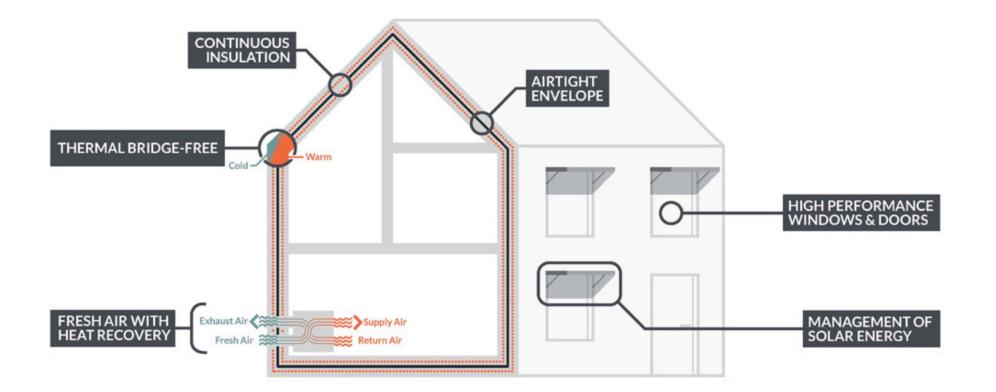
Austin's Affordable Housing Passive House Challenge

Presented to the Austin Resource Management Commission Feb 2024 Heating and cooling buildings accounts for one-fourth of global energy-related carbon emissions

### **CHARACTERISTICS**

What is Passive House?

Very low energy use compared to code Building envelope with continuous insulation and air barrier Optimized solar gain Continuous ventilation with heat recovery Thermal bridge free construction Resiliency

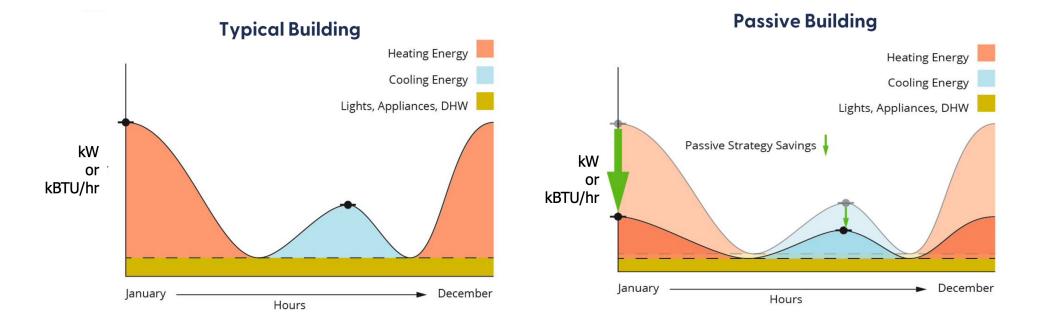


### **PASSIVE HOUSE PRINCIPLES**

COR HAMMER & HAND REDISTRIBUTION OKAY WITH CREDIT/LINK TO HAMMERANDHAND.COM

# **PASSIVE HOUSE BENEFITS**

### DRAMATIC PEAK LOAD REDUCTION AND SHIFT



**Annual Energy** = kWh/yr (or kBTU/yr)  $\rightarrow$  area under the curve **Peak Power** = kW (or kBTU/hr)  $\rightarrow$  point at top of curve

