



About ECHO



Scope of Homelessness in Austin/Travis County



Challenges: The landscape in Austin/Travis County



>>> Causes and Risk Factors



Solutions to Homelessness





About ECHO

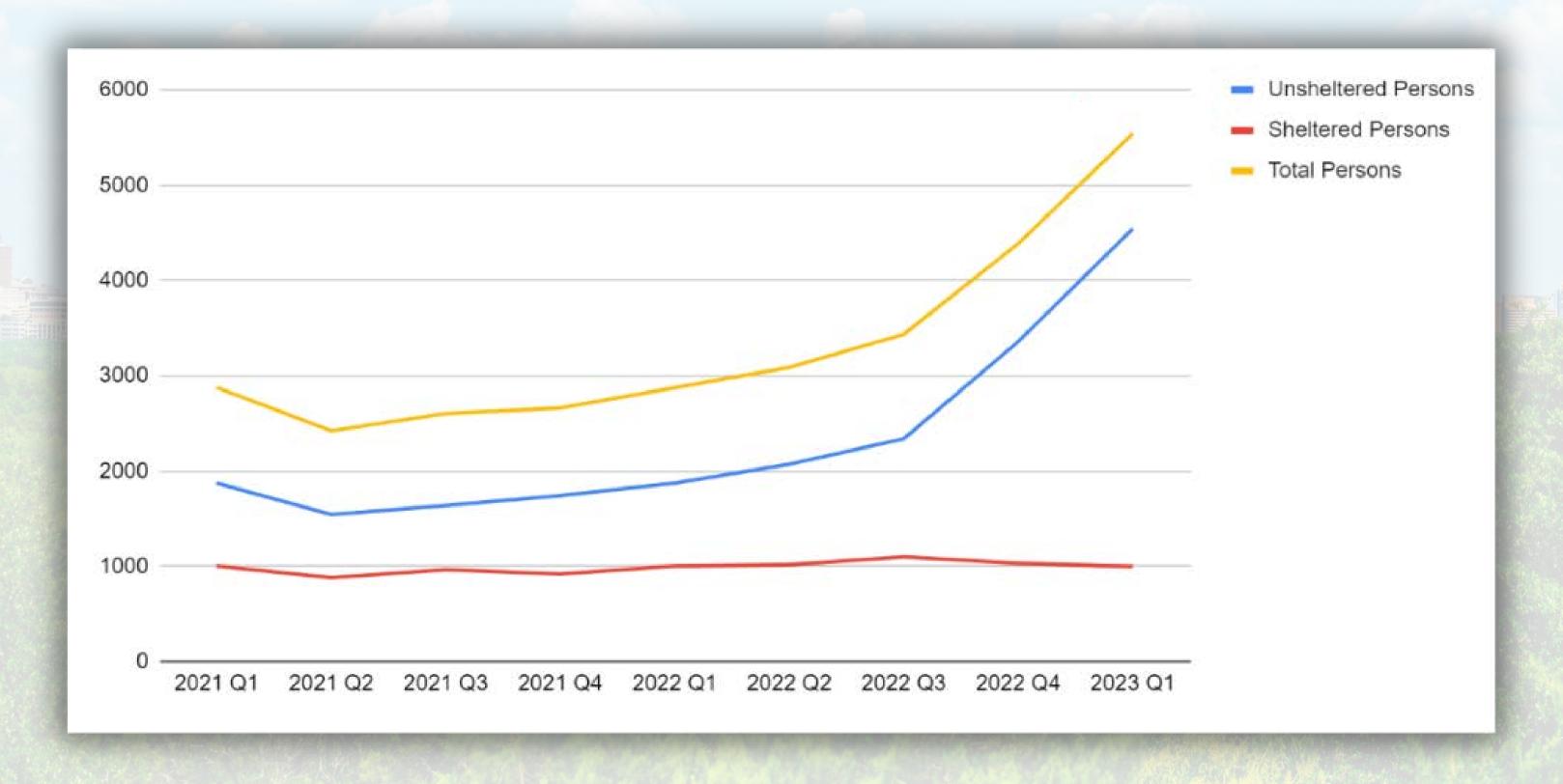
ECHO's Roles

- Coordinates community-wide, data-driven strategies and funding to end homelessness
- Collaborates with direct service providers who are connecting people with housing and supportive services
- Administers **person-level community database** to track demographics and service needs over time





