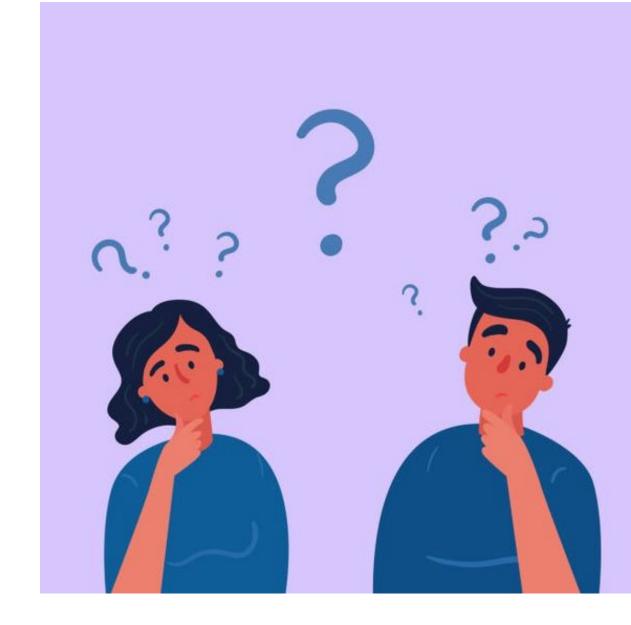
Affordability and displacement are disproportionately impacting communities of color.





Concurrencies

- Strong growth amidst concerns of displacement
- Increased racial diversity paired with declines among Black and Latino children
- Unprecedented development alongside low housing inventories





Planning for the Future

Policy and planning efforts relating to:

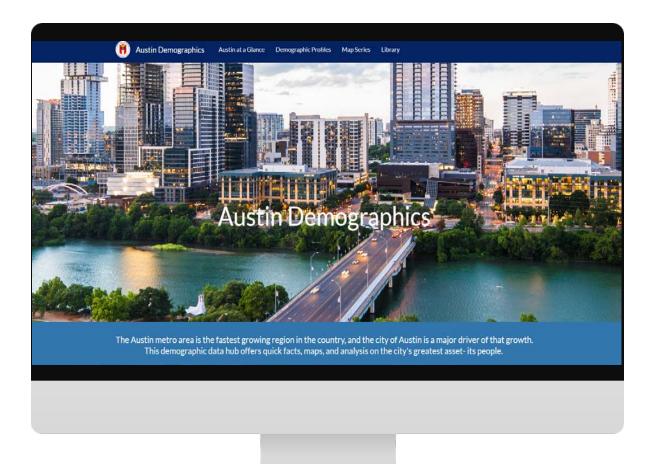
- Housing affordability
- Transit and transportation
- Access to schools and health care
- Utility infrastructure
- Workforce dynamics

should consider demographic shifts as well as Austin's demographic history.

Policies put in place today will have longstanding effects on our city and communities.







- Visit our website
- "Age of Change" and "Building the Future" story maps
- Data Request <u>form</u>
- Sign up <u>here</u> for occasional emails on our latest demographic analysis.

austintexas.gov/demographics



Thank you!

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City Demographer

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