# **PASSIVE HOUSE BENEFITS**







NO UNWANTED MOISTURE OR ODORS

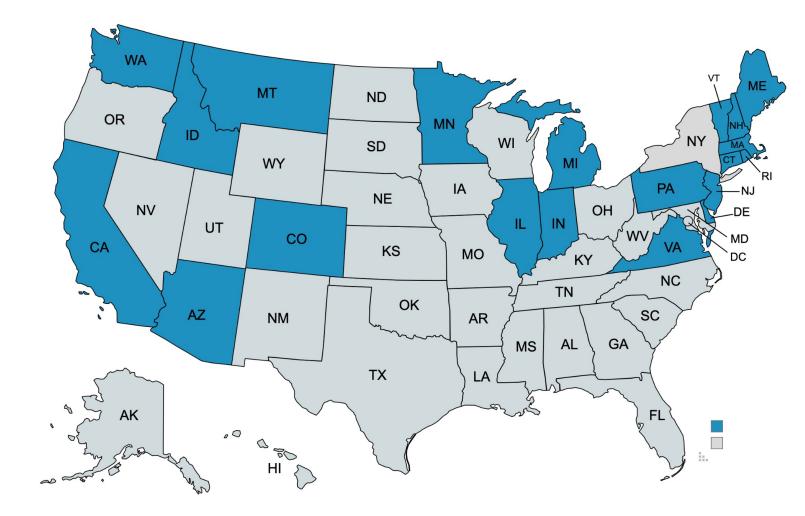


### U.S. HI ST

S. DO	E			Source Zero Renew- able Energy System			
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			SOLAR READY Depends on climate	SOLAR READY ALWAYS	SOLAR READY ALWAYS		
<b>FAIRC</b>	ASE		Eff. Comps. & H2O Distrib	Eff. Comps. & H <sub>2</sub> O Distrib	Eff. Comps. & H <sub>2</sub> O Distrib		
			EPA Indoor airPLUS	EPA Indoor airPLUS	EPA Indoor airPLUS		
				Ducts in Condit. Space	Ducts in Condit. Space	Ducts in Condit. Space	
		HVAC QI w/WHV	HVAC QI w/WHV	HVAC QI w/WHV	Micro-load HVAC QI	Micro-load HVAC QI	F
		Water Management	Water Management	Water Management	Water Management	Water Management	
		Independent Verification	Independent Verification	Independent Verification	Independent Verification	Independent Verification	
IECC 2009 Enclosure	IECC 2012 Enclosure	IECC 2009 Enclosure	IECC 2012 Enclosure	IECC 2012/15 Encl./ES Win.	Ultra-Efficient Enclosure	Ultra-Efficient Enclosure	
HERS <b>85-90</b>	HERS <b>70-80</b>	HERS 65-75	HERS <b>55-65</b>	HERS <b>48-55</b>	HERS <b>35-45</b>	HERS <b>&lt; 0</b>	
IECC 2009	IECC 2012	ENERGY STAR v3	ENERGY STAR v3.1	ZERO ZERH		Phius ZERO	
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© Phius 2021



20 States have PH incentives in their low income housing tax credit scoring (QAPs)

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MASSACHUSETTS CLEAN ENERGY

2017/2018 Massachusetts created a Passive House Challenge Program OUR FOCUS WORKFORCE FUNDING IMPACT & RESOURCES PTS ABOUT



The Challenge: Dispel Misperceptions about Passive House Construction Costs

.. .. .

Program Area High Performance Buildings

Program Duration

2017 - 2018

**Activities Supported** 

- Design & Construction
- Pilot Projects

Passive House standards provide a framework for the construction of

8 Projects (543 units) funded, Incremental costs were ~2%

Energy use in these buildings is 50-70% below their peers

OWNER & PROJECT	LOCATION	UNITS	AWARD	INCREMENTAL COST
Beacon Communities Old Colony Phase Three C	South Boston	55	\$220,000	<u>3.5%</u>
Community Builders North Commons	Northampton	53	\$212,000	<u>4.1%</u>
Dakota Partners Depot Village*	Hanson	48	\$192,000	N/A
Homeowner's Rehab Inc.'s Finch Cambridge	Cambridge	98	\$147,000	1.4% (Itemized Cost)
NeighborWorks Southern Mass's Holbrook Center Senior Housing	Holbrook	72	\$131,200	<u>1.6%</u>
NorthShore Community Development Corporation's Harbor Village	Gloucester	30	\$120,000	<u>1.8%</u>
Preservation for Affordable Housing Mattapan Station	Mattapan	135	\$540,000	<u>2%</u>
Preservation of Affordable Housing The Kenzi at Bartlett Station	Roxbury	52	\$168,000	1%

As of January 2024 **all multi family projects above 12,000 sf are mandated to certify with PH** for energy code compliance in stretch code jurisdictions in MA

(jurisdictions include Boston, Brookline, Watertown, Somerville, Cambridge, Acton, Aquinnah, Arlington, Concord, Lexington, Lincoln, Maynard, Newton, Sherborn, Stow, Truro, Wellesley, Wellfleet). Meanwhile in PA:

Notably, the Passive House projects don't seem to be more expensive to build than conventional buildings, likely thanks to the early integrated design process that development teams are compelled to engage in so that their LIHTC proposals can be competitive. According to Pennsylvania Housing Finance Agency (PHFA) data, **the construction cost premium for Passive House versus conventional projects was 5.8% in the first year, 1.6% in the second, and** <u>minus 3.3% in the third year</u>, suggesting that learning and innovation by project teams **may be driving down costs over time.** 

## LOCAL TEST DRIVES







### Zilker Studios

- Austin, TX
- 110 Units

### Integral Care

- Austin, TX
- 60 Units

### Temenos

- Houston, TX
- 95 Units



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## And... all of these have open air corridors, which is difficult with a PH project. Enclosing the corridors nets an additional 25% EUI reduction!



### Zilker Studios

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- 110 Units

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The pitch

\$4,000,000 (total, over next 4 years) to fund a challenge program.

Projects in Austin that are receiving funding from RHDA Program could apply

\$4,000 per unit – paid as a grant to developer \$1,000 for commitment, hiring a passive house consultant and rater \$1,500 at Design Certification \$1,500 at Project Certification (end of construction)

Projects commit to opening their books for cost add of certification (hard and soft) and to participate in a performance tracking program to measure occupant comfort, indoor air quality, energy use and grid benefits (demand reduction and peak shift)

Certifying projects receive an additional \$5000 per unit tax credit under Inflation Reduction Act due to ZERH program nesting within PH program. Why do this?

Proof of Concept – PH projects can be done here, are not difficult or expensive and yields superior buildings - does PH deliver claimed benefits in our climate?

Market Shift – significant reduction in first cost delta once a few projects have been built and the design, construction and supply community learns and reacts

Only upside – funds are going towards building healthier, more efficient buildings for most vulnerable people in Austin, and are matched 125% by federal tax credits.

Thanks for listening!!