Scope of Homelessness



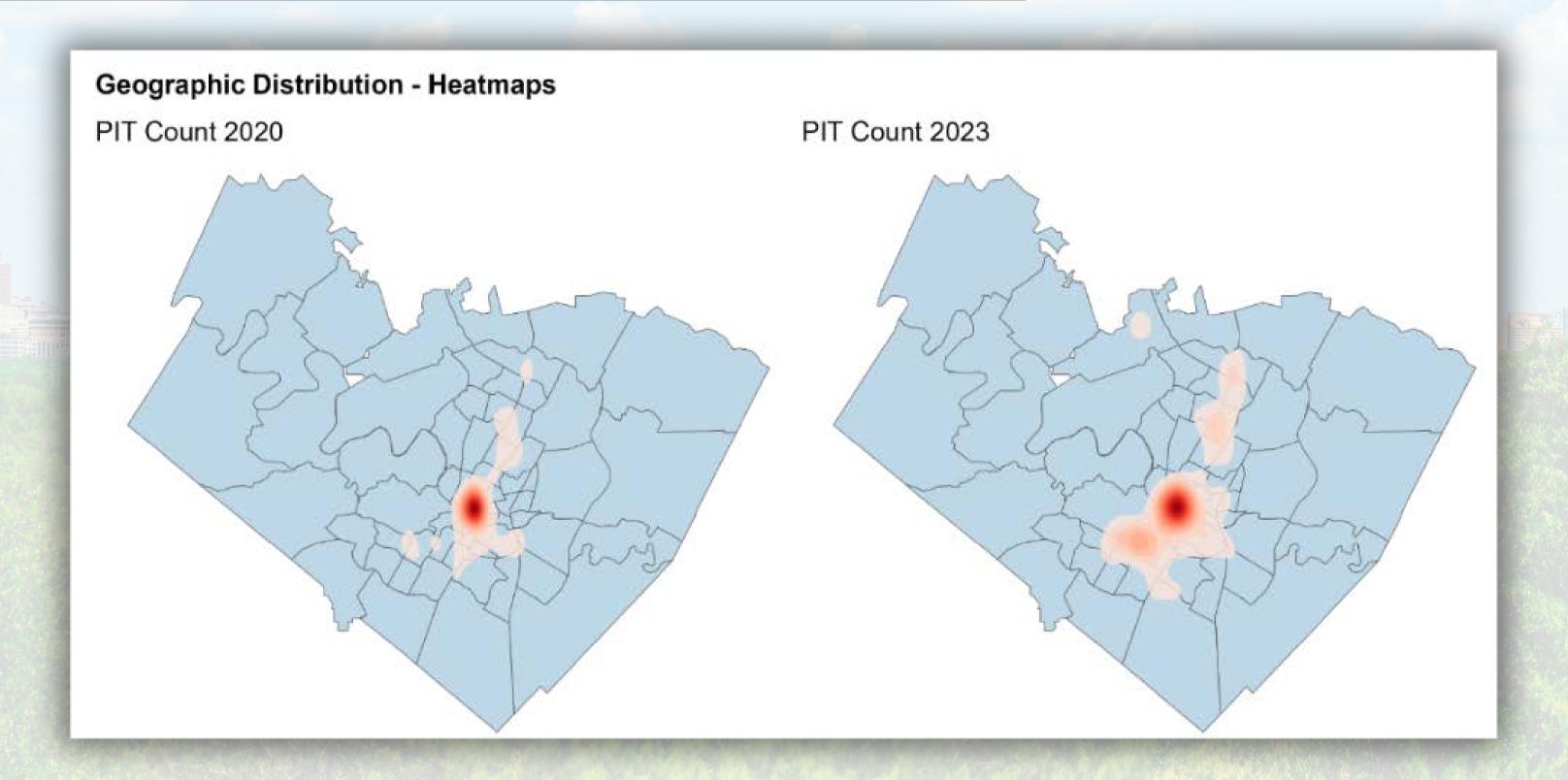


Scope of Homelessness





Scope of Homelessness





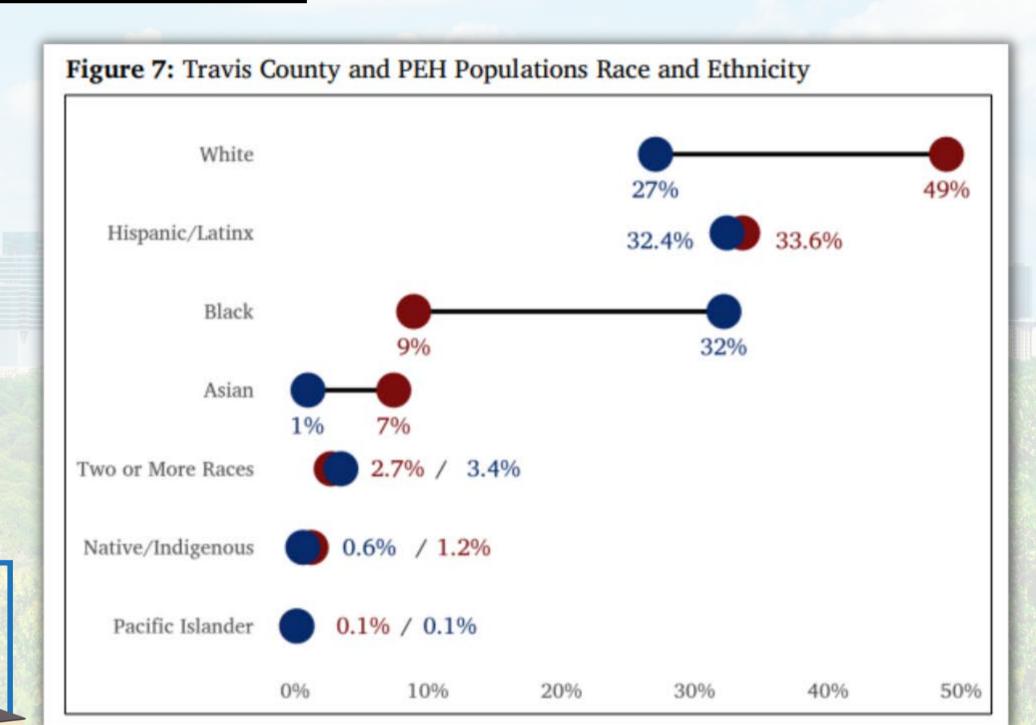
Homelessness in Austin

Demographics (HMIS data)

- In 2021, Austin's unhoused population was:
 - Disproportionately Black (32%)
 - Majority male (58.2%)
 - Mostly single households (84.7%)
 - Mostly born/raised or last permanently housed in Austin (63%)

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES





- People Experiencing Homelessness
- Travis County Population



Challenges

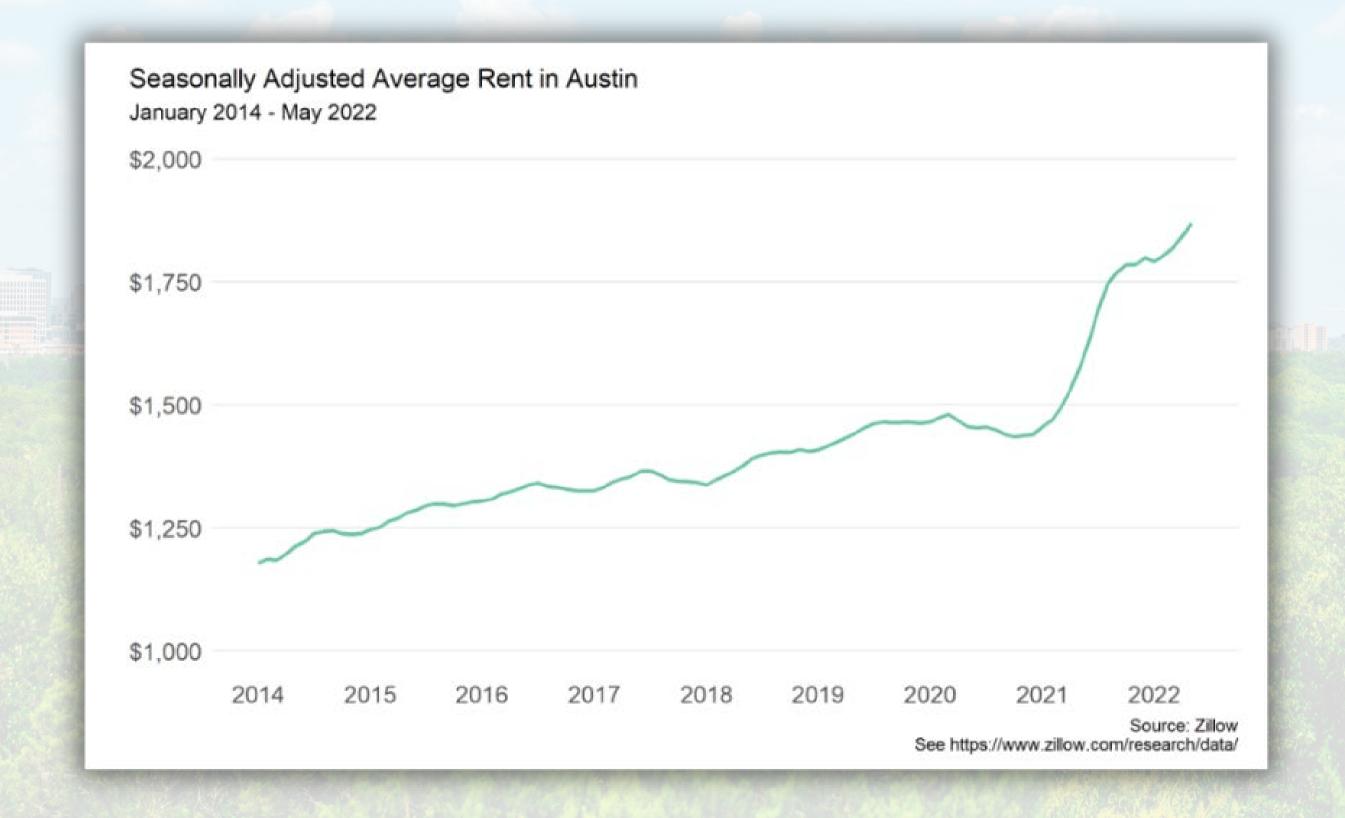
Housing Market

- Limited capacity and increasingly unaffordable
- Resulting in **bottlenecks** in our system
- People experiencing homelessness often wait months before moving into housing
- Prolonged unsheltered homelessness compounds the problem:
 - Negative, potentially life-threatening health outcomes
 - Harder to end someone's homelessness
- Response system plays catch-up on an ever-increasing backlog of people in need of housing, slowing progress toward ending homelessness





Challenges





Causes of Homelessness

Causes vs. Risk Factors

- Everyone has a certain level of risk of homelessness
- Life challenges can add to a person's risk, including:

 - Medical bills
 Death of a family member
 - Substance abuse
- Mental health obstacles
- Job loss
- Domestic violence
- Many people remain stably housed forever with some combination of these risk factors
- Individual circumstances are unique, but every person experiencing homelessness has one thing in common: nowhere to live
- What causes homelessness is a lack of housing





Causes of Homelessness

Lack of Housing

- External to Homelessness Response System:
 - Lack of Affordable Housing
 - Rising rents & occupancy rates
 - Low, stagnant wages
- Internal to Homelessness Response System
 - o Thousands of units shy of need
 - Mostly scattered-site, not site-based, so
 subject to rental market forces like any renter
 - Recent gains are steps in the right direction

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

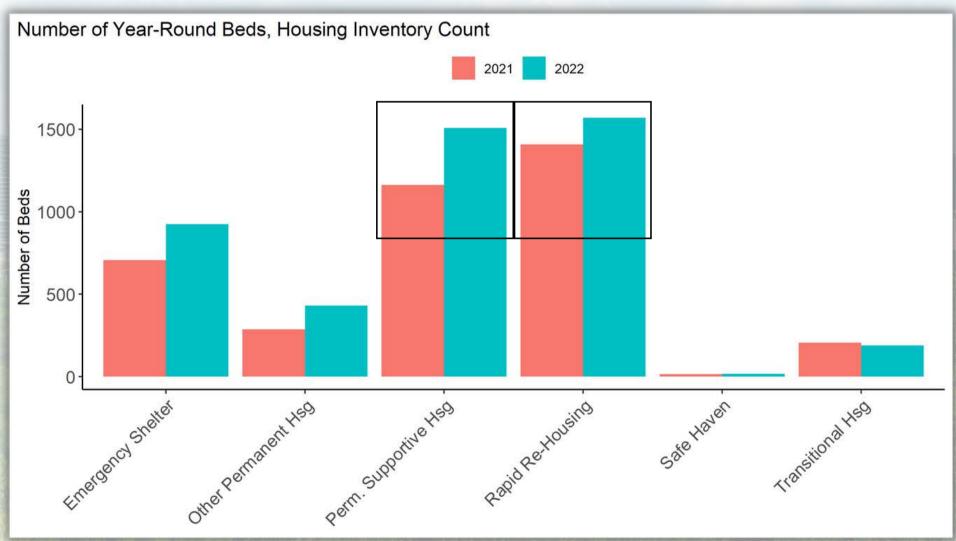


Out of Reach: The High Cost of Housing



The Gap: A Shortage of Affordable Rental Homes







Causes of Homelessness

Systemic Racism

- Black Austinites are six times more likely to experience homelessness than white Austinites
 - Due to **systemic racism** in housing, healthcare, education, policing, employment, & many more
- Black & Brown Austinites tend to be younger when they experience homelessness
 - o Indicates it takes Black & Brown people less time to suffer enough setbacks to end up unhoused

Race/Ethnicity	0 to 18	18 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 64	65 and Over	Total
Asian	27% (34)	13% (17)	24% (30)	16% (20)	13% (16)	6% (8)	2% (2)	100% (127)
Black	26% (1095)	11% (486)	17% (734)	14% (586)	13% (559)	14% (603)	4% (189)	100% (4252)
Hispanic/Latinx	33% (1393)	15% (628)	17% (715)	15% (628)	11% (485)	8% (338)	2% (95)	100% (4282)
Native/Indigenous	11% (8)	5% (4)	24% (18)	9% (7)	31% (23)	17% (13)	3% (2)	100% (75)
Pacific Islander	0% (0)	6% (1)	11% (2)	11% (2)	33% (6)	33% (6)	6% (1)	100% (18)
Two or more races	29% (130)	9% (42)	14% (62)	16% (71)	15% (68)	14% (64)	4% (16)	100% (453)
White	6% (205)	8% (282)	17% (603)	21% (749)	20% (727)	22% (780)	6% (228)	100% (3574)
Total	22% (2865)	11% (1460)	17% (2164)	16% (2063)	15% (1884)	14% (1812)	4% (533)	100% (12781



Solutions to Homelessness

Housing First

- National best practice model for connecting people to stable places to live
- A set of principles that conveys: Housing is a basic human right, not a privilege or a reward for good behavior
- **Not housing only** prioritizes housing <u>paired with</u> supportive services, tailored to an individual's needs, that contribute to long-term success
- Studies show Housing First programs connect people more quickly to housing, help them remain stable longer, and save on public costs

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES



12 Month Return on Investment: Integral Care
Terrace at Oak Springs

How Houston Moved 25,000 People From the Streets Into Homes of Their Own



When you're drowning, it doesn't help if your rescuer insists you learn to swim before returning you to shore. You can address your issues once you're on land. Or not. Either way, you join the wider population of people battling demons behind closed doors.



Solutions to Homelessness

Emergency Shelter

- Austin had about 1,100 beds dedicated to Emergency Shelter, Safe Haven, and Transitional Housing in January 2022
 - People in these programs are still experiencing homelessness
- Austin shelters now using housing-focused case management model to increase housing connections
- New types of non-congregate shelter coming online
 - Esperanza Community (The Other Ones Foundation)
 - City of Austin bridge shelters
- Important interventions, but not solutions to homelessness





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their lives.



Solutions to Homelessness

Scaling the Solution

- In <u>January 2023</u>, there were about
 4,000 total permanent housing units
 in system, majority occupied
 - Thousands more people needed a
 place to live that day and didn't
 get one
- Additional 1000+ Permanent
 Supportive Housing (PSH) units in pipeline through 2025

